

**Consona N9/Consona N9 Pro/Consona  
N9 Super/Consona Nova/Consona N9S/  
Consona N9T/Consona NI/Consona NT/  
Nueva N9/Recho N9/Consona N9 Exp/  
Consona N9 Elite/Resona N9**

## **Diagnostic Ultrasound System**

**Operator's Manual**

**[Basic Volume]**



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- all installation operations, expansions, changes, modifications and repairs of this product are conducted by Mindray authorized personnel;
- the electrical installation of the relevant room complies with the applicable national and local requirements; and
- the product is used in accordance with the instructions for use.

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## NOTE:

This equipment must be operated by skilled/trained clinical professionals.

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## **WARNING**

It is important for the hospital or organization that employs this equipment to carry out a reasonable service/maintenance plan. Neglect of this may result in machine breakdown or personal injury.

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# Warranty

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

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Mindray's obligation or liability under this warranty does not include any transportation or other charges or liability for direct, indirect or consequential damages or delay resulting from the improper use or application of the product or the use of parts or accessories not approved by Mindray or repairs by people other than Mindray authorized personnel.

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- Malfunction or damage caused by force majeure such as fire and earthquake.
- Malfunction or damage caused by improper operation or repair by unqualified or unauthorized service people.
- Malfunction of the instrument or part whose serial number is not legible enough.
- Others not caused by instrument or part itself.

## Customer Service Department

Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Mindray Bio-Medical Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address:	Mindray Building, Keji 12th Road South, High-tech industrial park, Nanshan, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China
Website:	www.mindray.com
E-mail Address:	service@mindray.com
Tel:	+86 755 81888998
Fax:	+86 755 26582680

Manufacturer:	Mindray DS USA, Inc.
Address:	800 MacArthur Blvd. Mahwah, NJ 07430-0619 USA
Tel:	+1(201) 995-8000
Toll Free:	+1 (800) 288-2121
Fax:	+1 (800) 926-4275

## Important Information




- It is the customer's responsibility to maintain and manage the system after delivery.
- The warranty does not cover the following items, even during the warranty period:



- Damage or loss due to misuse or abuse.
  - Damage or loss caused by Acts of God such as fires, earthquakes, floods, lightning, etc.
  - Damage or loss caused by failure to meet the specified conditions for this system, such as inadequate power supply, improper installation or environmental conditions.
  - Damage or loss due to use of the system outside the region where the system was originally sold.
  - Damage or loss involving the system purchased from a source other than Mindray or its authorized agents.
- This system shall not be used by persons other than fully qualified and certified medical personnel.
  - DO NOT make changes or modifications to the software or hardware of this system.
  - In no event shall Mindray be liable for problems, damage, or loss caused by relocation, modification, or repair performed by personnel other than those designated by Mindray.
  - The purpose of this system is to provide physicians with data for clinical diagnosis. The physician is responsible for the results of diagnostic procedures. Mindray shall not be liable for the results of diagnostic procedures.
  - Important data must be backed up on external memory media.
  - Mindray shall not be liable for loss of data stored in the memory of this system caused by operator error or accidents.
  - This manual contains warnings regarding foreseeable potential dangers, but you shall also be continuously alert to dangers other than those indicated. Mindray shall not be liable for damage or loss resulting from negligence or ignorance of the precautions and operating instructions described in this operator’s manual.
  - If a new manager takes over this system, be sure to hand over this operator’s manual to the new manager.
  - According to the conclusion of clinical evaluation and residual risk evaluation, for the intended patients, there is no known side effects that can occur during or after the use of the medical device. And there is no need for the operator to make extra preparations. Besides, the residual risks are disclosed in the corresponding chapter of this manual as precautions or warnings.


## About This Manual

This operator’s manual describes the operating procedures for this diagnostic ultrasound system and the compatible probes. To ensure safe and correct operation, carefully read and understand the manual before operating the system.

### Meaning of Signal Words

In this manual, the signal words  **DANGER**,  **WARNING**,  **CAUTION**, **NOTE** and **TIP** are used regarding safety and other important instructions. The signal words and their meanings are defined as follows. Please understand their meanings clearly before reading this manual.

Signal word	Meaning
 <b>DANGER</b>	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
 <b>WARNING</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Signal word	Meaning
 <b>CAUTION</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
<b>NOTE</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in property damage.
<b>TIP</b>	Important information that helps you to use the system more effectively.

## Operator's Manuals

You may obtain multi-language manuals from the system help document or paper. Please refer to the English manual for the latest information and registration information.

The content of the operator manual, such as screens, menus or descriptions, may be different from what you see in your system. The content varies depending on the software version, options and configuration of the system.

## Hardcopy Manuals

- Operator's Manual [Basic Volume]  
Describes the basic functions and operations of the system, safety precautions, exam modes, imaging modes, preset, maintenance and acoustic output, etc.
- Operator's Manual [Advanced Volume]
- Operator's Manual [Acoustic Power Data and Surface Temperature Data]  
Contains data tables of acoustic output for transducers.
- Quick Reference Guide  
Contains a quick reference guide for basic system operations.

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### NOTE:

- Manuals on system help document are the manuals translated into languages other than English, according to the English manuals.
  - If you find that the contents of the multi-language manuals are NOT consistent with the system or the English manuals, refer ONLY to the corresponding English manuals.
  - The accompanying manuals may vary depending on the specific system you purchased. Please refer to the packing list.
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## Software Interfaces in this Manual

Depending on the software version, preset settings and optional configuration, the actual interfaces may be different from those in this manual.

## Conventions

In this manual, the following conventions are used to describe the buttons on the control panel, items in the menus, buttons in the dialog boxes and some basic operations:

- <Keys>: angular brackets indicate keys, knobs and other controls on the control panel or on the keyboard.
- [Items in menu or buttons in dialog box]: square brackets indicate items in menus, on the soft menu or buttons in dialog boxes.
- Click [Items or Buttons]: move the cursor to the item or button and press <Set> or use the soft key corresponding to the soft menu.

- [Items in menu] > [Items in submenu]: select a submenu item following the path.

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# 1 Safety Precautions

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## 1.1 Meaning of Safety Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Type-BF applied part The ultrasound probes connected to this system are type-BF applied parts. The PCG leads within this system is type-BF applied part.
	Defibrillation-proof type CF applied part The ECG leads within this system is Defibrillation-proof type CF applied part.
	General warning sign.
	Patient injury or tissue damage from ultrasonic radiation. The ALARA principle must be practiced when operating the ultrasound system.

## 1.2 Safety Precautions

Please observe the following precautions to ensure patient and operator's safety when using this system.

---

### **DANGER**

Do not operate this system and probes in an atmosphere containing flammable gases or liquids such as anesthetic gases, hydrogen, and ethanol, because there is danger of explosion.

---

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### **WARNING**

- Do not connect the power plug of this system to wall receptacles that meet the ratings indicated on the rating nameplate. If adapters or multifunctional receptacles are used, it may cause the leakage current to exceed the safety requirement.
- In the environment that patient is 1.5 meters around, connect peripherals to the auxiliary power outlet, or power the peripherals by auxiliary output cable or isolation transformer complied with IEC60601-1 or the power input of the same safety level.

- DO NOT use power supply of different phases to power peripherals, like power supply of air-conditioning.
- When using peripherals not powered by the auxiliary output of the ultrasound system, or using peripherals other than permitted by Mindray, make sure the overall leakage current of peripherals and the ultrasound system meets the requirement of the local medical device electrical regulation (like enclosure leakage current should be no more than 500  $\mu$ A of IEC60601-1), and the responsibility is held by the user.
- Connect the grounding conductor before turning ON the system. Disconnect the grounding cable after turning OFF the system. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- For the connection of power and grounding, follow the appropriate procedures described in this operator's manual. Otherwise, there is risk of electric shock. Do not connect the grounding cable to a gas pipe or water pipe; otherwise, improper grounding may result or a gas explosion may occur.
- Before cleaning the system, disconnect the power cord from the outlet. System failure and electric shock may result.
- This system is not water-proof designed. Do Not use this system in any place where water or any liquid leakage may occur. If any water is sprayed on or into the system, electric shock may result or the system may be damaged. If water is accidentally sprayed on or into the system, contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative.
- DO NOT use a probe that has a damaged, scratched surface, or exposed wiring of any kind. Immediately stop using the probe and contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative. There is risk of electric shock if using a damaged or scratched transducer.
- Do not allow the patient to contact the live parts of the ultrasound system or other devices, e.g. signal I/O ports. Electric shock may occur.
- Do not use an aftermarket probe other than those specified by Mindray. The probes may damage the system causing a profound failure, e.g. a fire in the worst case.
- Do not subject the transducers to knocks or drops. Use of a defective transducer may cause an electric shock.
- Do not open the covers and front panel of the system. Short circuit or electric shock may result when the system hardware is exposed and powered on.
- Do not use the system with the patient when the system is being serviced or maintained.
- Do not use this system when any digital device such as a high-frequency electrocardiogram or high-frequency therapeutic device is applied already. Otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock to the patient.
- Only ECG leads can be used with defibrillator and anti-defibrillation ECG cable should be used.

- Only use the ECG leads provided with the physiology module; otherwise, electric shock may be resulted.
  - When moving the system, you should hold the handle; otherwise, damage may be resulted by abnormal force. Do not push the system from the left/right side, otherwise, it may be toppled over.
  - The auxiliary power output outlet in the system is used to supply power for the recommended peripheral devices. Do not connect other devices to the outlet, otherwise, the rated output power may be exceeded and failure may be resulted.
  - Accessory equipment (analog or digital) connected to the ultrasound system must comply with the relevant IEC standards (e.g., IEC 60950 information technology equipment safety standard and IEC 60601-1 medical equipment standard). Furthermore, all configurations must comply with the standard IEC60601-1. It is the responsibility of the person, who connects additional equipment to the signal input or output ports and configures a medical system, to verify that the system complies with the requirements of IEC60601-1. If you have any questions regarding these requirements, consult your vendor.
  - Prolonged and repeated use of keyboards may result in hand or arm nerve disorders for some individuals. Observe the local safety or health regulations concerning the use of keyboards.
  - It is not allowed for the operator to have contact with other patients and the electronic parts (such as the input/output terminal of the signal) of other devices that are connected to the system. Otherwise, it may produce the electrical shock to the patient.
  - When using a probe, pay attention to the status of the ultrasound image. Do not use the probe to perform image acquisition when the image is frozen.
  - Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer.
  - An additional multiple socket-outlet or extension cord shall not be connected to the system.
- 

### **CAUTION**

- Precautions concerning clinical examination techniques:
  - This system must be used only by qualified medical professionals.
  - This operator's manual does not describe clinical examination techniques. The clinician should select the proper examination techniques based on specialized training and clinical experience.
- Malfunctions due to radio wave:
  - If a radio wave emitting device is used in the proximity of this system, it may interfere with operations. Do not use or take any devices transmitting RF signals (such as cellular phones, transceivers and radio controlled products) in the room placing the system.

- If a person brings a device that generates radio waves near the system, ask him/her to immediately turn OFF the device.
- Precautions concerning movement of the system:
  - Please install the system on a flat plane with casters locked. Otherwise, damage may be resulted by accidental moving.
  - Do not move the system laterally, which may result in damage in case of toppling.
  - Move the system slowly on the slope by two people and make sure that the support arm is not extended, otherwise, damage may result in case of unexpected sliding.
  - Do not sit on the system, which may result individual falling in case of system moving.
  - Object placed on the monitor may fall and injure an individual.
  - Fasten and fully secure any peripheral device before moving the system. A loose peripheral device may fall and injure an individual.
  - When moving the system on the steps, please take care to prevent the system from toppling.
- If the circuit protector is tripped, it indicates that the system or a peripheral device was improperly shut down and the system is unstable. You cannot repair the system under this circumstance and must call the Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative.
- There is no risk of high-temperature burns during normal ultrasound examinations. It is possible for the surface temperature of the transducer to exceed the body temperature of a patient due to environmental temperature and exam type combinations. Do not apply the transducer to the same region on the patient for a long time. Apply the transducer only for a period of time required for the purpose of diagnosis.
- Do not use the system to examine a fetus for a long period of time.
- Except accessories that have been stated as sterile, the system and its accessories are not disinfected or sterilized prior to delivery. The operator is responsible for the cleaning and disinfection of probes and sterilization of biopsy brackets according to the manuals, prior to the use. All items must be thoroughly processed to completely remove harmful residual chemicals, which will not only harmful to the human body, but also damage the accessory.
- It is necessary to end the current exam that is in progress and clear the current Patient Information field. Otherwise, new patient data may be combined with the previous patient data.
- Do not connect or disconnect the system's power cord or its accessories (e.g., a printer or a recorder) without turning OFF the system power first. This may damage the system and its accessories or cause electric shock.
- If the system is powered off improperly during operation, it may result in data damage of the system's hard disk or system failure.



- Do not use a USB memory device (e.g., a USB flash drive, removable hard disk) which has unsafe data. Otherwise, system damage may result.
  - It is recommended to only use the video devices specified in this manual.
  - Do not use gel, disinfectant, probes, probe sheath or needle-guided brackets that are not compatible with the system.
  - The applied contrast agency should be compliant with the relevant local regulations.
  - Read the Acoustic Output Principle in the operation manual carefully before operating this system on clinical examination.
  - The cover contains natural rubber that can cause allergic reactions in some individuals.
  - Please use the ultrasound gel compliant with the relevant local regulations.
  - Normal operation may be affected by unstable mains power supply; it is recommended that our product be powered from an uninterruptible power supply.
  - DO NOT expose the system to excessive vibration through transportation. Mechanical damage may result.
  - Always keep the system dry. Avoid transporting this system quickly from a cold place to a warm place; otherwise condensation or water droplets may form allowing a short circuit and possible electric shock.
- 

**NOTE:**

- DO NOT use the system in the vicinity of strong electromagnetic field (such as a transformer), which may affect the performance of the system.
- Do not use the system in the vicinity of high-frequency radiation source (e.g. cellular phones), which may affect the performance of the system or even lead to failure.
- When using or placing the system, keep the system horizontal to avoid imbalance.
- To avoid damaging the system, do not use it in following environment:
  - Locations exposed to direct sunlight.
  - Locations subject to sudden changes in environmental temperature.
  - Dusty locations.
  - Locations subject to vibration.
  - Locations near heat generators.
  - Locations with high humidity.
- Turn ON the system only after the power has been turned OFF for a while. If the system is turned ON immediately after being turned OFF, the system may not be rebooted properly and could malfunction.
- Use the Freeze key to freeze an image or turn off the power of the system before connecting or disconnecting a probe.
- Remove the ultrasound gel from the face of the transducer when the examination is completed. Water in the gel may enter the acoustic lens and adversely affect the performance and safety of the transducer.

- You should properly back up the system to a secure external storage media, including system configuration, settings and patient data. Data stored to the system's hard drive may be lost due to system failure, improper operation or accident.
  - Do not apply external force to the control panel. Otherwise, the system may be damaged.
  - If the system is used in a small room, the room temperature may rise. Please provide proper ventilation and free air exchange.
  - To dispose of the system or any part, contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative. Mindray is not responsible for any system content or accessories that have been discarded improperly.
  - Electrical and mechanical performance may be degraded due to long usage (such as current leakage or distortion and abrasion); the image sensitivity and precision may become worse too. To ensure optimal system operations, it is recommended that you maintain the system under a Mindray service agreement.
  - Refer replacing job to Mindray service engineers or engineers authorized by Mindray only.
  - Do not turn OFF the power supply of the system during printing, file storage or invoking other system operations. An interrupted process may not be completed, and can become lost or corrupted.
  - The iScape feature constructs a single extended image from a series of individual image frames. The quality of the final image is user-dependent and requires skill to efficiently apply the feature and technique. Exercise caution when measurements are performed from an iScape image.
  - Ensure that the current exam date and time are the same as the system date and time.
  - Use detachable power supply cord as mains power breaking device. DO NOT set equipment in place where difficult for disconnection of detachable power supply cord.
- 

Please read the following precautions carefully to ensure the safety of the patient and the operator when using the probes.

---

## **WARNING**

- The ultrasound probe is only for use with the specified ultrasound diagnostic system.
  - The ultrasound probe must be used only by qualified professionals.
  - Confirm that the transducer and probe cable are normal before and after each examination. A defective probe may cause electric shock to the patient.
  - Do not subject the probe to shock. A defective probe may cause electric shock to the patient.
  - Do not disassemble the probe to avoid the possibility of electric shock.
  - Never immerse the probe connector into liquids such as water or disinfectant because the connector is not waterproof. Immersion may cause electric shock or malfunction.
  - A transducer sheath must be installed over the transducer before performing examination.
-

---

**⚠ CAUTION**

- When using the probe, wear sterile gloves to prevent infection.
- Be sure to use sterile ultrasound gel. Please use the ultrasound gel compliant with the relevant local regulations. And manage the ultrasound gel properly to ensure that it does not become a source of infection.
- In normal diagnostic ultrasound mode, there is no danger of a normal-temperature burn; however, keeping the probe on the same region of the patient for a long time may cause such a burn.
- Do not use the carrying case for storing the transducer. If the carrying case is used for storage, it may become a source of infection.
- It is required to practice ALARA when operating ultrasound system. Minimize the acoustic power without compromising the quality of images.
- The probe and accessories supplied with it are not delivered disinfected or sterilized. Sterilization (or high-level disinfect) before use is required.
- Disposable components should be packaged sterile and for single-use only. Do not use if integrity of packaging violated or if expiration date has passed. Please use the disposable components compliant with the relevant local regulations.
- Please use the disinfection or sterilization solution recommended in this operator's manual; otherwise Mindray will not be liable for damage caused by other solutions. If you have any questions, please contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative.
- Do not use pre-lubricated condoms as a sheath. Lubricant may not be compatible with the probe material and damage may result.
- The damage of the transducer may be caused by the contact of improper gel or cleaner:
  - DO NOT dip the transducer in the strong polar solution of ethanol, chloride of lime, ammonium chloride, acetone and formaldehyde.
  - DO NOT contact the transducer with solution or ultrasound gel containing oily medium such as mineral oil or lanoline.

---

**NOTE:**

- Read the following precautions to prevent the probe from malfunction:
  - Before connecting or disconnecting the probe, freeze or turn off the diagnostic ultrasound system.
  - Clean and disinfect the probe before and after each examination.
  - After the examination, wipe off the ultrasound gel thoroughly. Otherwise, the ultrasound gel may solidify and the image quality would be degraded.
- To prevent the probe from being damaged, do not use it where it will be exposed to:
  - Direct sunlight or X-rays
  - Sudden changes in temperature
  - Dust
  - Excessive vibration

- Heat generators
  - Repeated disinfection will eventually damage the probe, please check the probe performance periodically.
- 

## 1.3 Latex Alert

When choosing a probe sheath, it is recommended that you directly contact CIVCO for obtaining information regarding probe sheaths, pricing, samples and local distribution.

For CIVCO information, please contact the following:

CIVCO Medical Instruments

Tel: 1-800-445-6741

[www.civco.com](http://www.civco.com)

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### **WARNING**

Allergic reactions in patients sensitive to latex (natural rubber) may range from mild skin reactions (irritation) to fatal anaphylactic shock, and may include difficulty breathing (wheezing), dizziness, shock, swelling of the face, hives, sneezing, or itching of the eyes (FDA Medical Alert on latex products, “Allergic Reactions to Latex-containing Medical Devices”, issued on March 29, 1991).

---

# 2 System Overview

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## 2.1 Intended Use

Consona N9 series Diagnostic Ultrasound System is applicable for adults, pregnant women, pediatric patients and neonates. It is intended for use in fetal, abdominal, Intra-operative, pediatric, small organ (breast, thyroid, testes), neonatal cephalic, adult cephalic, trans-rectal, trans-vaginal, musculo-skeletal (conventional), musculo-skeletal (superficial), Thoracic/Pleural, cardiac adult, cardiac pediatric, Trans-esoph., peripheral vessel and urology exams.

Consona N9 series Diagnostic Ultrasound System Modes of operation include: B, M, PWD, CWD, Color Doppler, Amplitude Doppler, Combined mode (B+M, PW+B, Color+B, Power+B, PW+Color+B, Power+PW+B), Tissue Harmonic Imaging, Smart 3D, 4D (Real-time 3D), iScape View, TDI, Color M, Strain Elastography, STE, STQ, Contrast imaging (Contrast agent for LVO), Contrast imaging (Contrast agent for Liver).

This device is a general purpose diagnostic ultrasound system intended for use by qualified and trained healthcare professionals for ultrasound imaging, measurement, display and analysis of the human body and fluid, which is intended to be used in a hospital or medical clinic.

## 2.2 Contraindication

The diagnostic ultrasound system is not intended for ophthalmic use.

## 2.3 Safety Classifications

- According to the type of protection against electric shock:  
Externally powered Class I equipment + internally powered equipment
- According to the degree of protection against electric shock:  
Type-BF&CF applied part. The ECG is type-CF applied part. The PCG and ultrasound probes are type-BF applied parts.
- According to the degree of protection against harmful ingress of water:
  - The main unit is rated as IPX0
  - The probes are rated as IPX7
  - The foot switch (can be applied in the operating room) is rated as IPX8
- According to the disinfection and sterilization method(s) recommended by manufacturer:  
Equipment with disinfection and sterilization method(s) recommended by manufacturer.
- According to the degree of safety of application in the presence of a FLAMMABLE ANESTHETIC MIXTURE WITH AIR or WITH OXYGEN OR NITROUS OXIDE  
EQUIPMENT not suitable for use in the presence of a FLAMMABLE ANESTHETIC MIXTURE WITH AIR or WITH OXYGEN OR NITROUS OXIDE
- According to the signal input and output parts of the device:  
The device is equipped with signal input and output parts
- According to the mode of operation:  
Continuous operation

- Does the equipment has any defibrillation-proof applied parts:  
ECG is equipped with the applied part of defibrillation protection.
- Permanently installed equipment or non-permanently installed equipment:  
Non-permanently installed equipment

## 2.4 Product Specifications

---

### NOTE:

The functions described in the operator's manual may vary depending on the specific system purchased.

---

### 2.4.1 Power supply

#### Power input

- Voltage: 100 - 240 VAC
- Frequency: 50/60 Hz
- Power input: 6.2-2.0A
- Battery voltage: 14.4 VDC, 6600 mAh

#### Power output

- Voltage: 100 - 240 VAC
- Frequency: 50/60 Hz
- Power consumption: 240VA (This is the maximum auxiliary output power of the outlet. When the peripheral device is connected to the outlet, ensure that the maximum auxiliary output power does not exceed this threshold. Otherwise, the system may be damaged.)

### 2.4.2 Environmental Conditions

---

#### **WARNING**

Do not use this system in conditions other than those specified.

---

- Operating conditions
  - Ambient temperature: 0 °C ~ 40 °C
  - Relative humidity: 20% ~ 85% (no condensation)
  - Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa ~ 1060 hPa
- Storage and transportation conditions
  - Ambient temperature: -20 °C ~ 55 °C
  - Relative humidity: 20% ~ 95% (no condensation)
  - Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa ~ 1060 hPa

### 2.4.3 Dimensions and Weight

- Dimensions (The monitor and the control panel are kept to a minimum position):  
Length: 840±40mm, Width: 542±10mm, Height: 988±20mm
- Weight: ≤65.0 kg (Standard configuration)

## 2.5 Product Differences

Model	B-Hist (Ellipse)	B-Hist (Trace)	B-Hist (Spline)	B-Hist (Rectangle)	Profile	Cross	Double dist
Consona N9	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Consona N9 Pro	×	√	√	√	√	√	√
Consona N9 Super	√	×	√	√	√	√	√
Consona Nova	√	√	√	×	√	√	√
Consona N9S	√	√	√	√	×	√	√
Consona N9T	×	×	√	√	√	√	√
Consona NI	×	√	×	√	√	√	√
Consona NT	×	√	√	×	√	√	√
Nuewa N9	√	√	×	√	×	√	√
Recho N9	×	×	√	√	×	√	√
Consona N9 Exp	√	×	×	×	√	√	√
Consona N9 Elite	√	×	×	√	×	√	√
Resona N9	×	×	×	×	√	√	√

## 2.6 System Configuration

### 2.6.1 Standard Configuration

- Main unit
- System software
- Accessories
  - Operator’s manuals
  - Cables
  - Dust-proof cover
  - Encircling storage bin
  - Probe holders
  - Intra-cavity probe holder (with screws)

### 2.6.2 Probes and Needle-guided Brackets Available

Please see “17 Probes and Biopsy”.

## 2.6.3 Options

No.	Item	Remarks
1.	Multilingual control panel overlay	/
2.	Ultrasound gel	/
3.	Saddle basket kit	Store something temporarily.
4.	Probe dust-proof cover	/
5.	QWERTY keyboard	/
6.	Keyboard protective film	QWERTY keyboard should be configured.
7.	Built-in batteries	/
8.	Multi-function hardware module	Use for supporting CW, 4D and TEE probes. CW, 4D, P7-3Ts, P8-2Ts, or P8-3Ts should be configured.
9.	Sound Touch Elastography drive Module	/
10.	ECG module	/
11.	ECG cables	ECG module should be configured.
12.	DC-IN cable	ECG module should be configured.
13.	Pencil probe cable	/
14.	Built-in wireless network card	/
15.	Ultrasound gel warmer	/
16.	Ultrasound gel warmer holder	Should be configured with the ultrasound gel warmer.
17.	Probe Adapter PCM-SA01	The L16-4Hs, L20-5s, P7-3Ts, P8-2Ts, or P8-3Ts probes can be connected to the ultrasound system through the probe adapter.
18.	1D Barcode scanner	/
19.	2D Barcode scanner	/
20.	1-pedal footswitch	USB interface.
21.	2-pedal footswitch	USB interface.
22.	3-pedal footswitch	USB interface.
23.	Microphone material kit	/
24.	External DVD Recorder	/
25.	PCG module	The ECG module should be configured.
26.	CW	Multi-function hardware module should be configured.
27.	4D	Multi-function hardware module should be configured.
28.	iScape View	/



No.	Item	Remarks
29.	Free Xros M	/
30.	Free Xros CM	/
31.	Tissue Doppler Imaging	Cardiology Package should be configured.
32.	TDI QA	Tissue Doppler Imaging should be configured.
33.	Contrast imaging	/
34.	Contrast Imaging QA	Contrast Imaging should be configured.
35.	LVO	Cardiology Package should be configured.
36.	Strain Elastography	/
37.	STE	Sound Touch Elastography drive Module should be configured.
38.	STQ	
39.	Stress Echo	Cardiology Package should be configured.
40.	Tissue Tracking QA	Cardiology Package should be configured.
41.	Smart 3D	/
42.	iPage <sup>+</sup>	4D should be configured.
43.	SCV <sup>+</sup>	4D should be configured.
44.	iLive	4D or Smart 3D should be configured.
45.	STIC	4D should be configured.
46.	Color 3D	4D should be configured.
47.	Niche	
48.	Smart Volume	
49.	Smart V Trace	Smart Volume should be configured.
50.	Smart Planes CNS	4D and Obstetrics Package should be configured.
51.	Smart Face	4D and Obstetrics Package should be configured.
52.	Smart ICV	Smart Planes CNS should be configured.
53.	Smart Scene 3D	4D should be configured.
54.	Ultra-Micro Angiography	/
55.	Glazing Flow	/
56.	iNeedle	/
57.	Abdomen/General Package	/
58.	Obstetrics Package	/
59.	Gynecology Package	/
60.	Cardiology Package	/
61.	Small Parts Package	/
62.	Urology Package	/
63.	Vascular Package	/
64.	Pediatrics Package	/

No.	Item	Remarks
65.	Nerve Package	/
66.	Emergency&Critical Package	/
67.	Smart Pelvic	Gynecology Package should be configured.
68.	Smart OB	Obstetrics Package should be configured.
69.	Smart NT	
70.	Smart Fetal HR	Obstetrics package should be configured.
71.	Smart FLC	Gynecology Package should be configured.
72.	IVF	Gynecology Package should be configured.
73.	IMT	Vascular Package should be configured.
74.	RIMT	
75.	AutoEF	Cardiology Package should be configured.
76.	R-VQS	Vascular Package should be configured.
77.	Smart Hip	Pediatrics Package should be configured.
78.	Smart HRI	Abdomen/General Package should be configured.
79.	Smart Bladder	Abdomen/General Package or Urology Package should be configured.
80.	Smart Trace	/
81.	CPP	/
82.	Smart B-line	/
83.	V-Mapping	Vascular Package should be configured.
84.	DICOM Basic	/
85.	DICOM Worklist	DICOM Basic should be configured.
86.	DICOM MPPS	
87.	DICOM Query/Retrieve	
88.	DICOM OB/GYN SR	
89.	DICOM Vascular SR	
90.	DICOM Cardiac SR	
91.	DICOM Breast SR	
92.	DICOM Abdomen SR	
93.	DICOM Small Parts SR	/
94.	iWorks	/
95.	DVR Module	/
96.	iVocal	Microphone material kit should be configured.
97.	ClamAV	

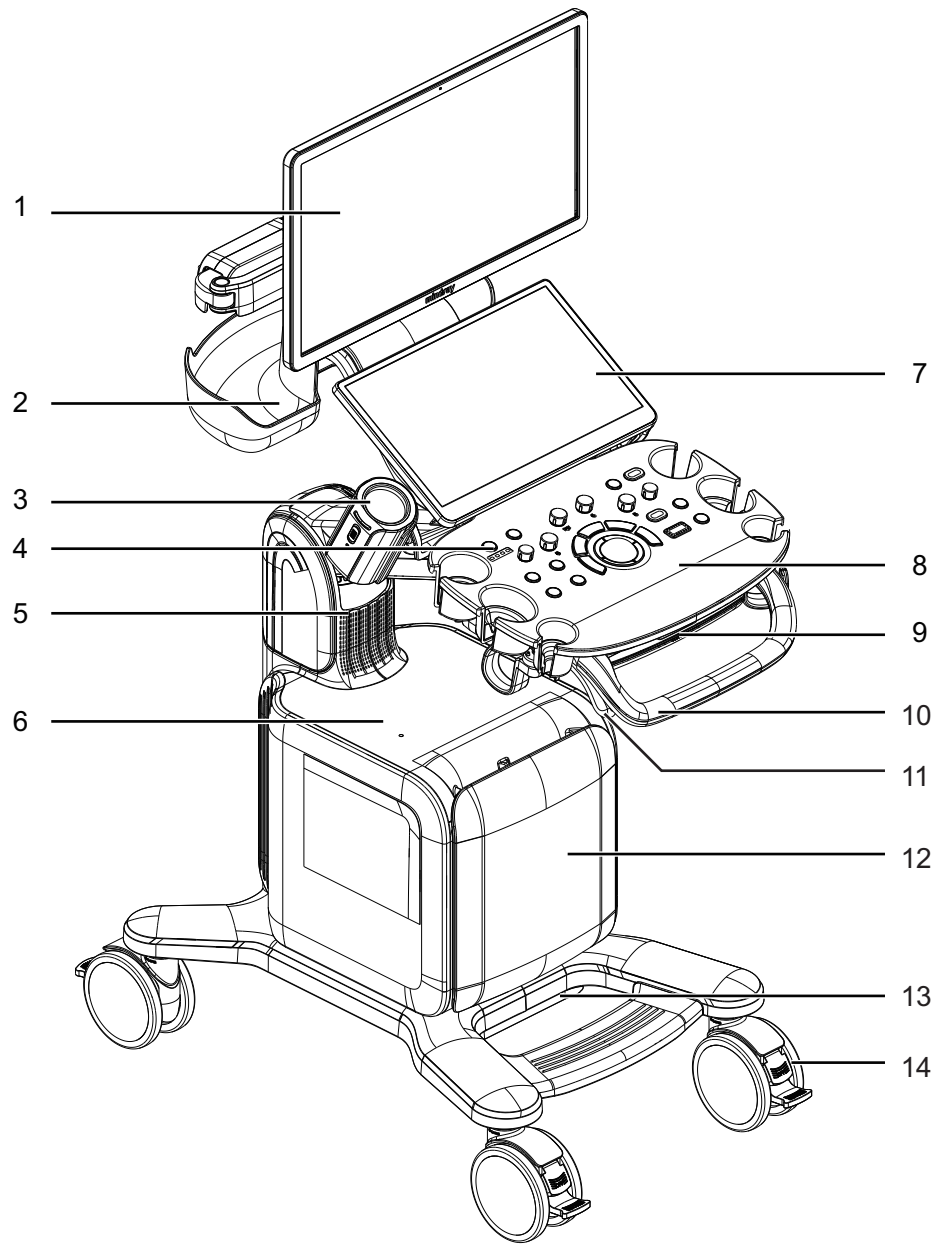
## 2.6.4 Peripherals Supported

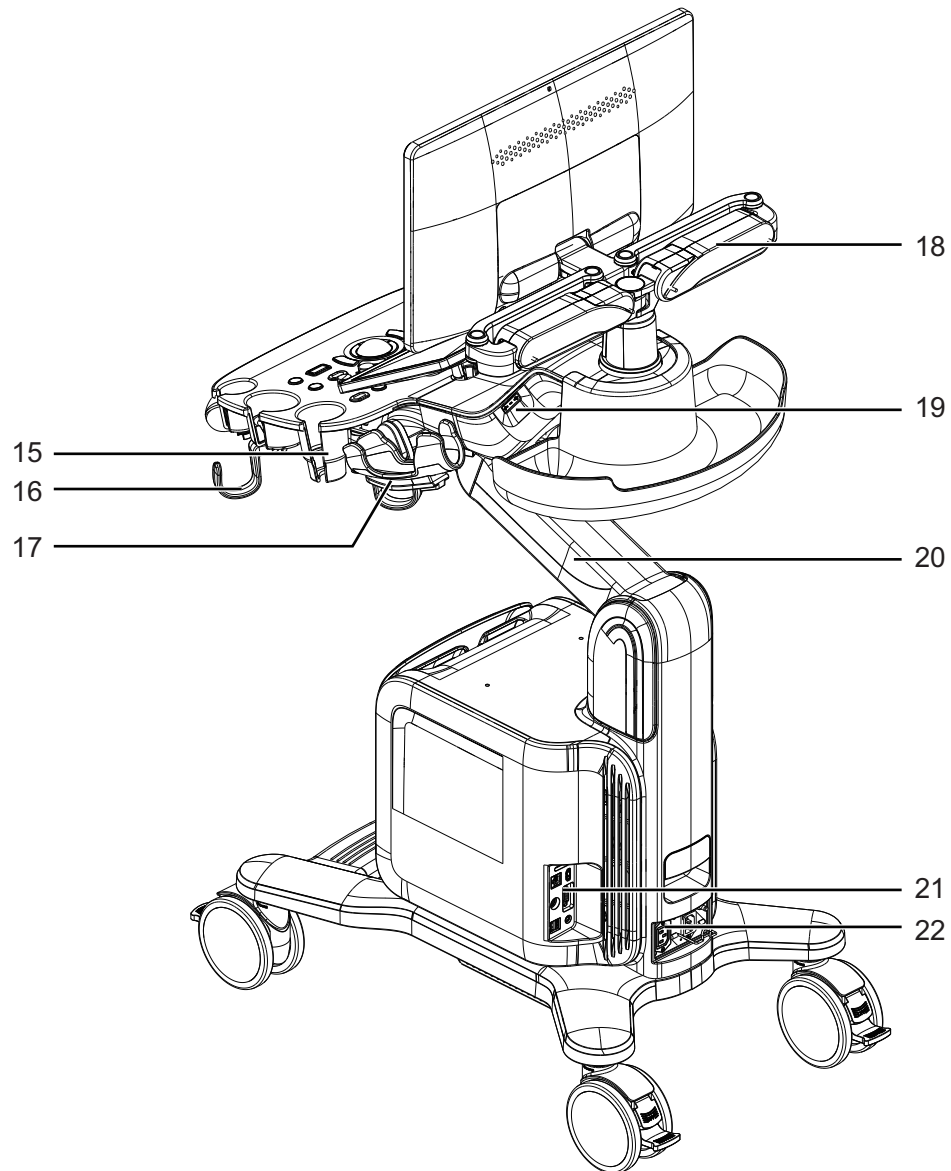
Item	Model
Graph/text printer	CANON TS708 Epson L130
Black/white video printer (digital)	MITSUBISHI P95DW-N SONY UP-D898MD
Black/white video printer (Digital & Analog)	SONY UP-X898MD
Digital color video printer	SONY UP-D25MD
iVocal Microphone	SAMSON XPD2
DVDRW	DVDRW HP GP70
Barcode reader	LS2208 DS4608 JADAK HS-1M JADAK HS-1R Honeywell HH1800
Footswitch	FS-81-SP-2 (1-pedal) 971-SWNOM (2-pedal) 971-SWNOM (3-pedal)

## 2.6.5 Parts that can be used within patient environment

- Main unit
- Probes
- Footswitch
- Printers

## 2.7 Introduction of Each Unit

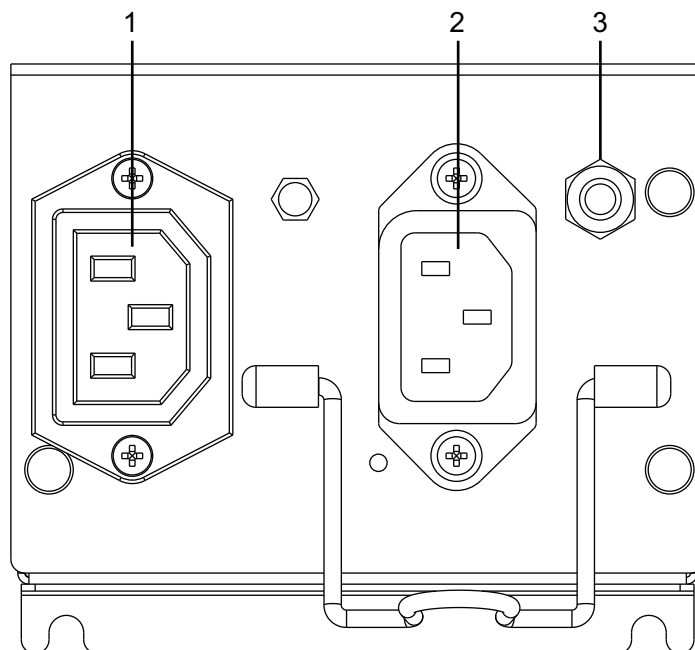




No.	Item	Description
1.	Monitor	Displays the images and parameters during scanning.
2.	Encircling storage bin	Store something temporarily.
3.	Ultrasound gel warmer	Used for heating the ultrasound gel.
4.	Power button/Power indicator	Used for turning on/ off the power. The indicator lights up when the system is powered on.
5.	Speaker	Outputs the audio.
6.	Placing table	Used for placing the B/W video printer.
7.	Touch screen	Screen-touching operator-system interface or control.
8.	Control panel	Key- pressing operator-system interface or control.
9.	Qwerty keyboard	Used for typing characters or entering some functions.

No.	Item	Description
10.	Handle	Used for pushing and moving the system.
11.	Control panel adjusting lever	Used for lifting or swiveling the control panel.
12.	Front I/O panel	Probe port, ECG/PCG Input and Output, Pencil probe port. The front I/O panel cover can be removed.
13.	Dust-proof cover	Prevent dust, particles and sundries from entering the system.
14.	Caster	Used for securing or moving the system.
15.	Transducer& ultrasound gel holder	Used for placing transducers or ultrasound gel temporarily.
16.	Hanger	Used for hanging the probe cables.
17.	Intracavitary probe holder	Used for placing the intracavitary probe.
18.	Monitor support arm	Supports the LCD display and adjusts the position and angle of the LCD display.
19.	USB ports	USB ports
20.	Control panel support arm	Supports the control panel and adjusts the position of the control panel.
21.	Back I/O panel	Interface panel used for inputting and outputting signals.
22.	Power supply panel	Electrical port panel.

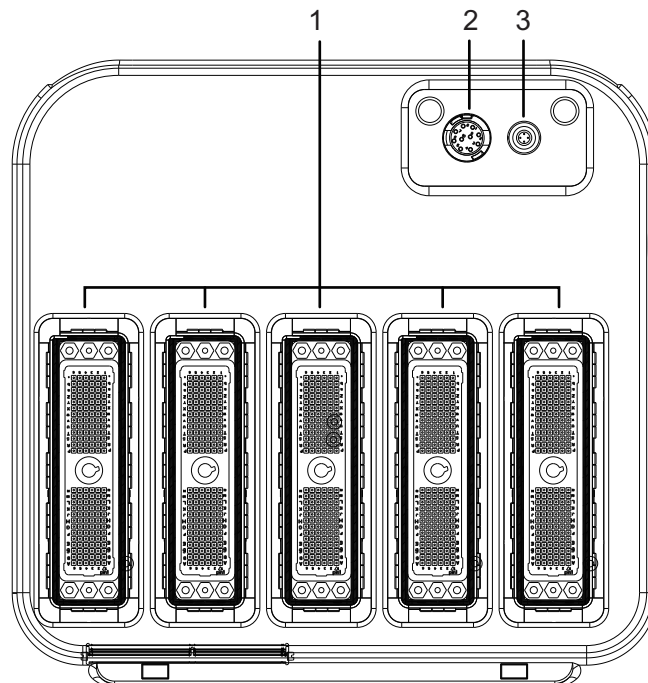
## 2.8 Power Supply Panel



No.	Name	Function
1.	Alternative current auxiliary output	Supply power for optional peripheral devices.
2.	AC power inlet	AC power inlet
3.	Equipotential terminal	Used for equipotential connection, that balances the protective earth potentials between the system and other electrical equipment.

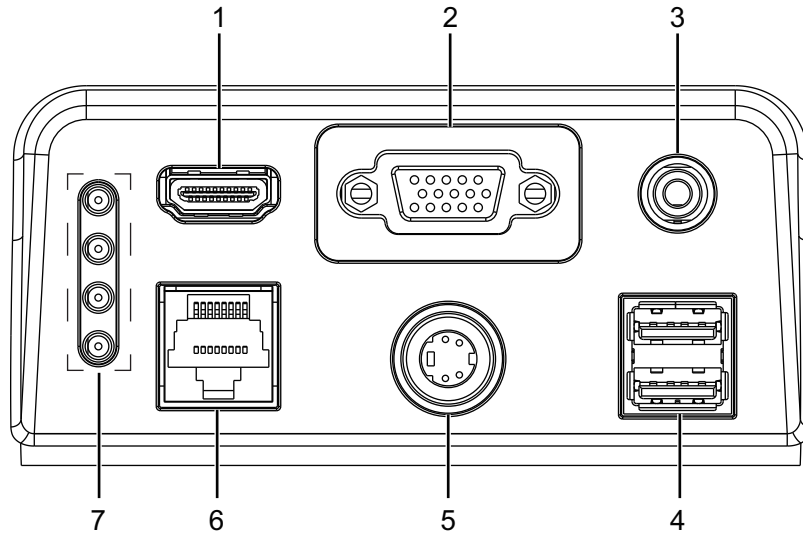
## 2.9 I/O Panel

### 2.9.1 Front I/O Panel



No.	Name	Function
1.	Probe socket	Used for connecting the probe.
2.	ECG/PCG Input	Used for connecting the ECG module.
3.	Pencil probe port	Used for connecting a pencil probe.

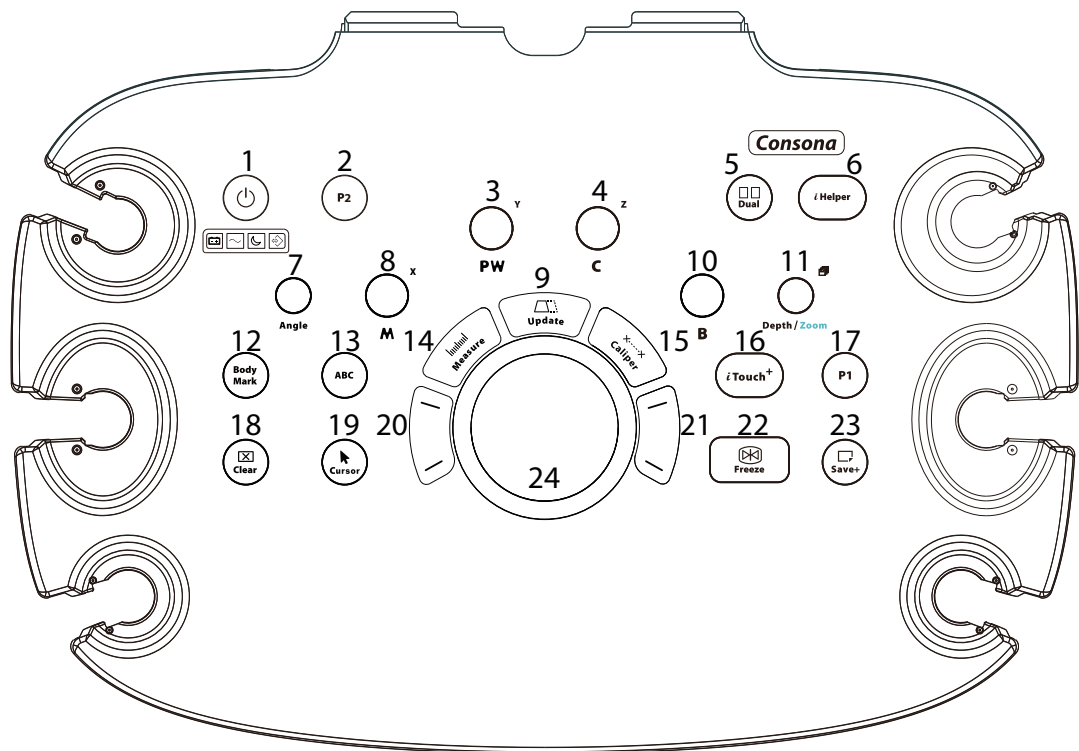
## 2.9.2 Back I/O Panel






No.	Name	Function
1.	HDMI port	High definition multimedia interface. Used for connecting TV, projector, ultrasound workstation video capture card, etc.
2.	VGA port	VGA signal output. Used for connecting TV, Projector, ultrasound workstation video capture card, etc.
3.	Remote port	Used for providing the control interface of analog video printer.
4.	High speed USB port	USB port. Used for connecting storage device such as USB disk, bar code reader, printer, footswitch, DVD recorder, etc.
5.	S-Video port	Used for separate video output, and connecting projector, ultrasound workstation video capture card, etc.
6.	Network port	Used for connecting router, ultrasound workstation, server, etc.
7.	Power indicator	From top to bottom: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12V indicator</li> <li>• 24V indicator</li> <li>• 5V_STB indicator</li> <li>• DBG_FLAG indicator</li> </ul>





## 2.10 Control Panel



No.	Key	Name	Description
1.	/	Power button/ Indicator	Power button: Turn on/turn off the system. Indicator: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>~ AC (Alternating current). It turns on at AC supply.</li> <li>☾ Standby. It blinks in orange in standby status.</li> <li>⚡ Hard disk indicator. It blinks when reading the disk.</li> </ul>
2.	P2	User defined key	Set by the user in the Preset.
3.	PW/Y	PW mode key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to enter or exit the PW mode. When the PW mode is enabled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the Mark is not displayed, then press to display the Mark line.</li> <li>If the Mark is displayed, then press to enter PW mode.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Rotate to adjust PW/CW gain; while in 3D/4D mode, rotate the knob to make the 3D image rotate around Y axis.</li> </ul>
4.	C/Z	Color mode key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to enter or exit Color mode</li> <li>Rotate to adjust Color/Power gain; while in 3D/4D mode, rotate the knob to make the 3D image rotates around Z axis.</li> </ul>




No.	Key	Name	Description
5.	 Dual	Dual-split window key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In non-dual split mode, press to enter the dual split mode.</li> <li>In dual split mode, press to switch the active window.</li> </ul>
6.	iHelper	iHelper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to enter or exit iHelper.</li> <li>iHelper includes Remote Assistance, iScanhelper, Quick Guide, and Operator's Manual.</li> </ul>
7.	Angle/ Multifunctional knob	Angle/ Multifunctional knob	Rotate to adjust image parameters or direction.
8.	M/X	M mode key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to enter or exit the M mode. When the M mode is enabled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the Mark is not displayed, then press to display the Mark line;</li> <li>If the Mark is displayed, then press to enter M mode.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Rotate to adjust M gain; while in 3D/4D mode, rotate the knob to make the 3D image rotate around X axis.</li> </ul>
9.	 Update	Update key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Switch the current active window in multi-windows mode.</li> <li>Complete the image acquisition in iScape/3D/4D mode etc.</li> </ul>
10.	B	B mode key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to enter the B mode.</li> <li>Rotate to adjust the B or 3D/4D gain.</li> </ul>
11.	Depth/Zoom	Depth/Zoom	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adjust the image depth.</li> <li>Press to enter or exit zoom status.</li> </ul>
12.	Body Mark	/	Press to enter or exit Bodymark status.
13.	ABC	Comment key	Press to enter or exit Comment status.
14.	Measure	Measure key	Press to enter/exit the application measurement mode.
15.	Caliper	Caliper key	Press to enter/exit the general measurement mode.
16.	iTouch <sup>+</sup>	iTouch <sup>+</sup> key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to optimize the images, and keep pressing to further optimize the image.</li> <li>Long press or double press to exit iTouch<sup>+</sup>.</li> </ul>
17.	P1	User defined key	Set by the user in the Preset.
18.	Clear	Clear key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press to clear in the sequence of “the selected measurement and comment information”, “screen information of the current application mode”, and then “all measurement and comment information”</li> <li>Long press to clear all the measurement and comment information on the screen.</li> </ul>
19.	 Cursor	Cursor key	Press to show/hide the cursor.
20.	/	Confirm key (left<Set>key)	Press to confirm the operation.

No.	Key	Name	Description
21.	/	Confirm key (right<Set>key)	Press to confirm the operation.
22.		Freeze key	Press to freeze/defreeze the image.
23.	 Save+	Save key	Save images in a preset way.
24.	/	Trackball	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Move the trackball to change the cursor position or replay multi-frame image.</li> <li>• Adjust or move the VOI.</li> <li>• Move the comment or body mark.</li> <li>• Adjust the probe orientation of the body mark.</li> </ul>

## 2.11 Keyboard



### Common functional keys



No.	Key	Function
1.	Esc	Cancel the operation or exit.
2.		Jump to the next operable item.
3.	Space key	Insert a space.
4.	Aa	Switch the upper/ lower case.
5.	Set Home	Activate the Set Home function: set the start point of comment.
6.	Home	Activate the Home function: return to start position of comment.
7.		Delete the character before the cursor.
8.		Confirm the input data; or moves the cursor to the head of next row of the text or the input field.
9.	Delete Word	Delete a newly added or modified comment unit.
10.	Del	Delete the character after the cursor.
11.	Direction-control keys	Move the cursor one letter each time; or, select the ambient one in a selectable area.

## Functions of the Keys F

The F keys on the keyboard can be defined according to user needs and habits. For details, see “4.1.7 Key Board”.

### Functions of key combination

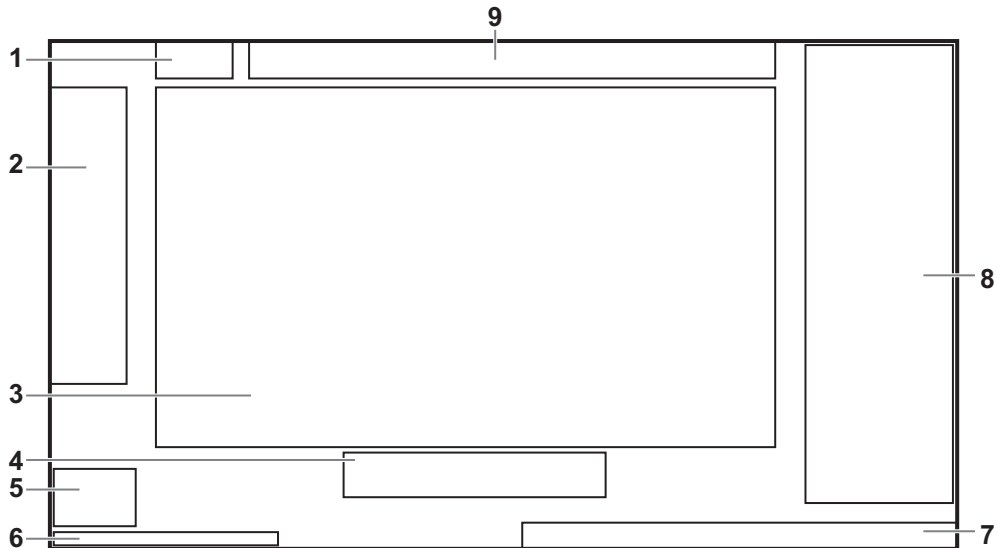
The system supports multi-language input; you can use the key combinations. The key combinations include <Shift>, <Fn>, <Ctrl> and some alphabet keys.


-  key  
 + key, input the upper letter of the key.
- <Ctrl> key combined keys  
 In iStation or Review screen, use <Ctrl> and <Set> to select more than one patient.
- <Fn> key  
 For those combination keys, press <Fn> + key to use the functions indicated with a frame on the key.

No.	Fn+	Name	Function
1.	→	End	Move the cursor to the end of the row, or the rightmost side of an edit unit.
2.	←	Home	Home
3.	↑	PgUp	Turn pages upward.
4.	↓	PgDn	Turn pages downward.

## 2.12 Basic Screen & Operation

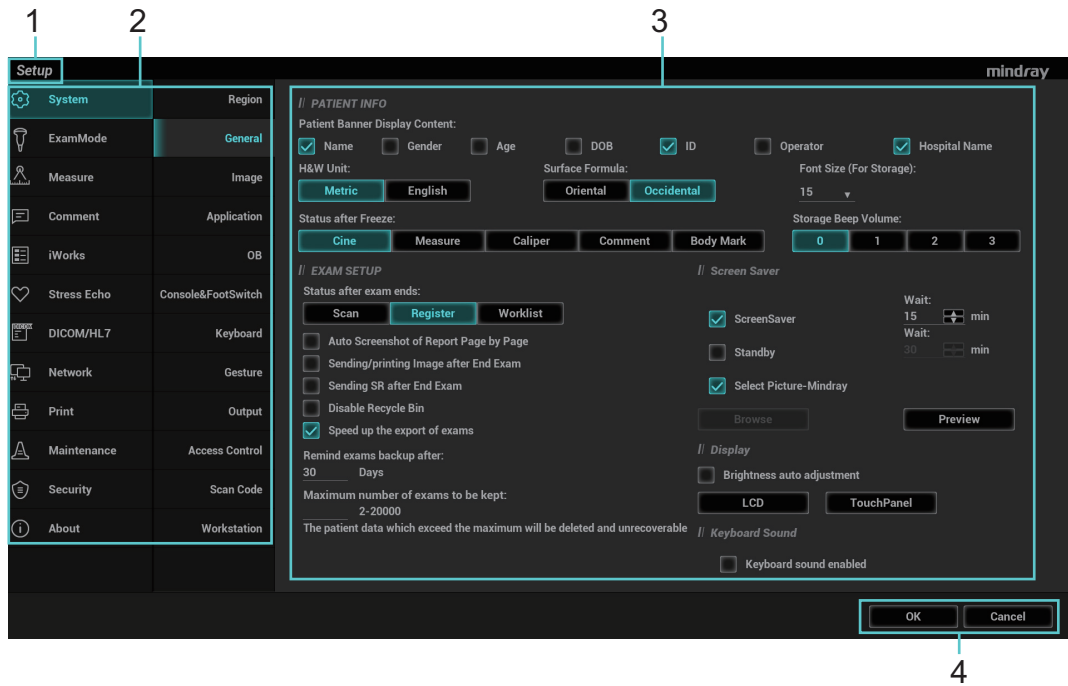
### 2.12.1 Monitor Display



No.	Item	Description
1.	System Information Area	Displays the manufacturer's logo and product model.
2.	Parameters Area/Menu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Displays the image parameters for the active window. If there are more than one imaging modes, the parameters are displayed by each mode.</li> <li>• Menu: Measurements, Comments and bodymarks. The menu is not displayed by default. In B mode, click  &gt; [Menu] on the touch screen to display or hide the parameter menu.</li> </ul>
3.	Image Area	Displays the ultrasound images, ECG waveforms, probe mark (or active window mark), time line (in M or PW mode), coordinate axis (in the top left corner of the image area, including depth, time, velocity/frequency), acoustic power (including the acoustic power, MI (Mechanical Index) and TI (Thermal Index), besides, the comment, bodymark, measurement calipers, color bar/grayscale bar are also displayed here.
4.	Hint (trackball and <Set> key function indications)	Displays the current functions of trackball and <Set> keys.
5.	User-defined Keys Area	Displays the functions for the user-defined keys.
6.	Help Information Area	Displays various help information items or the progress bar in the current status.
7.	System Icons Area	Displays the relevant system icons, such as USB memory device, printer, network, and current system time, etc.
8.	Thumbnails Area	Displays the thumbnail images stored under the current patient.
9.	Patient Information Area	<p>Displays the hospital name, the exam time, patient information, the probe model, the exam mode, etc.</p> <p>To preset which kind of patient information is displayed, see "4.1.2 General"</p>


## 2.12.2 Dialog Box

A dialog box screen consists of title, page tabs, contents and buttons, etc.




No.	Item	Description
1.	Title bar	The title bar is used to give a description for the content and function of the screen.
2.	Page Tab	For some screens, contents are distributed into several pages. Use <Set> to open/close the available pages.
3.	Contents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio box: click to select the item.</li> <li>Check box: click to check or uncheck the item.</li> <li>Entry box: enter characters manually via the keyboard.</li> <li>Drop-down list: click ▼ to show the list and select an item.</li> </ul>
4.	Controls	When the operation of a screen is completed, save or cancel the operation, and close the screen.

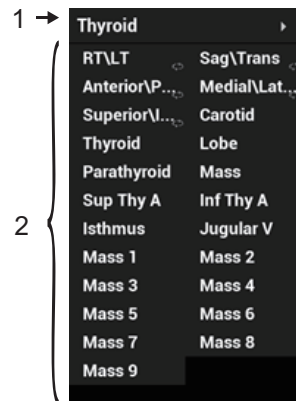
### To reposition a dialog box

- Use the trackball to move the cursor onto the title bar of the dialog box.  
At this time the cursor becomes a , then press <Set>.
- Use the trackball and position the rectangular graphic to the new desired location.
- Release <Set>, and the dialog box is moved to the desired position.

## 2.12.3 Menu Operation

In B mode, click  > [Menu] on the touch screen to display or hide the parameter menu.  
Use the cursor to operate on the menu.

Menus of different modes display in real-time at the upper left corner of the screen.



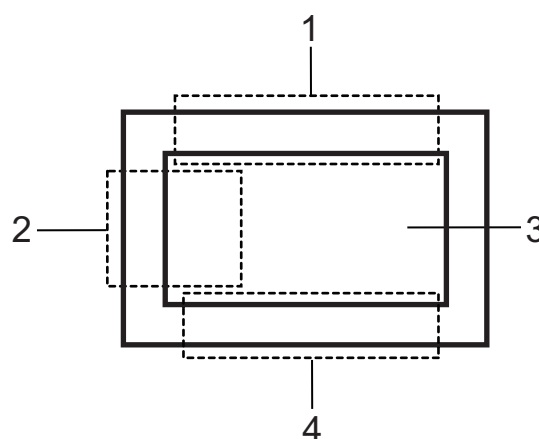
1	Menu title	2	Menu item
---	------------	---	-----------

Operate the menu by the trackball and left/right <Set> key.


1. Press <Cursor> to show the cursor.
2. Roll the trackball to locate the cursor onto the item to be adjusted.
  - For a commanding item or command optional item: press <Set> to directly activate the item.
  - For a parameter item or ON/OFF item: press <Set> to activate the item, and press <Set> to switch among the available values.
  - For a parameter optional item: press <Set> to extend the available parameter the cursor is positioned onto the list. Roll the trackball to locate the cursor onto the item to be adjusted, and press <Set> to set the value.

## 2.12.4 Touch Screen

### Mapping mode of touch screen







Operation area	Operations
1	Flick the edge downwards to enter the mapping mode.
2	Sweep to right to open the menus under the mapping mode.


Operation area	Operations
3	The mapping menu, and toolbar are displayed. It is available to perform the image adjustment, measures, image review, etc. Under mapping or non-mapping mode, you can do fast operation using the two-finger gesture according to the gesture hints  on the bottom-left of the screen.
4	Flick the edge upwards to exit.

**NOTE:**

If there is a dialog box in the screen, the mapping mode is unavailable.

- Enter the mapping mode  
Flip the touch screen from top to bottom (area 1). The image on the control screen maps on the touch screen. The mapping mode appears.
- Mapping menu operations  
Swipe the touch screen from left to right (area 2) under the mapping mode. The mapping menu appears on the touch screen. Tap or sweep right or left to adjust the image parameter, measures, etc.  
Tap the blank area on the touch screen. The menu of the mapping mode hides.
- Two-finger gesture  
Two-finger gesture can be configured with varied functions.  
According to the two-finger gesture under mapping or non-mapping mode, perform the operations on the touch screen (area 3).
- Enter the preview mode  
Swipe right to review the saved image under the mapping mode. Tap to review the saved image (area 3). The tool bar is displayed on the right side of the touch screen. It is available to review, send or delete the image.

Icon	Description
	Review the previous image.
	Send the image.
	Review the next image.
	Delete the current image.

- Exit the mapping mode  
Flip from the edge to the top or tap  on the top right corner of the touch screen to exit the mapping mode.

**Non-mapping mode of touch screen**

The layout of the touch screen varies with the applications or modes. Flip the touch screen to go to another page. Learn the interface display and operations by referring to related chapters.




- Controls on the touch screen

**NOTE:**

You cannot enter the stage from cine review mode or when there is a dialogue box on the screen. This stage cannot switch to mapping mode.



Tap and hold the screen to enter control editing stage.

Function	Operations
Adding a control	Tap  to select a button to add.
Add a user-defined control	In comment and body mark editing status, tap  and then tap [Custom] to bring out the dialogue box for adding user-defined controls. Enter the control name and tap [OK].
Delete a control	Tap  of the target control and tap [OK] to delete.
Change the control position	Tap and drag the control to the desired position.

- Moving tabs on 3D/4D viewing status



On 3D/4D viewing status, tap and hold the desired tab on the touch screen, and then drag the tab to adjust its position.

## 2.13 Warning Labels




The warning labels are attached to this system in order to call your attention to potential hazards.

The warning labels use the same signal words as those used in the operator's manual. Read operator's manual carefully before using the system.

The name, pattern and meaning of each warning label are described as follows:















No.	Warning Labels	Meaning
1		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Do not place the system on a sloped surface. Otherwise the system may slide, resulting in personal injury or the system malfunction. Move the system slowly on the slope by two people and make sure that the support arm is not extended.</li> <li>2. DO NOT sit on the system.</li> <li>3. DO NOT push the system when the casters are locked.</li> <li>4. Read this information carefully before using the system.</li> </ol>
2		Warning; Crushing of hands when operating the main unit keypad, touch screen, display screen, display supporting arm, etc.
















The general meaning assigned to geometric shapes, safety colors and contrast colors for safety signs are as follows:

Geometric shape	Meaning	Safety color	Contrast color	Graphical symbol color
	Prohibition	Red	White	Black
	Mandatory action	Blue	White	White
	Warning	Yellow	Black	Black

## 2.14 Symbols

This system uses the symbols listed in the following table. Their meanings are explained as follows:

Symbol	Description
	Type-BF applied part
	Defibrillation-proof type CF applied part
	Caution!
	Standby
	Protective earth (ground)
S-VIDEO 	Used for s-video output.
VGA 	VGA output
	Network port
<b>HDMI</b>	HDMI port
	High speed USB port
	USB port
	Pencil probe port
	ECG/PCG Input
	AC (Alternating current)
	Standby indicator

Symbol	Description
	Harddisk indicator
	Battery indicator
	Unlock position
	Lock position
	Atmospheric pressure limitation
	Humidity limitation
	Temperature limit
	Equipotentiality
	Product serial number
	Manufacture date
	Manufacturer
	Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare practitioner (USA).
	Unique Device Identifier
<p>ETL CLASSIFIED</p>  <p><b>Intertek</b> 3179617</p>	<p>CONFORMS TO AAMI STD ES60601-1, IEC STD 60601-2-37, IEC STD 60601-1-6; CERTIFIED TO CSA STD C22.2 NO. 60601-1, 60601-2-37, 60601-1-6</p>
	MR Unsafe – the system is not intended to be used within magnetic resonance (MR) environment.

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# 3 System Preparation

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## **WARNING**

- Do not connect the three-wire cable of the system with a two-wire plug without protective grounding; otherwise, electric shock may result.
  - Do connect the power plug of this system to wall receptacles that meet the ratings indicated on the rating nameplate. If adapters or multifunctional receptacles are used, it may cause the leakage current to exceed the safety requirement.
  - In the environment that patient is 1.5 meters around, connect peripherals to the auxiliary power outlet which is capable of isolation protection, or power the peripherals by auxiliary output cable or isolation transformer complied with IEC60601-1 or the power input of the same safety level.
  - DO NOT use power supply of different phases to power peripherals, like power supply of air-conditioning.
  - When using peripherals not powered by the auxiliary output of the ultrasound system, or using peripherals other than permitted by Mindray, make sure the overall leakage current of peripherals and the ultrasound system meets the requirement of the local medical device electrical regulation (like enclosure leakage current should be no more than 500uA of IEC60601-1), and the responsibility is held by the user.
- 

## 3.1 Move/Position the System

Read and understand the safety precautions before positioning the system to ensure the safety of both the operator and the devices.

1. Switch off the power, and pull out the power plug.
  2. Disconnect all cables from the off-board peripheral devices.
  3. Unlock the four casters; hold the handle to move the system.
  4. When you move the system to a desired location, lock the four casters.
- 

## **CAUTION**

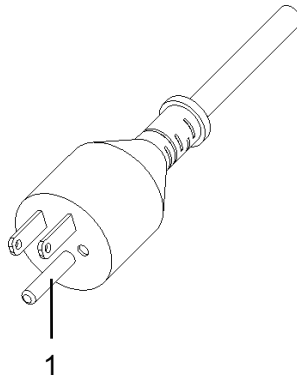
- Maintain a generous – free air flowing space around the back and both sides of the system; failure may result due to increased rise in system operating temperature.
  - Pay extra attention when moving the system on a sloping ground, do not move it on a more than 5°-sloped plane to avoid system toppling.
-

## 3.2 Connecting the Power Cord

This system can work normally only when it is connected to the external power supply or the battery capacity is sufficient.

### 3.2.1 Connecting Power

1. Plug the power cable in the socket of the ultrasound system.
2. Plug the other end power plug into an appropriate outlet. The grounding terminal should be connected with a power grounding cable to ensure that protective grounding works normally.



1	Grounding terminal
---	--------------------

#### NOTE:

Make sure to allow sufficient slack in the cable so that the plug is not pulled out of the wall if the system is moved slightly. If the plug is pulled out accidentally, data may be lost.

### 3.2.2 Powered by Batteries

#### **⚠ WARNING**

- The battery is inside the machine; only technical professionals from Mindray or engineers authorized by Mindray after training can perform battery installation and uninstallation.
  - If you need to change the battery or buy a new one, please contact your sales representative.
  - The lithium-ion battery has a service life of five years. Replace your battery when it reaches the end of its service life.
- 
- When connected to the external power supply, the system is powered by the external power. The lithium ion batteries inside it are in the charging status.
  - When disconnected from the external power supply, the system is powered by the lithium ion batteries.

## Battery Performance

Under power off or standby status, charging time of the battery from capacity 0 to 100% takes less than 4 hours.

The continuous normal operation time of the system is not less than 1 hour when it is powered by batteries.

The standby time of the system is not less than 24 hours when it is powered by batteries.

---








### NOTE:

Power off the system if it will not be used for a long period of time (including storage/transportation condition). Do not leave the system in standby status, otherwise the batteries will be discharged and permanently damaged.


---

## Battery Status Indicator

The battery status indicator is located in the bottom-right corner of the screen, indicating the battery capacity.

-  : Indicates the battery capacity is full.
-  : Indicates the battery capacity is less than 20%.
-  : Indicates the battery capacity is less than 10%.
-  : Indicates the battery capacity is 0.
-  : Indicates the battery is charging.
-  : Indicates the battery is not installed.
-  : Indicates the battery cannot be used. Please contact the Mindray service engineer.

## 3.2.3 Equipotential Terminal

The symbol  represents the equipotential terminal that is used for balancing the protective earth potentials between the system and other electrical equipment.

---

### **WARNING**

- Be sure to connect the equipotential wire before inserting the power plug into the receptacle; be sure to pull out the power plug from the receptacle before disconnecting the equipotential wire; otherwise electric shock may result.
  - When you connect another device to this system, you should use the equipotential wire to connect each of equipotential terminals; otherwise electric shock may result.
  - Connect the earth cable before turning ON the system. Disconnect the earth cable after turning OFF the system. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
  - DO NOT connect this system to outlets with the same circuit breakers and fuses that control the current to devices such as life-support systems. If this system malfunctions and generates overcurrent, or when there is an instantaneous current at power ON, the circuit breakers and fuses of the building's supply circuit may be tripped.
-

## 3.3 Power ON/OFF

### CAUTION

To ensure safe and effective system operation, you must perform daily maintenance and checks. If the system begins to function improperly, immediately stop scanning. If the system continues to function improperly, fully shut down the system and contact the Mindray Customer Service Department or a sales representative. If you use the system in a persistent improperly functioning state, you may harm the patient or damage the equipment.

---

### 3.3.1 Check before Powering ON

Check before the system is powered on:

- The temperature, relative humidity and atmospheric pressure meet the requirements of the operating conditions. For details, see “2.4.2 Environmental Conditions”.
- There is no condensation.
- There is no distortion, damage or dirt on the system and peripheral devices.  
If any dirt is found, cleaning shall be performed. For details, see “19 System Maintenance”.
- There are no loose screws on the monitor, control panel.
- There is no cable damage (e.g., power cord). Maintain secure connections to the system at all times.
- The probes and probe cables are free from damage or stains.  
For details of probe cleaning and disinfection, see “17.1.5 Probes Cleaning and Disinfection/Sterilization”.
- No miscellaneous odds and ends are attached or affixed to the control panel.
- Ensure that all connections are free from damage and remain clear of foreign object blockages.  
There are no obstacles around the system and its air vent.
- Probe cleaning and disinfection.
- The entire scanning environment and field must be clean.
- The locking mechanism of the casters can works normally.

### 3.3.2 Power the System ON


After the power indicator on the touch panel becomes green, press the power button to power the system on.

If access control has been set by the system administrator, you can access data in the system only after logging onto the system.

#### To Login onto the System

Perform the following procedure:


1. Select the login type (Local or LDAP), and user name in the drop-down list.
2. Enter the password and click [Login].

When the user has logged onto the system,  is visible in the bottom-right corner of the screen.

#### To Change Users

Perform the following procedure:




1. Click  in the bottom-right corner of the screen.
2. Click [Change User] to bring up the Login dialog box.
3. Select the login type (Local or LDAP), and user name in the drop-down list.
4. Enter the password and click [Login].

### To Modify Password


General operators and administrators can modify the password.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click  in the bottom-right corner to bring up the Session Manage dialog box where you can see the current user's information.
2. If you want to modify the current password, click [Change Password].
3. Enter both the previous and new passwords, and confirm the new password in the dialog box.
4. Click [OK] to exit.

### To Lock the System

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click the  in the bottom-right corner of the screen to bring up the dialog box.
2. Select [Lock Machine] and the system is locked.

You must log on before using the system.

## 3.3.3 Checking After Powering On

Check after the system is powered on:

- There are no unusual sounds or smells indicating possible overheating.
- There are no persistently displayed system error messages.
- There is no evident excessive noise, or discontinuous, absent or black items in the B mode image.
- Check whether there is abnormal heat on the surface of the probe during an ultrasound procedure.
- The control panel keys and knobs are fully functional.
- The date and time are displayed correctly.
- The touch screen and the main monitor screens display normally depending on the system modes and image status.

---

### **WARNING**

- If you use a probe giving off excessive heat, it may burn the patient.
  - If you find anything not functioning properly, this may indicate that the system is defective. In this case, shut down the system immediately and contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative.
- 

## 3.3.4 Power the System Off

You must follow the correct procedures to power the system off. Also, after you upgrade the software or when the system is down, you need to power off and restart it.

---

**NOTE:**

- DO NOT rush shutdown the system. It may make the data corrupted.
  - If you will not use the system for a long period of time, you should disconnect the mains power, and turn off the power to all peripherals connected to the system.
- 

To power off your system normally.

1. Press the power button to see the option:
  - Shut down: To power off the system normally.
  - Standby: To enter standby status.
  - Cancel: To cancel the operation.
2. Select [Shutdown] to power the system off.

### 3.3.5 Standby

---

**NOTE:**

If the system is disconnected from the AC power, make sure not to press the power button in the standby status. In this circumstance, to exit standby status or power off the system, connect the system to the AC power before pressing the power button.

---

#### To Enter Standby

- Open [Setup] > [System] > [General] to set the time for screensaver and standby. The system goes into the screen saving status if without the operating. The system then goes into the standby status if without the operation during expiring the standby time.
- Press the power button to select [Standby]. The system enters standby status.

#### To Exit Standby

Press the power button.

---

**TIP:**

When the system enters the standby status, if need to power off: Press the power button to exit the powering-off status and then power off the system.

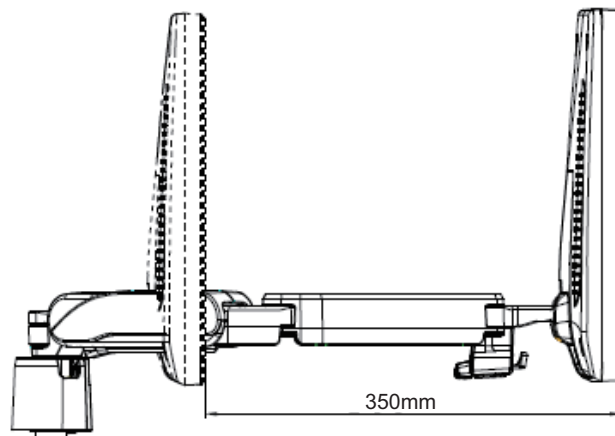
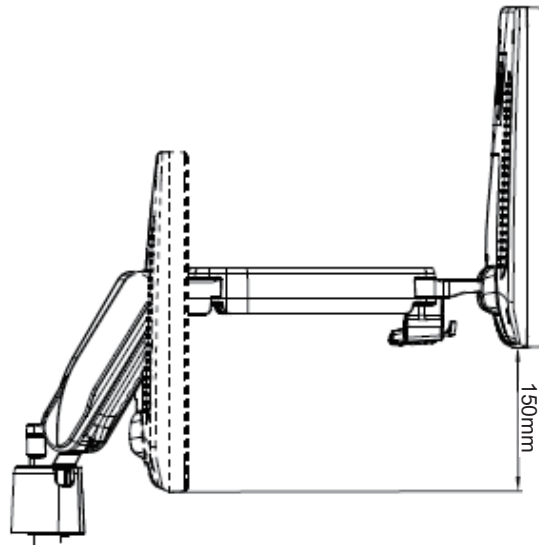
---

## 3.4 Monitor Position Adjustment

Gently hold the bottom edge of the monitor when adjusting its position.

### 3.4.1 Height and Displacement Adjustment

Move the monitor support arm up or down to adjust the height, back and forth to adjust the displacement.



---

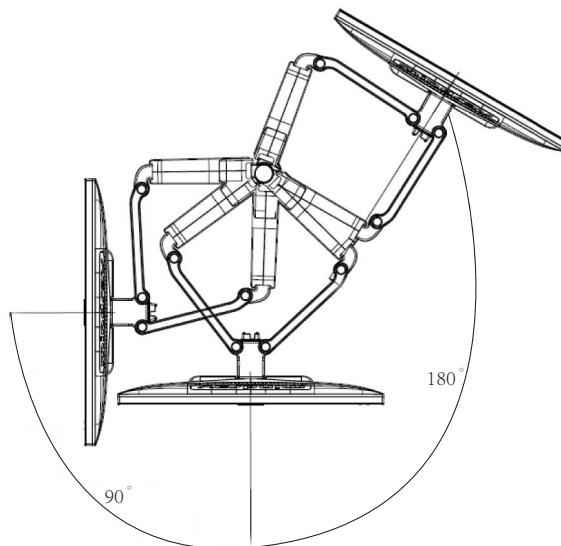
**NOTE:**

Take care not to trap your hands when adjusting the monitor up and down.

---

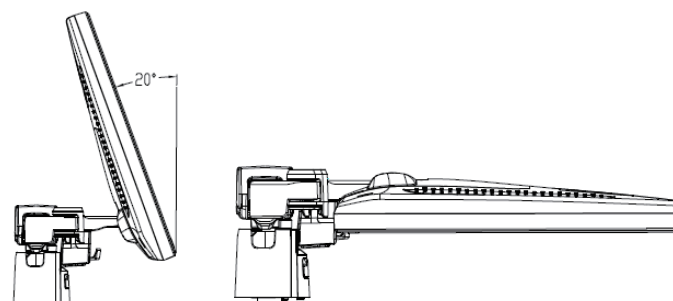
### 3.4.2 Rotate the Monitor

The monitor can be rotated 90° to the left and 180° to the right along with the supporting arm.



### 3.4.3 Tilt the Monitor

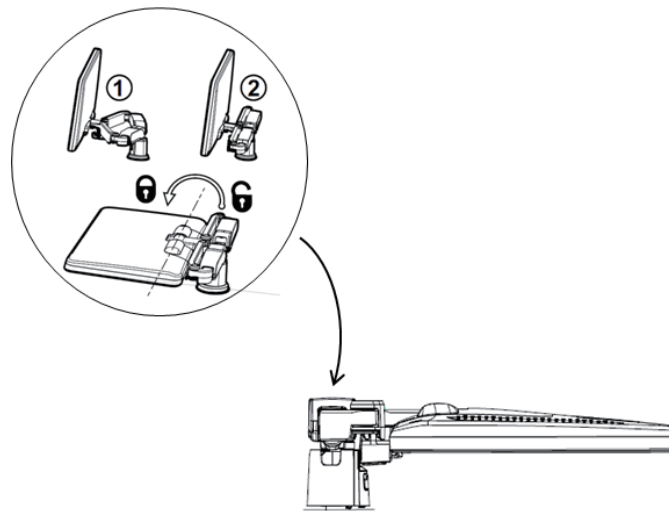
When positioned vertically, the monitor can be tilted 20° backward and can be tilted forward to a horizontal position. When transporting or moving the system, keep the monitor in the horizontal position, as shown below:



### 3.4.4 Lock the Monitor




If the ultrasound system is required to be moved within a short distance (for example: move to other department), turn the monitor to the horizontal level, push it to the locking structure, and then the

monitor can be locked. For more details, please refer to the operation diagram that is attached to the supporting arm.



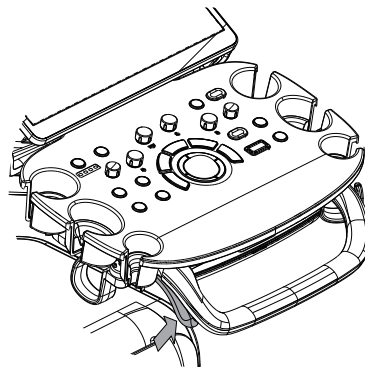
### 3.5 Monitor Brightness/Contrast Adjustment

Monitoring the brightness and contrast adjustment is one of the most important factors for proper image qualities. If set incorrectly, the gain, TGC, dynamic range or even acoustic output have to be changed more often than necessary to compensate.

- Brightness adjustment  
In B mode, tap  > [Setup] on the touch screen, and then select [System] > [General] > [LCD]/[TouchPanel].
- Contrast ratio adjustment  
In B mode, tap  > [Setup] on the touch screen, and then select [System] > [General] > [LCD]/[TouchPanel].
- Automatic brightness adjustment  
In B mode, tap  > [Setup] on the touch screen, select [System] > [General], and then select [Brightness auto adjustment]. The system will automatically adjust the brightness ratio of the main screen and touch screen according to the surrounding environment.

### 3.6 Control Panel Position Adjustment

Press the control panel lever in the direction as shown in the following figure. The control panel can be rotated left and right in 80°. The control panel can be moved up and down within 300mm.



## 3.7 Connecting/Disconnecting a Probe

### **⚠ CAUTION**

- Press <Freeze> to freeze an image or turn off the power of the system before connecting/disconnecting the probe. Otherwise, system or probe failure may occur.
- When connecting or disconnecting a probe, place it in a proper position, to prevent the probe from falling off or becoming damaged.
- Hang the probe cable to the hanger located under the control panel to avoid excessively bending and damaging the cable.
- Only use the probes provided by Mindray. Aftermarket probes may result in damage or cause a fire.

### **NOTE:**

If a probe port is not used for a long period of time, use the dustproof cover to protect the probe port from dust. Failure to do so may result in bad contact.

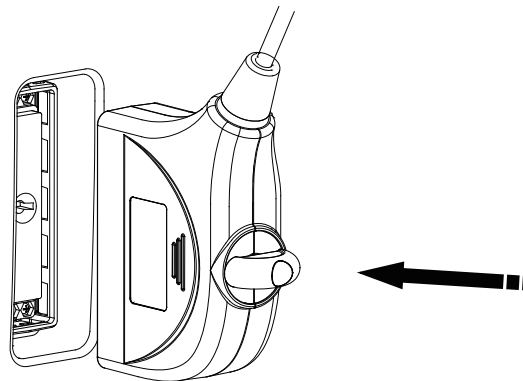
### 3.7.1 Connecting a Probe

#### **⚠ WARNING**

The probes, cables and connectors should be in proper operating order and free from surface defects, cracks and peeling. Otherwise, this may lead to electrical shock.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Check if the lock switch of the probe connector is on. If not, turn the lock switch to turn it on.
2. Keep the cable of the probe upward, insert the connector into the system port.

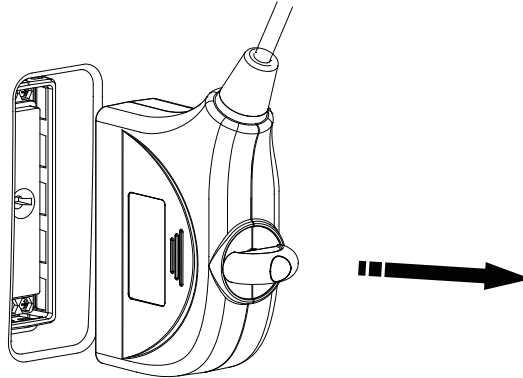


3. Turn the lock switch 90° clockwise to lock it securely.
4. Position the probe properly to avoid it being treaded on or becoming wrapped around other devices. DO NOT allow the probe head to hang free.

### 3.7.2 Disconnecting a Probe

Perform the following procedure:

1. Turn the locking switch 90° counterclockwise to the vertical position.
2. Pull the probe connector straight out vertically.



### 3.7.3 Probe Adapter Installation

Perform the following procedure:

1. Align the probe adapter with the probe socket and carefully push it into place.
2. Rotate the lock switch clockwise 90° to fix the probe adapter.

## 3.8 Connecting Peripheral Devices



### 3.8.1 Connecting USB Devices

---

#### **⚠ WARNING**

DO NOT directly remove a USB memory device, as the USB device and/or the system may become damaged.

---

- When connecting a USB memory device to the ultrasound system via a USB port, a sound is heard if it is connected successfully and the symbol  appears in the bottom-right corner of the screen.
- To remove the USB device: click  to open the [Remove USB Device] screen. Select the device to be removed and click [OK]. A sound is heard when removing the USB memory device.

### 3.8.2 Connecting the Footswitch

---

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Do not connect two or more footswitches to the main unit; otherwise, it may lead to the malfunction to the system.

---

The system supports USB port-type footswitches.

Directly insert the USB port of the footswitch to the system applicable USB ports.

Function Setting: The function of the foot switch can be preset.

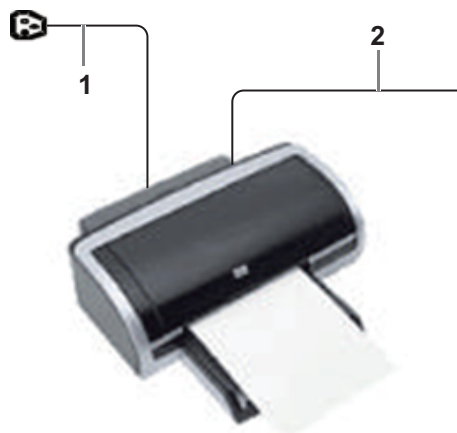
### 3.8.3 Connecting a Graph/Text Printer

---

**NOTE:**


- Unless otherwise specified, printers listed in Chapter “2.6.4 Peripherals Supported” have drivers installed already.
  - Please refer to the accompanying manuals of the printers for more details.
- 

As shown in the figure below, a graph/text printer has a power cord and data cable. The power cord shall be directly connected to a wall receptacle as required.



1	Power supply cable	Connect to power supply.
2	Data cable	Connect to the USB port of this system.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect the data cable to USB port of the ultrasound device.
2. Power on the system and the printer.
3. Preset the default report printer and its attribute.
  - a. In B mode, click  > [Setup] on the touch screen, select [Print].
  - b. Select the “Report Print” column in the Service Type list.
  - c. In the “Property” frame, select printer from the driver list next to “Printer” in the lower screen and set the items.
  - d. Click [Save] after you have finished setting.

### 3.8.4 Connecting a Video Printer

---


**NOTE:**

- Unless otherwise specified, printers listed in Chapter “2.6.4 Peripherals Supported” have drivers installed already.
  - Please refer to the accompanying manuals of the printers for more details.
-



The digital video printers that system supports consist of the B/W printers and color printers.


Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect the data cable to USB port of the ultrasound device.
2. Power on the system and the printer.
3. Add a print service:
  - a. In B mode, click  > [Setup] on the touch screen, select [Print].
  - b. Click [Add Service] to enter the page.
  - c. Select the service type and enter the service name manually.
  - d. Click [OK] to return to the page.
  - e. Select the target printer from the drop-down list in the “Property” box and set other printing properties.
  - f. Click [OK] to complete.

### 3.8.5 Connecting a Wireless Printer

The system supports the wireless graph/text printer for the report print.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Power on the system and the printer.
2. Make sure the ultrasound machine and the printer are connected to a same LAN, and turned on the Wi-Fi function of the printer.
3. In B mode, click  > [Setup] on the touch screen, select [Print] to choose the report to be printed. Select the printer from the wireless printer list, and set the printer.
4. Click [Interval Time(Sec)] to exit the preset and make the settings effective.

### 3.8.6 iVocal


Insert the iVocal microphone device to the USB port of the ultrasound system. The system automatically enters the following page.



No.	Description
1	Click to speak to the microphone (the system recognizes the vocal order). The system conducts the operations after recognizing the voice.
2	Click to stop the voice Recognition.

No.	Description
3	Click to open the Setup menu.


## Setup





Select  to enter the iVocal Setup menu.

- **Add:** Select [Add] to enter the Adding New Command menu, Select [Function Description] to select the desired function, enter the user-defined command in the [Command] text box, and then select OK.

User-defined command naming rules:

- Only Chinese characters, English letters, and digits are supported.
- The English letters are case-insensitive, consecutive blank spaces are not supported, and a maximum of 128 letters are allowed when entering the English letters.
- Blank spaces are not supported and a maximum of 30 characters are allowed when entering the Chinese characters.
- The user-defined commands cannot be empty.
- User defined commands that are already existed in the system but represent different functions are not supported to be added.
- **Test:**
  - Select [Test] and input a vocal command to the microphone device. After the vocal command is recognized, the Success Rate is displayed in fraction. Select [Test] again to close the vocal command test.

If the vocal command is successfully recognized by the system, both the denominator and numerator of the Success Rate are added by 1 for each time; if the vocal command fails to be recognized by the system, the denominator of the Success Rate is added by 1 for each time through selecting the  icon, while the numerator remains the same. For example: 2/3 represents 2 times of success and 1 time of failure.
  - **Clear:** Select [Clear] to clear all the Success Rate test records.
- **Recover:** Select [Recover] to enter the Confirm menu. You can select Yes to restore to the default settings.
- **Wakeup mode:** Select to enable wakeup mode. If the wakeup mode is enabled, the iVocal Plus will automatically shut down after each command is executed. If the wakeup function is not enabled, the iVocal Plus will only shut down after the waiting time.
- **Enable voice response:** Select to enable this function. When the function is enabled, the iVocal Plus will respond to your voice command.
- **Automatically shut down waiting time (Sec):** Tap to enter number of the waiting time.

Icon	Function
	Audition the vocal command
	Edit the vocal command
	Delete the vocal command
	Clear the Success Rate test record of the selected vocal command

# 4 Setup

---


The Setup function is designed to set the configuration parameters of operating the system and maintaining user workflow setup data. The setup data of the user and system are stored to the hard drive, and should be backed up to CD/DVD or USB memory device.

---

## CAUTION

When the preset data is changed, be sure to save the preset data according to the methods described in this chapter. Mindray is not responsible for the loss of preset data.

---

- To enter Setup:
  - In B mode, click  > [Setup] on the touch screen.
  - Press the user-defined <Setup> key to enter the setup menu.
- To exit Setup:
  - Select [OK] in the Setup menu. The parameter settings are saved.
  - Select [Cancel] in the Setup menu or press <Esc> to close the Setup menu.

## 4.1 System Preset

The system automatically enters the [System] screen after you enter Setup.

Item	Description
Region	To set the hospital name, language, time zone, time format and system date/time.
General	To set patient information, exam setup, patient management, storage, system dormancy, display and so on.
Image	To set general parameters in imaging modes.
Application	To set the measurement ruler, measurement setting, follicle method, comment setting and so on.
OB	To set the relevant information regarding the fetal gestational age, fetal growth formula and fetal weight.
Console&Footswitch	To assign functions to the foot switch and user-defined keys.
Key Board	To assign functions to the F keys of the key board. <b>NOTE:</b> The setup page is available only when a QWERTY keyboard is configured.
Gesture	Preset the gesture on the touch screen.
Output	Set the output format, the range and the resolution for the image.

Item	Description
Access Control	To set the user account control relevant information.
Scan Code	To set the code parameters for barcode reader.
Workstation	To set the Workstation quick key.

### 4.1.1 Region

Set the hospital name, language, time zone, time format and system date/time.

Item	Description
Hospital Information	To set the hospital-relevant information such as name, address, telephone, and so on.
Load Logo	Import image for logo loading. <b>NOTE:</b> For a better display effect, please try to use an BMP image with 400*400 pixels.
Language	To select a language (input) for the system.
Time Zone	To select the time zone.
System Date	To set the date for the system.
Date Format	To set the date format.
System Time	Move the cursor over the corresponding field and enter the time manually using the keyboard, or, move the cursor over the time segment and press <Set>, then increase or decrease the required value by clicking the icons on the right side.
Time Format	To select the time format.
Time Synch	To assign a time server and make the time of the ultrasound machine consistent with the server.

### 4.1.2 General

Set patient information, exam setup, screen saver, display, keyboard sound setting and so on..

Type	Item	Description
PATIENT INFO	Patient Banner Display Content	To select whether to display the available patient information items on the screen.
	H&W Unit	To set the unit for calculating patient height and weight.
	Surface Formula	To set the surface formula.
	Font Size (For Storage)	To set the font size in the Patient Banner Display Content for storage.
	Status after Freeze	To set the system state after the image is frozen.
	Storage Beep Volume	Set the key volume for saving single /multi-frame image.

Type	Item	Description
EXAM SETUP	Status after exam ends	To set the system status when an exam ends.
	Auto Screenshot of Report Page by Page	After selected, perform measure application and save single frame image, then end the patient exam, the system will save the report image in iStation.
	Sending/printing after End Exam	Select whether to automatically archive the exam data to the DICOM server for storage/print.
	Send SR after End Exam	Select whether to automatically send structure report to the DICOM server.
	Disable Recycle Bin	After checking this option, the deleted data will not go to the recycle bin.  <b>NOTE:</b> After disabling the recycle bin, the deleted data cannot be recovered.
	Speed up the export of exams	Select whether to speed up the export of exams after prospective saving the cine.
	Remind exams backup after	To set number of days to remind the operator of exam backup.
SCREEN SAVER	Maximum number of exams to be kept	To set the maximum number of exams to be kept. If the actual number is larger than the preset number, the latest exam will replace the earliest exam.  <b>NOTE:</b> The patient exams which exceed the preset maximum will be deleted and unrecoverable. It is recommended to perform patient data backup before enabling this function to avoid data loss.
	Screen Saver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Select the different saver methods to the system.</li> <li>After enabling the screen saver, check “Select Picture-Mindray” to select the image from the system. Or click [Preview] to select the image on your own; you can set the interval time for the screen saver slideshow in the drop-down list beside “Interval”.</li> <li>To set the waiting time before the system enters dormancy status in the drop-down list beside “Wait”.</li> <li>The system enters screen saver automatically if the system waiting time exceeds the screen saver already set.</li> </ul>
DISPLA Y	Standby	The system enters screen saver automatically if the system waiting time exceeds the screen saver already set and standby time.
	Brightness auto adjustment	To set the brightness/contrast of the main screen and the touch screen according to the conditions.
	LCD	To set the brightness and the contrast of the main screen, or restore to the default.
	TouchPanel	After selection, the system restores the touch screen settings back to factory.

Type	Item	Description
Keyboard Sound	Keyboard sound enabled	Turn on/off the keyboard sound.

### 4.1.3 Image Preset

Type	Item	Description
Reset Config	Probe	To set the default probe model for the system from the drop-down list. The default parameters are applied to the new probe if checking “Use the default setting when start a new exam.”
	Image Size	Set the standard for saving the image or using the digital/graph printer.
	Default Elasto	Set the default elastography mode.
Parameter	Steer	To set the steer mode in B + Color + PW/CW imaging mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• C&amp;(PW/CW): select to adjust the sample volume in color mode and sample line in PW or CW mode together.</li> <li>• C/(PW/CW): select to adjust the sample volume in color mode and sample line in PW or CW mode separately.</li> </ul>
	Auto Invert	The spectrum can automatically invert when the color flow is steered to a certain angle, thus accommodating the operator’s wish to distinguish the flow direction.
	iScape Ruler Display	To set whether to display the iScape ruler in iScape imaging mode.
	B+Color Refresh With PW/CW Sampling Line Movement	To set whether to turn on the function that when moving PW/CW sampling line, B+Color image is activated under B+Color+PW/CW mode.
	Uninterruptible image saving when preprocessing parameters are changed	Adjusting preprocessing parameters will not interrupt image/cine saving.
	Color And PW/CW Synchronize Invert	To set whether to invert Color Map and PW/CW spectrum synchronously
	Display Transducer SN	To set whether to display the transducer SN.
	B+Color+PW Unfreeze keeping PW	To set whether to retain PW images when unfrozen under B+Color+PW mode.
	iTouch+	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If selected, the system optimizes the images continuously in real time after you press &lt; iTouch<sup>+</sup> &gt; in B mode.</li> <li>• If not selected, the system optimizes the images only once after you press &lt; iTouch<sup>+</sup> &gt; in B mode.</li> </ul>

Type	Item	Description
Tissue Tracking QA	Segment Model	To set the cardiac segment model: 16 or 17.
Image Parameter Display	Image Parameter Display	To select the parameters under each mode to be displayed in the real-time imaging screen.
ZoneVue	ZoneVue	Turn on/off ZoneVue.

## 4.1.4 Application

Set the measurement ruler, measurement setting, follicle method, left ventricular setting, comment setting and so on.

### Measure Parameter

Controls are as follows:

Item	Description
Cursor Type	Type of cursor displayed on the measurement caliper and results window. Value options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number: the cursor always displays as “+” while different measurements are marked with numbers.</li> <li>Symbol: the cursor displays sequentially in 8 symbols to identify different measurements.</li> </ul>
Cursor Size	The size of the cursor.
HeartBeat	The number of cardiac cycles in the heart rate calculation. (In heart rate measurement, the number of cardiac cycles should match the preset number.)
Cursor Line Display	If unselected, the connecting line between the measuring ends will be hidden after measurement.
Ellipse Cross Line Display	If unselected, the measuring axis within the ellipse area will be hidden after measurement.
Clear results while deleting caliper	Uncheck. The image is unfrozen or the image mode is changed after the measurement is completed. The measurement results are saved if the caliper is cleared.
Unit Settings	To set the measurement unit.

### LV Cube/Teichholz/Gibson

Set the tools used in the Cube/Teichholz/Gibson study.

### Comment

Set whether to clear comments and bodymark:

Item	Description
Clear comments while unfreezing image or changing probe/exam	To set whether to clear comments while unfreezing image or changing probe/exam.
Clear Bodymark upon unfreeze	To set whether to clear bodymark whiling unfreezing image.
Voice comment enabled	To set whether to enable voice comment feature.

## Follicle

Set the method for calculating the follicle.

## PW Measure

PW measure velocity displays absolute value.

All measurement results in PW mode are absolute values based on the unit of velocity after checking this item.

## Intelligent Input

Set to enable the Input Method Association.

## ICA/CCA && RAR

Set the measurement properties of ICA, CCA, Renal A and Aorta.

## 4.1.5 OB

Set the relevant information regarding the fetal gestational age, fetal growth formula and fetal weight.

### To set the default formula

Perform the following procedure:

1. On the [Fetal Gestational Age], [Fetal Growth] or [Fetal Calc] page, select an OB Item in the left column.
2. Select a formula in the right column.
3. Click [Default]. The default formula is marked with a  $\surd$ .
  - On the [Fetal Gestational Age] page, select whether to display the SD or EDD in the obstetric result.
  - On the [Fetal Gestational Age] page, select whether to display the EFW derived GA in the report.

### To set the fetal weight display

Perform the following procedure:

1. Enter the [Fetal Calc] page.
2. Select the [Fetal Weight Unit].

Select Metric, English or English & Metric from the drop-down list.
3. Select the formula for calculating the weight percentile.

Select the formula from the drop-down list of [EFW-GP].
4. Click [OK] to confirm.

### To import/export an OB Table or Formula

---

**NOTE:**

Only imported user-defined tables can be exported.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select [Import] or [Export] on the [Fetal Gestational Age] or [Fetal Growth] page.
2. Select the drive and file path where the data is located.



3. Select the data file to load or export, click [OK] to confirm.

The imported user-defined table for FG and GA must be a \*.csv file. The format of the \*.csv file is described as follows:

- FG table

<b>Table Type</b>	<b>Author Name</b>	<b>SD Type</b>	<b>Meas Value Unit</b>	<b>SD Unit</b>
<b>FG</b>	The author name	Value of standard deviation	Unit of the measurement value	Unit of the standard deviation
<b>Row Num</b>	Row number (N) of the table			
<b>No.</b>	<b>GA</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Meas Value</b>	<b>Max</b>
1	GA value	Minimum value	Measurement value	Maximum value
2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
N	...	...	...	...

- GA table

<b>Table Type</b>	<b>Author Name</b>	<b>SD Type</b>	<b>Meas Value Unit</b>	
<b>GA</b>	The author name	Value of standard deviation	Unit of the standard deviation	
<b>Row Num</b>	Row number (N) of the table			
<b>No.</b>	<b>Meas Value</b>	<b>SD(-)</b>	<b>GA</b>	<b>SD(+)</b>
1	Measurement value	Standard deviation (-)	GA value	Standard deviation (+)
2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
N	...	...	...	...

#### **NOTE:**

- Fill in the table according to the actual clinical values, except for those cells with bold text.
- Value of standard deviation. Select from one of the following: None,  $\pm 1SD$ ,  $\pm 2SD$ , 3%~97%, 5%~95%, 10%~90%.
- Unit of the measurement value: according to the table to import, select from mm, cm, g, kg,  $cm^2$  or  $mm^2$ .
- Row number (N) of the table: the maximum row number N in the column "No."
- The third row is empty.

- GA value, Minimum value, Measurement value, Maximum value: enter the number of days without the unit.
  - Measurement value, Standard deviation (-), GA value, Standard deviation (+): enter the number of days without the unit.
- 

## User-defined OB Items

---

### NOTE:

The calculation results of the user-defined OB formulae are used for reference rather than clinical diagnosis.

---

You can add user-defined formulae for items (obstetric tools) that are not included in the GA and FG table.

1. Select [More OB Items] on the [Fetal Gestational Age] or [Fetal Growth] page.
2. Select an item and click [OK].
3. The new item appears in the left column and the system asks if to add a formula.
4. Click [OK] to select the \*.csv file (formula file) for the item. Or add a formula for the new item by clicking [Import].

## Measure Result

EDD display: the EDD is displayed in the result window after checking.

## GA Cycle For EDD

- Normal Cycle: GA is calculated according to 40 weeks after checking (EDD=LMP+287(40 weeks)).
- French Cycle: GA is calculated according to 41 weeks after checking (EDD=LMP+287(41 weeks)).

## Display EFW GA in report

Estimate GA according to EFW data after checking.

## 4.1.6 Console&Footswitch

### Key function setting

To assign a function to a key:

1. Click to select a desired key. The system enters the function assignment page.
2. Click to select a function in each column.
3. Click [OK] to complete the function setting.

### Foot switch function setting

You can assign a function to the left/middle/right key of the foot switch. The method is similar to setting key functions.

## Other Settings

Item	Description
Control Panel Brightness	To set the brightness for control panel key.
Trackball Speed	To set the speed of the trackball when moving the trackball.
Key Volume	To set the key volume at 3 levels, 0 means no sound.
Touch Screen Volume	To set the touch screen volume at 3 levels.

### 4.1.7 Key Board

#### NOTE:

The preset screen is displayed only when the standard keyboard is configured.

You can set the functions for the F keys of the key board. The method is similar to setting Console&Footswitch, see “4.1.6 Console&Footswitch”.

### 4.1.8 Gesture

1. Click to select the desired gesture in the Key Function column on the left side of the page.
2. Click to select a function in the Function area. You can see the available functions selected on the right side.
3. Click [OK] to complete the function setting.

### 4.1.9 Output

Set the output format, the range and the resolution for the image.

Type	Item	Description
AVI Encode	Encode Quality:	To set the image quality of unloaded AVI. The system unloads according to the settings. The higher the image quality is, the clearer the unloaded image is. The unloading speed become slower with the larger space.
	Operating System Compatibility:	To set the unloading format of the AVI. The system unloads according to the settings. If checking “Mac OS”, saving CIN files to USB flash drive as “MP4 Video”.
	SendTo Frame Rate:	To set whether to enable/disable compression of images.
Analog Output	Output Size:	Select the output size: Classic or Standard.
	Output Mode:	Select the format to output/separate the video format: NTSC or PAL.
Digital Output	Output Size:	Select the output size: Full Screen, Standard or Classic.
	Resolution:	Select VGA, HDMI output image resolution.

Type	Item	Description
DVR Output	Output Size:	Select the output size: Full Screen, Standard or Image.
	Max Frame Rate	Standard Frame Rate or High Frame Rate.

## 4.1.10 Access Control

The system supports two types of users: administrator and operator.

- Administrator  
The system administrator can access all function modules, and view all patient data, such as patient information, images and reports, etc. Only one administrator is configured by default. The administrator can add or delete operators.
- Operator  
The operator can only access the function modules with assigned privileges. The operator can only view exam information saved in the system and operated by him or herself, such as patient information, images and reports, etc.

### Enabling Access Control

The system administrator can preset the access controls, that is, whether an operator has the right to access data in the system.

Access control only can be set by the system administrator.

- If “Enable User Account Control” is selected, you must be authorized before accessing the data, and you can configure password policy and LDAP, and change password. If unselected, you can access all the data without authorization, and you cannot configure password policy and LDAP, and change password.
- If “Enable Emergency User” is selected, the administrator can edit privileges for emergency users. If unselected, the administrator cannot edit privileges for emergency users.

### Adding a User/Assigning privilege

Turn on the access control function and log in to the system as Administrator before you add the user.

1. Click [Add] to bring up the dialog box.
2. Enter the user name and password, confirm password.
3. Select or deselect the check box from the privilege list.

Users can only access the function module with assigned privilege.

4. Click [OK] to confirm the setting and exit the dialog box.

The new user and the privilege will appear in the User List.

### Deleting a User

Turn on the access control function and log in to the system as Administrator before you delete the user.

Select the user to be deleted in the User List. Click [Delete] to delete the selected user.

### Editing Privilege

Turn on the access control function and log in to the system as Administrator before you edit privileges.

1. Select a user, click [Edit Privilege] to enter the “Edit user privilege” dialog box.

2. Select or deselect the check box from the privilege list.
3. Click [OK] to confirm the editing and exit the dialog box.

The edited privileges will appear in the User List.

## Modify Passwords

### NOTE:

The account password needs to be changed every 3 months.

The system administrator can modify all user passwords. The administrator password is empty by factory default. You can set this password.

An operator can only modify his/her own password.

1. Select the user name to be modified in User List.
2. Click [Change Password] to open the dialog box.
3. Enter current password, new password and confirm new password, then click [OK].

## Configure Password Policy

Turn on the access control function and log in to the system as Administrator before you configure the password policy.

Click [Password Policy Config]:

Item	Description	Remark
Lockout Threshold	Set the maximum time that a user can input the wrong password. If you exceed the maximum times, your account will be locked.	For example, assume that the "Lockout Threshold" is set to 5, the "Reset Account Lockout Threshold after" is set to 60, and the "Lockout Duration" is set to 60. That is, a user inputs the wrong password for 5 times within 60 minutes, the account is locked, and the user can log in to the system only after 60 minutes. Other users with unlocked accounts can still log in to the system normally.
Reset Account Lockout Threshold after	Set the duration allowed for a user to continuously input the wrong password.	
Lockout Duration	Set the duration after an account is locked.	
Reset all lockout	Reset all locked accounts.	/

Item	Description	Remark
Enable strong password	<p>Enable strong password to improve security.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the strong password is enabled and you log in to the system with the account that is added before the strong password is enabled, the system prompts a warning message to inform you whether your password conforms to the password policy. The administrator can change password for administrator or operator.</li> <li>If the strong password is enabled and you add a new user account, the system prompt an error message to inform you that the password is too weak. please modify the password according to the error message.</li> </ul>	/

## LDAP Privilege Management

Turn on the access control function and log in to the system as Administrator before you edit privileges for the LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) users.

Click [LDAP Config]

Item	Description
Server Address	Enter the server address in the field box after accessing the network.
Test LDAP Server	Click [Test LDAP Server] to test whether the LDAP server is accessible. If the LDAP is accessible, the system prompts the following message "Server test succeeded."
Root DN	It is automatically displayed after the server is successfully tested.
Days to keep cached password	<p>Set days to keep the cached passwords in the local system. Users can log in to the server even without accessing the network within the setting days.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Empty: the passwords are kept in the local system permanently.</li> <li>0: no passwords are kept in the local system.</li> <li>&gt;1: for example, if it is set to 5, the passwords are kept in the local system for 5 days.</li> </ul>
Member and privileges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adding a user: Enter the member name, and select or deselect privileges from the drop-down list of "Privilege". Click [Add], and the new members and privileges will appear in the list above.</li> <li>Deleting a user: Select a member to be deleted, and click [Delete].</li> <li>Modifying the member name or privileges: Select a member to be modified, modify the member name, and select or deselect privileges from the drop-down list of "Privilege". Click [Modify], and the modified member name and privileges will appear in the Member of filter list.</li> </ul>
Logon Test	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter the User name and password in the field boxes of the Authentication test area.</li> <li>Click [Logon Test] to test whether the user is authenticated. After successful authentication, the system prompts a successful authentication message.</li> </ol>

## Auto Lock Machine

To set the waiting time before the system enters locked status in the drop-down list beside “Wait”.

The system will be locked automatically if the system waiting time exceeds the duration already set.

### 4.1.11 Scan Code Preset

Set the code parameters for barcode reader.

#### 1-dimension barcode reader (1D)

Item	Description
Scan Item	After scanning 1D bar code, the regular expression is matched in the priority order: “Patient ID > Other ID > Last name > Last name > Middle name > Accession #> Operator > Diagnostician”. If the regular expression is matched successfully, the data of 1D bar code will be displayed in this item in Patient page automatically.  Example: The data of the bar code is 123 after scanning 1D bar code. The regular expression is matched in the priority order: “Patient ID > Other ID > Last name > Last name > Middle name > Accession #> Operator > Diagnostician”. If the regular expression of “Other ID” is matched successfully, “123” will be displayed in “Other ID” item in Patient page automatically.
Regular Expression	Set the regular expression according to the bar code format.
Move Up/Down	Move up or Move down a selected item.
Add/Delete	Add or delete a selected item. (Only the default item can be added or deleted.)
Load default	Restore the parameter value to the default value.

#### 2-dimension barcode reader (2D)

- General Analysis Mode  
Select “General” from “Analysis Mode” drop-down list: The scan codes consist of Patient ID, Other ID, Patient Name, Birth, etc.

Item	Description
Scan Barcode Example	Input a barcode example, barcode example is separated by separators (the separator is used to set the start and end position of each item), and the barcode data is displayed in the following items in turn.

Item	Description
Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Input a barcode example, and you can change the information of Patient ID, Other ID, First Name, Last Name, Middle Name, Birth (Day), Birth (Month), Birth (Year), Age, Gender and etc. in the “Content” list.</li> </ul> <p>Note: Ignore item is used to add one line below the selected item to hide unimportant patient information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set the start and end position of each item via separators. After inputting a barcode example, you can select item separators from the drop-down list of the Separator. (Only separators that are input in the field box of the Scan Barcode Example can be displayed in the drop-down list of the Separator.)</li> </ul> <p>Note: You can customize the age unit of Birth (Day), Birth (Month), Birth (Year) in the Content column. If the DOB provided by the patient contains only digit, the system displayed an auto-generated age.</p>
Move Up/Down	Move up or Move down a selected item.
Add/Delete	Add or delete a selected item. (Only the default item can be added or deleted.)
Load default	Restore the parameter value to the default value.
Age Unit	Select an age unit from the drop-down list of the “Age Unit”: Year, Month, or Day.
Male/Female	Input the customized gender symbol besides the Male and Female field box, such as Male (M) or Female (F).

- Advanced Analysis Mode  
Select “Advanced” from “Analysis Mode” drop-down list: user enters scan barcode example and regular expression and click [Match], the system will match scan barcode example with regular expression automatically, and if which is matched successfully, the scan item will display the barcode by separators.

## Append Options

The information of operator or diagnostician can be appended after selecting the check box. For example, after scanning a 1D barcode of an operator or diagnostician, the obtained data is A, and A will be displayed in “Operator” or “Diagnostician” item in Patient page automatically. After scanning a 1D barcode of an operator or diagnostician for a second time, the obtained data is B, and A will be appended by B in “Operator” or “Diagnostician” item in Patient page automatically.

## Default Item

If the default item is set to “No”, and both the 2D and 1D barcodes fail to be matched, the obtained data of the barcode is input as a string of characters. After selecting a default item from the drop down list of “Default Item”, the obtained data of the scanned barcode will be displayed in the corresponding selected default item.

For example, if the default item is set to “Patient ID”, and both the 2D and 1D barcodes fail to be matched, the obtained data is displayed in the “Patient ID” item in Patient page automatically.

## Import/Export

Set the barcode by importing/exporting configure file. You can contact mindray service engineer also.



## Worklist Options

- Select “Worklist Server” from the drop-down list, and the system searches the Worklist server according to the scanned data.
- Select “No” from the drop-down list, and the system creates a new exam in the Patient page according to the scanned data.

## Worklist Default

- Select a default item for searching the Worklist server.  
For example, users select “Patient ID” from the drop down list of “Worklist Default”, and the system searches Patient ID in the Worklist server.
- Select “No”, and the system searches the Worklist server in the priority order: “Patient ID” > “Last name” > “Accession #”.

---

### NOTE:

The matching priority order is 2D item, 1D item, and Default Item, after the 1D/2D and default items are configured.

---

## 4.1.12 WorkStation

This page is used to set the quick key for sending image or cine to Workstation.

## 4.2 Exam Mode Preset

You can assign available exam modes for probes.

Perform the following procedure:

1. To select a probe, move the cursor over the Probe column and select the probe model using the drop-down list.
2. Select/delete exam modes:

On the left side, you can view all the available exam modes in the exam library for the probe.

On the right side of the screen, you can view the current exam modes assigned to the probe.


- Click [>]: add a selected exam mode in the [Exam Mode Library] to the [Probe and Exam Mode] list.
- Click [<]: add a selected exam mode in the [Probe and Exam Mode] to the [Exam Mode Library] list.
- Click [>>]: add all exam modes in the library to the [Probe and Exam Mode] list.
- Click [<<]: add all probe and exam modes in the library to the [Exam Mode Library] list.
- Click [Delete] to delete a user-defined exam in the Exam Mode Library area.
- Click [Default] to set a selected exam mode as the default exam mode. The default exam mode is marked by a “√”.

## 4.3 Measurement Preset

“Exam Mode XX” on the upper left side refers to the currently configured exam mode. The configured general/application menus are only related to the current exam mode.

There are three kinds of measurement items.


## Measurement

Results of measurements are directly obtained via the measurement tools, which are indicated by “” in the preset screen.

For example, “Distance” in the 2D general measurement or “HC” in the OB measurement.

On the touch screen, measurement tools are displayed using square button.

## Calculation


Results of calculations are automatically derived by the system using other measured or calculated values as parameters, they are indicated by “” in the preset screen.

For example, EFW (Estimated Fetal Weight) in the OB measurement.

If all measurements related to a calculation tool are completed, the system will automatically calculate the result. If some measurement tools are performed again, the system will automatically update the calculation result using the latest measurement results.

On the touch screen, calculation tools are displayed using square button.

## Study

A group of measurements and/or calculations for a specific clinical application, which are indicated by “” in the preset screen.

For example, AFI in the OB measurement.

Fold/unfold the study to hide/show the measurement or calculation items included.

On the touch screen, study items are displayed with an arrow indicating the tools to be selected.

### 4.3.1 General Measurement Preset

You can preset the General Measurement packages for 2D (B/Color/Power Mode), M Mode, or Doppler (PW/CW) Mode respectively.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Caliper] on the [Measure] page.
2. Select the [2D], [M] or [Doppler] tab to go to the corresponding preset menu.
  - [Available Items]: general measurement tools configured by the system in the current scanning mode which are available but not assigned yet.
  - [Selected Items]: displays the tools to be added to the menu.
3. Add/Remove the general measurement item using the following buttons:
  - [>]: To add the selected tool from the [Available Items] to the [Selected Items].
  - [>>]: To add all tools in the [Available Items] to the [Selected Items].
  - [<]: To remove the selected tool from the [Selected Items] to the [Available Items].
  - [<<]: To remove all tools from the [Selected Items] to the [Available Items]. You do not need to select any items before removing.

4. Set the default item.

Select an item from the [Selected Items], then click [Default]. The item is marked with a  $\surd$ .

The default item is activated automatically when entering this general measurement menu.

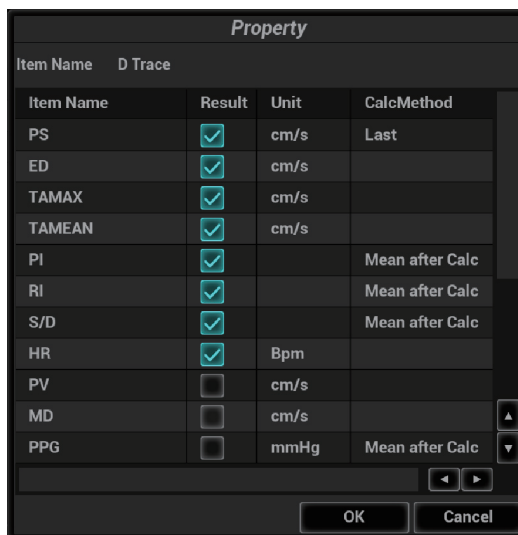
5. Adjust the item position.

Select an item from the right column and click [Move Up]/[Move Down] to adjust the sequence in which the items are arranged in the corresponding general measurement menu (touch screen display).

6. Modify the properties of a measurement item.

The following takes Auto Trace as an example to show how to set the properties of a measurement tool.

- a. Select the [Doppler] tab to go to the corresponding preset menu.
- b. Select [Auto Trace] from the [Selected Items] and click [Property] to bring up the following dialog box.



Descriptions of the attributes are shown in the following table:

Item	Description
Item Name & Result	Results obtained from Auto Trace are listed. The selected items will be displayed in the results window after measurement.
Unit	Select the measurement unit. Click "Unit" column of each item to select.
CalcMethod	Select the measurement method for the tool. Click "CalcMethod" column of each item to select.

- c. Click [OK] to confirm the setting.
7. Select the measurement sequence.
    - [Repeat]: after the current measurement is completed, the system automatically activates the current tool again.
    - [Next]: after the current measurement is completed, the system automatically activates the next tool in the menu.
    - [None]: after the current measurement is completed, the cursor can be moved over the whole screen. And the cursor will automatically return to the menu of the corresponding measurement.
  8. Click [OK] to confirm.

## 4.3.2 Application Measurement Preset

### Measurement Package Preset

During measurement, the preset package displays on the touch screen. Items in the package can be preset and may belong to different application regions.

You may configure more than one measurement package for current exam mode. Under actual measurement status, select [Library] on the touch screen if necessary.

Click [Advanced] on the [Measure] page to enter the “Add New Package” page.

- [Available Items]: shows application packages configured in the system but not yet assigned to the current mode.
- [Selected Items]: shows application packages assigned to the current exam mode. If more than one package is assigned to the current exam mode, select [Library] on the touch screen to switch between different packages.

Package editing includes Creating Packages, Add/Remove Items, Deleting Measurement Packages, Setting Default Packages, Adjusting Package Positions.

- Creating Packages: Click [New] and enter a name for the new package in the dialog box pop-up. Click [OK] to confirm, the new package displays in the [Available Items] list.
- Adding/Removing Packages: Add/remove the package by clicking [>], [>>], [<] and [<<].
- Deleting Packages: Select a package from the [Available Items] list, click [Delete]. To delete an item from [Selected Items], you need to move it to the [Available Items] first.
- Setting Default Packages: Select a package from the [Selected Items] list, then click [Default]. The default package is marked with a  $\surd$ .  
The default package displays when entering the [Measure] page.  
The measurement menu of the default package (corresponding to the exam mode) displays when entering the measuring status.
- Adjusting Package Positions: Select a package from the [Selected Items] and click [Move Up]/[Move Down] to adjust the sequence that the packages in the menu are arranged in.

## Measurement Menu Preset

The following operations are available.

- Adding/Removing Items: Add/Remove the general measurement item using the [>], [>>], [<] and [<<].
- Setting Default Items: Select an item from the [Selected Items] list, click [Default]. The defaulted item is marked with a  $\surd$ .  
To deselect the default tool, select it and click [Default] or set another item as the default.  
If a particular item is set as the default item, it automatically displays the submenu of the study when entering this measurement menu.
- Adjusting Item Positions: Select an item from the [Selected Items], click [Move Up]/[Move Down].  
The order in the list is also the item position in the menu.

## User-defined Measurement

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Measure] tab page.
2. Click [New].

The “Measurement Custom Wizard” dialog box appears.

**Measurement Custom Wizard**

Step 1: Input new item name and select type

Name

// Type

Add Meas  
The measurement is a caliper that measures distance, area, velocity, and etc.

Add Calc  
A calculation is a formula that uses some parameters to calculate a result

Add Study  
A study is a group of calipers that measures volumes, three diam, ratio, stenosis, etc

3. Enter the Name in the “Measurement Custom Wizard” dialog box, select “Add Meas”, then select [Next].
4. Select the [Tool Type], [App Region] and the Measurement Result.

**Measurement Custom Wizard**

Step 2: Set the attribute for the measure

Name   Has Left-Right

App Region   Has Prox-Mid-Dist

Tool Type

// Measure Result:

Result	Item Name	Unit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Custom1 Distance	mm

Descriptions of the attributes in the dialog box are shown in the following table.

Attributes	Descriptions
App Region	Select the application region for the user-defined item.
Tool Type	General measurement tool type of the user-defined item. E.g. Select Dist. if you want to add a new item to measure the distance.
Has Left-Right	If selected, you can choose left or right side in the measurement menu.
Has Prox-Mid-Dist	If selected, you can choose proximal, middle or distal in the measurement menu.

Attributes	Descriptions
Measurement Result	Choose the results to be displayed in the results window. The result name can be changed. Move the cursor over an item and press <Set>, then enter the name in the text box.
Unit	Select the measurement unit. Click “Unit” column of each item to select.

- Click [Complete] to finish setting. The user-defined measurement item is listed in the “Selected Items” menu and in the “User-defined” category of “Available Items”. An asterisk appears after the user-defined item for identification.

The user-defined measurement item will be added automatically to the “Selected Items” in the Report template. If the item is completed in an exam, the results will be displayed in the report.

## User-defined Calculations

### NOTE:

- Please ensure the correctness and validity of the defined formula, otherwise Mindray will not be liable for damage caused by improper definition of the formula.
- Trigonometric functions are in degrees, not radians.
- PI is accurate to 7 digits.

User-defined calculations are derived from arithmetic operations in which the parameters are measurement, calculation or study results obtained in measurement items which exist in the system or are user-defined.

Perform the following procedure:

- Select the [Measure] tab page.
- Click [New].

The “Measurement Custom Wizard” dialog box appears.

- Enter the Name in the “Measurement Custom Wizard” dialog box, select “Add Calc”, then select [Next].

4. Select the [App Region] and edit the formula.

Descriptions of the attributes in the dialog box are shown in the following table.

Attributes	Descriptions
Formula	Displays the user-defined formula.
Verify	Used to verify if the formula is valid.
App Region	Select the application region for the user-defined item.
Measurement Item	All available measurement items of the application region selected in the previous step.
Calculator/Function	You can select from measurement/calculation/study items in 2D/M/Doppler mode.
Unit	Used to enter numbers and functions in the formula.

For example, to create a user-defined measurement item (HC/AC):

- Enter name for the item, such as “calculation 1.”
- In Region select “Obstetric,” then select the measurement tool sources “2D” and “Measurement”.
- Find HC in the “Item Name” list, click to select it, then double-click HC in the Result Name box on the right side. The index is added to the formula.
- In the Calculator, click “/” and it is added to the formula.
- Find AC in the “Item Name” list, click to select it, then double-click AC in Result Name box on the right side. The index is added to the formula.

The function description is as follows:

Function	Method	Number of Parameters	Function Description
sin	sin(a)	1	Sine (the ratio of the opposite to the hypotenuse)
cos	cos(a)	1	Cosine (the ratio of the adjacent to the hypotenuse)

Function	Method	Number of Parameters	Function Description
tan	tan(a)	1	Tangent (the ratio of the opposite to the adjacent)
atan	atan(a)	1	Arctangent (the result is expressed in radian.)
min	min(a,b,...)	$\geq 2$	Minimum
max	max(a,b,...)	$\geq 2$	Maximum
sqrt	sqrt(a)	1	Square root
pow	pow(a,b)	2	Calculate b power of a
exp	exp(a)	1	Exponential function with natural constant e as the base
ln	ln(a)	1	Logarithm with natural constant e as the base
log	log(a)	1	Logarithm with 10 as the base
avg	avg(a,...)	$\geq 1$	Average value
abs	abs(a)	1	Absolute value
PI	PI	/	Constant $\pi$ , 3.1415926

**NOTE:**

The letter “a” and “b” in the “Method” Column are parameters.

The following physiological indicators can be added to the formula.

Name	Definition	Unit
Age	Age	day
BSA	Body surface area	m <sup>2</sup>
PSA	Prostate specific antigen	ng/ml
PPSA Coefficient	PPSA Coefficient	ng/ml <sup>2</sup>
RAP	Right atrial pressure	mmHg
GA	Gestational age	day
Height	Height	cm
Weight	Weight	kg
Heart Rate	Heart rate	bpm
High BP(CAR)	High blood pressure (Cardiac)	mmHg
Low BP(CAR)	Low blood pressure (Cardiac)	mmHg
High BP(VAS Left)	High blood pressure (Left Vessel)	mmHg
Low BP(VAS Left)	Low blood pressure (Left Vessel)	mmHg
High BP(VAS Right)	High blood pressure (Right Vessel)	mmHg
Low BP(VAS Right)	Low blood pressure (Right Vessel)	mmHg

- Verify the formula, select the unit of the result, then click [Complete]. The user-defined calculation item is listed in the “User-defined” category of “Available Items.”



---

In the meantime, the user-defined calculation item will be added automatically to the “Selected Items” in the Report template. If the item is completed in an exam, the results will be displayed in the report.

## Add a Study

You can add or remove user-defined study items in the [Selected Items] column.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Measure] tab page.
2. Click [Add Study] on the right.
3. Enter the study name in the dialog box that appears.
4. Click [OK] and the item will be added to the “Selected Items.”
5. Select a measurement/calculation item from the “Available Items” and click [>] to add the item to the user-defined study.
6. Repeat the step 5 to add more items if necessary.
7. Move the cursor to click on the study and click [Property] on the right to edit the measure sequence.

## Edit User-defined Items

---

### NOTE:

- Adding B-Hist or B-Profile to the study is not supported.
  - Click [Export Custom] in the measurement preset window to export the user-defined measurement.
- 

Select the target defined item in the “Available Items”, and click [Edit].

## Remove User-defined Items

- Remove Measurement/Calculation
  - a. Select “User Defined” in the “Available Items”, and select the desired item.
  - b. Click [Delete].
- Remove Study

Select a user-defined study, click [<].

### 4.3.3 Report Preset

---

### NOTE:

- Deleting is not supported in IVF, IMT and EM reports.
  - Watch the layout when setting the patient information layout of the report template. Do not set too many characters in one line; otherwise it may affect the display of the report.
- 

## Creating Report Templates

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Report] on the [Measure] page.
2. Click [New].
3. Select template: click the drop-down list under “Application Region” to select the template and click [OK] to confirm the template layout and exit the dialog box.

4. Enter the name for the user-defined report template in the box after “Report Template Name”.
5. Click [Measurement] to select measurement results to be displayed in the report:
  - a. Select an application category from the drop-down list beside “Available Items”.
  - b. Select Measurement, Calculate, Study or All from the drop-down list beside “Available Items”. The corresponding items appear in the list.
  - c. Use the [ > ] or [ >> ] buttons to add items to the “Selected” list.

Only tools which appear in the right column and are completed in the ultrasound exam can be displayed in the report.

In cardiac mode, if result items of only one formula are selected, only results of that one formula will be displayed after measurement. (For e.g., if only items suffixed with Teicholz are selected, not with Gibson or Cube, then only results suffixed with Teicholz after measurement are displayed.)
  - d. Add the study.

Click [Add Study] and enter the study name in the dialog box which appears, then click [OK].

The new added study appears in the “Selected” list.
  - e. Adjust the item position.

Select an item from the “Selected” list, click [Up]/[Down] to adjust the position of the item in the list, as well as in the report template.
  - f. Click [OK] to save the settings and exit the dialog box.
6. Set the module display in the report: click [Setting] to make a selection;
  - Tick the check box in front of the module name to display the module in the report;
  - Click [OK] to save the setting and exit.
7. Change the patient information layout in the report template:
  - Change the template used in the report layout: click [New Layout] to select another template.
  - Double click the information lines to be edited in “Report body”. The dialog box of font setting appears. Set the font size, font weight or hidden key words.
  - Double click the blank of a module in “Report Body”. The dialog box of editing the content appears. Select the content to be displayed at current position.
  - Press left <Set> on the blank of a module in “Report Body”. Choose to add or delete the line, or add the table, etc.
8. Click [Save] to save the setting.
9. Click [Close] to quit the template.

## Deleting Report Templates

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Report] on the [Measure] page.
2. Select the template to be deleted from the list.
3. Click [Delete] > [Yes] to delete the selected template.
4. Click [OK] to confirm the settings.

## Editing Report Templates

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Report] on the [Measure] page.

2. Select the template to be modified from the list.
3. Select [Edit] to enter the report editing page.
4. Click [OK] to confirm the settings.

## Setting Default Templates

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Report] on the [Measure] page.
2. Select a report template from the list.
3. Click [Default].
4. Click [OK] to confirm.

## 4.4 Comment Preset

You can preset the custom comments library for current exam mode. The comments in the library are provided by the system or user-defined ones.

### 4.4.1 Comment Configure

#### Add comments

Directly enter user-defined comment texts, or select available items (select comment texts for the comment library or select comment in groups).

- Directly enter user-defined comment texts: posit the cursor in the field box above [Add Comment], enter the text comment through the keyboard, and then click [Add Comment]. Then the directly-entered comment will be added to the Available Items and Selected Items.
- Select available items: First select a comment library and "Comment" from the drop-down lists beside "Available Items", and then all items will be displayed below "Available Items". Or Select "Group" from the drop-down list beside "Available Items", all groups will be displayed below "Available Items".
  - Click [>] to add the item in Available Items on the left into Selected Items on the right.
  - Click [>>] to add all items in Available Items on the left into Selected Items on the right.

#### Change position of the selected items

Select an item on the right side box and click ▼, ▲, ◀ or ▶ button to change the position of the item.

#### Withdraw or delete a user-defined comment

- Withdraw an item (from the library or user-defined) in the Selected Items list:
  - Click [<] to withdraw selected Items to the Available Items list.
  - Click [<<] to withdraw all items in Selected Items.
- Delete a user-defined item in the Available Items box: You can only delete the user-defined items rather than the items in the system library. After a user-defined item is deleted, it will not be available.
 

Select a user-defined item in the Available Items box, and click [<].

#### List Config

Select a desired group from the drop-down list.

## 4.4.2 Comment Group Define

You can add user-defined comment group for current exam mode. The groups in the library are provided by the system or user-defined ones.

---

**NOTE:**

You can rename, delete, add comment to, delete comment from, or change position of the selected items in the user-defined groups, while system standard groups cannot be modified.

---

- Add groups: click [Add Group], position the cursor in the field box near [Lists Name], enter the group name through the keyboard, and then click [Confirm]. Then the entered group will be added to the Group Lists.
- Rename groups: select a user-defined group, click [Rename], enter the group name through the keyboard, and then click [Confirm]. Then the new group name will be displayed in the group lists.
- Delete groups: select a user-defined group, click [Delete Group]. After a user-defined group is deleted, it will not be available.
- Add comments to groups: the operation is the same to that of the "Comment Configure" tab.
- Delete comments: select an item from the selected items and click [Delete].
- Change position of the selected items: Select an item on the right side box and click [Up], [Down], [Left] or [Right] button to change the position of the item.

After you customize groups, click [OK] to confirm and exit the screen.

## 4.5 iWorks Preset

You can customize the protocols and views in the iWorks preset screen.

### 4.5.1 Protocol Management

- Click [Multi Select] and you can select multiple views to be copied in the list on the left.
- Click to select the protocol in the list. The protocol type can be checked on the right.
- Click [Add Protocol] to create a new protocol. It can be customized.
- Click to select a protocol in the list on the left and click [Copy]. A protocol named "XXX\_Copy1" is created with the copied views, which can be customized.
- Select a view with "Left", "Lt", "Right" or "Rt" in its name in the list on the left, and click [Copy L<>R]. The selected view is copied onto a new view in which bodymarks, annotations and measurement items are reversed to the opposite side.
- Click [Delete] to delete a user-defined protocol.
- Click [Up] or [Down] to move the selected protocol.
- Click [Move to Top]/[Move to Bottom] to move the selected protocol to the top or bottom of the list.

### 4.5.2 View Management

- Click to select the views in the list. The image, annotation, body mark and measurement settings can be checked on the right.
- Click to select a user-defined protocol in the list. Click [Add View] to add a view template to the protocol.

## 4.5.3 Create a New Protocol

You can create user-defined protocols and customize the automated procedure.

Perform the following procedure:

1. In the iWorks preset screen, click [Add Protocol] to create a new protocol.  
Or, select an existing protocol and click [Copy] to customize the protocol based on the previous template.
2. Enter the protocol name, type and select the application region.
3. Click [Add View] to enter the view name and perform image settings.
  - In the measurement setting, if “Measurement on next section” is selected, the system will save two section images after finishing the section operation. One of the two sections will include the measurement result.
  - Select the checkbox of “Disable Protocol Body Marks” for body mark display settings.

## 4.6 Stress Echo Preset

### 4.6.1 Protocol Edit

You can create, edit, delete, copy, export and load the Stress Echo protocols using the Protocol Editor dialog box.

Item	Description
Protocol Name	Enter the protocol name.
Trigger	Set the trigger type.
WMS model	Set the chamber segment division method.
Loop usage:	Displays the acquired loop number as well as the total usable loop number.
View	Set the views for each stage.
Standard Views:	Set the standard view.
Load/Export	Import/Export a protocol.
New Protocol	Create a new protocol.
Copy Protocol	Create a new protocol with an existing one.
Delete Protocol	Delete the protocol.
New Stage	Create a stage for the current protocol.
Delete Stage	Delete the stage.

### Creating a Stress Echo Protocol

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click the [New Protocol] to the right of the Protocol Editor dialog box.
2. Enter the protocol name in the Protocol Name box at the top.
3. For each view (all views display for each phase):
  - a. Select [New View] in the View list.
  - b. Select a standard view from the Standard View list. Or you can customize the view name.
4. For each phase in the protocol:

- a. Select [New Stage] in the Stage list.
- b. Enter a phase name.
  - Select [Auto Select:], the system jumps to Select Mode after retrospective acquisition.
  - Select the required option from the Clip Capture drop-down list.
  - Select the number of loops to acquire (per view in the selected phase) in the Loops list (for non-continuous stages).
  - Select the type: exercise or drug.
5. Click [OK] to save changes and quit.

### Editing a Stress Echo Protocol

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click a user-defined protocol on the Select Protocol screen.
2. Edit the protocol as described in the create protocol.

### Deleting a Stress Echo Protocol

Click an user-defined protocol on the Select Protocol screen, click [Delete Protocol].

## 4.6.2 Maintenance

Item	Description
Acquire Mode	Set the type of ROI: manual ROI or full-screen.
Overlay	Select the items to be labeled on each loop.
WMS Score Type	Set the chamber segment division method.
QT-Time Table	To customize the length of systolic duration acquired for a specific heart rate, it will store the clip duration. You can add and remove entries in this table. You can also load the factory defaults.
Heart rate	Enter the heart rate.
Syst. duration	Enter the systolic duration.
Load Factory	To reset the QT time table.
Update	Enter a heart rate and the referring systolic duration and then click [Update].
Delete	Select the required heart rate and systolic duration pair from the QT – Time Table and then click [Delete].

## 4.7 DICOM/HL7

### 4.7.1 DICOM Local Preset

#### NOTE:

- AE Title should be the same with the SCU AE Title preset in the server (PACS/RIS/HIS), for example, if the AE Title of the server preset in the storage server is Storage, and the AE Title of the accepted SCU is preset as Machine, then in the figure above, the AE Title of Local should be Machine, and the AE Title of storage server should be Storage.

- The device name is random. If the server name is same with that in the DICOM server list, the information “the server added already exists”, click [OK] to retype the name.
- 4001, 6000, 3001, 6555 cannot be set as the port.
- IP address should be the address of the remote server.

DICOM local preset items are described as follows:

	Item	Description
Local Host DICOM service property	AE Title	Application Entity title.
	Port	Communication port, DICOM communication port.
	PDU	Maximum PDU data package size (not need to change), ranging from 16384 to 65536; if the value is less than 16384 or greater than 65536, the system automatically sets it to the value 32768.
	DICOM output charasets	Select an character set for DICOM output according to the local PACS workstation.
	TLS Port	Set the TLS port.
	TLS Server Setting	Import the encryption key/certificate.
	TLS Client Setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• After importing TLS certificates, and selecting Verify Certificate check box, the system verifies the effectiveness of the TLS function in the DICOM storage, print, and worklist services.</li> <li>• Import trusted certificates, or delete certificates.</li> </ul>
Server Setting	Device	Name of the device supporting DICOM services.
	IP Address	IP address of the server.
	Ping	You can ping the other machines after you entered the correct IP address. Besides, you can select a server in the Device list to ping it.
	Device List	Displays the added device.
	Delete	Click to delete the selected server (s) in the device list.
	Set DICOM Service	Provides server settings of DICOM service, for details, please refer to the following chapters.
	Set DICOM Strategy	Click to enter the configure the strategy screen.
	Log Level	For engineer use only.
	Capture	

## Add a Server

Perform the following procedure:

1. Enter the server device name and IP address.
2. Click [Ping] to check the connection.
3. Click [Add] to add the server to the device list, and its name and address are displayed in the list.

## Set DICOM Strategy

---

### NOTE:

- The DICOM strategy must be configured by qualified personnel with good knowledge of DICOM standards.
  - The qualified personnel must ensure the validity of the DICOM strategy.
- 

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click [Set DICOM Strategy].
2. Edit the DICOM strategy:
  - Add: Enter strategy name and description, and click [Add] to add a new strategy. Then the added strategy will be added to the Strategy List.
  - Delete: Select a strategy from the Strategy List, and click [Delete].
  - Update: Select a strategy from the Strategy List, re-enter strategy name or description, and click [Update].
3. Configure the item:
 

Select a strategy name from the Strategy List, and assign strategy items to the selected strategy.

  - Add: Set the function from the drop-list box, enter the parameter 1 and parameter 2, and click [Add]. Then the added strategy item will be added to the Strategy Items List.
  - Delete: Select a strategy item from the Strategy Items List, and click [Delete].
  - Update: Select a strategy from the Strategy Items List, reselect the function or re-enter the parameter 1/2, and click [Update].
4. Import/Export strategy:
  - Import: Click [Import], browse the desired strategy file and operate according to the screen prompts to import.  
The imported file for DICOM strategy must be a \*.xml file.
  - Export: Select a strategy from the Strategy List, click [Export] and then select the export path and type the file name.  
E drive is default, and the file type is .xml.

### 4.7.2 DICOM Service Preset

The DICOM Service screen is used to set attributes for DICOM service.

When the system is configured with DICOM basic function module, and installed with DICOM modules, the corresponding preset can be found in DICOM Service screen.

---

### TIP:

Not all SCPs can support verification. See the SCP properties to confirm whether the SCP can support this service. If not, the verification will not be successful.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click [Set DICOM Service] on the DICOM/HL7 screen.
2. Select the DICOM service tab to enter the corresponding settings screen.
3. Enter the correct AE Title, port, etc.
  - Click [Add] to add the service to the Service List.



- Select an item in the service list, change the parameters in the above area, and click [Update] to update the item in the service list.
  - Click to delete the selected service in the service list.
  - Select an item in the service list, click [Default] and you can see “Y” in the Default column.
4. Click [Verify] to verify that the two DICOM application entities are properly connected. If the verification is successful, the system displays “xxx Verify Succeed.” Otherwise, it displays “xxx Verify Failed.”
- If verification failed, possible causes may be: wrong IP address, not able to access IP address, remote DICOM server is not running, wrong port, incorrect application name.

## Storage Service Preset

DICOM storage preset items are described as follows:

Item	Description
Device	After you set the server (s) in DICOM Preset screen, the name (s) will appear in the drop-down list, select the name of the storage server.
Service Name	Default is xxx-Storage, user-changeable.
AE Title	Application Entity title, here, it should be consistent with that of the storage server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 is default. Here, the port should be consistent with that of the storage server port.
Maximum Retries	Set the maximum retries (0-9). The default value is 3. If the DICOM task sending to the server fails, the retry times should be 3.
Interval Time(s)	Interval time.
Timeout	Refers to the amount of time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. Select whether to encrypt the data during network transportation.
Cine Zoom Mode	Select the cine zoom mode during image file storage.
Compression Mode	Select the compression mode: original data (uncompressed), RLE (the image not compressed), JPEG, and JPEG2000.
Compression Ratio	Select the JPEG compression ratio: lossless, low, medium, and high. The compression ratio is inversely proportional to the image quality (reserved function).
Color Mode	Select the color mode. If you choose the mix or the grey, RLE/JPEG is unavailable. The image uses 24 bit when sending the image from the ultrasound device to the server; it depends on the image when choosing the mix. The image use 8 bit if the image is captured in color mode or the image has the tint. All images use 8 bit when choosing the grey.
Allow Multiframe	If SCP supports this function, then select it.
Max Frame Rate	Set the frame range of transferring cin file into DCM multi-frame file. It is editable to the user.

Item	Description
3D/4D	Set the 3D/4D image transfer mode. Set the transfer mode for the 3D/4D cine sending. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Normal: use the way that 2D image adopts to send;</li> <li>• Volume: use Enhanced US Volume Storage IOD to send;</li> <li>• Data source: used to obtain 3D/4D image for 4D Viewer.</li> </ul>
SR Storage Option	To enable or disable structured reporting sending.
Encapsulated PDF	Select if to encapsulate PDF format report in DICOM standard. It becomes available if SCP supports the function.
Doppler Audio	Set to save the audio of PW mode.
Measurement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If “All” is selected, the structured report will contain all the latest measurement values displayed on the measurement report.</li> <li>• If “Single” is selected, the structured report will contain only the final measurement value.</li> </ul>
Storage mode	Set the storage mode for image and cine file: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parallel file: save the current file, and is ready for the storage of the next file.</li> <li>• Parallel frame: send the current frame, and is ready for sending the next frame.</li> </ul>
TransducerTracking	Files of images that are saved in DCM format through DICOM or DICOMDIR contain transducer serial number information.
Strategy Name	Set the DICOM strategy.
SR Compatibility	Configuration Selection for Compatibility of ViewPoint Server and DICOM Server.

**NOTE:**

- If the server software supports the compression algorithm, select JPEG, RLE, JPEG2000. Otherwise, original data should be used (RLE is the default method).
- RLE, JPEG and JPEG2000 are not supported by all SCPs. Refer to the SCP’s DICOM CONFORMANCE STATEMENT electronic file to check whether SCP supports it or not. Do not select these compression modes if the storage server does not support them.
- Images of PW/M/TVM/TVD mode (B image is not frozen) and images other than PW/M/TVM/TVD mode: if “Max Frame Rate” is not “Full” and the actual frame rate is larger than the set value, the system will save the image files in a frame rate of the set value, and transfer in a frame rate of B mode.
- Images of PW/M/TVM/TVD mode (B image is frozen), the system will save/transfer the images files in frame rate of 6.

**Print Service Preset**

DICOM print preset items are described as follows:

Item	Description
Device	After you set the server (s) in DICOM Preset screen, the name (s) will appear in the drop-down list, select the name of the print server.
Service Name	Default is xxx-Print, user-changeable.

Item	Description
AE Title	Application Entity title, here, it should be consistent with that of the print server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 is default. Here, the port should be consistent with that of the print server port.
Maximum Retries	It starts retrying if it fails to send DICOM task to the server. The retry entry times should be this value.
Interval Time (s)	Reserved time.
Timeout	Refers to the amount of time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. Select whether to encrypt the data during network transportation.
Copies	Refer to copies of printed files. You can select among 1 through 5, or directly enter the numeral.
Settings	The system supports RGB (color printing) and MONOCHROME2 (black and white printing). Please select the type the printer supports.
Film Orientation	Select between LANDSCAPE and PORTRAIT.
Priority	Specify printing task priority among HIGH, MED and LOW.
Film Size	Select film size among the selections listed in the drop-down list.
Display Format	Specify quantity of printed files, e.g. STANDARD2, 3 indicates 6 images are printed for each page.
Medium Type	Specify print medium: Paper, Clear Film, Blue Film; select Blue Film or Clear Film for black and white printing; select Paper for color printing.
Trim	Specify whether you want a trim box to be printed around each image on the film: Yes or No.
Configuration Info	Enter configuration information in the field.
Min Density	Enter the minimum density of the film.
Max Density	Enter the maximum density of the film.
Destination	Specify where the file is exposed: MAGAZINE (stored in the magazine), or, PROCESSOR (exposed in the processor).
Magnification Type	<p>Select how the printer magnifies an image to fit the film.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replicate: interpolated pixels belong to duplicate of adjacent pixels);</li> <li>• Bilinear: interpolated pixels are generated from bilinear interpolations between adjacent pixels;</li> <li>• Cubic: interpolated pixels are generated from cubic interpolations between adjacent pixels;</li> <li>• None: without interpolation.</li> </ul>
Strategy Name	Set the DICOM strategy.

## Worklist Setting

DICOM service setting for Worklist is described as follows:

Item	Description
Device	After you set the server (s) in DICOM Server Setting screen, the name (s) will appear in the drop-down list, select the name of the Worklist server.
Service Name	Default is server-Worklist, and it can be modified.
AE Title	Application Entity title. It is consistent with that of the Worklist server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 by default. The port should be consistent with that of the Worklist server port.
Maximum Retries	Reserved feature.
Interval Time(s)	Reserved feature.
Timeout	Refers to time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. Select whether to encrypt the data during network transportation.
Strategy Name	Set the DICOM strategy.
Remove Attributes(0)	Set what DICOM element(s) that will not be used in worklist query.

## MPPS Preset

MPPS setting items are described as follows:

Item	Description
Device	After you set the server (s) in DICOM Server Setting, the name (s) will appear in the drop-down list, select the name of the MPPS server.
Service Name	Default is server-MPPS, and it can be modified.
AE Title	Application Entity title. It should be consistent with that of the MPPS server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 by default. The port should be consistent with that of the MPPS server.
Maximum Retries	It starts retrying if it fails to send DICOM task to the server. The retry entry times should be this value.
Interval Time(s)	Reserved feature.
Timeout	Refers to the amount of time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. Select whether to encrypt the data during network transportation.

### NOTE:

Set the MPPS service as the default when using the MPPS.

## Storage Commitment Setting

DICOM storage commitment setting items are described as follows:

Name	NOTE
Device	After you set the server (s) in DICOM Server Setting, the name (s) will appear in the drop-down list, select the name of the storage commitment server.
Service Name	Default is server-SC, and it can be modified.
AE Title	Application Entity title. Here, it should be consistent with that of the storage commitment server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 by default. Here, the port should be consistent with that of the storage commitment server port.
Maximum Retries	Reserved feature.
Interval Time(s)	Reserved feature.
Timeout	Refers to the amount of time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
Associated Storage Service	The associated storage server is preset before storage commitment, only after the exam is sent out, can storage commitment be created.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. Select whether to encrypt the data during network transportation.

## Query/Retrieve

DICOM query/retrieve setting items are described as follows:

Item	Description
Device	Select the name of a device that can be added (including the local).
Service Name	Default is server-queryRetrieve, and it can be modified.
AE Title	Application Entity title. Here, it should be consistent with that of the storage commitment server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 by default. Here, the port should be consistent with that of the storage commitment server port.
Maximum Retries	Reserved feature.
Interval Time(s)	Reserved feature.
Timeout	Refers to the amount of time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
TLS	Transport Layer Security. Select whether to encrypt the data during network transportation.

## HL7 Query Service Preset

The protocol version that the ultrasound system supports: V2.3, V2.4, V2.5, V2.6.

HL7 service setting for Worklist is described as follows:

Item	Description
Device	After you set the server (s) in DICOM Server Setting screen, the name (s) will appear in the drop-down list, select the name of the Worklist server.
Service Name	Default is server-HL7Query, and it can be modified.
AE Title	Application Entity title.here, it should be consistent with that of the HL7 server.
Port	DICOM communication port, 104 by default.Here, the port should be consistent with that of the HL7 server port.
Maximum Retries	Reserved feature.
Interval Time(s)	Reserved feature.
Timeout	Refers to the amount of time after which the system will stop trying to establish a connection to the service.
Listen Mode	This function enables the ultrasound system to use the listen port for data receiving.
Listen Port	Port for ultrasound system to receive data after the listen mode function is activated. Here, the port should be consistent with that of the HL7 server port. For details of listen port setting, refer to settings in the server.

## 4.8 Network Preset

### 4.8.1 iStorage Preset

You can send exam data or images to the iStorage server and perform analysis using UltraAssist. For details about this feature, see the UltraAssist manual.

Item	Description
Service Name	The name of the iStorage service.
IP Address	IP address of the iStorage service device.
Port	Port for transmitting.
Connect	Click to verify connection.
Add	Click to add the Network service to the service list.
Update	To save the changed parameters.
Delete	Click to delete the selected service from the service list.

#### Add an iStorage service

Perform the following procedure:

1. Set the iStorage server properties as described above.
2. Click [Add] to add the service to the Service list.

#### Edit a network service

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the service to be updated in the service list.

2. You can see properties in the Configure Service area.
3. Modify the parameters and click [Update] to update the setting.

## 4.8.2 MedSight Preset

You can set environment for MedSight here and then use the MedSight function by mobile phone or tablet computers. See MedSight manual for details.

## 4.8.3 Q-Path Preset

You can use the ultrasound system to check data on browser directly. After you have ordered storage service of a network website service, you can check data using the website, authorized account and password (provided by the service vendor). You can open the browser (Q-View) to review previously sent DICOM data.

Q-path is a network server provided by Telexy Healthcare Inc. for digital image storage. Q-View is a client viewing tool for the server. Telexy Healthcare developed technology and a command structure that allows any Q-view enabled ultrasound system to access Q-path directly from the ultrasound system using a single control. The primary purpose for Q-view is to provide remote access to Q-path from the ultrasound system to complete the exam report on the ultrasound system and submit for QA.

To access Q-Path on the system, the user just opens the Q-View first and then enters the URL, user account and password provided by Telexy Healthcare, and the system software system will call Q-View tool then for user Q-Path application.

For details, please contact Q-Path service provider.

### Q-Path Basic Preset

Item	Description
Advanced	Sets the sub URLs of “QView full” and “QView lite”. The sub URL is set by default. Users can modify the sub URL and click [Apply] to exit the “QView sub URL setting” window.
Enable Direct Report	Sets whether to open the Q-Path server through the [Report] key.
Worksheet Only	Sets whether to directly enter the Worksheet interface after opening the Q-Path server.
Password On Worksheet	Sets whether to display the Signature field box in a worksheet. Tap [Report] > [WorkSheet] or tap [Review] > [Report] > [WorkSheet], enter the worksheet password in the field box, and click [OK]. Users can query the corresponding worksheet by searching the worksheet password in the Q-Path server.
Password On End Exam	Sets whether to input the worksheet password after ending an exam.
Password Visible	Sets whether the password is visible.
Import	Imports a user-defined worksheet template from the USB storage (downloaded from the Q-Path server).
Backup	Backs up worksheets to the USB storage.
Restore	Restores the backup worksheet template from the USB storage to the ultrasound system.
Delete	Deletes a worksheet template.

Item	Description
Load Factory	Restores the worksheet template to the default state.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select “Enable Q-Path”.
2. Enter the website, account and password of the target service.
3. Select user type: Personal User or Default User.
  - Personal User: the personal user needs to enter the user name and password in every-time login.
  - Default User: after the default user enters the user name and password in the field box of the “User Name” and “Password”, and click [OK], no login is required to access the Q-Path server later.
4. Select an appropriate item from the drop-down list of “Available Items”.
5. Select an exam mode in the left “Exam Mode” column.
6. Select a worksheet in the right “Worksheets” column.
7. Click [OK] to exit, and the system will shut down.

## 4.8.4 Router Setting

Set the route if the ultrasound system needs to be connected to the Internet and there are more than two access modes (for example, the ultrasound system can be connected to the Internet in wireless or wired mode).

### Auto

After the Internet access mode is selected, the default gateway and DNS server will be automatically configured.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select [Setup] > [Network] > [Router Setting] > [Auto].
2. Select the access mode from the drop-down list, and click [OK].

**NOTE:**

You need to select a specific access mode. You cannot select “None.”

3. Click [OK] to exit.

### Static Routing

Manually configure the static route if the ultrasound system needs to access an LAN different from the same network segment, after setting up the Internet access mode on the [Auto] page.

## 4.9 Print Preset

This screen is used to set up the printer and image printing.

### 4.9.1 Print Setting

Item	Description
Add Service	Click to begin adding print services.



Item	Description
Remove Service	Click to delete the selected print service.
Rename Service	Click to rename the selected print service.
Default Print Service	Click to set the selected print service as the default one.
Property	Preset print service properties.

## 4.9.2 Image Settings

Click [Image Setting] to enter the page, you can set the brightness, contrast and saturation of image printing, or you can use the default values.

## 4.10 Maintenance

The [Maintenance] function is designed for you to import or export user data, restore factory setting and export log. You may also execute self-test and option installation/trial through the maintenance menu. Furthermore, you can set the factory preset, export the register data, and etc.

If you require other maintenance functions, please contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative.

### 4.10.1 Option

The system enters the Option page after entering the Maintenance screen. In the Option list, the system lists all the system-supported options and their installation status (not installed or installed).

Please contact the Mindray Customer Service Department or a sales representative for details.

### 4.10.2 Exporting Setup Data

This function is used to write all setup data of the system into a disk for backup. The format of the data file is .PDP.

You can select 2 types of preset data to export from the system:

- General module preset data: including “All Preset”, “Image Preset”, “iWorks Preset” and “DICOM/HL7” data.
- Exam mode related preset data, including all image setting, comment and body mark setting and measurement setting data.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the target module.
2. Click [Export].
3. Select the path to save the data.
4. Select the exported file and type as PDP and click [OK].

### 4.10.3 Importing Setup Data

This function is used to import the existing setup data to the setup data memory of the system. The system will reset and operate according to the setup preferences that were imported.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click [Import].
2. Select the imported file.

- Click [OK], a progress bar will appear and the setup data is imported to the specified path.

## 4.10.4 Load Factory

To restore the factory setup data, click [Load Factory] on the right side of the screen.

## 4.10.5 Probe Check

This function enables users to check if a transducer element is in malfunction, so as to evaluate the transducer performance.

Before performing the probe check, ensure the probe head must be clean and the probe is in nonscanning state.

Click [Probe Check] to open the Probe Check screen. The system automatically performs probe check to the element of the currently activated probe.

- If a transducer element is in malfunction, it is displayed as a red spot.
- If a transducer element functions well, it is displayed as a green spot.

You can export the result image to the external device.

## 4.10.6 Other Settings

Other preset settings are described as follows:

Item		Description
Setup	Export Log	Export the log.
	Self Test	Perform system self-test and restart the machine.
	Recover	To recover the system.
	Battery Manufacture State	Querying Battery Health Status.
	Prepay Installment	Display the prepay installment information.

If you have any questions, please contact the service engineer or your sales representative.

## 4.11 Security

### 4.11.1 Drive Encryption/Secure Data Wipe

Encrypt the patient data stored in the hard disk. The system provides two encryption methods: Factory Default and User Define.

- Factory Default: the system is in factory state by default.
- User Define: add a user-defined password.

Perform the following procedure:

- Select [User Define].
- If no patient data are stored in the hard disk, click [Confirm], input the password and click [Confirm] to finish the password setting

If the patient data are already stored in the hard disk, the system will pop-up prompts, follow the steps below:

- Click [OK].

- b. Click [Wipe] and operate according to the screen prompts to clear patient data.
- c. Select [User Define] again, and click [Confirm].
- d. Input the password and click [Confirm] to finish the password setting.

**NOTE:**

- If you want to switch to Factory Default, perform steps above again. The password is the same as that of the User Define.
- When you set password, multi-language and Chinese characters are not supported.

## 4.11.2 Anti-Virus

The system provides anti-virus software: ClamAV. ClamAV can effectively prevent the ultrasound system from being attacked by virus, spyware, or other malware.

The ClamAV software is an option. If you want to buy ClamAV, contact the service engineer or your sales representative.

After the ClamAV is installed, click [System Scanning] or [Global Scanning] on the [Security] Setup screen to scan the virus. When the system is connected to the Internet, click [Update] to update the antivirus library to the latest version.

## 4.11.3 Transmission Encryption

After accessing the network, click [VPN Config] to enter the “VPN Config” interface.

Item	Description
Status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ready: the VPN is ready for use.</li> <li>• Advance: VPN Advance Configuration</li> <li>• Connected: VPN is successfully connected.</li> <li>• Disconnected: VPN is disconnected.</li> <li>• Error: error connection.</li> </ul>
Server IP	/
Select Group	/
User Name	/
Password	/
Hide characters	The password is displayed as *.
Connect/ Disconnect	Connect or disconnect VPN.
Advance	<p>Enters the “VPN Advance Config” interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reset: if the system does not respond after you click [Config], click [Reset].</li> <li>• Config: enters the “OpenConnect-GUI VPN client” interface. For details about the settings, please refer to the TAP manual.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b></p> <p>After exiting the “VPN Advance Config” interface, you need to reboot the system; otherwise, you cannot connect VPN normally.</p>
Close	Close the “VPN Advance Config” interface.

## 4.12 System Information

Click [About] on the Setup menu to enter the system information screen.

This screen displays the system software version and other versions of devices. You cannot edit the information, only view them. The information varies depending on the system configurations and version.

# 5 Exam Preparation

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You can start a patient exam in the following situations:

- New patient information: to start a new patient exam, patient information must first be entered.
- New exam: to start a new exam for patient who is already registered, the recorded information can be obtained through either iStation or Worklist.
- Activate exam: to select an exam that has been completed within 24 hours, continue the exam with imported patient information and exam data.
- Continue an exam: to select an exam that has been paused within 24 hours, continue the exam with imported patient information and exam data.

## 5.1 Patient Information

### 5.1.1 New Patient Information

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#### CAUTION

Before examining a new patient, tap the [End] on the touch screen to end the exam of the previous patient, update the patient ID and information, to avoid mixing data of the next new patient.

---

To start a new patient exam, it is better to type the detailed patient information. The system will set up a unique information database for each patient based on the patient information entered, so that the information of one patient will not be confused with that of another patient.

---

#### NOTE:


The system supports image scanning and measurement without patient information.

---

1. Tap [Info] on the touch screen to enter the patient information page.

Place the cursor onto the targeted box. The field box is highlighted and a flashing cursor appears. Information can be entered or selected from the options.

#### NOTE:

- Patient ID is generated automatically by the system after starting a new patient, and can be modified manually. The characters “\”, “\*”, “?” are not permitted.
  - You can either enter the patient’s date of birth manually, or click  to select the date, and click [Confirm] to finish.
  - The age unit can be “Years”, “Months” or “Days.” If the age is less than one year, the system will automatically calculate the age in months or days.
  - When you enter the date manually, please enter it in the format as that of the system.
2. Select the exam type tab to enter exam-specific information.

**NOTE:**

- BSA body surface area: After the height and weight are inputted, the system will automatically calculate the BSA and BMI (Body Mass Index) based on the formula.
  - ALT: Alanine transaminase.
  - Gravida: times of pregnancy
  - Ectopic: times of abnormal pregnancy. e.g. extrauterine pregnancy.
  - Gestations: Number of embryos (1, 2, 3, 4)
  - IVF information: Essential female hormones and ovulation.
  - Calculation index: Calculate gestation age (GA) and estimated delivery date (EDD) based on last menstrual period (LMP), in vitro fertilization (IVF), basic body temperature (BBT), previous exam date (PRV). Select LMP, IVF, PRV, BBT, or EDD from the drop-down list; or, calculates GA and LMP according to the EDD and entered date.
    - LMP: After you enter LMP, the system will calculate and display GA and EDD.
    - DOC: After you enter DOC, the system will calculate the GA and EDD.
    - IVF: After you enter IVF, the system will calculate GA and EDD.
    - PRV: input the date and GA of the last exam, the system will calculate a new GA and EDD.
    - BBT: input BBT, the system will calculate the GA and EDD.
    - EDD: after you enter EDD, the system will calculate and display GA and LMP.
- 

3. Input general information/operating Information.
4. Functional keys
  - [Pause Exam]: to pause the current exam due to some special causes or system power off.
  - [Cancel Exam]: to cancel the current exam.  
The cancelled exam can't be restored.
  - [New Patient]: click to clear the current patient information in the patient information screen in order to input new patient information.
  - [New Exam]: click to clear the current exam information in order to create a new exam for the current patient.
  - [Save]: click to save the patient data entered and exit the screen.
  - [Cancel]: click to cancel the patient data entered and exit the screen.
  - [Quick Register]: click to save the patient information quickly and return to the main screen.

## 5.1.2 Retrieve Patient Information

### iStation

The patient data can be obtained in iStation from the system hardware or USB memory device. You can enter the searching conditions for the patient.

1. Do one of the following to enter iStation screen:
  - Tap [iStation] on the touch screen.
  - Click [iStation] in the “Patient Info” screen.
  - Click [iStation] in the Review screen.
2. Select the data source.  
Select the data source in the drop-down list of “Data Source”.

3. Search for patient information.
  - a. Select [Search Options] to set up search options.  
The search options include Search Field, Exam Date, Exam Type, Gender, and DOB.
  - b. Enter the keyword corresponding to the search type in the search box. The system will display all exam records immediately.
4. Select the desired patient information in the list, and the system pops up the shortcut menu.

Review Image	Click to enter the Review screen.
Patient Info	Click to enter the Patient Info screen.
Review Report	Enter diagnostic report screen.
Delete Exam	Delete the selected record.
Backup Exam	Click to back up the selected patient record to media supported.
Restore Exam	Click to import the patient data from an external media.
Send Exam	Click to send the selected patient data to external device, storage server or printer.
Activate Exam	Click to continue an exam that has been finished within 24 hours.
Resume Exam	Click to continue an exam that has been paused within 24 hours.
Annotation Exam	Click to add annotations to the selected exam, or view the history annotations of the selected exam.

5. Click [New Exam] to enter the Patient Info screen.  
The corresponding patient information is also imported to the new exam simultaneously. After editing the patient information in the Patient Info screen, select [OK] to start a new exam.

## WorkList

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### NOTE:

Configure DICOM Basic and DICOM WorkList first.

---

Click [Worklist] in the “Patient Info” screen to query or import the patient data.

## 5.2 Select Exam Mode and Probe

---

### CAUTION

If the exam mode is changed during a measurement, all measurement calipers on the image will be cleared. The data of general measurements will be lost, but the data of application measurements will be stored in the reports.

---

1. Connect proper probes to the system, and tap [Probe] on the touch screen.
2. Tap to select the probe type and exam mode, and the system exits the dialogue box to enter the selected exam mode and probe.

### Quickly switch to recently used probes and exam modes

The recently used probes and exam modes are displayed on the right side of the touch screen. Select an appropriate probe and exam mode for quick switch.

## 5.2.1 Dual-probe Switch

A user-defined key for dual-probe switch can be defined in preset, by which you can fast switch the probe under B/Color/Power mode.

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**NOTE:**

This function applies only to probes with the same exam modes.

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1. Scan to obtain the image by current probe.
2. Press the user-defined key of the dual-probe, the optional probe appears on the touch screen.
3. Choose the probes to be compared. The system enters dual-probe mode. The image from previous probe is frozen.
4. Press the user-defined key to switch the images of two probes.

## 5.2.2 Bi-plane Probe Switch

For the probe ELC10-4, after selecting the exam mode, enter B mode, and tap [C] or [L] on the touch screen to select the convex plane or linear plane.

## 5.2.3 Selecting Imaging Mode

Select the imaging mode via the functional buttons on the control panel.

## 5.3 Activate& Continue an Exam

### 5.3.1 Activate an Exam

In iStation screen, select the exam record finished within 24 hours, and click [Activate Exam] from the menu popped up; or, click [Activate Exam] in iStation or Review screen to activate the exam.

---

**NOTE:**

- The system can automatically load the patient information and exam data to continue the exam.
  - If you want to continue an exam which data lies in an external memory database, you have to first allow the system to load the patient data to the system's patient database.
  - For an only one re-activated exam, you can modify patient ID.
- 

### 5.3.2 Continue an Exam

In iStation screen, select an exam record paused within 24 hours, click [Resume Exam] from the menu popped up to continue the exam.

If you want to select a patient data in an external memory database, you have to first allow the system to load the patient data to the system's patient database.

## 5.4 Pause & End an Exam

### 5.4.1 Pause an Exam

Sometimes, you have to stop an uncompleted exam due to some special causes. When the exam is paused, the system can begin other exams.



1. Tap [Info] on the touch screen to enter the patient information page.
2. Click [Pause Exam].

If the system is powered off during scanning, the exam status turns “paused” after the system restart.

When an exam is paused, the system will:

- Save the exam-related images, reports and measurement data, modify the status as “Paused”.
- Save the exam information, including report, imaging mode, exam mode, image parameters, operation mode, and imaging/measurement data and so on.

## 5.4.2 End an Exam

Before examining a new patient, tap [End] to end the exam of the previous patient, update the patient ID and information, to avoid mixing data of the next new patient.

To end an exam, do one of the following:

- Tap [End] on the touch screen to finish the current exam.
- Click [New Exam] on the Patient Info screen (or iStation screen, or Review screen) to end the last exam and clear the exam data.

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# 6 Image Acquisition

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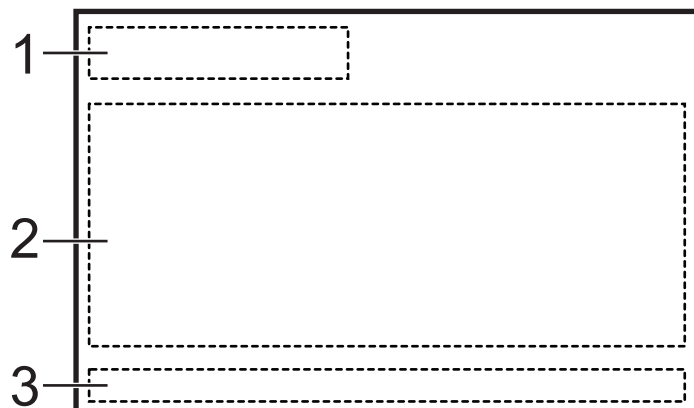
## **⚠ WARNING**

- The images displayed in this system are only reference for diagnosis. Mindray is not responsible for the correctness of diagnostic results.
  - In Dual-B imaging mode, the measurement results of the merged image may be inaccurate. Therefore, the results are provided for reference only, not for confirming a diagnosis.
- 

## 6.1 Imaging Mode

### 6.1.1 Image Adjustment

Touch screen displays (Non-mapping mode)



In normal mode, the layout of the touch screen is as follows:

No.	Item	Description
1.	Mode displaying area (or main functional tabs)	Displays the current modes, click the tab to enter the mode.

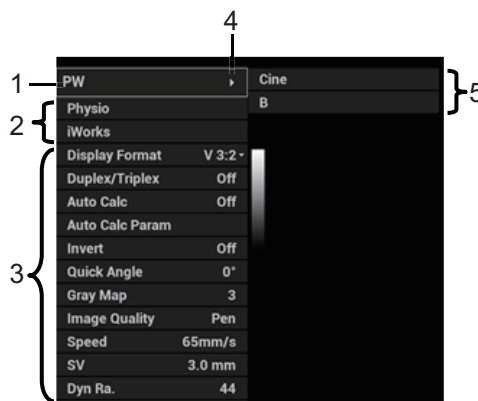
No.	Item	Description
2.	Parameter selection area	<p>Displays the parameters in the current imaging mode or function.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parameter magnitude setting: Click ► or ◀ to increase/ decrease the value.</li> <li>ON/OFF setting: some of the parameters only can be set at ON or OFF, ON is to activate the function, and when the function is activated, the key is highlighted.</li> <li>Page selection: if the parameters cover more than one pages, slide left and right to turn pages.</li> <li>Parameter submenu: for the parameter with ▼ icon, tap to display the submenu to select the desired value.</li> <li>Functional item: tap to go to the corresponding function.</li> </ul>
3.	Entrance of other applications	<p>Displays the available application modes related, click to enter the modes.</p> <p>Custom application mode entrance:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tap ≡ &gt; ⚙ on Entrance of other applications area at the bottom of the touch screen.</li> <li>Press and hold an application under the [Available] area, drag it to the [Selected] area. Applications under the [Selected] area will be displayed on the touch screen.</li> <li>Tap ✕ to delete the application mode. Deleted applications will not be displayed on the touch screen.</li> <li>Drag the application under [Selected] area up and down to change the display position. Tap [Save] to save customization settings.</li> </ol>

In 3D/4D mode, the layout of the touch screen is as follows:

No.	Item	Description
1.	Mode displaying area	Displays the current modes and the available application modes related, click to enter the modes.
2.	Parameter selection area	<p>Displays the parameters in the current imaging mode or function.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parameter magnitude setting: Click ► or ◀ to increase/ decrease the value.</li> <li>ON/OFF setting: some of the parameters only can be set at ON or OFF, ON is to activate the function, and when the function is activated, the key is highlighted.</li> <li>Page selection: if the parameters cover more than one pages, tap the Main tab or Sub tab to find more.</li> <li>Parameter submenu: for the parameter with ▼ icon, tap to display the submenu to select the desired value.</li> <li>Functional item: touch to go to the corresponding function.</li> </ul>
3.	Parameter adjusting area	Tap parameter button and rotate <Angle> to adjust.

## Touch screen displays (image mapping mode)

Enter the mapping mode to open the mapping menu. Tap the menus to operate.



No.	Item	Description
1.	Menu title	Displays the current image mode. Click the expand button to show the image modes. Select the image mode if necessary.
2.	Other application mode entrance	Displays the available application modes related, click to enter the corresponding mode.
3.	Parameter adjusting area	Displays the parameters in the current imaging mode or function. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Value adjustment: click the parameter item. The value increases as swiping from left to right; the value decreases as swiping from right to left.</li> <li>ON/OFF setting: some of the parameters only can be set at ON or OFF, ON is to activate the function.</li> <li>Parameter submenu: for the parameter with ▼ icon, tap to display the submenu to select the desired value.</li> <li>Functional item: touch to go to the corresponding function.</li> <li>Scrollbar operation: scroll to view all items.</li> </ul>
4.	Expand button	/
5.	Sub-menu	/

### 6.1.2 Quickly Saving Image Settings

Click [Probe] > [QSave] on the touch screen or press the user-defined <QSave> key to enter the page.

#### To save image parameters

Click [Save] to save the current image values for the current exam mode of the certain probe.

#### New Exam

Click [Create] to save the current image parameters, measurements, comments, body mark settings to the exam mode. The system will ask for a new name of the exam.

#### Restore the factory default settings:

Click [Restore] to restore the probe and exam mode to factory settings.

#### View image parameter

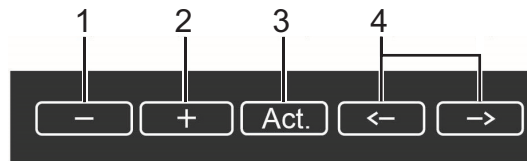
Click [Show Parameter] to view the image parameter of the current exam mode and the probe.

- Click [Advanced]. The value to TIC/TIB/TIS can be set.
- Click [Advanced], and then enable [Sampling Line Displaying]. The sampling line always appears after being set when entering PW/M/TVM mode for once. Press <PW>/<M> to enter the corresponding mode one time.

### 3D4D Preset Manager

Click [3D4D Preset Manager].

- Level: displays the scenario and subpreset item of the currently activated probe and exam mode. The scenario and subpreset item can be renamed or restored to factory settings.
- Scenario and Subpreset: the item can be deleted, added, and set to default active item, and the position can be adjusted.



No.	Item	Description
1.	Delete	Delete a selected scenario or subpreset.
2.	Add	Click a blank button, and select a desired scenario or subpreset under the currently activated probe and exam mode.
3.	Set to active	Set a scenario or subpreset to the default active item.
4.	Move to left/ right	Move a scenario or subpreset to the left or right.

- Click [Show Scenario Parameters] and [Show Subpreset Parameters] to view the Scenario and Subpreset parameters.

#### TIP:

It is unavailable for frozen dual-probe mode.

## 6.2 B Mode

B mode is the basic imaging mode that displays real-time views of anatomical tissues and organs.

### 6.2.1 B-mode Image Scanning

Enter the patient information, and select the appropriate probe and exam mode.

If the system is in other imaging mode, press <B> to return B mode.

Adjust parameters to optimize the image.

## 6.2.2 B-mode Image Parameters

In B Mode scan, the image parameter area on the left part of the screen will display the real-time parameters:

Items	Remark
F	Frequency
D	Depth
G	Gain
FR	Frame Rate
DR	B Dynamic Range
TSI	Tissue characteristics
Items	Remark
iClear	Display when the function is activated.
iBeam	
iTouch	
Zoom	
Echo Boost	

### Image Quality

Used for switching B/THI and adjusting the frequency. The real-time value of frequency is displayed in the image parameter area, and if harmonic frequency is used, “F H” is displayed as harmonic frequency value.

The system provides a THI function using harmonics of echoes to optimize the image. Harmonic imaging enhances near field resolution and reduces low-frequency and large amplitude noise, so as to improve Small Parts imaging.

Please select the frequency according to the detection depth and current tissue features.

### Gain

To adjust the gain of the whole receiving information in B mode. The real-time gain value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Rotate <B> knob clockwise to increase the gain, and anticlockwise to decrease.

### Depth

This function is used to adjust the display depth of sampling, the real-time value of which is displayed in the image parameter area.

Use the <Depth/Zoom> deflector rod on the control panel to adjust.

Increase the depth to see tissue in deeper locations, while decrease the depth to see tissue in shallower locations.

Depth increase will cause a decrease in the frame rate.

### TGC

The system compensates the signals from deeper tissue by segments to optimize the image.

There are 8-segment TGC sliders corresponding to the areas in the image.

Adjust the signal gain for the certain image area to get a balanced image.

## Acoustic Power (A.Power)

Refers to the power of ultrasonic wave transmitted by the probe, the real-time value of which is displayed in the upper left corner of the screen.

---

### NOTE:

You should perform exams according to actual situation and follow the ALARA Principle.

---

## Scan range and FOV position

More information can be obtained without moving the probe or changing the sampling position.

---

### NOTE:

- The FOV position/range is available only for the convex and phased probes.
  - When the scan range is adjusted to the widest, the FOV position cannot be changed.
  - You can get a much larger field of view when selecting a larger FOV, but the frame rate will decrease.
- 

## B Steer

To steer the beam the probe transmits.

---

### TIP:

Steer is available only for linear probes.

---

## Line Density

The function determines the quality and information of the image.

The higher the line density is, the higher the resolution becomes.

## Dynamic Range (Dyn Ra.)

Adjusts contrast resolution of an image, compresses or expands gray display range.

The real-time dynamic range value is displayed on the image parameter area.

The more the dynamic range, the more specified the information, and the lower the contrast with more noise.

## Smooth

This feature is used to reject the noise and smooth the image.

The bigger the value is, the higher the smooth becomes.

## iClear

The function is used to enhance the image profile so as to distinguish the image boundary for optimization.

“Off” represents iClear is disabled, and the bigger the value is the stronger the effect becomes.

## Persistence

Used to superimpose and average adjacent B images, so as to optimize the image and remove noises.

Persistence can remove image noise to make image clearer.

Persistence increase may lead to signal missing.



## Rotation/Flip

This function provides a better observation for image display.

- Invert: To invert the image horizontally or vertically.  
Tap [U/D] or [L/R] on the touch screen to adjust the parameters.
- Rotation: Image can be rotated by the manners in angle of 0°, 90°, 180°, 270°.

The “M” mark indicates the orientation of the image; the M mark is located on the top of the imaging area by default.

## iBeam

This function is used to superimpose and average images of different steer angles to obtain image optimization.

iBeam is disabled when it is off.

---

### TIP:

The phased probe does not support iBeam. iBeam is unavailable when ExFov is enabled.

---

## Auto Merge

In the Dual-split mode, when the images of the two windows have the same probe type, depth, invert status, rotation status and magnification factor, the system will merge the two images so as to extend the field of vision.

---

### TIP:

Only for linear probes.

---

## Gray Map

Adjusting grayscale contrast to optimize the image.

## Tint Map

This function provides an imaging process based on color difference rather than gray distinction.

## TSI

The TSI function is used to optimize the image by selecting acoustic speed according to tissue characteristics.

## HDScope

The image inside the ROI is clearer than these outside when the function is enabled.

- When the ROI box is solid line, roll the trackball to change its position.
- When the ROI box is dotted line, roll the trackball to change the size.
- Press <Set> to switch between the solid line and the dotted line status.

Off represents the disable. The larger the value is, the clearer the image becomes.

---

### TIP:

The function is disabled in frozen state.

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## iTouch<sup>+</sup>

To optimize image parameters as per the current tissue characteristics for a better image effect.

It is available for all real-time imaging in B mode.

1. Press <iTouch<sup>+</sup>> on the control panel to turn on the function.  
The symbol of iTouch<sup>+</sup> will be displayed in the image parameter area.
2. Long press or double press <iTouch<sup>+</sup>> to exit the function.

## H Scale

Display or hide the width scale (horizontal scale).

The scale of the horizontal scale is the same as that of vertical scale (depth), they change together in zoom mode, or when the number of the image window changes. The H Scale will be inverted when image is turned upwards/downwards.

## Dual Live

Display different image effects of one probe for a better observation.

Two pages of adjustable parameters are displayed on the touch screen as well; where, shared parameters and left window parameters are displayed in the B (L) page, while right window parameters are displayed in the B(R) page.

In the image parameter area, parameters of the both windows are displayed.

It supports the magnification of the image.

## LGC

Adjust the gain along the scan line to improve the lateral resolution of the image.

---

### TIP:

The system provides several preset parameters for imaging.

---

## Echo Boost

The contrast is increased and the noise is decreased with the clear boundary after generating the function.

---

### TIP:

Use phased probe to activate the function in cardiac mode.

---

## Ref Lines

A reference line and a help line meeting the probe icon side 45° display on the 2D image under GYN and Pelvic Floor exam mode. This helps to locate midsagittal plane of pelvic floor precisely and define the reference line for measurement.

---

### TIP:

Ref Lines can be adjusted by pressing <Set> in frozen state.

Use intra-cavity probe to activate the function in GYN or Pelvic Floor exam mode.

---

## Dehaze

This function can restrain noise, so as to enhance the contrast resolution of the image.

## V 1:1

This function is to display images in vertical format in the dual-split mode. After the feature is enabled, one image appears above, and the other image appears below.

**TIP:**

Only linear probes support this function.

**Extend Image (ExtImage)**

This function is to extend image area and hide menu area and thumbnails.

**ZoneVue**

Image within the zone range is clearer.

## 6.3 Color Mode

The Color mode is used to detect color flow, and the color is designed to judge the direction and speed of blood flow.

Generally, the color above the color bar indicates the flow towards the probe, while the color below the color bar indicates the flow away from the probe; the brighter the color is, the faster the flow speed becomes; while the darker the color is, the slower the flow speed becomes.

**NOTE:**

- During color mode imaging, menus of image optimizing for B-Mode and C-Mode are displayed on the touch screen at the same time. You can switch between the 2 modes by clicking the mode tabs.
- In Color Mode, acoustic power is synchronous with that of B Mode. Adjustment of the depth or zoom to the B Mode image will lead to corresponding changes in Color Mode image.

### 6.3.1 Color Mode Image Scanning

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select a premium image during B mode scan, and adjust to place the area of interest in the center of the image.
2. Press <C> to enter B+Color mode.
3. Use the trackball and <Set> to change position and size of the Region of Interest (ROI).
4. Adjust the image parameters during scan to obtain optimized images.

### 6.3.2 Color Mode Image Parameters

In Color mode scan, the image parameter area on the left side of the screen displays the real-time parameter values as follows:

Items	Meaning
F	Frequency
G	Color Gain
WF	Color wall filter
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency PRF

### ROI Adjustment

To adjust the width and position of ROI in Color mode.

- When the ROI box is solid line, roll the trackball to change its position.

- When the ROI box is dotted line, roll the trackball to change the size.
- Press <Set> to switch between the solid line and the dotted line status.

The larger the ROI box is, the lower the frame rate becomes, and the lower the resolution and color sensitivity will be.

### **Color Gain**

Refers to the overall sensitivity to flow signals. The real-time gain value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Rotate the <C> knob clockwise to increase the gain, and anticlockwise to decrease.

Increasing the gain will increase the flow signal presented as well as noise, while the signals may be missing when the gain is adjusted too low.

### **Image Quality**

Refers to the transmitting frequency in Doppler mode of the probe, the real-time value of which is displayed in the image parameter area.

### **B/C Align**

To set and constrain the maximum width of the B mode image to that of the Color ROI.

### **Dual Live**

This function is used to display B image and Color image synchronously.

### **Steer**

The feature is used to adjust the ROI of color flow with different angles with immobility of the probe.

This function is used to adjust the scan angle of linear probes, so as to change the angle between the transmitting beam and flow direction.

---

#### **TIP:**

Steer is available only for linear probes.

---

### **Line Density**

The function determines the quality and information of the image.

The higher the line density is, the higher the resolution becomes.

### **Packet Size**

This function is an indication of the ability to detect flow, which is used to adjust the accuracy of color flow.

0 represents no packet size control.

The higher the sensitivity is, the more sensitive indication for low-velocity flow becomes. It affects the frame.

### **Flow State**

Refers to optimizing the various flow states.

### **Persistence**

This function is to adjust the temporal smooth to optimize the image.

0 represents no persistence. The bigger the value is, the stronger the effect becomes.

## Smooth

This feature is used to reject the noise and smooth the image.  
The bigger the value is, the higher the smooth becomes.

## Scale

This function is used to adjust the speed range of color flow, which is adjusted through PRF in the system. The real-time PRF value is displayed in the image parameter area.  
Aliasing may occur if low velocity scale is used and high velocities are encountered.  
Low velocities may not be identified when a high velocity scale is used.

## Baseline

Refers to the area where the velocity is zero in the scale. Adjust according to the actual situation so as to get an optimum flow display.  
Positive value means to increase the signals below the baseline, and negative value means to increase the signals above the baseline.

## Invert

To set the display mode of the color flow, the color scale will be inverted when the function is activated.

---

**TIP:**

It is available only for linear probes.

---

## Color Map

This function is a combination of several image parameters, which indicates the display effect of color image.

## Wall Filter (WF)

It filters out low-velocity signals to provide effective information, and this function is used to adjust the filtered frequency. The real-time value (WF) is displayed in the image parameter area.  
Flow signals may be missing.

## Smart Track

To optimize image parameters as per the current tissue characteristics for a better image effect. The angle and the position of the ROI are adjusted after the function is enabled. The area is tracked without being affected by the dynamic moves.

## Priority

This function is used to set levels of the flow display, to display the grayscale signal or color signal. The color image is preferred with higher value; while grayscale signals are displayed with the lower value.

## Velocity Tag

This function is used to mark the specified velocity range in flow to check the flow function or specific flow velocity value.

Enable this function, the green mark appears on the color scale. Use trackball and <Set> to set the marking range and marking position.

## iTouch<sup>+</sup>

To optimize image parameters as per the current tissue characteristics for a better image effect.

## HR Flow

Enhance tiny vessel display to analyze the blood supply of the vessel in pathological organ.

## ART Flow

Enhance the blood sensitivity and penetrability in time period.

ART Flow Duration appears at the right bottom of the screen after the function is enabled. The penetrability of color image is enhanced during this time period.

After ART Flow Duration is finished, the ART Flow interval appears at the right bottom of the screen. The ART Flow is enabled again until the interval is finished.

## Glazing Flow

This function applies glazing effect to the vessel flow, so as to make it more stereoscopic.

The color codes of the vessel velocity and power will change after the Glazing Flow function is enabled. During diagnosis, users should exam the ROI without using the Glazing Flow function. Otherwise, misdiagnosis may occur.

## Ultra-Micro Angiography (UMA)

This function filters out low-velocity tissue signals so as to optimize the display of blood flow of low velocity in capillary vessels.

# 6.4 Power Mode

Power mode provides a non-directionally display of blood flow in the form of intensity as opposed to flow velocity.

DirPower (Directional Power Mode) provides the additional information of flow direction towards or away from the probe.

---

**NOTE:**

- During Power mode imaging, menus of image optimizing for B mode and Power mode are displayed on the touch screen at the same time. You can switch between the 2 modes by tapping the mode tabs.
  - In Power mode, the acoustic power is synchronous with that of B mode. Adjustment of the depth to the B mode image will lead to corresponding changes in Power mode image.
- 

## 6.4.1 Power Mode Image Scanning

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select a premium image during B mode or B+ Color scan, and adjust to place the area of interest in the center of the image.
2. Click [PD] on the touch screen to enter B+Power mode.
3. Use the trackball and <Set> to change position and size of the Region of Interest (ROI).
4. Adjust the image parameters during scan to obtain optimized images.

## 6.4.2 Power Mode Image Parameters

In Power mode scan, the image parameter area on the left side of the screen displays the real-time parameter values as follows:

Items	Meaning
F	Frequency
G	Color Gain
WF	Color Wall Filter
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency PRF

Because both are based on Doppler color imaging, the adjustments of Power mode are same with these of Color mode's. Hence, only the adjustments of Power mode are introduced.

### Power Gain

Refers to the overall sensitivity to flow signals, and this function is used to adjust the gain in Power mode. The real-time gain value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Rotate <C> knob clockwise to increase the gain, and anticlockwise to decrease.

Increasing the gain will increase the flow signal presented as well as noise, while the signals may be missing when the gain is adjusted too low.

### Color Map

This feature indicates the display effect of power image. The maps in Power mode image are grouped into two categories: Power maps and Directional Power maps.

- The Power maps provide information of blood flow, which are highly sensitive to the low-velocity flows.
- The Directional Power maps provide information of flow direction.

### Dynamic Range (Dyn Ra.)

This function is to adjust the transformation of echo intensity into color signal.

Increasing dynamic range will lead to higher sensitivity to low-power signals, thus enhances the range of signals to display.

## 6.5 M Mode

### NOTE:

- During M mode imaging, menus of image optimizing for B mode and M mode are displayed on the touch screen at the same time. You can switch between the 2 modes by tapping the mode tabs.
- During M mode scanning, the frequency, depth, and acoustic power of the probe are synchronous with that of B mode.

### 6.5.1 M Mode Image Scanning

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select a premium image during B mode or B+ Color scan, and adjust to place the area of interest in the center of the image.

2. Press <M> on the control panel, and use the trackball to adjust the sampling line.
3. Press <M> on the control panel again or <Update> to enter M mode, and then you can observe the tissue motion along with anatomical images of B mode. During the scanning process, you can also adjust the sampling line accordingly when necessary.
4. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized images.

**TIP:**

The sampling line is displayed for one procedure operation. Press <M> to enter M mode.

## 6.5.2 M Mode Image Parameters

In M mode scan, the image parameter area on the left side of the screen displays the real-time parameter values as follows:

Items	Meaning
F	Frequency
D	Depth
G	M Gain
V	M Speed
DR	M Dynamic Range

### Gain

To adjust the gain of M mode image, the real-time gain value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Rotate <M> knob clockwise to increase the gain, and anticlockwise to decrease.

Increasing the gain will brighten the image and you can see more received signals. However, noise may also be increased.

### Display Format

To set the display format of B mode image and M mode image.

Adjust according to the actual situation and obtain a desired analysis through comparison.

### Speed

This function is used to set the scan speed of M mode imaging, and the real-time speed value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Speed changing makes it easier to identify disorders in cardiac cycles.

### Tint Map

This function provides an imaging process based on color difference rather than gray distinction.

### Gray Map

Adjusting grayscale contrast to optimize the image.

### Edge Enhance

This function is used to increase image profile, so as to distinguish the image boundary.

0 represents no edge enhance is turned on, and the bigger the value is, the stronger the effect becomes.

Larger edge enhance may lead to noise increase.



## Dynamic Range (Dyn Ra.)

Adjusts contrast resolution of an image, compresses or expands gray display range. The real-time dynamic range value will be displayed on the image parameter area.

The more the dynamic range is, the more specified the information appears.

## M Soften

This feature is used to process the scan lines of M images to reject noise, making the image details to be clearer.

0 represents the function is disabled. The bigger the value is, the stronger the effect becomes.

## 6.6 Color M Mode (CM)

To know the cardiac motion state, CM is overlaid with flow based on M mode, which is more sensitive to the instantaneous signal changes. Then, it shows the diagnosis information in detail.

The Color M mode includes Color Flow M mode and Color Tissue M mode.

---

### TIP:

- Linear probe does not support Color M mode.
  - Only phased probe supports color tissue M mode.
- 

### 6.6.1 CM Image Scanning

Perform the following procedure:

1. To enter Color Flow M mode:
  - In B+M mode, press <C>.
  - In B+Color, press <M>.
2. To enter Color Tissue M mode:
  - Press the user-defined <TDI> key on color flow M mode, or tap [TDI] on the touch screen, and then press <M> or <Update>.
  - In B+TVI/TVD, or B+TVI+TVD mode, press <M>.
3. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized images.
4. Exit Color M Mode

Press <C> or <M> on the control panel to exit Color M mode.

Or, press <B> on the control panel to return to B mode.

### 6.6.2 CM Image Parameters

In Color Flow M mode, parameters that can be adjusted are in accordance with those in B, M and Color modes; please refer to relevant sections of B, Color and M mode for details.

In color tissue M mode, parameters that can be adjusted are in accordance with those in B, M and Color modes; please refer to relevant sections of B, Color and M mode for details.

The ROI size and position determine the size and position of the color flow displayed in the color M mode image.

- Set the position of the sampling line by moving the trackball left and right.
- Press <Set> to switch the cursor status between the ROI position adjustment and ROI size adjustment.

## 6.7 Anatomical M Mode

For an image in the traditional M mode, the M-mark line goes along the beams transmitted from the probe. Thus it is difficult to obtain a good plane for difficult-to-image patients who cannot be moved easily. However, in the Anatomical M mode, you can manipulate the M-mark line and move it to any position at desired angles. The system supports anatomical M scanning (including Free Xros M mode and Free Xros CM mode) in 2D imaging modes (B, Color, Power and TVI mode).

---

### CAUTION

Anatomical M Mode and Color Anatomical M mode images are provided for reference only, not for confirming diagnoses. Compare the image with those of other machines, or make diagnoses using non-ultrasound methods.

---

### 6.7.1 Free Xros M

Free Xros M imaging is supported on frozen B image, B+M image and B+Power/Color/TVI image. Perform the following procedure:

1. Adjust the probe and image to obtain the desired plane in real-time B mode or M mode.  
Or select the B mode cine file to be observed.
2. Tap [Free Xros M] on the touch screen to enter Free Xros M mode or press the user-defined key to enter Free Xros M mode.  
  
There are 3 M-mark lines available, each with a symbol of “A”, “B” or “C” at one end as identification.
3. Adjust the sampling line (single line or couple of lines) to obtain optimized images and necessary information.
  - Tap [Show A], [Show B] or [Show C] on the touch screen to adjust the sampling line. The corresponding sampling line and the Free Xros M image appear on the screen. Then, activate the sampling line.
  - Tap [Display Cur.] or [Display All] on the touch screen to select whether to display the image of the current M-mark line or all.  
You can choose to display the sampling line on the current image or all.
  - Press <Set> to switch among the sampling lines and press <Cursor> to show the cursor.
4. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized images.
5. Press <B> to return to real-time B mode.

### 6.7.2 Free Xros CM (Curved Anatomical M-Mode)

In Free Xros CM mode, the distance/time curve is generated from the sample line manually depicted anywhere on the image. Free Xros CM is used for TVI and TEI modes.

---

### CAUTION


Curved anatomical M image is provided for reference, not for confirming a diagnosis. Generally it should be compared with other device or make a diagnosis by non-ultrasonic methods.

---

**NOTE:**

Only phased probe supports Free Xros CM.

Perform the following procedure:

1. In real-time 2D mode, adjust the probe and image to obtain the desired plane.
2. Tap [TDI] on the touch screen or the user-defined TDI key to obtain the image.
3. Tap [Free Xros CM] on the touch screen or the user-defined key to enter the mode.
4. Use the trackball to define the start point of the sampling line on the 2D image.  
The cursor displays as +, and can be moved within the 2D image only.
5. Press <Set> to fix the start point, and the digital number “1” is marked beside the point.
6. Define the next point using the trackball and <Set> key (tap [Undo] on the touch screen to cancel the current point and activate the preview point). The system updates the time-motion curve in real time, and each point is marked with a number in sequence.
7. Repeat Step 6 to finish the sampling line. Double press <Set> to finish the editing.
8. You can edit the curve if needed:
  - a. After finishing the sampling line, tap [Edit] on the touch screen. The cursor becomes the icon .
  - b. Move the cursor over the curve, press <Set> to activate the spot.
  - c. Move the cursor to change the shape of the curve.
  - d. Double press <Set> to finish the editing.

**NOTE:**

Tap [Delete] on the touch screen to remove the curve, and tap [Edit] to re-edit the curve.

9. Adjust the parameters to obtain the desired tissue of Free Xros CM image. Then, save the image.
10. Press <B> to exit.

### 6.7.3 Anatomical M Mode Parameters

In anatomical M mode, adjustable parameters are similar with these in M mode.

## 6.8 PW/CW Mode

PW (Pulsed Wave Doppler) mode or CW (Continuous Wave Doppler) mode is used to provide blood flow velocity and direction utilizing a real-time spectral display. The horizontal axis represents time, while the vertical axis represents Doppler frequency shift.

PW mode provides a function to examine flow at one specific site for its velocity, direction and features; while CW mode proves to be much more sensitive to high velocity flow display. Thus, a combination of both modes will contribute to a much more accurate analysis.

**NOTE:**

- During PW/CW mode imaging, menus of image optimizing for B Mode and PW/CW mode are displayed on the touch screen at the same time; if there is also Color mode (Power mode) working, menus of certain modes will also be displayed on the touch screen synchronously, and you can switch by clicking the mode tabs.

- In PW/CW mode, acoustic power of the transducer is synchronous with that of B mode.

## 6.8.1 PW/CW Mode Image Scanning

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select a premium image during B mode or B+ Color (Power) scan, and adjust to place the area of interest in the center of the image.
2. Press <PW> (click [CW] on the touch screen) to adjust the sampling line.  
The sampling status will be displayed in the image parameter area.
3. Set the position of the sample line and the SVD by using the trackball, and adjust the angle and SV size according to the actual situation.
4. Press <Update> to enter PW/CW mode and perform the examination.  
Observe and calculate the data based on B mode or Color mode image. You can also adjust the SV size, angle and depth in the real-time scan.
5. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized images.

### TIP:

The sampling line is displayed for one procedure operation. Press <PW>/<CW> to enter M mode.

## 6.8.2 PW/CW Mode Image Parameters

In PW/ CW mode scan, the image parameter area on the left side of the screen shows the real-time parameter values as follows:

Items	Meaning
F	Frequency
G	PW/CW gain
WF	WF (Wall Filter)
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency PRF
SVD	SV depth
SV	SV Size
Angle	Angle

### Gain

This function is intended to adjust the gain of spectrum map. The real-time gain value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Increasing the gain will brighten the image and you can see more received signals. However, noise may also be increased.

### PW Sampling Gate

Adjusts the SV position and size of sampling in PW mode, the real-time value of SV and SVD are displayed in the image parameter area, in which SV represents the size of the sampling gate, and SVD represents the sampling depth.

The smaller the SV size becomes, the more accurate the result is; and more information can be obtained when selecting large SV size.

---

## CW Focus Position

To adjust the focus position of CW mode. The real-time focus position value is displayed on the image parameter area in SVD.

## Image Quality

Refers to the transmitting frequency in Doppler mode of the probe, the real-time value of which is displayed in the image parameter area.

## Scale

This function is used to adjust the speed range of color flow, which is adjusted through PRF in the system. The real-time PRF value is displayed in the image parameter area.

To provide a much clearer color flow image.

Use low PRF to observe low-velocity flows, and use high PRF to observe high-velocity flows.

Aliasing may occur if low velocity scale is used and high velocities are encountered.

Low velocities may not be identified when a high velocity scale is used.

## iTouch<sup>+</sup>

To optimize image parameters as per the current tissue characteristics for a better image effect.

## Auto Calculation

This function is used to trace the spectrum and calculate the PW/CW mode image parameters. The results are displayed in the results window.

In real-time scanning, the results displayed are derived from the calculation of the latest cardiac cycle.

In the freeze and cine status, the results displayed are calculated from the current selected area.

- Auto Calc Param: To set the calculation results to display.
- Auto Calc Cycle: To set the heart cycle number for auto-calculation.
- Auto Calc Loop: To select the next loop or the last loop.
- Trace Area: To set the trace area of the Doppler wave in the spectrum map, applicable for auto calculation, V Max and V Mean display.
- Trace Smooth: To set the smooth level when tracing.
- Trace Sensitivity: This function is used to set the sensitivity of tracing in the spectrum.

## Invert

This function is used to set the display manner of spectrum.

---

### NOTE:

It is available only for linear probes.

---

## Speed

This function is used to set the scan speed of PW mode imaging.

Changing the speed makes it easier to identify the cardiac cycles and to detect more details.

## T/F Res

Adjusts for a balance between time resolution and spatial resolution.

## **WF (Wall Filter)**

To display the image accurately, it adjusts the cut-off used in the wall filter, and filters out the flow noise which is produced by vessel wall vibration. The real-time value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Flow signals may be missing.

## **Tint Map**

This function provides an imaging process based on color difference rather than gray distinction.

## **Gray Map**

Selects among post processing map curves to optimize grayscale images.

## **Display Format**

Sets the display proportion of PW mode image and B mode image.

## **Duplex/Triplex**

This function is used to set if B image or B+Color image (Power) is scanned synchronously.

## **HPRF**

HPRF mode is used when detected velocities exceed the processing capabilities of the currently selected PW Doppler scale or when the selected anatomical site is too deep for the selective PW Doppler scale.

HPRF enhances the range of detecting high-velocity flow.

## **Baseline**

Refers to the area where the velocity is zero in the spectrum. The map changes after being edited.

To optimize the image, adjust baseline according to the actual situation to change the range of flow velocity.

## **Angle**

This function is used to adjust the angle between Doppler vector and flow to make the velocity more accurate.

The real-time adjusting angle value is displayed in the image parameter area.

Rotate the <Angle> knob on the control panel to adjust.

## **Quick Angle**

Adjusts the angle faster in increments of 60°, and the real-time value of which is displayed in the image parameter area.

The function is available in real-time imaging, freeze or cine review status.

## **Dynamic Range (Dyn Ra.)**

The dynamic range conveys the information that being transformed from echo intensity to gray scale.

With the contrast range, dynamic range, information displayed more, the noise increases more as well.

## **Volume**

Adjusts the output audio in spectrum Doppler.

Utilizing the output audio helps to identify the feature and status of flow.

## Steer

Adjusts the scan angle in PW mode, so as to change the angle between the transmitting beam and flow direction.

Obtain more information with immobility of the probe.

Values of steer angles vary with the probe.

---

### NOTE:

Steer is available only for linear probes.

---

## 6.9 TDI

TDI mode is intended to provide information of low-velocity and high-amplitude tissue motion, specifically for cardiac movement.

There are 4 types of TDI mode available:

- Tissue Velocity Imaging (TVI): This imaging mode is used to detect tissue movement with direction and speed information. Generally the warm color indicates the movement towards the transducer, while the cool color indicates the movement away from the transducer.
- Tissue Energy Imaging (TEI): This imaging mode reflects the status of cardiac movement by providing the energy information, the larger the energy is, the brighter the color becomes.
- Tissue Velocity Doppler Mode (TVD): This imaging mode provides direction and speed information of the tissue.
- Tissue Velocity M Mode (TVM): This function assists to observe the cardiac motion through a direct angle.

### 6.9.1 TDI Mode Image Scanning

Perform the following procedure:

1. Tap <TDI> on the screen or the user-defined <TDI> key to enter the TDI mode.
  - In B or B+Color mode: to enter TVI Mode, parameters of TVI mode will be displayed on the touch screen.
  - In Power mode: to enter TEI Mode, parameters of TEI mode will be displayed on the touch screen.
  - PW mode: Tap <TDI> on the screen or the user-defined <TDI> key and then press <PW> or <Update> to enter TVD. The parameters of TVD are displayed on the touch screen.
  - M mode: Tap <TDI> on the screen or the user-defined <TDI> key and then press <M> or <Update> to enter TVM. The parameters of TVM are displayed on the touch screen.
2. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized images.
3. Tap <TDI> on the screen or the user-defined <TDI> key to exit from TDI mode and enter general imaging modes.
 

Or, press <B> on the control panel to return to B mode.

### 6.9.2 TDI Mode Image Parameters

In TDI mode scan, the image parameter area in the left corner of the screen will show the real-time parameter values as follows:

- TVI/TEI

Items	Meaning
F	Frequency
G	Gain
WF	Color Wall Filter
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency PRF

- TVD

Items	Meaning
F	Frequency
G	Gain
WF	WF (Wall Filter)
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency PRF
SVD	SV depth
SV	SV Size
Angle	Angle

- TVM

Image parameters combine the parameters of TVI mode and M mode.

In each TDI mode, the parameters that can be adjusted are similar to those in the color flow modes (Color, PW, and Power). See the relevant sections for details. The following introduces the specific items in TDI mode.

## Tissue State

This function is used for fast image optimization.

### 6.9.3 TDI Quantitative Analysis

#### CAUTION

TDI is provided for reference, not for confirming a diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

To perform the strain and strain curve, the ECG curve is in need in case of the deviation in curve.

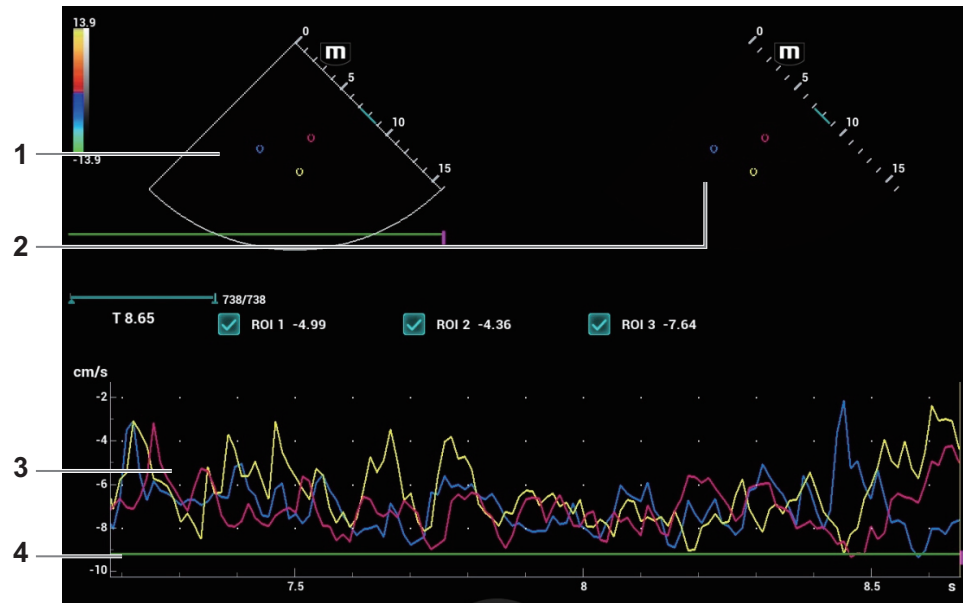
It is about analyzing the data of TVI imaging and measuring the velocity of the myocardium with the cardiac cycle.

Here are three types of curves to perform the quantitative analysis:

- Velocity-time curve
- Strain-time curve
- Strain rate-time curve
  - Strain: Deformation and displacement of the tissue within the specified time.



- Strain rate: speed of the deformation, as myocardial variability will result in velocity gradient, strain rate is used commonly to evaluate how fast the tissue is deforming.



1	TDI review	Sampling area: indicates the sampling position of the curve. The sampling lines are marked with color numbers. It can mark 8 ROIs at most.
2	2D grey image review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use the trackball; the images in TDI review window and 2D review window are reviewed synchronously, since the two images are frozen at the same time.</li> <li>• ROI movement is linked between the TDI (Tissue Doppler Imaging) review window and the 2D imaging reviewing window.</li> </ul>
3	Display analysis curve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Y-axis represents the velocity (unit: cm/s) [in strain-time curve, Y-axis represents the strain (%); in strain rate-time curve, Y-axis represents the strain rate (unit: 1/s)].</li> <li>• X-axis represents time (s);</li> <li>• Frame mark: a white straight line perpendicular to the X-axis, and can be moved left and right by using the trackball.</li> <li>• Click the check box in front of the ROI to display or hide the analysis curve.</li> <li>• You can get the current X/Y axis value by moving the cursor onto one point on the curve; and if you press &lt;Set&gt; at this time, the frame marker will move to the spot.</li> </ul>
4	ECG display area	/

Perform the following procedure:

1. Scan the image with the moves of myocardium on, freeze the image and select the scan scope, or open the image which includes the myocardium moves already.

**NOTE:**

- The current image (in frozen state) and the saved image can be used in the quantitative analysis.

- Only after the user chooses the image review, the quantitative analysis is available. If the user chooses the static image (only one frame), the quantitative analysis is not available.
2. Tap [TDI QA] or press the user-defined key for “TDI QA” to enable the function.
  3. Mark the interested myocardium area.

One image can save 8 ROIs at most, and draw the corresponding curve in image area. Each ROI has different color; the corresponding curve is painted with each color.

ROI settings:

- a. Tap [Standard ROI]/[Ellipse ROI] to select a ROI method.  
The cursor moves into the review area (TDI review window or 2D grey review window.
  - b. Review to the desired frame.
  - c. Move the cursor to one cine review window.
  - d. Add a ROI.  
When selecting “Standard ROI”: Add ROI automatically after capturing the area. ROI size is decided by “Standard Height/Width/Angle”.  
When selecting “Ellipse ROI”: Press <Set> to confirm the start point, and use the trackball and press <Set> to confirm the next point; then use the trackball to adjust the size and press <Set> to complete the drawing.  
You can press <Clear> to remove the last ROI.
4. Select the curve: Tap [Speed], [Strain] or [Strain Rate].

For [Strain] or [Strain Rate], tap [Strain Dist.] on the touch screen to select the corresponding value for Strain – Time curve or Strain Rate – Time curve.

If needed, tap [ROI Tracking] to enable the function. This function provides a motion compensated ROI as precise time-intensity information can be acquired using active tracking. It can enhance the calculation accuracy as reducing the impact of probe or patient respiratory movement.

**NOTE:**

Elliptical ROIs can be positioned in any manner that keeps their center within the image boundaries. In the case that part of the ROI is outside the image boundary, only data from within the image boundary is used for calculating the mean intensity value.

5. Adjust the curve display:
  - X Scale: Choose different value, so that the X scale display manner will be changed. This function can be used to track detailed tissue information.
  - Smooth: Adjust the smooth feature of the curves.
6. Save the curves, and export the curve data, parameter data.
  - a. Tap [Export] on the touch screen.  
The dialog box appears.
  - b. Select the storage path and type the file name.  
E drive is default; and the file type is .CSV.
  - c. Click [OK] to complete the export.

After being exported successfully, a BMP. file shows on the thumbnail area.

The exported data include:

- Current image;
- Analysis curve data;

- Analysis parameter.
7. Tap [Exit] to exit the quantitative analysis.

## 6.10 iScape View

The iScape panoramic imaging feature extends your field of view by piecing together multiple B images into a single, extended B image. Use this feature, for example, to view a complete hand or thyroid.

When scanning, move the probe linearly and acquire a series of B images. The system pieces these images together into a single, extended B image in real time. The system also supports out-and-back image piecing.

After obtaining the extended image, you can rotate it, move it linearly, magnify it, add comments or body marks, or perform measurements on the extended image.

The system provides a color iScape function, so you can get more information from extended images.

---

### CAUTION

- It is provided for reference, not for confirming a diagnosis.
  - iScape panoramic imaging constructs an extended image from individual image frames. The quality of the resulting image is user-dependent and requires operator skill and additional practice to become fully proficient. Therefore, the measurement results can be inaccurate. Exercise caution when you perform measurements in iScape mode. A smooth and even speed will help produce optimal image results.
- 

### NOTE:

- Guidance and precautions for even movement:
    - Make sure there is enough coupling gel along the scan path.
    - Always move the probe slowly and steadily.
    - Continuous contact is required throughout the length of the extended image. Do not lift the probe from the skin's surface.
    - Always keep the probe perpendicular to the skin's surface. Do not rock, rotate or tilt the probe during the scan.
    - The system accommodates a reasonable range of motion velocity. Do not make abrupt changes in motion speed.
    - Deeper scans generally require reduced acquisition speed.
  - Needle mark cannot be displayed in iScape imaging mode.
- 

### 6.10.1 Basic Procedures

Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect an appropriate iScape compatible probe. Make sure there is enough coupling gel along the scan path.
2. Press the user-defined key for <iScape View> or tap [iScape] on the touch screen (it is available after enter Power/Color mode).
3. Optimize the 2D mode image:

In the capture preparation status, tap [B] ([Power]/[Color]) page tab to go for the B mode image optimization. Do measurement or add comment/bodymark to the image if needed.

4. Tap [Start Capture] or press <Update> on the control panel to begin the capture.
5. Scan slowly to obtain a single extended field of view image. You can also erase and retrace if the image is not satisfactory.
  - During image acquisition, none of the parameters are adjustable, and functions such as measurement, comments and body marks are not available.
  - A green box on the image indicating the boundary between the merged images and the unfinished images.
  - During image slicing, the system gives feedback on the probe's moving speed in the form of colors and words. The meanings are as follows:

Status	ROI Color	Tip
Speed too low	Blue	Moving speed of the probe is too low.
Appropriate	Green	/
Speed too high	Red	Moving speed of the probe is too high.

6. The system enters into image review status when the acquisition is completed. You can perform operations such as parameter adjusting.
7. Do one of following to end image capture:
  - Tap [Stop Capture] on the touch screen.
  - Press <Update>.
  - Wait until the acquisition completes automatically.

After the acquisition is completed, the panoramic image will be displayed and the system enters iScape viewing mode.

## 6.10.2 Image Review

After the acquisition is completed, the panoramic image will be displayed and the system enters iScape viewing mode.

## 6.10.3 Evaluate image quality

Many variables may affect the overall image quality. It is important to evaluate the image content and quality before an image is used for diagnosis or measurements.

### NOTE:

- iScape panoramic imaging is intended for use by well-trained ultrasound operators or physicians. The operator must recognize image items that will produce a sub-optimal or unreliable image.
- If the image quality cannot satisfy the following criteria, you shall remove the image and capture it again.
  - The Image must be continuous (no part of an image moves suddenly or disappears.)
  - No shadow or absent signal along the scan plane.
  - Clear profile of anatomy through the entire scan plane without distortion.
  - Skin line is continuous.
  - The images are captured from the same plane.

- 
- There are no large black areas in the image.
- 

## 6.10.4 Cine Review

Tap [Review Cine] on the touch screen in panoramic image viewing status to enter cine reviewing mode. In cine reviewing mode, a frame marker indicates the sequence of the currently reviewed images in the panoramic image on the left-hand side of screen.

In cine review status:

- Use the trackball to review the captured images frame by frame.
- Tap [Auto Play] to start or end auto play.
- In auto play mode, tap [Auto Play] on the touch screen to change the play speed. When the speed is off, the system exits auto play mode.
- Review to a certain image. Tap [Set Begin] to set the start point. Review to another image. Tap [Set End] to set the end point. In auto play mode, the review region is confined to the set start point and end point.
- Tap [iScape] > [Overview] to exit cine review mode. The panoramic image displays.
- In cine review mode, press <Freeze> on the control panel to return to the acquisition preparation status.

## 6.11 R-VQS

R-VQS (RF-data based quantification on arterial stiffness) tracks movements of the upper and lower vessel walls and measures vessel diameter, displacement, coefficient of hardness and PWV (dimensionless pulse wave velocity).

Hardness coefficient: Arterial stiffness is changed with the blood pressure changing. The bigger the value the higher the stiffness.

PWV (dimensionless pulse wave velocity) represents the transmit speed of pulse wave. The bigger the stiffness parameter the higher the PWV.

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### NOTE:

Only linear probe under Carotid exam mode supports this feature.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select a probe and carotid exam mode. Perform B real-time imaging and search for carotid vessel. Try to place the vessel on the image horizontally.
2. Tap [R-VQS] and use the trackball to locate the ROI box on the target area.

Dotted line of the ROI lies in the middle of the vessel and divides the vessel upper wall and lower wall. Use <Set> key and trackball to change ROI size and position.

Note that ROI should include the upper and lower wall of the vessel.

3. Tap [Start Calc] to start tracking. Upper wall and lower wall are marked by the line in the ROI box.

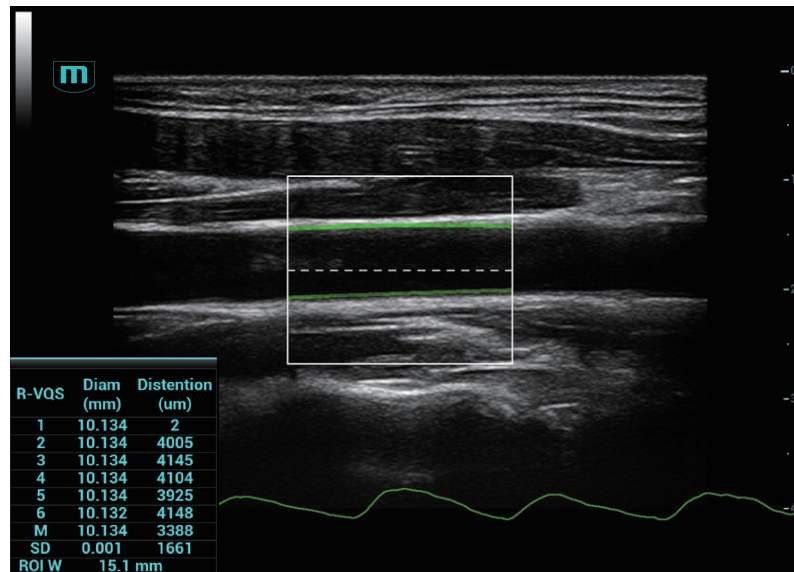
Motion curve of vessel walls display under the image in real time. 6 cardiac cycles are calculated in total with each results display in the result window on the left synchronously.

Where,

$$\text{Dist} = [\text{maximum diameter within 1 s}] - [\text{minimum diameter within 1 s}]$$

Diam: Vessel diameter refers to maximum diameter within 1 s.

6 R-VQS (RF-data based quantification on arterial stiffness) values (6 cardiac cycles are calculated in total), standard deviation SD and ROI length will be displayed in the result window on the left.



4. Adjust parameters.
  - Speed: Adjust refresh speed of vessel wall motion curve.
  - Position: Adjust the location of the motion curve upwards and downwards.
  - Curve Disp (Min)/Curve Disp (Max): Adjust amplitude of vessel wall motion curve.
5. Tap [Stop Calc] or press <Freeze> to freeze the image and stop updating motion curve and result data.
6. Use the trackball to review the cine file and select desired frame.
  - Tap [Accept Result] to update the result window data to the report.  
Save the single-frame and multi-frame image if necessary.
  - Tap [Cancel Result] to recalculate and perform step 3-5 if necessary.
7. Tap [Report] to check report.

Only the last result data will be saved.

If pressure is entered in the patient information page or the report page, Hardness coefficient and PWV result will be displayed on the report.

For details about report operation, refer to "Advanced Volume".

## 6.12 Smart B-line

The lung acoustic impedance difference increases with the increase of lung liquids. The ultrasound waves produce strong reverberations in the lung at different depth. After multiple reflections, the comet tail sign is formed, which is perpendicular to the pleura plane. Starting from the pleura line, the comet tail sign moves along with the lung and extends to the far field. The reverberation line perpendicular to the pleura plane is called Smart B-line.

Smart B-line is used to detect the B line of the lung in B mode. It supports B-line detecting in both real-time and freeze modes.

**NOTE:**

- Smart B-line is only available in Single B imaging mode.
- It supports single-frame and multi-frame image file detection in B mode.

## 6.12.1 Basic Procedures for Smart B-line

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select an appropriate probe and exam mode. The system enters the B mode by default.
2. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized images.
3. Tap [Smart B-line] on the touch screen or the user-defined key to enter Smart B-line mode.  
Tap [Scan Areas] to select different zone combinations for examination.

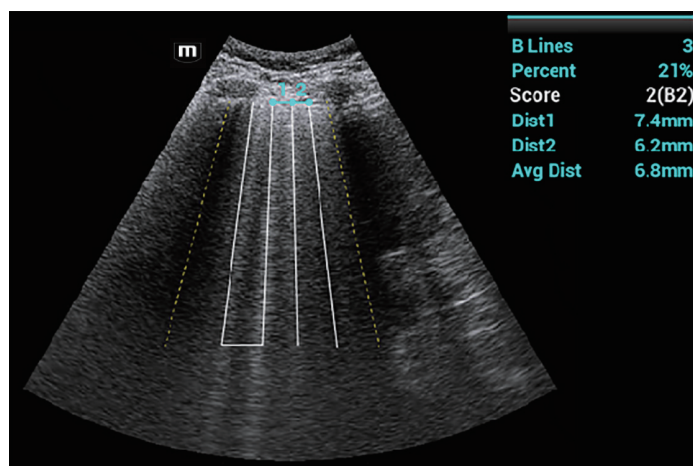
4. Select a desired zone, and tap [Auto Calc].

The system automatically starts tracing the B line sampling area, and automatically recognizes and traces the B line in frame.

If necessary, use the trackball and <Set> keys to adjust the B line sampling area.

5. Press the <Freeze> key to freeze the image.

The system automatically calculates the quantitative index, and the calculation results are displayed on the screen.



- B Lines: indicates the number of B lines of the current frame. The number can be 1, 2, 3, 4, or  $\geq 5$ . When the number is equal to or greater than 5, the system does not display a specific number.
- Percent: indicates the percent of the B lines area against the total sampling area.
- Score: the score is among 0 to 3.

Normal: when there are a lung sliding sign and A line, or isolated B lines (<3), it is marked as N in the brackets and the score is 0.

Moderate: when there are multiple clearly-distributed B lines, it is marked as B1 in the brackets and the score is 1.

Severe: when there are intensively fused B lines, it is marked as B2 in the brackets and the score is 2.

Lung consolidation: when the lung has a symptom that is similar to the liver lesion structure and air bronchogram, it is marked as C in the brackets and the score is 3. When

the lung consolidation and pleural effusion occur at the same time, it is marked as C/P in the brackets and the score is 3.

- Dist  $n$  (B Line distance): indicates the distance between the 2 neighboring lines and is measured in the pleura line area, among which,  $n$  corresponds to the number between the 2 B lines.
- Avg Dist (B Line average distance): indicates the average distance of all B lines.

According to the quantitative index calculated by the system, you can add image and diagnosis information. Tap the check box under the [Findings] or [Diagnosis] tab to select items:

6. Press the <Save+> key to save the single-frame image and B line calculation results.

If necessary, press the <Freeze> key again to unfreeze the image. Repeat steps 4-6 to finish calculating other points.

7. Tap [Report], and select report type from the drop list box of [Report Type] to check report.

For details about report operation, refer to "Advanced Volume".

## 6.12.2 Overview

After capturing images, tap [Overview] to enter the Overview screen. The Smart B-line supports displaying two types of lung overviews in the main screen. You can switch the two lung overviews using the corresponding buttons on the touch screen.

- Image Map: Displays the ultrasound images of all zones, so as to check the overall lung condition. Ever lung zone displays the ultrasound image with the highest percent of the B line area by default.

If a zone saves multiple ultrasound images, tap the point corresponds to this zone, and tap [Prev Item] and [Next Item] to switch the image.

- Color Map: Displays the color map of the lung and ultrasound image of a zone. The color map uses different colors to mark the ultrasound image analysis result of every lung zone. This analysis result is calculated from the ultrasound image with the highest percent of B line area.

Tap a point on the touch screen to check the calculation result of the zone related to this point.

## 6.13 RIMT (Real-time Intima-Media Thickness)

RIMT detects the changes of the vascular intima in real time, and monitors and calculates the thickness of the carotid intima automatically.

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### NOTE:

- It is merely available to enter RIMT imaging mode in B single window and dual window when adopting linear probe for carotid exam.
  - Do not press the probe after entering RIMT imaging mode when scanning the image in real time.
  - RIMT inside ROI is highlighted in red, yellow and green. There is no gap between the filling area and the vascular wall. The green color indicates the normal acceptable value. The red color or yellow color indicates the abnormal unacceptable value.
- 

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the probe first. Perform B mode in carotid exam mode. Detect the patient's carotid in B mode. Keep the acoustic beam vertical with the anterior and the posterior of the vascular and make the anterior and the posterior of the intima visible at the carotid stenosis to obtain a premium image.



2. Tap [RIMT] to activate the function. Use [Side] to select left or right carotid.
3. Use the trackball to locate ROI over the target area. The dotted line of the ROI is in the middle of the blood vessel. Press <Set> to confirm the position and size of the ROI.
4. Tap [Start Calc] to measure RIMT of left carotid and right carotid. 6 RIMT values (each RIMT value represents maximum IMT value within one cardiac cycle), RIMT average value (arithmetic mean value of the 6 RIMT values), SD (standard deviation of the 6 RIMT values) and ROI length are displayed in the result pane.
5. Tap [Accept Result] or press <Set>, the image is frozen. You may save single frame image and results to the result pane.  
Tap [Cancel Result] to recalculate RIMT. Perform step 4 to reset the RIMT.
6. Tap [Report] to view the report. Only last acceptable data, including RIMT on left and right carotid, is in the data sheet.

You can perform:

- Deleting data: select RIMT data from the data sheet. Tap [Delete Rows] to remove the RIMT data of the left and the right carotid.
- Viewing graphic: tap [Trend] to view the RIMT graphic. The data on the graphic is same with these in data list. The RIMT average value, SD and ROI length of the exams are displayed at the bottom of the graphic (including the current exam).
- Previewing the report: tap [Preview] to show IMT. The RIMT average value, SD and ROI length of the exams are displayed.

For details about report operation, refer to "Advanced Volume".

7. Tap [RIMT] again to exit.

## 6.14 Tissue Tracking Quantitative Analysis

### CAUTION

Tissue Tracking Quantitative Analysis images are provided for reference only, not for confirming diagnoses.

Apart from TDI imaging function, the system also provides tissue tracking QA function for myocardial movement evaluation.

By tissue tracking QA function, the ultrasound system will scan each pixel position by frame within the cardiac cycle, and then use region matching method and auto-correlation searching method to trace each spot and calculate the movement, so as to determine myocardial motion in a more quantitative way.

### NOTE:

Only use the probes that support stress echo function under the cardiac mode to start Tissue Tracking QA function.

### 6.14.1 Basic Procedures for Tissue Tracking QA

Perform the following procedure:

1. Open a saved B mode cardiac cine file.

A cin. format file which contains more than 1 cardiac cycle (with 2 R waves) and ECG signal.

2. Tap [Tissue Tracking QA] or press the user-defined key to activate the function:
  - You can determine the image of interest by previewing the image.
  - Use [Cycle] to select and find the image of interest.
3. Select the corresponding section name and locate one frame image with good image effect by cine play. Use the cursor to set the reference point:
  - Long axis section: use the “3-point” method or “Manual” method to set.
  - Short axis section: enter multiple points (at least 6 points) using the cursor manually to set.
4. After reference points are set, the system will display the boundary of the endocardium and epicardium. Adjust the thickness if necessary.

If the traced result is poor, tap [Reload] to re-trace the reference points, or make fine adjustments to the points using the cursor.

If the cycles are not adequate to provide the information, switch to another cycle to trace.

5. Tap [Start Tracking] on the soft menu to start the tracking function. Adjust the parameters if necessary.

Tap [Edit] on the soft menu to display the cursor. Use the trackball and press <Set> to re-select the trace reference points (inner dots of the curve). Move the cursor to the exact boundary position and press <Set> again to set the right place. Tap [Start Tracking] to start tracking again.
6. Tap [Accept & Compute] to calculate and display the curve.

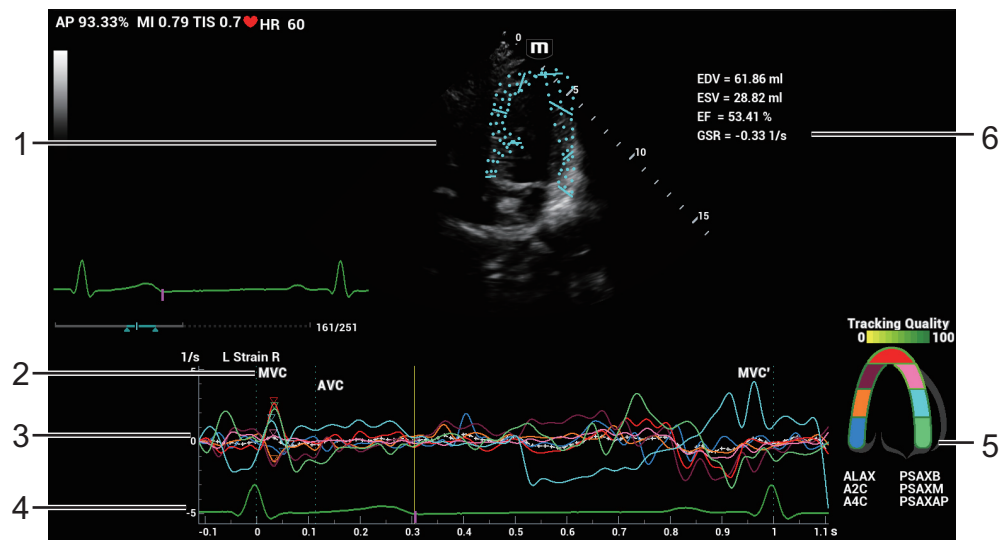
Adjust the parameters if necessary.
7. Tap [Bull's Eye] to see the result.
8. If necessary, press <Save+> key to save the result.
9. If necessary, repeat steps 3-8 to track the next section.

**NOTE:**

The screen displays the result of the current section, and the bull's eye graph shows the average value of all the tracked sections.

10. Tap [Data Export] to export analyzed data.
11. Tap [Exit] to exit.

## 6.14.2 Screen Display of Tissue Tracking QA



1	Displays image used to generate trace curve	/
2	Displays corresponding time of AVO (aortic valve open)/AVC (aortic valve close)/MVO (mitral valve open)/MVC (mitral valve close).	/
3	Display curve: Velocity/ Displacement/Strain/Strain Rate.	Each curve on the image is matched with a certain segment in the cardiac segmentation model (6), identified by different colors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Velocity curve: X-axis represents time (s); Y-axis represents velocity (cm/s).</li> <li>• Displacement curve: X-axis represents time (s); Y-axis represents displacement (mm).</li> <li>• Strain curve: X-axis represents time (s); Y-axis represents deformation of the tissue (%).</li> <li>• Strain-rate curve: X-axis represents time (s); Y-axis represents strain by time (<math>s^{-1}</math>).</li> </ul>
4	Displays ECG trace	/
5	Displays cardiac segmentation model, and each segment name is illustrated beneath the model.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In the figure, <math>\nabla</math> marks the peak position of the curve.</li> <li>• Under tracking status, click on a segment in the cardiac segmentation model. The segment has "X" mark and its corresponding calculating is eliminated.</li> <li>• Tap certain segment in the cardiac segmentation model, the segment will turns grey and its corresponding curve no longer displays.</li> <li>• You can get the current X/Y axis value by moving the cursor onto one point on the curve; and if you press &lt;Set&gt; at this time, the frame marker will move to the spot.</li> </ul> <p>The segment boundary color indicates the tracking quality.</p>

6	Displays measurement and calculation results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• EDV: Maximum value of the end diastolic volume during the trace.</li> <li>• EDA: Maximum value of the end diastolic area (Left Ventricular) during the trace.</li> <li>• ESV: Maximum value of the end systolic volume (Left Ventricular) during the trace.</li> <li>• ESA: Maximum value of the end systolic area (Left Ventricular) during the trace.</li> <li>• FAC (for short axis section): Fractional Area Change= (EDA — ESA)/EDA</li> <li>• EF (for long axis section): Ejection fraction</li> <li>• HR: Heart rate</li> <li>• Global strain of all segments.</li> <li>• Displays when strain rate curve is acquired.</li> <li>• Global strain rate of all segments.</li> <li>• Displays when strain rate curve rate is acquired.</li> </ul> <p>Also on Bull's Eye figure, the system displays TPSD value: Time to Peak Standard Deviation (TPSD): Where, standardized value of time to peak data: <math>\{TP_i   i \in [1, N]\}</math> . (N is the number of time to peak data) Average value of standardized value of time to peak data: <math>\overline{TP}</math>, and the standard deviation is</p> $TPSD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (TP_i - \overline{TP})^2}{N}}$
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### 6.14.3 Select Image and Cardiac Cycle

You can select images with a better image quality so as to guarantee the analysis result.

#### Switch the cine file

1. Tap [Review] to enter the review state on touch screen.
2. Double-click the target file.
3. The system closes current displayed file and switch to the newly selected file.

#### Switch cardiac cycle within the cine file

Tap [Circle] to select when opening a cine which includes multiple cardiac cycles.

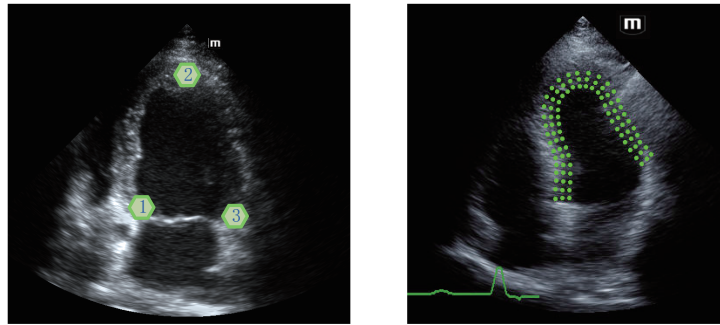
### 6.14.4 Myocardial Boundary Tracing

#### Tracing

The system provides 2 kinds of tracing method for 2 kind of sections. Long axis section (A4C, A2C, ALAX): 3-point method and manual tracing method are both available. Short axis section (PSAX B, PSAX M, PSAX AP): only manual tracing is available.

- 3-point method

As shown in the following figure, after operation by pressing <Set> to place 3 points on the image, the system generates the trace automatically.



- Manual trace method  
Press <Set> and move the cursor by using the trackball along the boundary to add the trace points gradually, after trace is finished, press <Set> twice to finish tracing.

**NOTE:**

At least 6 points should be determined by you before the system generates automated trace. Press <Set> to make the traces on the image clockwise or anticlockwise.

**Retracing**

If current trace is not satisfactory, tap [Reload] on the touch screen to clear the trace and to start another tracing.

During the tracing drawing, press <Clear> to clear already traced drawing.

**Make fine adjustment to the trace**

You can make fine adjustments to the trace after it is completed.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Under tracing curve adjusting status, the cursor turns into □.
2. Move the cursor to the editable point, press <Set>.
3. Use the trackball to drag the curve to desired position, press <Set> again to set the point to the new position.
4. Repeat step 2~3 above to finish all points that need adjustment.

**NOTE:**

Under tracking status, tap [Edit] on the touch screen to enter the status.

**6.14.5 Basic Operations of TTQA****Switch among the operation controls**

- [Start Tracking]: tap to start tracking.
- [Accept & Compute]: tap to start calculation and display the curve.
- [Exit]: tap to exit tissue tracking.
- [Parameter]: rotate to select the curve type.
- [Bull's Eye]: touch to turn on/off bull's eye and peak data table.
- [Auto Play]: change the speed of the play.

**View Selection**

Before tracing, touch the corresponding keys to select for the view.

- [A4C]: apical four chamber.
- [A2C]: apical two chamber.
- [ALAX]: apical long-axis view, also called 3-chamber view.
- [PSAXB]: short axis view of base section, short axis view of mitral valve.
- [PSAXM]: short axis view of base section, short axis view of papillary muscle.
- [PSAXAP]: short axis view of apex.

## Parameter Adjustment

- [Thickness]: adjusts the tracing thickness, i.e., the distance between the endocardium wall and the tracking points on the epicardium.
- [Tracking Points]: adjusts the number of points within the segment.
- [Cycle]: select the next cycle.
- [Display Effect]: turns on/off the arrow vector graphical display of the myocardial movement.
- [Velocity Scale]: adjust the scale length of the velocity.
- [Display Style]: display the endometrial, the epicardium, the myocardial or all.
- [Tracking Cycles]: select the cycles to be tracked.
- [Average Cycles]: obtain the average parameter curves of the tissue.
- [Cycle Select]: select among different cycles.

## Time Mark

According to the status of the current section, tap the corresponding key on the touch screen to check the matching time.

- [AVO]: displays aortic valve open time.
- [AVC]: displays aortic valve closure time.
- [MVO]: displays mitral valve open time.
- [MVC]: displays mitral valve closure time.

## Curve Display

Select [Parameter], the system provides different curves of different segments for observation.

- General
  - Speed curve: The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents velocity (cm/s).
  - Displacement curve: The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents displacement (cm).
- Long axis section
  - Volume: The X-axis represents time(s); the Y-axis represents volume (ml).
  - Strain curve (Longitudinal, Transversal): The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents strain deformation of the tissue (%).
  - Strain-rate curve (Longitudinal, Transversal): The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents strain by time ( $s^{-1}$ ).
- Short axis section
  - Area curve: The X-axis represents time(s); the Y-axis represents area (cm<sup>2</sup>).
  - Strain curve (Radial, Circumferential): The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents strain deformation of the tissue (%).
  - Strain-rate curve (Radial, Circumferential): The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents strain by time ( $s^{-1}$ ).

- Circumferential Rotation curve: The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents rotation of the tissue (Deg).
- Circumferential Rotation Rate curve: The X-axis represents time (s); the Y-axis represents rotation by time (Deg/s).

### Torsion & Torsion Rate Curve

The system provides left ventricular torsion data based on short axis sections of PSAX AP and PSAX B. Torsion is acquired by calculating difference of apex and base of the heart.

$$\text{Torsion} = \text{PSAX AP Rot.} - \text{PSA XB Rot.}$$

- The X-axis represents time (s).
- The Y-axis represents torsion by time (Deg/s).

### 6.14.6 Bulleye

After tracking, the system can display Bull's Eye graph, so as to judge reverse movement or scope of myocardium.

1. Tap [Bull's Eye] on the touch screen to turn on the function:

You can acquire:

- Time to peak value and peak value of the 17 segments (similar to 16 segments);
  - Display measurement result EDV/ESV/EF/TPSD.
2. Use [Parameter] on the touch screen to see different parameter bull's eye graph.
    - “-” will display in the table to indicate those segments that are not well tracked.

### 6.14.7 Measurement/Comment

Under tissue tracking QA mode, only Time measurement is available. For details, please refer to Operator's Manual “Advanced Volume”.

Comments and Body Mark operations are the same as in other modes.

### 6.14.8 Data Export

The system provides data exporting function, so that you can export calculation result for analysis (for instance, SPSS analysis).

Tap [Data Export] on the touch screen, to export analyzed data of each segment.

## 6.15 Smart Fetal HR (Heart Rate)

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#### NOTE:

- This feature is available only under Fetal Echo (High Flow), OB1 Fetal Echo, Fetal Echo (Low Flow) exam modes.
  - During image acquisition, the user is recommended to stably hold the ultrasound probe to acquire fetal heart ultrasound video. If the Smart Fetal HR measurement is not satisfactory (e.g., the heart rate cycles are not marked accurately on the M-mode image), the user can manually modify the sampling lines of heart rate cycles on the M-mode image or change the number of heart rate cycles. The fetal heart rate measurement result will be updated simultaneously.
- 

This feature is to measure the fetal heart rate automatically on M mode.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Perform B-mode scanning under Fetal Echo (High Flow), OB1 Fetal Echo, Fetal Echo (Low Flow) exam mode.
2. Tap [Smart FHR], and the button is highlighted.
3. Press <M> on the control panel, and the system acquires M-mode image automatically. The M mode image and the sampling line are displayed on the screen.

If necessary, tap [Smart FHR Cycle] to set the number of heart rate cycle.

4. Press [Freeze] on the control panel. The heart rate cycles are marked on the M-mode image. And the fetal heart rate measurement result is displayed on the screen.

If necessary, tap [Smart FHR Cycle] to set the number of heart rate cycle, and the measurement result is updated simultaneously.

## 6.16 iWorks (Auto Workflow Protocol)

The main objective of ultrasound workflow automation (iWorks) is to speed up exam times and reduce the excessive number of user interface manual key strokes that can lead to repetitive strain injuries over time. It automates a clinical workflow in common exam protocols in a logical “step by step” manner. It also prevents missing important parts of examinations as well as decreasing exam times.

A Protocol Event contains series workflow events (annotation comments, body marks and measurements) and image modal commands to assist the user in routine ultrasound examinations.

---

### NOTE:

The system provides different protocol events based on the different application regions.

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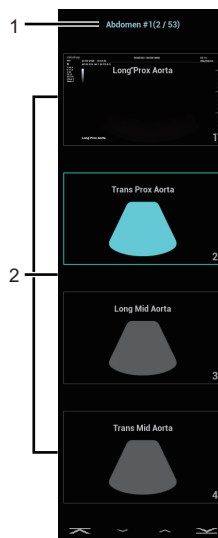
Perform the following procedure:

1. Input the patient information.
2. Tap [iWorks] on the touch screen or press the user-defined key for “iWorks” to enter the protocol selection screen, and tap the corresponding protocol button to enter the status.  
After the system enters the iWorks screen, the available protocol is displayed on the right of the screen.
3. Perform the scanning and saving according to the screen prompt.
4. Perform measurements or add comments/body marks to the image according to the screen prompt.
5. After a view scanning is complete, press the [Next] on the touch screen to switch to the next view according to the screen prompt.
6. Repeat steps 3 to 5 to acquire all the necessary images.
7. After all views are finished, the system will prompt you to exit iWorks. Tap [Yes] to exit.

### 6.16.1 Screen Display

The monitor displays the following screen:





1	Displays the protocol name, and the number of views contained.
2	Displays the view steps in the protocol. The current active view with a solid frame around the image.

## 6.16.2 View Operation

In iWorks status, you can perform view selection, repeat, replacement and delete operations using the touch screen.

For some views, the system switches to the relevant imaging modes if necessary.

The comment for the current view has been automatically added to the bottom-left corner of the image, ready for you to scan the specified anatomy.

### View Selection

Tap [Prev]/[Next] to select the view to be scanned. The current view is surrounded by a solid frame.

### View Operation

In the current active view, you can perform image scanning, measurements, and adding comments and body marks, etc. Operations are the same as those for manual operation. See the relevant chapters for details.

### Repeat View

If necessary, tap [Repeat] to insert another template of the current view. You can then perform an extra examination.

### View Replacement

The previous image will be deleted and replaced by the new image.

### Delete View

Tap [Prev]/[Next] to select the view to be deleted. Tap [Delete] to delete the selected view.

## 6.16.3 Manual Examination

Suspend - Exit the protocol so the user can run the system manually. This is used when an unusual or atypical workflow is required.

- Start manual examination: tap [Suspend] to pause the current iWorks protocol. The system enters manual examination status.
- Return to iWorks: tap [Resume iWorks] to return to automated status. You can continue the previous iWorks scan.

## 6.16.4 Insert

Insert is a specialized protocol event within iWorks and iWorks OB. It assists with the workflow for documenting and measuring common pathological (disease) states (i.e. Mass, Cyst, Stenosis, Thrombus) that occurs outside a routine, normal examination.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Tap [Insert] on the touch screen to enter the status.
2. Select the necessary protocol and the system adds the protocol events to the current protocol.
3. Perform measurements or add comments/body marks to the image if necessary.

## 6.16.5 Create

The ultrasound system supports creating a user-defined iWorks protocol based on user's habits.

1. Tap [Create] on the touch screen.
2. Press [Start] to start creating an iWorks protocol.

During creating, the red button of REC on the touch screen is blinking.

Press [New Group] to add more groups.

Press [Pause] to pause the creating.

Press [Continue] to continue the creating.

3. Press the [Stop] to enter Protocol Setup and Review page.

You can rename Groups, Views, or Protocols.

Select type from the drop-down list as Sequence, Random, or Insert Protocol.

Tap or click [Save] to temporarily save the creating.

4. Tap or click [Generate Protocol] to generate a user-defined iWorks protocol.

# 7 3D/4D

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**NOTE:**

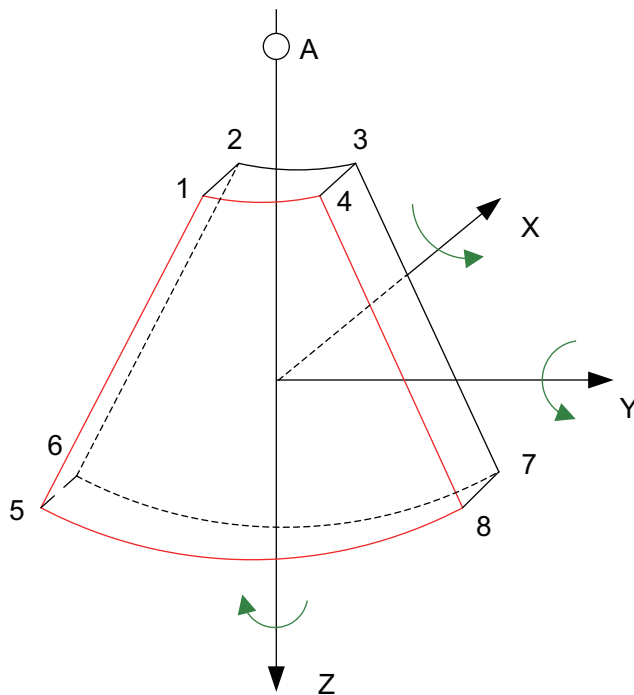
3D/4D imaging is largely environment-dependent, so the images obtained are provided for reference only, not for confirming a diagnosis.

---

## 7.1 Overview

The ordinary 2D imaging has the limitations on viewing the overall structure and different planes of the target. However, 3D imaging can obtain the reference information by overall observation.

### 7.1.1 Terms



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A	View point
---	------------

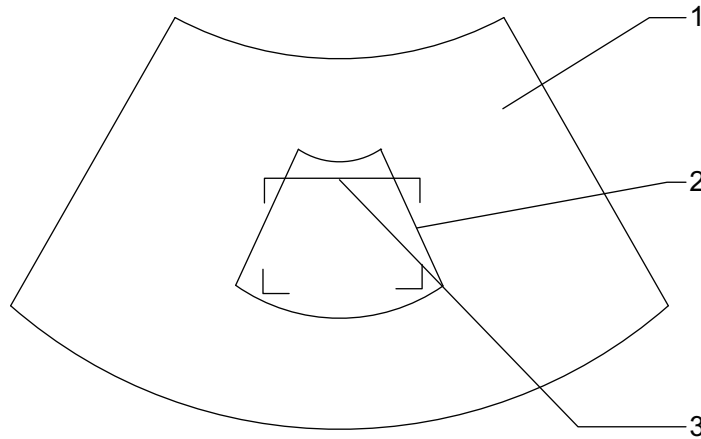
---

- Volume data: to obtain the data collection of three-dimensional object via the sequence reconstruction to two-dimensional object.
- 3D image Volume Rendering (VR): the 3D image on the screen.
- View point: the position for viewing volume data/3D image.
- MultiPlaner Rendering (MPR): a tangent plane of the 3D image that obtained by algorithm. Of which, XY-paralleled plane is C-plane, XZ-paralleled plane is B-plane, and YZ-paralleled plane is A-plane. YZ-paralleled plane is B-section. The probe is moved along the X-axis.

- ROI (Region of Interest): a volume box used to determine the height and width of scanning volume.
- VOI (Volume of Interest): a volume box used to display 3D image (VR) by adjusting interesting region in MPR.

## 7.1.2 ROI and VOI

After the system enters 3D/4D imaging, a B image with ROI displays on the screen. A line (shown in the following figure) that shows the upper edge position of VOI is inside ROI.



1	B image	2	ROI
3	Cut plane		

- ROI adjustment: roll the trackball to change the ROI size and position, press <Set> to toggle between setting the size (dotted line) and position (solid line).
- Curved VOI adjustment: change the curved shape of the nearest VOI section (front section), to facilitate observation for the interested volume data. It can be adjusted both in acquisition preparation status, and in A, B, C sections of review/ 4D imaging status, while a triangle of control point on the curved VOI is displayed.

Depending on the view direction, the orientation and the shape (line or dot) of curved VOI vary:

View	Curved VOI
U/D	At the upper part of curved VOI
D/U	At the lower part of curved VOI
L/R	At the left part of curved VOI
R/L	At the right part of curved VOI
F/B	Displays as a dot
B/F	Displays as a dot

### NOTE:

To define a ROI, please remove the useless data as to reduce the volume data and shorten the time for image storing, processing and reconstruction.

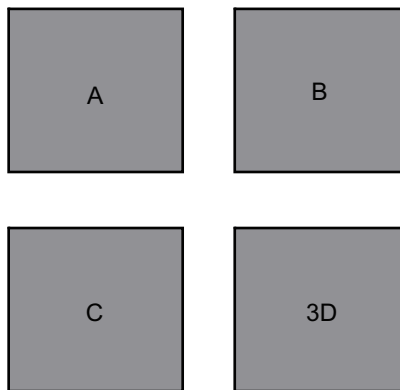
## 7.1.3 About the probes

A 2D imaging probe can be applied for Smart 3D imaging, however, to realize Static 3D imaging, 4D imaging, STIC, iPage, SCV, CMPR, Color 3D or Niche, a volume probe should be selected.

### 7.1.4 MPR

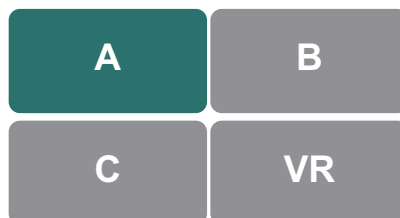
MPR represents three different views of 3D image.

In the quad display format view, the screen displays 3 MPRs (A, B and C) and the 3D image.

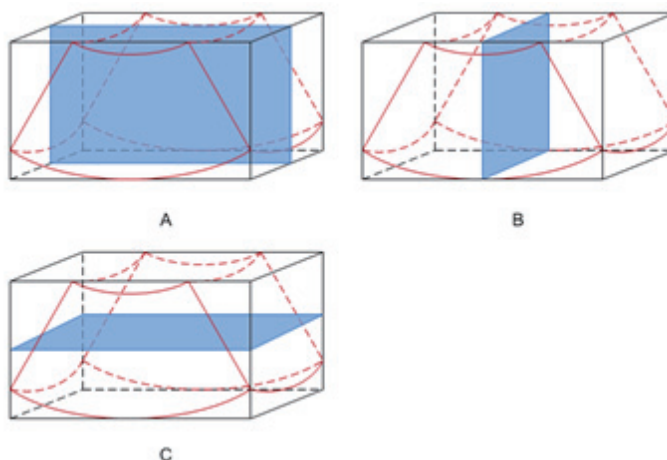


A	A window	B	B window
C	C window	3D	3D window (VR)

On the touch screen, the current window's icon is highlighted; as shown in the figure below, A window is the currently activated window.



A, B, C sectional images are corresponding to the following sections of 3D image.



- Section A: corresponds to the 2D image in B mode. Section A is the sagittal section in fetal face up posture, as shown in the figure A above.
- Section B: it is the horizontal section in fetal face up posture, as shown in the figure B above.

- Section C: it is the coronal section in fetal face up posture, as shown in the figure C above.

The upper part of the 3D image in the 3D window is corresponding to the orientation mark on the probe, if the fetal posture is head down (orientating the mother's feet), and the orientation mark is orientating the mother's head, then the fetus posture is head down in the 3D image, you can make the fetus head up by rotating the 3D image by tapping [180°] on the touch screen.

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## **⚠ CAUTION**

The ultrasound images are provided for reference only, not for confirming a diagnosis. Please use caution to avoid misdiagnosis.

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### 7.1.5 Free View

With this function, probe scanning direction can be controlled just by changing the probe scanning angle, the interested image can be easily found without any actual probe position and direction change. It not only reduces the operations, but most importantly, it decreases the discomfort of patients resulted from probe moving.

When the intra-cavity 4D probe is activated, the parameter [Free View] can be adjusted on the B image touch screen for adjusting the probe angle.

Range: -45° to +45°.

In increments of 5°.

### 7.1.6 Wire cage

When you view a 3D image on the display monitor, it's sometimes difficult to recognize the orientation. The system displays a three-dimensional drawing to illustrate the orientation for help. Of which, the blue plane presents the image acquisition where started, while the red plane presents the image acquisition where ended. Besides, a yellow plane in the wire cage presents the position of the MPR.



## 7.2 Note before Use

The quality of images reconstructed in the freehand 3D mode is closely related to the fetal condition, angle of a B tangent plane and scanning technique. The following Smart 3D description uses the fetal face imaging as an example, the other parts imaging are same as 3D/4D imaging.

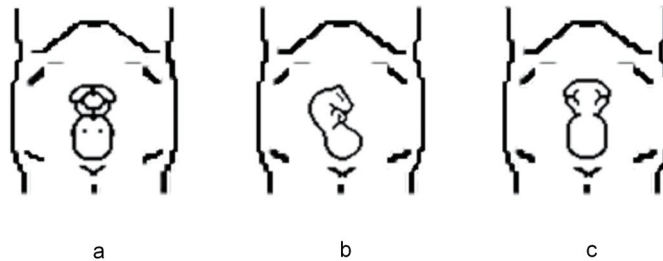
---

### **NOTE:**

- In accordance with the ALARA (As Low As Reasonably Achievable) principle, please try to short the sweeping time after a good 3D imaging is obtained.
  - A region with qualified image in B mode may not be optimal for 3D imaging. E.g. adequate AF isolation for one section plane of 2D image doesn't mean the whole desired region is isolated by AF for 3D imaging.
  - More practices are needed for a high success of qualified 3D imaging.
  - Even with good imaging condition, to acquire an approving 3D image may need more than one scanning.
-

## Fetal Condition

- Gestational age  
Fetuses of 24~30 weeks old are the most appropriate to 3D imaging.
- Fetal body posture  
Recommended: Cephalic face up (figure a) or face aside (figure b); NOT recommended: Cephalic face down (figure c).



- Amniotic fluid (AF) isolation
  - The region desired is isolated by amniotic fluid adequately.
  - The region for imaging is not covered by limbs or umbilical cord.
- The fetus keeps still. If there is a fetal movement, you need a rescan when the fetus is still.

## Angle of a B tangent plane

The optimum tangent plane to the fetal face 3D imaging is the sagittal section of the face. To ensure high image quality, you'd better scan maximum face area and keep edge continuity.

## Image quality in B mode (2D image quality)

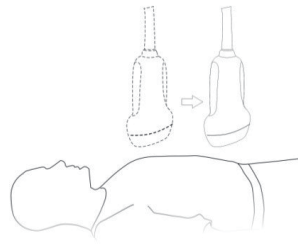
Before entering 3D capture, optimize the B mode image to ensure:

- High contrast between the desired region and the amniotic fluid surrounded.
- Clear boundary of the desired region.
- Low noise of the amniotic fluid area.

## Scanning technique (only for Smart 3D)

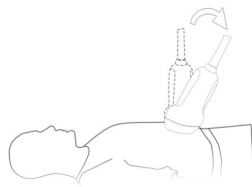
- Stability: body, arm and wrist must move smoothly, otherwise, the restructured 3D image distorts.
- Slowness: Move or rotate the transducer slowly. The speed of linear scan is about 2 cm/s and the rotation rate of the fan scan is about 10°/s ~ 15°/s.
- Evenness: move or rotate the transducer at a steady speed or rate.
- Method  
Capture images using Linear scan or Rocked scan.
  - Linear scanning

Move the probe across the surface.



– Rocked scanning

Rotate the probe once from the left to the right side (or from the right to the left) to include the entire desired region.

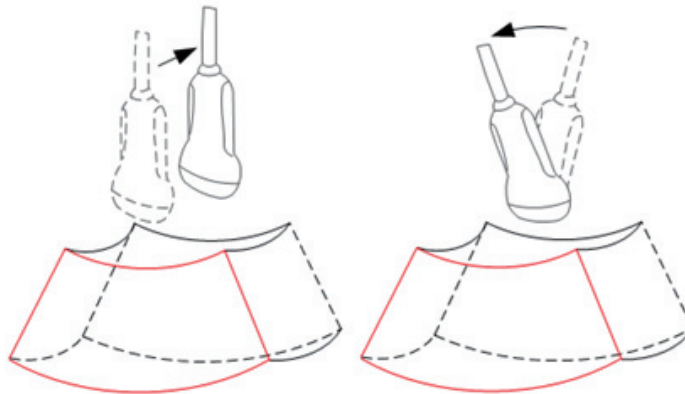


• Scanning plane and probe movement

Move the probe across the body surface.

The arrow in the figure below indicates the movement of the probe.

You can move the probe in the opposite direction to the arrow.



## 7.3 Static 3D

Static 3D provides single frame image acquisition of 3D images. During the scanning; the probe performs the scanning automatically.

### 7.3.1 Basic Procedures for Static 3D Imaging

Perform the following procedure:

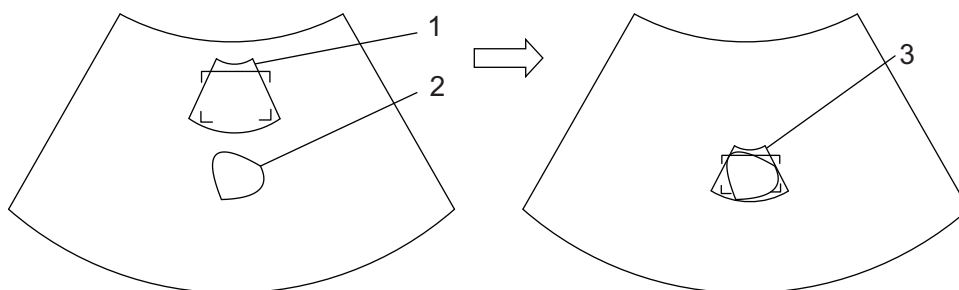


1. Select the proper probe and exam mode; make sure there is sufficient gel on the probe for scanning.
2. Obtain a 2D image, and optimize the image if necessary.
3. Tap [3D] or press the user-defined <3D> key to enter Static 3D mode, and define the ROI and curved VOI.

Methods to adjust the ROI:

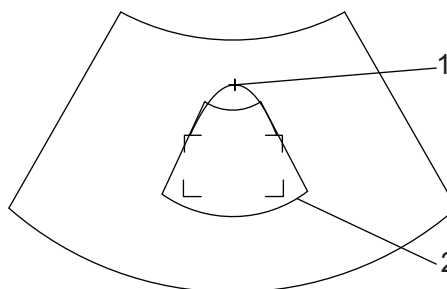
- Under acquisition preparation status: Roll the trackball to change the ROI size, position and curved VOI, press the right <Set> key to toggle among setting the ROI position, size or curved VOI. Press the left <set> key to adjust VOI angle.
- Tap [Flip VOI] to flip VOI. Tap [Reset VOI] to reset the angle of VOI to the original status.
- Enter touch screen mapping mode.

Draw a circle on the desired area. Move ROI over the circle to adjust the size and position of ROI. Roll the trackball or press <Set> to adjust ROI.



1	ROI	2	Draw a circle here
3	ROI cover this area		

Move the cursor over the VOI, and move the cursor to the desired area to adjust the VOI curve.



1	Cross cursor on the VOI curve	2	ROI
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To setting the ROI, make sure:

- Set ROI on the 2D image with the largest section area of the fetal face.
- Set ROI a little larger than the fetal head.

**NOTE:**

To define a ROI, please try to cut the useless data as to reduce the time for image storing, processing and reconstruction.

4. Select the render mode, and set the quality and angle parameter.

5. Press <Update> to start capturing 3D.

During the acquisition, a progress bar is displayed to indicate the acquisition progress.

The system enters into 3D image review status when the acquisition is completed.

In image review status, you can perform operations like VOI setting, parameter adjustment, comments, image saving, image cutting, etc. For details, please see “7.3.3 Static 3D Image Viewing”.

6. Exit static 3D.

Press <B> or press user-defined <3D> key to exit Static 3D mode. It returns to B mode.

## 7.3.2 Static 3D Acquisition Preparation

Use the touch screen to select application scenario in acquisition preparation status.

Parameters of Static 3D Acquisition Preparation

Type	Parameter	Description
Parameter adjusting	3D/4D Scenario Setting	Select 3D/4D scenario based on different scenario application.
	Quality	To adjust the image quality by changing the line density. Image quality can affect the imaging speed that the better the image quality is, the longer the time needs. Tap [Quality] on the touch screen.
	Angle	To set the motion angle the probe covered during a fan sweep.
STIC	Based on the movements of the fetus, rebuilt and show the anatomical structure within a physical movement by using the interconnection between the time and the space.	

## 7.3.3 Static 3D Image Viewing

To enter/exit image viewing

- Enter: The system enters image viewing when 3D image acquisition is finished.
- Exit: Press <Freeze> or <Update> to return to image acquisition preparation status and to exit image reviewing.

### 3D/4D Scenario

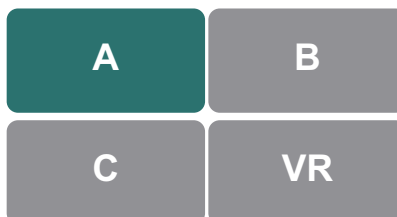
This function provides users multiple groups of preset 3D/4D parameters based on different application scenarios to quickly obtain expected image effect.

Tap [3D/4D scenario] to select a desired scenario and subpreset (rendering mode) under each scenario to view images. The parameters of each rendering mode are preset to different values.

Default scenarios and rendering modes of each probe and exam mode are different. You can customize the 3D/4D scenario in QSave.

## Activate MPR

On the [VR] subtab, tap [A], [B], [C] or [VR] to activate sectional plane image (MPR) or 3D image (VR).

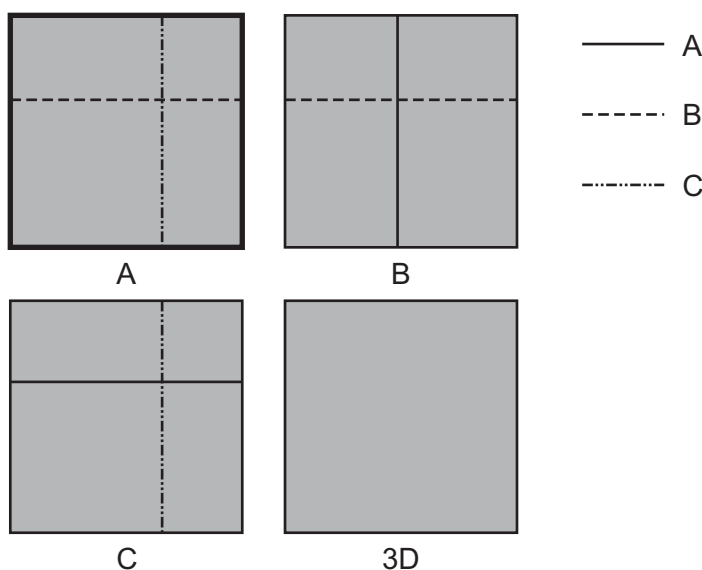


## MPR Viewing

In actual display, different colors of the window box and the section line are used to identify the section A, B and C.

- The color of window A is blue, and the color of the lines (representing section A) displayed in the other two windows is blue as well.
- The color of window B is yellow, and the color of the lines (representing section B) displayed in the other two windows is yellow as well.
- The color of window C is orange, and the color of the lines (representing section C) displayed in the other two windows is orange as well.

Positions of the other two sectional planes are indicated in the selected plane. You can roll the track ball to change the position.



## MPR Only

Tap the [MPR] subtab on the touch screen to display section images. And the adjustable image parameters are changed into MPR parameters automatically.

Only A, B and C section images are displayed, and 3D image is not displayed.

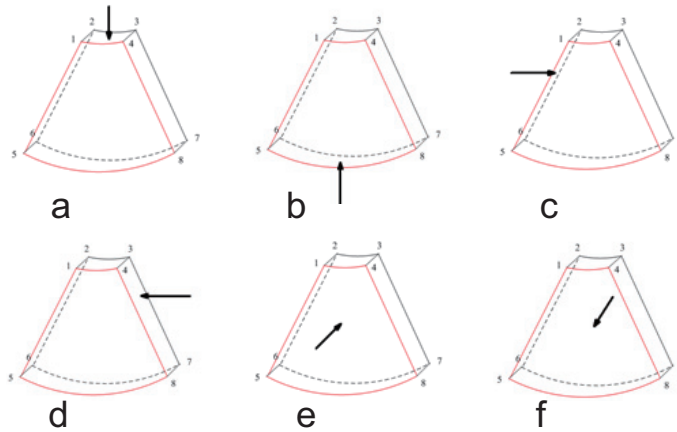
## Asymmetric

Tap  on the [Adv.] subtab to display section images along with 3D image.

## View Direction

The Region of Interest (ROI) contains the section of the volume you want to render. You can adjust the view direction of the ROI.

The system supports the observation of 3D/4D image from 6 directions.



a Up/Down	b Down/Up	c Left/Right
d Right/Left	e Front/Back	f Back/Front

Select [Up/Down], [Left/Right] or [Front/Back] on the [Adv.] subtab to select the direction of the figure a, c and e.

Tap [Flip] on the [VR] subtab to observe by the converse direction of the current direction, which is equivalent of the 180°rotarion of current VOI.

### Adjust VOI

Adjusting the VOI box size and position is to select the volume data needed to restructure the 3D image and improve the reconstruction effect.

- VOI On  
3D image (VR) image displays VOI information.
  - a. In image viewing status, set [VOI] to be “On”.
  - b. Select a desired section plane by tapping [A], [B] or [C] or [VR].
  - c. Roll the trackball to adjust VOI position, size and curved VOI, and press <Set> to toggle among the adjusting status.

- VOI Off  
3D image (VR) image displays ROI information.  
Set [VOI] to be “Off”, then the ROI image is displayed on the screen, roll the trackball to observe section images.

### Accept VOI

This function is usually used for section image observation and to determine the relative position of the section image to the VR.

1. Set [VOI] to be “Fixed”.
2. Select a desired MPR image by taping [A], [B] or [C].
3. Roll the trackball to view the current active section image, and the other section images change correspondingly.

In Accept VOI status, when the 3D image is active or the section image which is perpendicular to the view direction is active, center point of the 3D image displays, and you can adjust the position by rolling the trackball.

## The adjustment of Rendering Parameters

In image viewing status, you can render the image by adjusting the relevant parameters.

Tap [VR] or [MPR] on the touch screen to select the VR parameter or MPR parameter.

- Tap the [VR] subtab, adjust parameters of 3D image (VR).
- Tap the [MPR] subtab, adjust parameters of sectional image.

You can adjust:

Parameter	Description
Threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To set the threshold for 3D image rendering. 3D image is rendered on the signal above thresholds by eliminating noise via the Threshold parameter. Lower threshold can eliminate lower range noises and echo, which will contribute to a clearer and smoother image.</li> <li>• Available only in Surface rendering mode.</li> </ul>
Opacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To adjust the transparency value for 3D image rendering. It implies the transparency of the light. The higher the value is, the tougher the surface becomes.</li> <li>• The lower the number is, the more transparent the gray scale information will be.</li> <li>• Available only in Surface rendering mode.</li> </ul>
Smooth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To set the smoothness of 3D image.</li> <li>• 0 refers to no smooth effect.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Insufficient smoothness can result in a fuzzy image; however, too much smoothness will lead to image distortion.</p>
Brightness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To set the brightness of image.</li> <li>• 0% represents the minimum brightness, while 100% represents the maximum.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The adjustment for 3D (VR) and MPR.</p>
Contrast	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set the contrast scale of the image (contrast).</li> <li>• As long as the contrast becomes larger, the bright spot and dark spot on the image change as well.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The adjustment for 3D (VR) and MPR.</p>
Tint	Enable/disable tint map. The color of image changes according the tint value.
Quick Rotation	Tap [0°], [90°], [180°], or [270°] to rotate the 3D image quickly.
3D iClear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function: Use the 3D self-adaptation filter to strengthen the space continuity of the tissue structure, and provide speckle noise suppression, and improve the image contrast effect, so as to optimize the volume image data.</li> <li>• Select VR image. Adjust 3D iClear to optimize VR image.</li> <li>• Select MPR image. Adjust 3D iClear to optimize MPR image.</li> </ul>
Face <sup>+</sup>	Optimize the signal of the face area to reduce the noise of the AF area and improve the signal-noise ratio of the face area, make the face more fullness to easily obtain the image of fetal face.

Parameter	Description
VR Refine	Optimize the signal-noise ratio and the contrast of VR image.
MagiClean	Reduce the noise and keep the boundary of the image more clearly. Available only in Surface rendering mode.
Depth VR	Superimpose the tint map basic on the VR image to improve the stereoscopic sensation and the contrast of the image.
Hyaline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Function: Improve the transparency in iLive rendering mode to observe the tissue, such as cyst.</li> <li>Adjust method: The merging ratio of two render modes between Hyaline and iLive is 100%.</li> <li>Effect: Adjust the merging ratio of two render modes between Hyaline and iLive</li> </ul>
Thickness	Adjust the rendering thickness of the section.

## Reset Curve

Parameter	Description	
Reset	Ori	To reset the volume rotation, shifting and zooming of 3D image to original status.
	All	To reset the parameters, rendering rotation, VOI and image effect.
	Curve	To reset the curve to be the original beeline.

## Render Mode

The rendering manners can be applied to both gray and inversion modes.

Function: to inverse the echo of the 3D image, so as to enhance observation for low-echo region, applicable for vessel, cyst and etc.

When the function is turned on, the rendering mode parameters change into the corresponding inverse parameters.

Surface	<p>Set Surface as 3D image rendering mode. Applicable for surface imaging, such as fetus face/hand or foot.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> You may have to adjust the threshold to obtain a clear body boundary.</p>
Max	<p>Set Max as 3D image rendering mode, displays the maximum echo intensity in the observation direction. This is helpful for viewing bony structures.</p>
Min	<p>Set Min as 3D image rendering mode, displays the minimum echo intensity in the observation direction. This is helpful for viewing vessels and hollow structures.</p>
X Ray	<p>Set X-ray as 3D image rendering mode. Displays the average value of all gray values in the ROI. This is used for imaging tissues with different structure inside or tissues with tumor.</p>

iLive	Add the light rendering effect based on the general rendering effect. iLive cannot be selected as sub render mode. When it is set as main render mode, the sub render mode is disabled.
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## Rotate the Image

### NOTE:

You can view the back of the VR by rotating it 180°. The back view image may not be as vivid as the front. (Here we call the initial view of the VR the “front”). It is recommended to re-capture rather than rotate the VR if a certain desired region is obscured in the VR.

- Axial rotation

Axial rotation is to rotate the 3D image around the X, Y or Z axis.

Rotate the corresponding knobs to make the image rotate:

- To rotate along X-axis: rotate <M> button on the control panel clockwise, the image rotates right along the X-axis, and rotate the button anticlockwise, the image rotates left.
- To rotate along Y-axis: rotate <PW> button on the control panel clockwise, the image rotates right along the Y-axis, and rotate the button anticlockwise, the image rotates left.
- To rotate along Z-axis: rotate <C> button on the control panel clockwise, the image rotates right along the Z-axis, and rotate the button anticlockwise, the image rotates left.

Or, enter the touch screen mapping mode and hide the tool bar. Rotate the image by touching the image window and move slowly.

- To rotate along the X-axis: flip from top to bottom and the image rotates right along the X-axis. Swipe from bottom to top and the image rotates to the left.
- To rotate along the Y-axis: swipe from left to right and the image rotates right along the Y-axis. Swipe right to left and the image rotates to the left.

- Auto Rotation

1. In 3D viewing mode, tap the [Auto Rotation] subtab under [Tools] tab on the touch screen, system enters into auto rotation preparation state.
2. Select [Left/Right] or [Up/Down] to set the auto rotation direction.
3. Select the angle under rotation range to set the auto rotation range.
4. Set Start position and End position:
  - Start position: roll the trackball to view to a certain position, tap [Set Start].
  - End position: roll the trackball to view to a certain position, tap [End Start].
5. Set rotation mode: tap ⇐ for single direction rotation; tap ⇌ for bidirectional rotation. Select [Step] to set the auto rotation increment.
6. Tap ▶ to start auto rotation. Select [Speed] to adjust the rotation speed.

## Inversion

Function: vessel shape is correct with the capture target. The vessel wall is smooth and clear.

## Surface Enhancement

This function is to make the edge structure of the image and surface details clearer, so as to enhance the overall contrast.

Select [Surf. ENH] to adjust the enhancement level.

The higher the level is, the clearer the edge structure of the image is.

When the level is higher than 0 and [Move Light] is highlighted, image close to the light source is clearer, and image away from the light source is darker.

## Move the light

This function is to adjust the position of the light source as VR is considered. The image becomes clearer as keeping closer to the light.

Adjustment: roll the trackball and change the light position to make fine adjustments after tapping [Move Light].

## Image Zooming

Adjust the zoom factor of 3D image, the section images will be zoomed in/out accordingly.

Switch the current window to 3D window. Rotate <Depth/Zoom> to change the magnification factor.

## Sync

This function is to switch the direction of the image to the direction that is perpendicular to the current active plane, so as to get a better observation.

## Comments and Body Mark

Add comments and body mark on MPR and 3D image.

The operations are the same with these in B mode.

## Image Editing

Image cutting is a more elaborate function than VOI adjusting to optimize the 3D by clipping the part that blocks the ROI (region of interest).

---

### NOTE:

- In image cutting status, image parameter cannot be edited. There displays a cutting cursor **+**, and the system enters “Accept VOI” status.
  - The editing function is only available on 3D image.
- 

Perform the following procedure:

1. Enter image cutting status by tapping [Tools] tab page.
2. Select an edit/erase tool:
  - Polygon: Press <Set> to position the start point, roll the trackball to set a region and press <Set> to trace the region. When the start point and the end point coincide, the region is selected or you can press <Set> twice to finish tracing. Move the cursor to the region you want to edit and press <Set> again to edit.
  - Contour: Press <Set> to position the start point, roll the trackball to trace the region. When the start point and the end point coincide, the region is selected or you can press <Set> twice to finish tracing. Move the cursor to the region you want to edit and press <Set> again to edit.
  - Rectangle: Press <Set> to fix the rectangle position, roll the trackball to change the size, and press <Set> again to finish rectangle drawing.
  - Line: Press <Set> to position the start point and the system will display a reference line, roll the trackball to set the line orientation and press <Set> to start drawing, press <Set> when ends are necessary; press <Set> twice to finish drawing. Move the cursor to the region you want to edit and press <Set> again to edit.



- Rubber: Press <Set> to position the start point and roll the trackball to select the region. Press <Set> when ends are required. You can repeat the step to erase all parts blocking the interesting region.

You can select [Eraser Diam.] to adjust the eraser diameter.

To undo one operational step, tap [Undo] on the touch screen and to undo all operational steps, tap [Undo All] and start a new editing operation.

## Measurement

2D related measurement can be performed. For details, please refer to "Advanced Volume".

---

### NOTE:

Capturing preparation does not support the measurement.

---

## Image Saving

- Image saving:
  - In the 3D Review mode, press <Save+> (with user-defined saving function) to save the current image and volume data to the patient information management system in the set format.
  - Save cine: in 3D viewing mode, press the user-defined save key to save CIN-format clip to the hard drive.
- Image review:
 

Open an image file to enter the image review mode. In this mode, you can perform the same operations as what you can in review mode.

## 7.4 Color 3D

Color 3D imaging provides more visualized flow information, especially in heart and kidney application, which helps in observing cardiovascular diseases.

### 7.4.1 Basic Procedures for Color 3D

1. Enter into color 3D image acquisition preparation status:
  - a. Obtain a feasible Power/Color image with the volume probe.
  - b. Tap [3D]/[4D] or press the user-defined <3D>/<4D> key to enter 3D/4D image acquisition preparation status.
2. Set the acquisition, displaying related parameters, select acquire mode.
3. Press <Update> to begin image acquisition.
4. After the acquisition is completed, the system enters into image view status; you can perform operations like image edit and storage.
5. Save image as necessary.

### 7.4.2 Operation Controls

#### Display

You can choose to display only color images or gray scale images, or to mix them.

#### Priority

To determine color information displayed on gray scale images.

**Threshold**

To eliminate color noise and motion artifacts.  
Affects MPR as well as VR.

**Opacity**

To set the transparency value for VR rendering.

**Smooth**

To smooth the Color image and erase artifacts by time averaging.

**Mix**

To adjust mix percentage of gray scale information and color information. When display format is 2D&C, you can adjust this parameter.

**Image Zooming**

Same as in 3D/4D mode.

**Comment & Body Mark**

Operations are the same as those in the other modes.

**MPR Measurement**

2D related measurement can be performed on MPR. For details, please refer to "Advanced Volume".

---

**NOTE:**

You cannot perform measurement on acquisition preparation status.

---

## 7.5 4D

4D provides continuous, high volume acquisition of 3D images.

The probe performs the scan and renders the image automatically without the move of the probe.

Image acquisition operations of 4D are basically similar with that of Static 3D, the only difference is: in static 3D mode, only a single frame 3D image captured, while in 4D mode, continuous, high volume acquisition of 3D images are provided.

---

**NOTE:**

4D is not supported when the system is powered by battery.

---

### 7.5.1 4D Procedures

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the proper probe and exam mode; make sure there is sufficient gel on the probe for scanning.
2. Obtain a 2D image, and optimize the image if necessary.
3. Tap [4D] on the touch screen, or press the user-defined <4D> key to enter 4D image acquisition preparation status.
4. Adjust ROI size and position and the VOI. The operations are same with these in static 3D mode.

**NOTE:**

To define a ROI, please try to cut the useless data as to reduce the time for image storing, processing and reconstruction.

5. Select the render mode, and set the quality and angle parameter.
6. Press <Update> to enter the 4D real-time imaging status.
7. Press <Freeze> to freeze the image, you can perform image editing, rotation, comment and body mark adding and etc.
8. Exit 4D imaging.
  - Press <Update>. The system returns to 4D image preparation state.
  - Or press <B> to exit 4D mode.

## 7.5.2 4D Acquisition Preparation

Set the parameters before the acquisition. The settings for 4D mode are same with static 3D's.

## 7.5.3 4D Image Review

The settings for 4D mode are same with static 3D's.

### 4D image Review on Frozen State

In 4D real-time display mode, press <Freeze> to enter the frozen mode.

Tap [Auto Play] to switch between auto play cine or manual play cine on cine page. Tap [Auto Play] and rotate [Angle] to select the play speed. Move the track ball to select the frame, tap [Start Frame]/[End Frame] and rotate [Angle] to set the start frame/end frame, tap [Start Frame] to jump to the first frame.

**NOTE:**

The operation of 4D image on frozen state is same with these in static 3D.

### 4D Image Saving

- In the 4D Review mode, press <Save+> (with user-defined saving function) to save the current image to the patient information management system in the set format.
- Save cine: in 4D viewing mode, press the user-defined save key to save CIN-format clip to the hard drive.

### 3D/4D Fast Switching

Press the user-defined <3D> key to enter 3D acquisition. After completing the acquisition, the image is obtained.

Press the user-defined <4D> key to enter 4D review mode. The active image can be obtained.

## 7.6 Smart 3D

The operator moves the probe to change its position/angle when performing the scanning. After the scanning, the system carries out image reconstruction, and then displays a single frame of 3D image.

If the system is only set up with Smart 3D module, press the user-defined <3D> key to enter Smart 3D imaging mode.

**NOTE:**

- 4D probe does not support Smart 3D imaging.
- In Smart 3D image scanning, if the probe orientation mark is oriented to the operator's finger, perform the scan from right to left in linear scan, or rotate the probe from left to right in rocked scanning. Otherwise, the VR direction will be wrong.

## 7.6.1 Smart 3D Procedures

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the proper probe and exam mode; make sure there is sufficient gel on the probe for scanning.
2. Obtain a 2D image, and optimize the image if necessary.
3. Tap [3D] or press the user-defined <3D> key to enter Smart 3D image acquisition preparation status.
4. Adjust ROI size and position and the position of VOI.
5. Select the render mode. Set the scan method and the movement of the probe (angle and distance).
6. Press <Update> to start 3D imaging.
7. The system enters into 3D image review status when the acquisition is completed; or, you can finish the acquisition ahead by pressing <Freeze> or <Update>.

**NOTE:**

In image review status, you can perform the same operations as in Static 3D.

8. Exit Smart 3D
  - Press <Update> or <Freeze> to return to Smart 3D acquisition preparation status.
  - Or press <B> to exit the mode.

## 7.6.2 Smart 3D Acquisition Preparation

Parameter	NOTE
3D/4D Scenario Setting	Select 3D/4D scenario based on different scenario application.
Method	Select the image acquisition method. The speed is related to scanning distance or angle.
Distance	To set the distance the probe covered from one end to the other end during the linear sweep.
Angle	To set the motion angle the probe covered during a fan sweep.
Acquiring Time	To set the acquiring time of the Smart 3D acquisition.

The smart 3D acquisition preparation is same with these in Static 3D and 4D.

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## 7.7 STIC (Spatio-Temporal Image Correlation)

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### **WARNING**

Diagnoses made only by assessing this 3D/4D acquisition are not permitted. Every diagnostic finding has to be evaluated in 2D as well.

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STIC function provides sectional images of high spatial resolution as well as good time resolution, which is mainly used in fetal heart observation and cardiac hemodynamic exams.

Acquired images are post processed to calculate a Volume Cine sequence representing one complete heart cycle.

In order to achieve a good result, try to adjust the size of the volume box and the sweep angle to be as small as possible. The longer the acquisition time, the better the spatial resolution will be.

The user must be sure that there is minimal movement of the participating persons (e.g., mother and fetus), and that the probe is held absolutely still throughout the acquisition period.

Movement will cause a failure of the acquisition. If the user (trained operator) clearly recognizes a disturbance during the acquisition period, the acquisition has to be cancelled.

---

### **CAUTION**

- One or more of the following artifacts in the data set indicate a disturbance during acquisition. In all of the following cases the data set has to be discarded and the acquisition has to be repeated.
    - Sudden discontinuities in the reference image B: These are due to motion of the mother, the fetus or fetal arrhythmia during acquisition.
    - Sudden discontinuities in the color display: Motion of the mother, the fetus or fetal arrhythmia affects the color flow in the same way it affects the gray image.
    - Fetal heart rate far too low or far too high: After acquisition the estimated fetal heart rate is displayed. If the value does not match the estimations based on other diagnostic methods at all, the acquisition failed and has to be repeated.
    - Asynchronous movement in different parts of the image: e.g., the left part of the image is contracting and the right part is expanding at the same time.
    - The color does not match the structure in the display format of grey mode: The color displays above or beneath the actual vessels.
    - Color “moves” through the image in a certain direction: This artifact is caused by a failure in detecting the heart rate due to low acquisition frame rate.
    - Use higher acquisition frame rate for better result.
  - It is not allowed to perform the STIC fetal cardio acquisition if there is severe fetal arrhythmia.
-

**NOTE:**

The system also supports color STIC 3D flow image function.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Obtain a feasible 2D image (fetus heart).  
To observe a small structure, zoom in the interested part (Usually Res Zooming is applied for good image quality).
2. Tap [3D]/[4D] or press the user-defined <3D>/<4D> key to enter 3D/4D image acquisition preparation mode.
3. Tap [STIC] to enter STIC acquisition preparation mode.
4. Set the acquisition, displaying related parameters.
  - Select the parameter package.
  - Set the acquiring time and angle according to the target size and the motion conditions.  
For fetus of 20-30 weeks, the acquisition time range are: 10 - 12.5s, and the angle range are: 10-20°.  
For gestation age of more than 20-30 weeks, the acquisition time should be about 15s, and the angle should be about 30°.
5. Adjust the size and position of the sample box to contain the interested region within the sample box.  
However, the box should be small enough to contain only the heart, not the whole thorax.  
In order to archive a good result, try to adjust the volume box and the sweep angle to be as small as possible. The longer the acquisition time, the better the spatial resolution will be.
6. Press <Update> to begin image acquisition.
  - Keep the probe still, the volume acquisition proceeds automatically and the acquired images are displayed.
  - To avoid external interference to the image, make sure that there is minimal movement of the mother.
  - In case of motion of the mother, the fetus or probe position change, cancel the current acquisition and begin for a new acquisition.

After the calculation, the estimated heart rate is shown on the screen.

7. Judge if the shown estimated heart rate is reasonable.
  - If the result is not reasonable, tap [REJECT HR] to perform the acquisition again.
  - Tap [ACCEPT HR] to accept the result and go to image review.
  - Tap [REJECT HR] to reject the HR but save the volume data.

Operations in review mode are the same as that of 4D cine review mode; please refer to the details in 4D chapter.

After STIC acquisition, press <Set> to switch between cine auto play mode and manual mode.

## 7.8 iLive

iLive brings you a better imaging experience by adding a light rendering effect to the traditional method. It supports the point lighting mode, parallel lighting mode as well as the torch lighting mode, allowing human tissue texture to be revealed more clearly.

**NOTE:**

iLive is available under Smart 3D, Static 3D and 4D modes. To use the iLive function, you must configure the Smart 3D module or the 4D.

**To Activate iLive**

Perform the following procedure:

1. Enter 3D/4D image viewing status, or double-click the saved 3D/4D cine file in the iStation or Review screen.
2. Tap [iLive] under the [Adv.] page on the touch screen to turn the function on, and adjust the parameters.

**Imaging using iLive**

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the imaging mode:
  - Use the ordinary probe and tap [3D] to enter Smart 3D.
  - Or, use 4D probe and tap [4D]/[3D] to enter 4D mode or Static 3D mode.
2. Select the render mode to be iLive by touching the touch screen, and set the related parameters (quality and angle, etc.).
3. Press <Update> to begin acquisition.
4. The system finishes acquisition and enters the image viewing screen.

In image review status, you can perform operations such as VOI setting, image editing, comment adding, body mark adding, etc.

5. Press <B> to exit the mode.

**Operation Controls**

Adjustable parameters for iLive are on the [Adv.] tab.

- Shading
 


Adjusts the effect of shadowing and scattering. When the selected level is 0, the rendered image will be bright and sharp, and the shadow border will be clear while the area of the shadow will be relatively small. As the level increases, the rendered image will become warmer but the details remain the same. Also, the shadow border will be smoother while the shadow area will be large.
- Light source adjustment
 

You can make fine adjustments by tapping [Move Light] and rolling the trackball to adjust.
- Grad View
 

After this function is activated, VR details will be revealed and enhanced.

Other operation controls and adjusting methods are similar to those in 3D/4D mode.

**Lighting Mode**

1. Tap  on the [iLive] item to enter the iLive settings interface.
2. Tap the desired lighting mode.

If necessary, adjust parameters for the selected lighting mode.

3. Tap [Return] to apply the selected lighting mode.

---

 Operation Controls for Lighting Mode Settings

Parameter	Description
VL Sat.	Adjust the saturation for light 1/2/3.
VL Hue	Adjust the color for light 1/2/3.
VL Dis.	Adjust the distance for light 1/2/3 when the light source is set to torch or point. The larger the distance, the more the illuminated part on the surrounding area of the image; vice versa.
VL Angle	Adjust the angle for light 1/2/3 when the light source is set to torch. The larger the angle, the larger the scope of light beam, and the larger the illuminated area; vice versa.
Copy to	Copy the lighting mode to customized lighting mode “User 1” or “User 2”.
Rotation	Roll the trackball to view sectional images as necessary. Rotate <M>, <PW>, <C> to perform axial rotation.

## 7.9 3D Layout

The function compiles the 3 MPRs together according to their relative positions, to provide a much clearer interior anatomical structure.

---

**NOTE:**

This function is provided by the [Niche] option, and does not support Smart 3D image data.

---

### Niche

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the [Tools] > [3D Layout] tab on the touch screen, then tap [Niche].
2. Tap [A]/[B]/[C]/[Niche] to select the reference plane as Plane A, Plane B, Plane C or Niche.
3. Set the view direction for niche display mode using the touch screen: from the front of the reference image or from the back.
4. Roll the trackball to view sectional images as necessary. Rotate <M>, <PW>, <C> to perform axial rotation.

### 3Slice

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select [Tools] > [3D Layout] tab on the touch screen, then tap [3Slice].
2. Tap [A]/[B]/[C]/[3Slice] on the touch screen to select the reference plane.
3. Roll the trackball to view sectional images as necessary. Rotate <M>, <PW>, <C> to perform axial rotation.

## 7.10 3D Reference Point

The function enables operators to define one or more reference points on MPRs, which are then projected to VR image. It is helpful for operators to better understand the corresponding spatial relations of VR image and MPRs.



1. Select the [VR] > [3D Ref] tab on the touch screen.
2. Tap [Input] on the touch screen, and a green cross mark appears on the screen.
3. Move the mark to the desired point and press the <Set> key to set the reference point.  
You can move the cursor onto the reference point and use the trackball and the <Set> key to move the reference point.
4. Tap [Display] to select the display mode.
  - a. [Point]: only the reference point is displayed.
  - b. [H Line]: The reference point and the horizontal line crossing the reference point are displayed.
  - c. [V Line]: The reference point and the vertical line crossing the reference point are displayed.
5. If necessary, tap [Delete] to delete the corresponding reference point.
6. After the four reference points are defined, you can Tap [Delete All] or [Hide All] to delete or hide all the reference points.
7. Tap [Return] to exit.

## 7.11 3D Print

The system supports to export 3D facial and limb data to external storage devices. Users can view the 3D contour model of fetus on the external electronic devices at any time. Users can also send the 3D print file to the 3D printing vendor to print the entity model.

---

### NOTE:

It can store, print, restart cine files which have been stored.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Obtains 3D or 4D single volume data. Select [3D Print].  
The primary screen switches to the dual-window mode. The left window is VR and the right window is the grid model.  
When you enter into 3D print for the first time, the system will automatically generate a grid model.
2. Select [Quality] to generate models with low, medium and high quality.
3. Select [Generate Mesh] and the system generate a grid model.
4. After the grid model is generated, the system supports simultaneous rotation, translation, and scaling of VR and grid models.
5. Select [File Format] to choose to export file format.  
The following formats are supported:
  - stl: STL Format
  - obj: Stanford Polygon Format
  - ply: Alias Wavefront Format
  - off: Point Cloud Format
  - 3mf: 3D Manufacturing Format
6. Select [Save mesh to USB] and export the 3D print files.

**NOTE:**

- If you want to view the 3D print files on the mobile phone, please download and install “EMB3D” application program first.
  - The Windows 10 computers supports to view 3D print files directly (except files in off format).
- 

## 7.12 Smart Volume

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** CAUTION**

The Smart Volume result is provided for reference only, not for confirming diagnoses.

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The system provides three fast volume calculation methods that can be used to calculate the volume of tissue structure or lesions. The methods are as follows.

- **Smart-V ROI:** The method uses computer technology to define and enclose a boundary of the target within the ROI area (the computer technology allows the ultrasound system to fit an ellipsoid that can be most approximate to the target) and then calculate this volume. It can be used to measure the volume of mass, gestational sac, bladder or gall bladder.
  - **Smart-V Trace:** The method uses computer technology to enclose a boundary of the target traced by the operator and then calculate this volume. It can be used to measure the volume of endometria or cerebellum.
  - **Smart-V Vocal:** The operator traces the boundary of the target on planes generated by rotation. Then the system fits a 3D contour based on the contours traced by the operator, and calculate this volume. It can be used to measure the volume of targets except for those in long and thin shape.
- 

**NOTE:**

- To ensure the accuracy of the result, ensure that the VOI position and size setting has entirely enclosed the target and is approximate to the target before using the Smart Volume function.
  - Smart Volume is not available for Smart 3D image.
- 

### 7.12.1 Basic Procedure

#### Smart-V ROI

Perform the following procedure:

1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data.
2. Tap [Smart-V] > [Smart V ROI] on the touch screen to enter Smart V ROI interface, and the system is in the “Adjust ROI” status ([Edit ROI] button is highlighted).
3. Set ROI position and size.
  - a. Select a desired MPR image by tapping [A], [B] or [C].
  - b. Roll the trackball to adjust ROI position and size, and press <Set> to switch between the adjusting status.
4. Tap [Calc], the system starts to calculate.
5. Auto calculation is finished:

- There are yellow solid curves enclosing target region on each MPR image (A, B, C) window.
  - 3D image (VR) displays image of the target region in red;
  - The calculation result is displayed on the lower left part of the screen.
6. Modify the contour of the calculated area and recalculate its volume, if necessary.
  7. Calculate the volume of the shell.
 

Tap [Shell] on the touch screen to select the shell type, select [Thickness] and rotate [Angle] to set the thickness. The calculation result is displayed on the lower left part of the screen.

**NOTE:**

To ensure the accuracy of the result, please make sure that the ROI position and size setting has entirely enclosed the target and is approximate to the target before using the Smart Volume function.

**Smart V Trace**

1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data.
2. Tap [Smart-V] > [Smart V Trace] on the touch screen to enter Smart V Trace interface, and the system is in the “Trace On MPRs” status.
3. Tap [Trace Mode] and rotate [Angle] to select the desired trace mode, and trace the contour on at least two MPRs.
4. Tap [Calc], and the system starts to calculate.
5. Auto calculation is finished:
  - There are yellow solid curves enclosing target region on each MPR image (A, B, C) window.
  - 3D image (VR) displays image of the target region in red;
  - The calculation result is displayed on the lower left part of the screen.
6. Modify the contour of the calculated area and recalculate its volume, if necessary.
7. Calculate the volume of the shell.
 

Tap [Shell] on the touch screen to select the shell type, select [Thickness] and rotate [Angle] to set the thickness. The calculation result is displayed on the lower left part of the screen.

**NOTE:**

To ensure the accuracy of the result, please make sure that the traced contour has entirely enclosed the target and is approximate to the target before using the Smart Volume function.

**Smart-V Vocal**

1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data.
2. Tap [Smart-V] > [Smart V Vocal] on the touch screen to enter Smart V Vocal interface, and the system is in the “Reference Line” status.
3. Use [Slice Num] to set the number of slices.
4. Set the reference line on one of the three MPRs by using the trackball and the set keys.
5. Use [Trace Mode] to select the desired trace mode.
6. Trace the contour on slices. The trace should cross the two round points of the reference line.
 

Tap [Next Slice]/[Previous Slice] to go to the next or previous slice.
7. After contours are traced on all the slices, tap [Calc Vol], and the system starts to calculate.

8. Auto calculation is finished:
  - There are yellow solid curves enclosing target region on each MPR image (A, B, C) window.
  - 3D image (VR) displays image of the target region in red;
  - The calculation result is displayed on the lower left part of the screen.

9. Modify the contour of the calculated area and recalculate its volume, if necessary.

10. Calculate the volume of the shell.

Tap [Shell] on the touch screen to select the shell type, select [Thickness] and rotate [Angle] to set the thickness. The calculation result is displayed on the lower left part of the screen.

---

**NOTE:**

To ensure the accuracy of the result, please make sure that the traced contour has entirely enclosed the target and is approximate to the target before using the Smart Volume function.

---

## 7.12.2 Result Display

After calculation, the following result will be displayed on the lower left part of the screen.

Whereas, L, W and H represent 3 diameter lengths of the fitting ellipsoid.

V represents calculated volume value.

MG represents Mean gray value; VI represents Vascularization Index; FI represents Flow Index; VFI represents Vascularization Flow Index.

## 7.12.3 Operation Controls

### Edit

After the calculation, you can modify the contour of the calculated area and recalculate its volume.

- For Smart-V ROI and Smart-V Trace:
  - Tap [Edit off] to enable the editing function.
  - Tap [Add] and then trace an enclosed area manually, and the area to be calculated will be enlarged to include the traced area.
  - Tap [Delete] and then trace an enclosed area manually in the already calculated area, and the area to be calculated will be narrowed down to exclude the traced area.
  - Tap [ROI Range] and rotate [Angle] to set ROI range. The operator can only trace the contour inside the ROI.
  - Tap [Undo] or [Redo] on touch screen to undo or redo previous editing. Tap [Undo All] to undo all editing steps.
  - Tap [ReCalc] to calculate the volume based on the new contour.
- For Smart-V Vocal:
  - Tap [Edit off] to enable the editing function. Then you can modify the contour on each slice.
  - Use [Win Format] to select the display format of slices.
  - Tap [Update Vol] to calculate the volume based on the new contour.

### MPR Thickness

Tap [Thickness] and rotate [Angle] to adjust the thickness of MPRs. The bigger the value is, the more the thickness information appears.

## Trace Mode

- Trace
  - a. Tap [Trace Mode] to select [Trace].
  - b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor and press right <Set> key to fix the starting point, move the cursor along the target to trace the outline, and press right <Set> twice to finish tracing. During tracing, press left <Set> to cancel a series of tracing, or you can roll the trackball backwards to delete latest tracing.  
Press <set> key to display “Cancel” status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the trace.
  
- Spline
  - a. Tap [Trace Mode] to select [Spline].
  - b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor and press right <Set> key to fix the starting point, move the cursor along the area of interest and press right <Set> to anchor several reference points; or press left <Set> to cancel a series of lines.
  - c. Press <Set> twice to set the end point of the spline.  
Press <set> key to display “Cancel” status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the spline.
  
- Smart Trace
  - a. Tap [Trace Mode] to select [Smart Trace].
  - b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor and press right <Set> key to fix the starting point, move the cursor along the target to trace the outline, and press right <Set> key twice to finish tracing. During tracing, press left <Set> to cancel a series of tracing, or you can roll the trackball backwards to delete latest tracing.  
Press <set> key to display “Cancel” status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the trace.
  
- Control Point
 

This mode can be used only after tracing is finished, and not support Smart-V ROI method.

  - a. Tap [Trace Mode] to select [Control Point].
  - b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor on the finished trace and press right <Set> key to select the point, move the cursor to the desired position, and press right <Set> key to fix the point. During tracing, press left <Set> to cancel the point moving.  
Press <set> key to display “Cancel” status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the trace.

## Display 2D or Color 3D

Tap [Display] to select 2D display or 2D+Color 3D display.

## Calculation

After tapping [Calc] or [ReCalc] to be on, the system starts calculation.

## Reset Curve

Tap [Smart-V Reset Ori] to reset the volume rotation, shifting and zooming to original status.

## 7.13 iPage<sup>+</sup>

iPage<sup>+</sup> is iPage+SCV function. iPage (Multi-Slice Imaging) is a “Visualization” mode for displaying sectional images. The data is presented as slices through the data set, which are parallel to each other. When SCV (Slice Contrast View) function is turned on, the system expands the parallel section images into a slice region with a specified thickness, and draws this region with 3D rendering effect to enhance the image.

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**NOTE:**

iPage<sup>+</sup> imaging is not available in Smart 3D mode.

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### 7.13.1 Operating Procedures

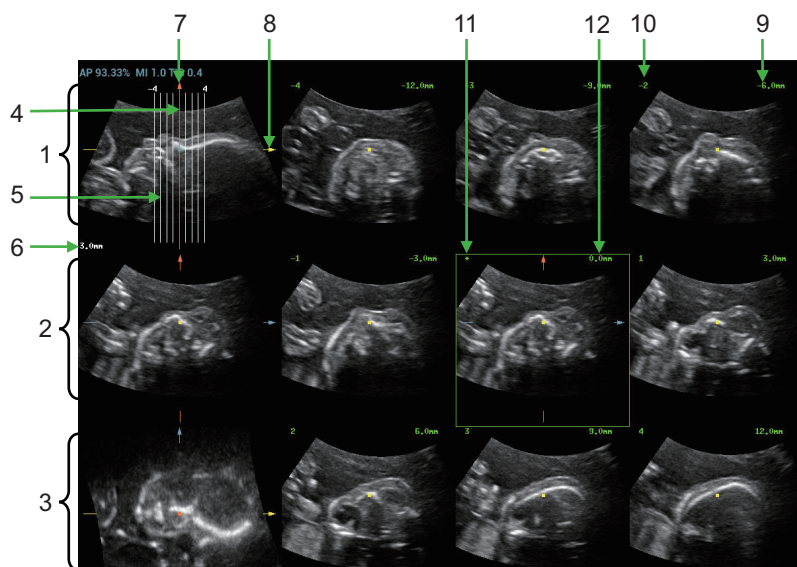
#### iPage operation

1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data.
  - Single-frame VR:
    - 4D mode: freeze the system, and then roll the trackball to select the image.
    - Static 3D: a frame of image is acquired after the acquisition is finished automatically.
  - Multi-frame 3D images: acquire multiple 3D images in 4D imaging mode.
2. Perform operations like rotation, VOI adjusting to the image to find the interested region.
3. Tap [iPage<sup>+</sup>] on touch screen.
4. Check A/B/C sectional planes, and select the reference image.
5. Confirm if the slices displayed are the target planes, if not, re-select the reference image again.
6. Observe the interested structure through multiple slices.
  - Select the proper image layout and space according to the size of the target structure.
  - To observe the details or the tiny part of the interested region, do image zooming please.
7. Rotate the 3D image to observe the slices of other orientations. Repeat step 6 if necessary.
  - If the target orientation and region cannot be observed even after image rotation, tap [Reset Ori.] to reset the 3D image.
8. Do operations like comment to the interested region.
9. Save images as necessary.

#### iPage+SCV operation

Adjust the parameter [Thickness] when SCV imaging is needed.

## 7.13.2 Basic Screen & Operation



1	A plane (the current reference image)	2	B plane	3	C plane
4	Central slice line (Current active slice)	5	Slice line	6	Space between two slice lines
7	Y-axis	8	X-axis	9	Slice position (to the central slice)
10	Slice order number	11	Central slice mark	12	Active slice be highlighted in green



### Layout

The system supports several types of displaying layout: 2\*2, 3\*3, 4\*4 and 5\*5, touch the corresponding icon on the touch screen to select, and the selection [Slices Number] changes accordingly.

### Reference image


Tap [A], [B], or [C] to select the reference image.



### Slice and slice line

- Central slice: the central slice line corresponding plane are the central slice, which is marked with a green “\*” at the upper left corner of the image.
- Tap  to place the slice lines vertically, and touch  to place the slice lines horizontally.
- Active slice: the green slice line corresponding plane is the active slice, which is marked with a green box. The default active slice is the central slice.
- Slice order number: indicating the order of the slices, the order of central slice is “0”, the slices before the central slice are marked with negative integral numbers, and the slices after the central slice are marked with positive integral numbers.
- Slice position (to the central slice): displayed at the upper left corner of each image, indicating the position of each image (such as -6mm, -3mm, 3mm, 6mm).

- Coordinate axis: indicated on the A, B, C three reference images, match together with the central slice line, and will move accordingly with the central slice line.

## Slice shifting

When  on the bottom of the main screen is highlighted, rotate the trackball, the section image is fixed and you can move the section line left and right or up and down.

When  on the bottom of the main screen is highlighted, rotate the trackball, the section line is fixed and you can move the section image left and right or up and down. Or click , and you can move the section image by rotating trackball.

## Spacing

The value is displayed at the upper left side of the slice, unit: mm. Tap [Spacing] and rotate <Angle> > to adjust the spacing.

## Slices number

Tap [Slices Number] on the touch screen, and then rotate <Angle> to change slices number.

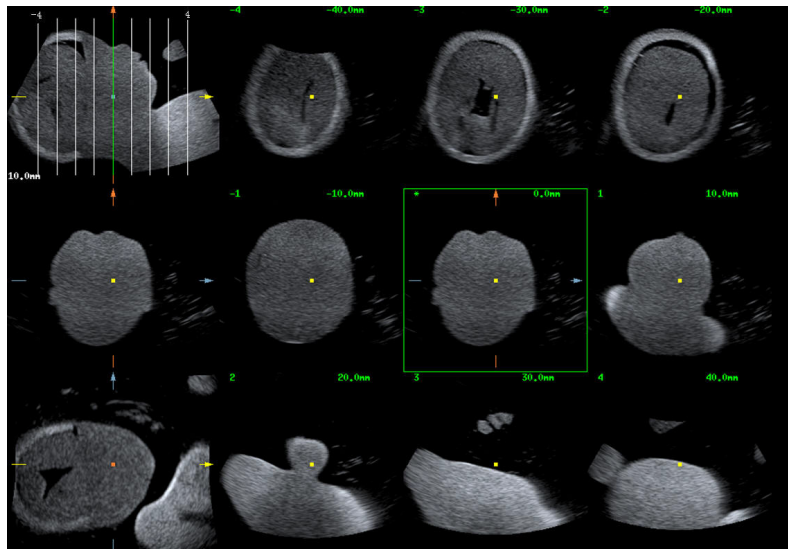
## Thickness

### TIP:

Thickness can not be larger than Spacing.

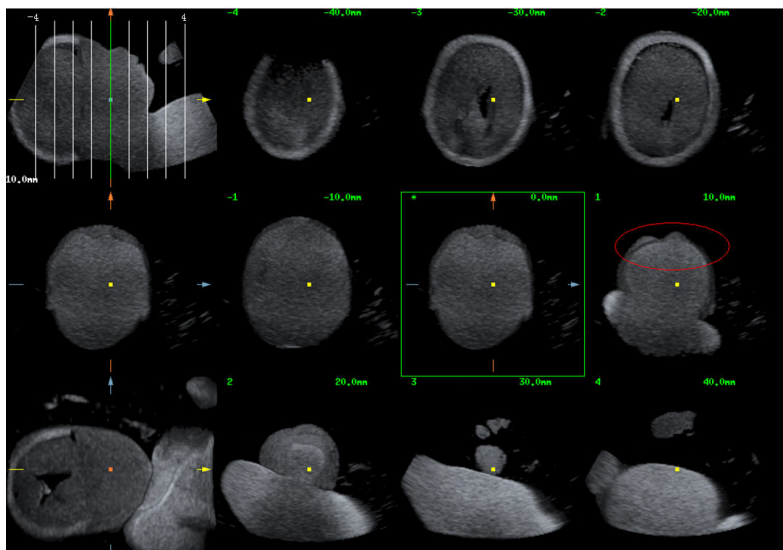
Tap [Thickness] on the touch screen, and then rotate <Angle> to adjust the SCV thickness. When the thickness value is larger than zero, the SCV function is on.

Figures below are the effect before and after the SCV function is turned on. You can see the body structure within the range of the thickness is added to the image after the SCV function is on.




Before





After

### Hide/show reference image

The system displays 3 standard sectional images (A plane, B plane, C plane) on the left side indicating the position of the slice lines; tap  to hide the 3 reference images, and then slices are displayed on the whole image area.

### Quick switch to single display

Select a certain slice, double click <Set> to see the slice full screen, and double click <Set> again to return to the original display format.

### Reset Ori.

Tap [Reset Ori.] to reset the orientation and zoom status of the image.

## 7.14 SCV<sup>+</sup>

SCV<sup>+</sup> is SCV (Slice Contrast View) +CMPR (Curved MPR).

SCV imaging can reduce speckle noise and improve contrast resolution as well as enhance signal-noise ratio, which helps in discovering diffuse pathology in organs.

The curved MPR function allows straightening of a curved surface/anatomy. In clinical application, this is usually used for imaging fetal spine.

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#### NOTE:

SCV<sup>+</sup> imaging is not available in Smart 3D mode.

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### 7.14.1 Basic Procedures

#### SCV operation

Perform the following procedure:

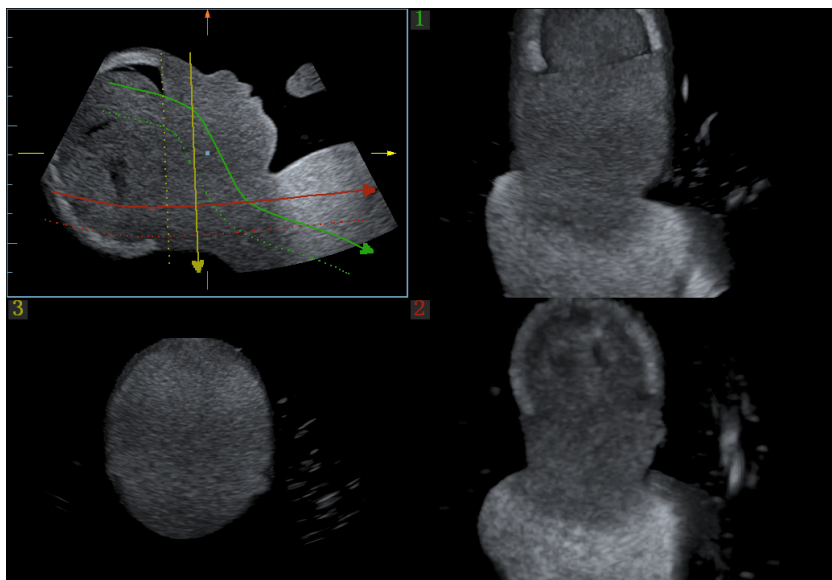
1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data.
2. Tap [SCV<sup>+</sup>] tab on the touch screen to enter SCV imaging, and the system displays three section images in A, B and C window.

3. Tap [Thickness] on the touch screen, and then rotate <Angle> to adjust imaging thickness.
4. Save images as necessary.

### SCV+CMPR operation

Perform the following procedure:

1. Enter SCV<sup>+</sup>.
2. Tap [A], [B] or [C] to select current window.
3. Tap [CMPR] to turn on the CMPR function. Window A on main screen displays the current window and three other windows are blank.
4. Select reference section, perform rotation and shifting operations to adjust image.
5. Tap [1], [2], or [3] button in [Active Quadrant].
6. Select trace options: tap [Line], [Trace] or [Spline].
7. Draw on the reference image. You can draw three curves at most and the CMPR imaging for the curve are displayed in the selected [1], [2] or [3] window respectively as shown in figure below.



8. Perform rotation and shifting operation to reference line.
9. Save images as necessary.

## 7.14.2 Operation Controls

### SCV

- Current Quadrant  
Tap [A], [B] and [C] to select current active section image.
- Reset  
Click [Reset All] in Reset field to reset parameters, orientation and zooming status.

### CMPR

Trace Options

- Line

Perform the following procedure:

- a. Tap [Line] on the touch screen.
- b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor and press right <Set> key to fix the starting point, rotate the trackball to extend the line and press right <Set> key again to finish drawing; or you can press left <Set> key to reset starting point.
- c. Tap [Line Extension] on the touch screen, and then rotate <Angle> to adjust the line length.
- d. After line is finished, press left <Set> key to change line position.
- e. Tap [Reset Curve] to cancel current drawing. Press <set> key to display "Cancel" status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the line.

- Trace

Perform the following procedure:

- a. Tap [Trace] on the touch screen.
- b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor and press right <Set> to fix the starting point, move the cursor along the target to trace the outline, and press right <Set> again to finish tracing. During tracing, press left <Set> to cancel a series of tracing, or you can roll the trackball backwards to delete latest tracing.
- c. After tracing, press left <Set> key to change tracing outline position.
- d. Tap [Reset Curve] to cancel current drawing. Press <set> to display "Cancel" status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the trace.

- Spline

Perform the following procedure:

- a. Tap [Spline] on the touch screen.
- b. Rotate the trackball to place the cursor and press right <Set> to fix the starting point, move the cursor along the area of interest and press right <Set> to anchor several reference points; or press left <Set> to cancel a series of lines.
- c. Press <Set> twice to set the end point of the spline.
- d. After tracing, press left <Set> to change tracing outline position.
- e. Tap [Reset Curve] to cancel current spline. Press <set> to display "Cancel" status on the track ball region, move the track ball to cancel the spline.

## Other Operations

- Zoom in  
Same as these in 3D/4D mode.
- Rotation  
Rotate <M>, <PW>, <C> to perform X/Y/Z rotation to adjust the nearest VOI section (cut plane) position.
- Comment and Body Mark  
Same as these in other modes.
- Section image (MPR)/CMPR measurement.  
2D related measurement can be performed on MPR/CMPR. For details, please refer to "Advanced Volume".

## 7.15 Smart Planes CNS

The doctor finds fetus's sagittal view by judgments on image features, and then makes an observation. The fetus's s sagittal view is hard to be detected or cannot be detected sometimes because of the fetus's move inside.

Taking the key anatomical tissues and organs' features from 3D data of fetus's intracranial, Smart Planes CNS is a mode-wise technology, which detects the middle of the fetus's sagittal view, transverse plane of thalami, transverse plane of lateral ventricles and transverse plane of cerebellum. It helps the doctors find the sagittal view rapidly and is easy for doctors accessing the anatomical structure on sagittal view. (such as corpus callosum, cerebellar vermis, etc.).

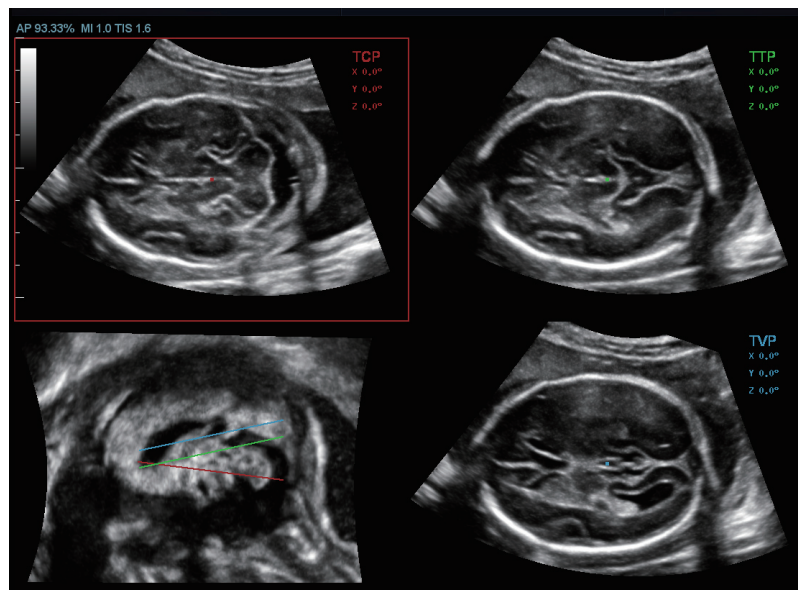
### NOTE:

Smart Planes CNS does not support smart 3D mode.

### 7.15.1 Basic Procedures for Smart Planes CNS

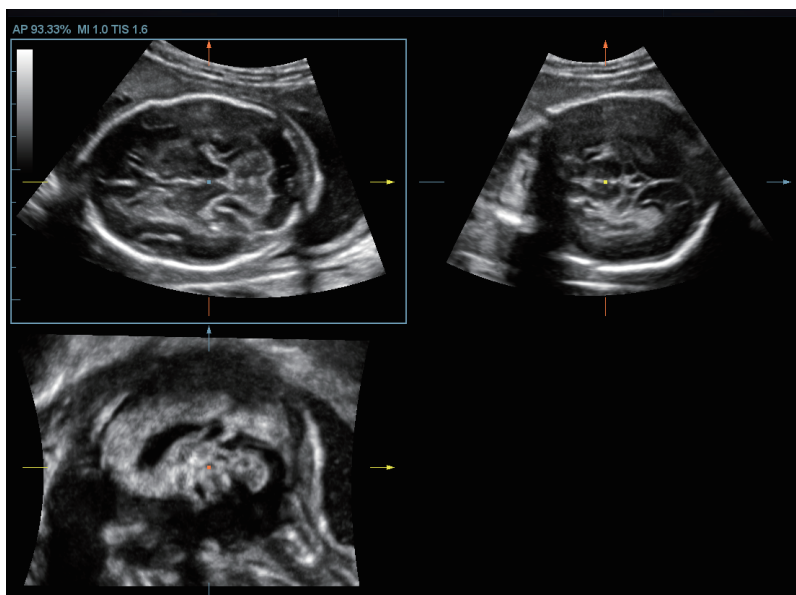
Perform the following procedure:

1. Acquire necessary 3D data.
2. Tap [S-Planes CNS]. There are four views detected by the system, which includes TCP, TTP, MSP and TVP.



3. Adjust the parameters to obtain the image.
4. Tap [MSP]. There are A/B/C images appearing on the screen. The sagittal plane of the fetus appears on window C.

Rotate A, B or C plane respectively.



**NOTE:**

To ensure the correctness of the result, please make sure the cerebral midline on the anatomical plane is displayed clearly and ROI enclose the whole cranial region.

5. Tap [Accept] to accept the edit to the MSP. The system recalculates the TCP, TTP and TVP according to MSP's position. The position and the angle for TCP, TTP and TVP appear on MSP plane.
6. Tap [TCP]/[TTP]/[TVP] to select the plane, and rotate <M>, <PW> or <C> knob to rotate the image plane along with X/Y/Z axis. The angle value appears on the right of the image.
7. Rotate the reference line on the MSP plane.
  - a. Press <Cursor> to show the cursor. Move the cursor over the red line of the MSP plane. Press left <Set> to select the red reference line after the cursor becomes hand-shaped. Then, the red reference line becomes dotted line.
  - b. Move the trackball left or downwards. The reference line rotates anticlockwise along the center. TCP image rotates clockwise along the Y-axis, and the value of Y-axis becomes bigger.
  - c. Move the trackball right or downwards. The reference line rotates clockwise along the center. TCP image rotates anticlockwise along the Y-axis, and the value of Y-axis becomes smaller.
  - d. The operations to green reference line and blue reference line are the same. TTP rotates along Y-axis when green reference line rotating. TVP rotates along Y-axis when blue reference line rotating.
8. Tap [Auto Measure] to show the caliper and the measurement number. The measurement results appear on the right of the screen.

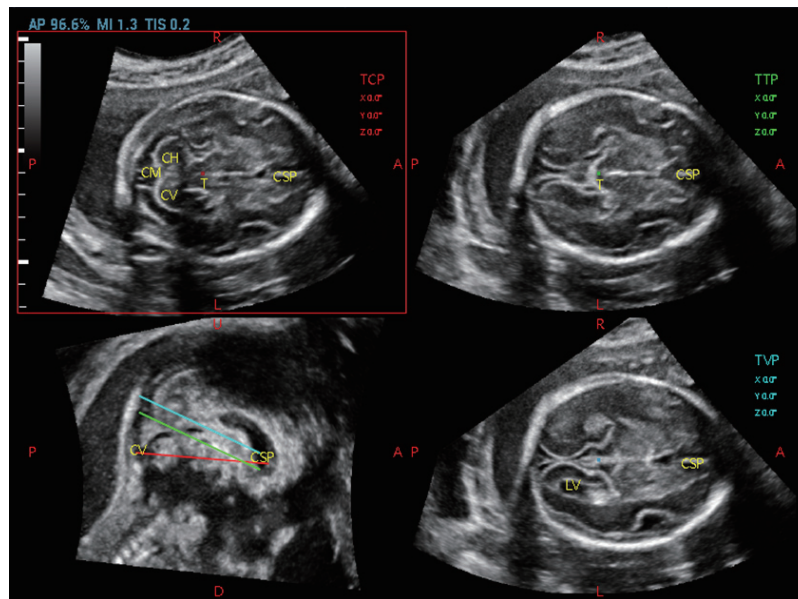
**NOTE:**

- There are 6 measurements:
  - TCP supports the measurements on TCD, cerebral fossa pool.
  - TTP supports the measurements on BPD, OFD, HC.
  - TVP plane supports the measurement on LVW.

- The automatic measurement results appear only for these having the same characteristics on the planes.
  - Once the automatic measurements are completed, the operations to axial rotation, reference line rotation, parameter adjustment, MSP editing, zooming/panning, dual/quad-split display will remove the measurement results.
- a. Tap [Edit] to modify the measurements. The caliper becomes green.  
Or, press <Set> to activate the caliper (becoming green).
  - b. Move the trackball and press <Update> to modify the length and the position of the caliper.
  - c. Press <Set> to confirm the caliper. The caliper becomes white. [Edit] is off.
9. Tap [Auto Comment], the system adds the orientation and the organ comments to the desired area according to the active ultrasound image.

**NOTE:**

- The orientation comments describe the location of the plane, referring to A (anterior), P (posterior), L (Left), R (right), U (up), D (down).
- Organ comments describe the position of the organ, referring to CSP (cavum septum pellucidum), T (thalamus), CH (cerebellar hemisphere), CV (cerebellar vermis), CM (cisterna magna), LV (lateral ventricles).



- a. Tap [Font Size] to adjust the font size of the comment.
  - b. see “14.2 Comments” for adding, moving or deleting the comments.
  - c. Save the image.
  - d. Tap [Auto Comment] again to clean them.
10. Tap [Accept Result] to save the measurements to the report.
  11. Add the comment and body mark on the plane. Perform the measurement, and save the single frame/multi-frame image.

## 7.15.2 Smart ICV

Smart ICV is used to measure fetal cerebral volume.

**NOTE:**

To ensure the accuracy of the result, please make sure that the traced contour has entirely enclosed the target and is approximate to the target before using the Smart ICV function.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data.
2. Tap [Smart ICV] to enter Smart ICV interface, and the system measures the volume of fetal cerebral automatically.
3. If necessary, calculate the volume of the shell.  
Tap [Shell] on the touch screen to select the shell type, select [Thickness] and rotate [Angle] to set the thickness.
4. If necessary, modify the contour of the calculated area and recalculate its volume.
  - a. Tap [Edit] to enable the editing function.
  - b. Use [Trace Mode] to select the desired trace mode. Trace the contour on slices. The trace should not cross the reference line.
    - Tap [Win Format] to select the display format of slices.
    - Tap [Next Slice]/[Previous Slice] to go to the next or previous slice.
    - Tap [Undo], [Redo] or [Undo All] to undo, redo or cancel previous editing.
  - c. Tap [Update Vol] to calculate the volume based on the new contour.  
If necessary, tap [Undo], [Redo] or [Undo All] to undo, redo or cancel previous measurement.
5. Tap [Accept Result], and the measurement results are saved in the report.

## 7.15.3 Other Operations

### Parameter adjusting

- Brightness  
Adjusting the brightness of the images.
- Thickness  
The bigger the value is, the more the thickness information appears.
- 3D iClear

The bigger the value of iClear is, the less the noise becomes.

### Reset

- All planes  
Acquire 3D data. Tap [S-Planes CNS] to enter the automatic detection of the mode. Reset the following operations:
  - Tap [All Planes] to reset the planes. The position and the angle of TCP, TTP, TVP, MSP and reference line return to the initial condition.
  - Tap [All Planes] to reset the planes. The position to TCP, TTP, TVP, MSP and reference line returns to the last MSP condition. The angle to CP, TTP, TVP, MSP and reference line returns to 0°.
- Current plane  
Acquire 3D data. Tap [S-Planes CNS] to enter the automatic detection of the mode. Reset the following operations:

- Tap [Current Plane] to reset the plane. The position of the current plane returns to the initial condition. The angle of the current plane returns to 0°.
- Tap [Current Plane] to reset the current plane. The position and the angle to the current plane returns to the last MSP condition.

### Other related Operations

- Hiding the reference  
Tap to hide or show the reference line.
- Hiding the measurement  
Tap to hide or show the measurement.
- Switching between the single and quad-split display  
Tap [Single] or [Quad] between the single and quad-split display.

## 7.16 Smart FLC (Smart Follicles Calculation)

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### CAUTION

- Smart FLC result is provided for reference only, not for confirming a diagnosis.
  - Smart FLC is not available in Smart 3D mode.
- 

### 7.16.1 Basic Procedures for Smart FLC

Perform the following procedure:

1. Acquire necessary 3D/4D data and freeze.
2. Tap [Smart FLC] tab to enter Smart FLC, and the system is in the “Edit ROI” status ([Edit ROI] button is highlighted).
3. Set the position and size of the ROI box.
4. Tap [Calc] on the touch screen.
5. Auto calculation is finished:
  - Section image (A, B, C) is enclosed with colored lines and the color corresponds to the follicle in VR window.
  - 3D image (VR);
  - Results on the right of the screen are displayed in a table.  
V: Volume  
d1, d2, d3: diameters of the follicle  
MD: Follicle Diam

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#### NOTE:

To ensure the correctness of the results, please select an image with clear follicle boundary when entering smart FLC.

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## 7.16.2 Operation Controls

### Edit ROI

Same as the operation in ROI editing in Smart-V.

### Edit/ Undo

Select the button in the [Edit] area to turn on the editing function. It supports dividing, merging, adding and deleting of the follicle.

Tap [Undo], [Redo] or [Undo All] to undo, redo or cancel previous editing.

### Zoom

Same as those in 3D/4D mode.

### Annotation and Body Mark

Same as those in other modes.

### Measurement

2D related measurement can be performed on MPR. For details, please refer to "Advanced Volume".

### Save the image

The Smart FLC supports saving single-frame image only, does not support saving multi-frame cine file.

## 7.17 Smart Face

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### NOTE:

Smart Face is only used for obtaining fetal face features, not for confirming a diagnosis.

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
This feature allows the system to recognize fetal face and remove the shading obstacle data automatically, then display the face in a recommended viewing angle.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Acquire Static 3D image or frozen 4D single-frame image of fetal face.
2. Tap [Smart Face] to enter the function and the system adjust fetal face angle (fetal head facing up) automatically and remove the shading obstacle data.

### 7.17.1 Parameter adjusting

Parameters under Smart Face are similar to those under Static 3D mode.

Tap  on the lower-right corner of the [Smart Face] to enter Setup screen.

### MixRender

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### NOTE:

This function is available only under "Surface" mode.

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The higher the merge value, the clearer the shading obstacles on the image.

If the value is set 0, no obstacle data will be displayed.

Tap [Face+] to select the levels between 0-3.

## Eraser

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### NOTE:

This function is available only under “Surface” mode.

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Clearing effect in the center of the eraser sphere is strongest, and this effect weakens along the sphere center to the edge.

Tap [For-Rubber] to erase existing data on the screen.

Tap [Re-Rubber] to restore those removed shading data.

- Use [EraseSize] to select the size: Small, Middle, Large.
- Tap [Undo] to undo the operation in sequence and tap [Undo All] to undo all erase effects.

## AutoDirect

This feature allow you to optimize to a best observing angle of view within one step.

The recommended angle: fetal head is facing up and the face is at the front with [Direction] to be up/down.

## FaceContact

The higher the value, the more adjacent the VR image is to the fetal face, and the more obstacles cleared.

The lower the value, the further the VR image is to the fetal face, and the less obstacles cleared.

Select [FaceContact] to adjust the parameter.

## 7.18 Smart Scene 3D

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### NOTE:

- Smart Scene 3D is not available in Smart 3D mode.
  - This feature is available only under GYN, OB2 or OB3 exam mode.
- 

In 3D/4D acquisition preparation status, this feature can adjust ROI size and position automatically and activate appropriate render modes according to the recognized anatomical structure of some organs.

For OB2/OB3 exam mode, spine, brain, long bone and face can be recognized. For GYN exam mode, endometrium can be recognized.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Enter 3D/4D acquisition preparation status.
2. Tap [Smart Scene 3D] under 3D/4D Scenario Setting to enable the feature.
  - If necessary, select the desired organ type manually.
  - If necessary, tap [Refresh] to reset the ROI.
  - If necessary, adjust the ROI size and position manually.
3. Press <Update> to begin 3D/4D acquisition.

# 8 Elastography

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## CAUTION

It is provided for reference, not for confirming a diagnosis.

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## 8.1 Strain Elastography

It is produced based on the slight manual-pressure or human respiration in 2D real-time mode. The tissue hardness of the mass can be determined by the image color and brightness. Besides, the relative tissue hardness is displayed in quantitative manners.

### 8.1.1 Basic Procedure for Strain Elastography

Perform the following procedure:

1. Perform 2D scan to locate the region.
2. Tap [StrainE] on the touch screen or press the user-defined key for <StrainE> to enter the elastography mode.

The system displays two dual B+E windows in real time. The left one is 2D image, and the right one is elasto image.

3. Adjust ROI according to the lesion size.

Press <Set> to switch between the solid line and the dotted line status.

- When the ROI box is solid line, use the trackball to change its position.
- When the ROI box is dotted line, use the trackball to change the size.

4. Press the probe according to the experiences and actual situation.

The screen displays the pressure curve in real-time:



Where, the X-axis represents time and Y-axis represents pressure.

5. Adjust the image parameters to obtain optimized image and necessary information.
6. Press <B> or tap [StrainE] to exit, and then return to B mode.

### 8.1.2 Image Parameters

#### Smooth

Adjust the smooth feature of the Elasto image.

#### Opacity

Adjust the opacity feature of the Elasto image.

## **Invert**

Invert the E color bar and therefore invert the colors of benign and malignant tissue.

## **Display Format**

Adjust the display format of ultrasound image and the Elasto image.

The system provides 3 types of display format:

- H 1:1: Right and left display (the real-time ultrasound image appears on the left, and the elasto image appears on the right);
- V 1:1: Up down display (the elasto image appears above, and the real-time ultrasound image appears below).
- Full: The elasto image only displayed.

## **Map**

Select different maps for observation.

## **Strain mode**

Affect the display effect of adjusting dynamic range.

## **Dynamic Range (Dyn Ra.)**

Adjust contrast resolution of an image.

The real-time dynamic range value is displayed on the image parameter area in the upper left corner of the screen.

The more the dynamic range, the more specified the information, and the lower the contrast with more noise.

## **E Sensitivity**

Increase the image palpability.

The higher the sensitivity, the higher the image palpability.

## **Strain Scale**

Adjust the bar height of the pressure hint curve to keep the average height of the hint bar on proper position.

## **Map Position**

Adjust the up/down position of the map.

## **8.1.3 Mass Measurement**

Press <Measure> to enter measurement status.

You can measure shell thick, strain ratio, strain-hist, etc.

For details, see "Advanced Volume".

## **8.1.4 Cine Review**

Press <Freeze> or open an elastography imaging cine file to enter cine review status.

## **8.2 STE Imaging (Sound Touch Elastography)**

Keep the probe still to produce the elastography image in real-time STE mode. The tissue hardness of the mass can be determined by the image color and brightness. Besides, the relative tissue

hardness is displayed in quantitative manners. STE imaging provides you real elasto modulus for quantification analysis.

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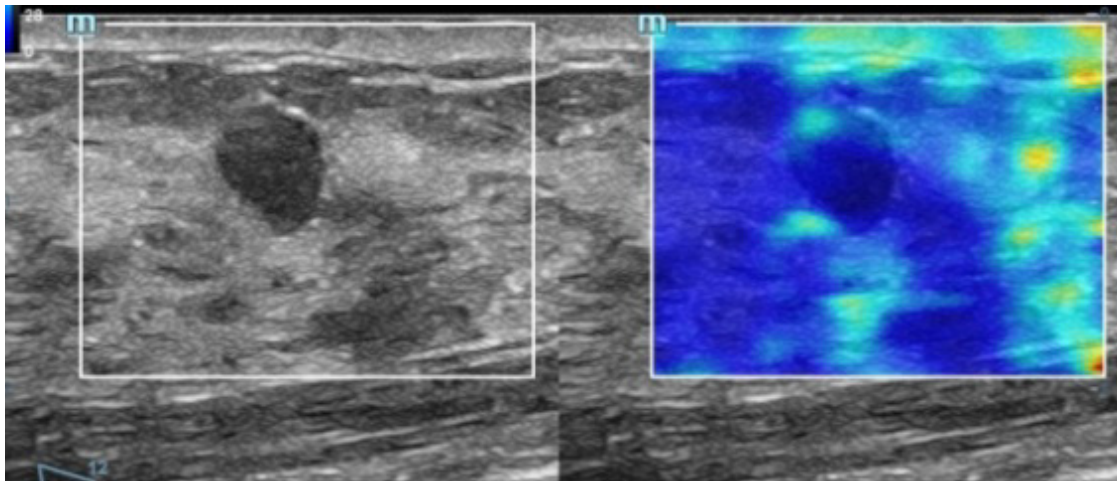
**NOTE:**

STE imaging is not supported when the system is powered by battery.

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## 8.2.1 Basic Procedures for STE Imaging

1. Select a proper probe. Perform 2D scan to locate the region.
2. Tap [STE] on the touch screen. Or press the user-defined <STE> key to enter the STE mode.



3. Adjust the ROI based on the lesion size, and press <Set> to adjust the ROI size and the position. To compare the hardness between the lesion and the normal tissue, the ROI should include the lesion and the normal tissue.
4. Keep the probe still to imaging, and adjust the parameter to obtain premium image.
5. Freeze the image, and replay the image if necessary.
6. Perform the measurement or add comment/body mark to the image if necessary.
7. Save the single-frame and multi-frame image.
8. Acquire high-quality image if necessary.
9. Press <B> on the control panel or tap [STE] on the touch screen to exit the shear wave elastography mode, and return to B mode.

## 8.2.2 Image Parameters

### E Quality

Used to select the transmitting frequency of the current probe, the real-time value of which is displayed in the image parameter area in the upper left side of the screen.

Please select the frequency according to the detection depth and current tissue features.

### Elas Metric

Used to adjust the elastography metric.

The metric includes Young's modulus E (unit: kPa), shear modulus G (unit: kPa), and shear wave velocity Cs (unit: m/s).

The current elastic modulus or the shear wave velocity (including the unit) appears on the top of the color bar.

## Scale

Used to change the maximum scale to make the map related to the color at the top of the bar. Optimize the elasto modulus, or mirror the elasto wave velocity to the map.

Parts which exceed maximum elasto modulus or shear wave velocity will be mapped onto the color on top of the color bar at top-left part of the image. Thus if the color in the ROI is mainly the color on top of the color bar, you need to increase the metric range.

## Opacity

Used to adjust the opacity feature of the Elasto image.

## Map

Used to adjust the color map to achieve the switch between the gray map and the color map.

## ROI Adjustment

This feature is used to adjust the ROI position and scale of the lesion detected in STQ imaging.

The “+” sign indicates the ROI center, and the Depth value of the ROI center is displayed at the bottom right corner of the screen.

## Display Format

Used to adjust the display format of ultrasound image and the Elasto image, and return to the previous state.

More accurate result is obtained based on the actual situation.

## HQElasto

Turn on high-quality scanning mode to optimize penetration.

When the feature is activated, the system turns into single-frame scanning mode. Pressing <Update> acquires one frame image of B and Elasto.

## RLB Map

Used to help the user judge the region where it is suitable for elasto measurements based on the distinctive colors in elasto image in quality map.

The RLB Index shows the signal reliability of the STE inside the ROI, and it helps the user judge the effectiveness of the current elasto measurement.

The higher the RLB Index is, the more reliability the signal becomes; vice versa.

There are three colors showing the RLB Index: Red (low reliability), Yellow (medium reliability) and White (high reliability).

The color in High area is suitable for the imaging of shear wave elastography.

The color in Low area is not suitable for the imaging of shear wave elastography (liquid, gas, bone, etc). It can be used as a tool to detect the tissue or the lesion.

## RLB View

This feature supports the less qualified region or the region that fails to receive shear waves of the gas or liquid to be displayed in hollow.

After the RLB View function is enabled, the less qualified region is displayed in hollow. The hollow region can be seen in B images. The hollow region corresponds to the purple region in the reliability image.

## M-STB Index/Sensi.

The STE imaging can easily be affected by respiration, pulse of the main artery, or transducer movement, which may cause uncertainty and unreliability. The M-STB Index helps users judge whether the current elasto image is captured in stable state. Based on the judgment, capturing method, capturing part, and patient cooperation can be adjusted accordingly.

Grading definition of the M-STB Index: 1 star indicates that the motion interference is extremely strong, and it is not recommended to use the elasto image; 2 stars indicates that the motion interference is relatively strong, and it is not recommended to use the elasto image; 3 stars indicates that the motion interference is general, and it is not recommended to use the elasto image; 4 stars indicates that the motion interference is not strong, and the image can be used; 5 stars indicates that the motion interference is few or slight, and it is recommended to use the elasto image.

Tap [M-STB Sensi.] on the touch screen to set the grading threshold of the M-STB Index.

The stronger the sensibility of the motion stability is, the higher the judgment accuracy of the motion interference becomes.

Users can determine the interference degree of the currently-captured elasto image according to the M-STB Index.

## Smooth

This feature is used to reject the noise and smooth the image.

The bigger the level is, the higher the smooth effect achieves.

## Persistence

This feature is used to superimpose and average adjacent elasto images, so as to optimize the image.

The bigger the value is, the higher the frame optimization effect achieves.

The persistence function can remove image noise and optimize image effect to gain a more detailed image.

## Invert

Invert the map to satisfy the different doctors to define the benign lesion or malignant lesion.

## iLayering

To increase the layer display in elasto images.

## Filter

To filter the noise of the elasto image.

The higher the level is, the smaller the noise of the elasto image becomes, and the clearer the edge of the field target appears.

The system restarts scanning B image and E image after the filtering is completed.

## Map Position

This feature is used to adjust the up/down position of the map.

## Select/Bad

It is used to remove the desired frame from stress curve. The removed frame will not be calculated in STE indices.

## 8.2.3 Measuring

Press <Caliper> to enter general measurements. You can perform the measurements of Elastography, Elas. Ratio, Directional Ratio, Elas. Hist and etc.

Press <Measure> to enter application measurement. You can perform measurements on Isthmus and Mass, etc.

For details, see "Advanced Volume".

## 8.2.4 Cine Review

Press <Freeze> to freeze the image and enter cine review state.

Or, click the cine to enter the cine review state.

## 8.3 STQ Imaging (Sound Touch Quantification)

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### NOTE:

STQ imaging is not supported when the system is powered by battery.

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### 8.3.1 Basic Procedures for the STQ Imaging

1. Select a proper probe. Perform 2D scan to locate the lesion.
2. Tap [STQ] on the touch screen. Or press the user-defined <STQ> key to enter the STQ mode.
3. Adjust the ROI based on the lesion size and the position.
4. Press <Update> to generate the acquisition. Place the probe still with stable force (not pressing, sweeping or moving the probe) to acquire the image. Adjust the B image parameters to obtain a premium image.

The stress curve shows at the bottom of the screen after entering the real-time acquisition.

The following indices display besides end of the curve in real-time:

- Elasto modulus inside the ROI of the current frame;
  - The mean value, maximum value, minimum value, SD value of shear velocity;
  - Depth value of the active elasto modulus.
5. Freeze the image, and replay the image if necessary.
  6. Save the single-frame and multi-frame image.
  7. Reacquire the image if necessary.
  8. Press <B> on the control panel or tap [STQ] on the touch screen to exit the elastography imaging mode, and return to B mode.

### 8.3.2 Image Parameters

#### ROI Adjustment

Used to adjust the ROI position and scale in STQ imaging.

The cross “+” shows the center of the ROI, and the depth appears at the right bottom of the screen.

#### Elas. Metric

Display the changes of elasto metric’s average value inside the ROI by elasto curve. It is convenient to the doctor to choose the stable measurement result.

The square height of the elasto curve (Y-axis represents elasto metric; X-axis represents the time) represents the average value of the elasto metric for current frame.

The metric includes Young’s modulus E (unit: kPa), and shear modulus G (unit: kPa).



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## E Avg

Used to optimize the measurement result via equalizing the elasto metric of the current frames and the previous frames. Decrease the image noise.

Off represents the E Avg is disabled. The larger the scale is, the more the frames of the elasto metric are equalized.

Decrease the image noise.

## E Bar

This feature supports the elasto curve to be displayed based on different statistical amounts.

## M-STB Index/Sensibility

The STE imaging can easily be affected by respiration, pulse of the main artery, or transducer movement, which may cause uncertainty and unreliability. The M-STB Index helps users judge whether the current elasto image is captured in stable state. Based on the judgment, capturing method, capturing part, and patient cooperation can be adjusted accordingly.

Grading definition of the M-STB Index: 1 star indicates that the motion interference is extremely strong, and it is not recommended to use the elasto image; 2 stars indicates that the motion interference is relatively strong, and it is not recommended to use the elasto image; 3 stars indicates that the motion interference is general, and it is not recommended to use the elasto image; 4 stars indicates that the motion interference is not strong, and the image can be used; 5 stars indicates that the motion interference is few or slight, and it is recommended to use the elasto image.

Tap [M-STB Sensi.] on the touch screen to set the grading threshold of the M-STB Index.

The stronger the sensibility of the motion stability is, the higher the judgment accuracy of the motion interference becomes.

## Scale

Used to optimize the display effect of the elasto average metric inside ROI via changing the Y-axis size.

If elasto metric average value inside ROI of a certain frame image exceeds the maximum scale on the elasto curve, elasto metric will display in the maximum scale value.

## HQElasto

Enable the high-quality scan mode and optimize the penetrability.

Press <Update> to acquire the high-quality image. It produces single-frame B image and ROI elasto metric data.

The measurement, comment and body mark is not available in HQElasto status.

## Filter

This feature is used to filter the noise of the elasto image.

The higher the level is, the smaller the noise of the elasto image becomes, and the clearer the edge of the field target appears.

The system restarts scanning B image and E image after the filtering parameter is adjusted.

## Smooth

This feature is used to reject the noise and smooth the image.

The bigger the level is, the higher the smooth effect achieves.

## Persistence

This feature is used to superimpose and average adjacent elasto images, so as to optimize the image.

The bigger the value is, the higher the frame optimization effect achieves.

The persistence function can remove image noise and optimize image effect to gain a more detailed image.

### **Map Position**

This feature is used to adjust the up/down position of the map.

### **Lesion**

It is used to distinguish elastography data of the different lesion region.

### **Select/Bad**

It is used to remove the desired frame from stress curve. The removed frame will not be calculated in STQ indices.

# 9 Contrast Imaging

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The contrast imaging is used in conjunction with ultrasound contrast agents to enhance imaging of blood flow and microcirculation. Injected contrast agents re-emit incident acoustic energy at a harmonic frequency much more efficient than the surrounding tissue. Blood containing the contrast agent stands out brightly against a dark background of normal tissue.

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## CAUTION

- Set MI index by instructions in the contrast agent accompanied manual.
  - Read contrast agent accompanied manual carefully before using contrast function.
- 

## NOTE:

- Make sure to finish parameter setting before injecting the agent into the patient to avoid affecting image consistency. This is because the acting time of the agent is limited.
  - The applied contrast agency should be compliant with the relevant local regulations.
- 

## 9.1 Basic Procedures for Contrast Imaging

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select an appropriate probe, and perform 2D imaging to obtain the target image, and then fix the probe.
2. Tap [Contrast] or press the user-defined <Contrast> key enter the contrast imaging mode.
3. Adjust the acoustic power experientially to obtain a good image.  
Tap [Dual Live] to activate the dual live function. Observe the tissue image to find the target view.
4. Inject the contrast agent, and tap [Timer1] to start the contrast timing. When the timer begins to work, the time will be displayed on the screen.
5. Observe the image, tap [Pro Capture] and [Retro Capture] or the user-defined key to save the images.  
Press <Freeze> to enter cine review status.  
Perform several live captures if there are more than one interested sections.
6. At the end of a contrast imaging, tap [Timer1] to exit the timing function.  
Perform steps 3-5 if necessary.  
For every single contrast imaging procedure, use [Timer2] for timing.  
If necessary, activate destruction function by tapping [Destruct] at “ON” to destruct the micro-bubbles left by the last contrast imaging; or to observe the reinfusion effect in a continuous agent injecting process.
7. Exit contrast imaging.

Press <B> button to return to B mode.

## 9.2 Left Ventricular Opacification

Perform the following procedure:

1. Acquire ECG signal.
2. Select an appropriate probe and LVO exam mode.
3. Workflow of LVO is similar to abdomen contrast imaging, see “9.1 Basic Procedures for Contrast Imaging”.

## 9.3 Image Parameters

When entering contrast imaging mode, the screen displays the contrast image, and if [Dual Live] item on the touch screen is “ON”, both the contrast image (marked with “C”) and tissue image (marked with “T”) are displayed (the two window position can be changed).

Parameters in Contrast mode are similar to those in B mode; please refer to B chapter for details, special Contrast imaging parameters are introduced in the following.

Type	Parameter	Description
Contrast	FC	Contrast frequency.
	D	Depth.
	G	Gain.
	FR	Frame rate.
	DR	Dynamic Range.
	iTouch <sup>+</sup>	iTouch <sup>+</sup> status
Tissue	G	Gain
	DR	Dynamic Range.
	iTouch <sup>+</sup>	iTouch <sup>+</sup> status
Zoom	Z	Magnification factor
Timing (If timer is “ON”)	/	In real time mode, the time displayed is the elapsed time. Freezing status: Timer 1 continues timing and two times will be displayed on the screen: frozen time and time duration after the image is frozen. Timer 2 stops timing and the screen displays the frozen time.

### Timer

#### NOTE:

The starting time displayed may be inconsistent with the actual one due to system error or some other man-made mistakes; please check the agent-injecting time.

The two timers are used to record total time of contrast imaging and single time of one contrast exam.

After the image is frozen, Timer 1 is still timing, and after unfreezing the image, the corresponding time can be seen.

Timer 2 stops timing when one contrast exam is frozen, and after unfreezing the image, the Timer 2 is off.

Tap [Timer1] to start the timing at the moment you inject the contrast agent. Here, the screen displays the times at the lower corner.

## Micro-bubble Destruction

### CAUTION

Use the contrast imaging according to the residual level of the micro-bubbles, using contrast imaging continuously may result in human harm.

Destruct the micro-bubbles left by the last contrast imaging; or to observe the reinfusion effect in a continuous agent injecting process.

Tap [Destruct] to enable the micro-bubble destruction function:

- DestructAP: Adjust the destruct acoustic power via the touch screen.
- Destruct Time: Adjust the destruct time via the touch screen.

## Dual Live

In live mode or freeze mode, set touch screen item [Dual Live] as “ON” to enable dual live function. Both the contrast mode and tissue mode are displayed. The THI and B image are displayed on the screen if the [Dual Live] is enabled.

### TIP:

- In dual live mode, the screen displays the contrast image and tissue image
- In freeze mode, there displays only one cine review progress bar as the contrast image and tissue image are reviewed synchronously.

## Mix Map

This function is to mix the contrast image with the tissue image, so that interested contrast regions can be located.

Use [Mix] to select different mixing mode.

- When dual live function is on, you can see the mixed effect on the contrast image.
- When dual live function is off, you can see the mixed effect on the full screen image.

Select the map through the [Gray Map]/[Tint Map] item.

## iTouch<sup>+</sup>

On contrast status, you can also get a better image effect by using iTouch<sup>+</sup> function.

1. Press <iTouch<sup>+</sup>> on the control panel to turn on the function.

The symbol of iTouch<sup>+</sup> will be displayed in the image parameter area.

2. Long press or double press <iTouch<sup>+</sup>> to exit the function.

## Mark Line

Tap [Markline] to enable this feature. Mark lines appear on the tissue image and contrast image. Use trackball to adjust the mark lines and mark the target with the larger circle.

## 9.4 Contrast Imaging QA

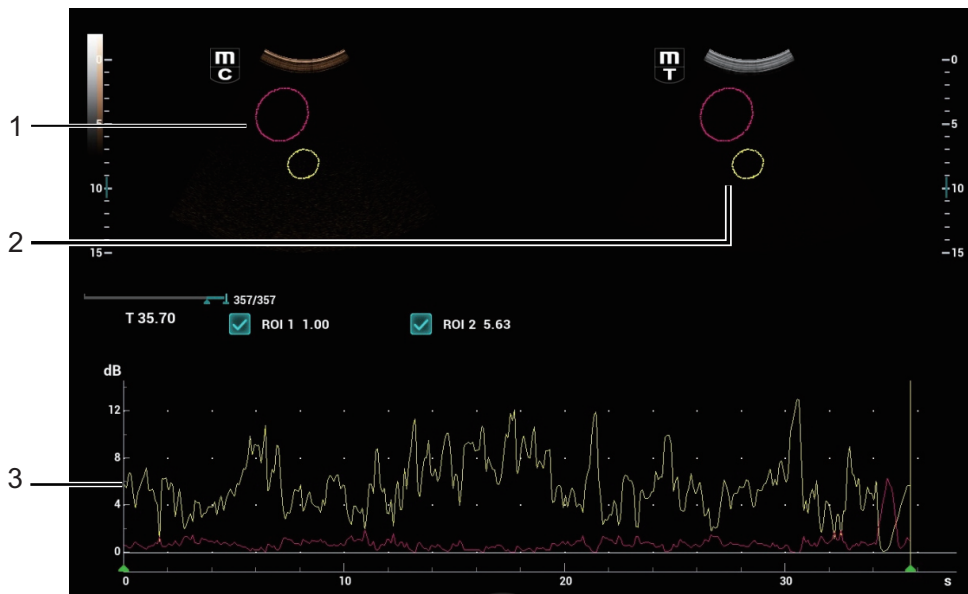
### CAUTION

Contrast Imaging QA images are provided for reference only, not for confirming a diagnosis.

### NOTE:

- In case of inaccuracy of the data, do not adjust the depth and the pan-zoom when saving the cine.
- If the contrast signal inside the selected ROI does not meet the requirements of gamma fitting condition, that is the bulleting injection, curve fitting may not be available.

Contrast Imaging QA adopts time-intensity analysis to obtain perfusion quantification information of velocity flow. This is usually performed on both suspected tissue and normal tissue to get specific information of the suspected tissue.



1	Contrast cineloop window	Sample area: indicates sampling position of the analysis curve. The sample area is color-coded, 8 (maximum) sample areas can be indicated.
2	B cineloop window	Sample areas are linked in the contrast cineloop window and B cineloop window.
3	Time-intensity curve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Y axis represents the intensity (unit: dB), while X axis represents the time (unit: s).</li> <li>• Frame marker: a white line that is perpendicular to the X axis, can be moved horizontally left to right (right to left) by using the trackball.</li> <li>• Click the check box beside the ROI to set if to hide or to display the QA curve.</li> <li>• You can get the current X/Y axis value by moving the cursor onto one point on the curve; and if you press &lt;Set&gt; at this time, the frame marker will move to the spot.</li> </ul>

Perform the following procedure:

1. Perform image scanning, freeze the image and select a range of images for analysis; or select a desired cine loop from the stored images.

The system set the starting time and ending time of the cine to be first frame and last frame of QA analysis range.

2. Review the image to a desired frame.
3. Tap [Contrast Imaging QA] to activate the function.
4. Mark out the interested part (ROI).

Up to 8 ROIs can be saved on the reference image, with the corresponding eight traces plotted simultaneously on the graph. Each ROI display has a different color, and its corresponding trace data is plotted using that same color.

- a. Use [ROI Type] to select the method for determining the shapes of the sample area: Trace ROI and Ellipse ROI.  
The cursor is evolved in the image review area.
- b. Use the trackball to position the caliper on the reference image at the start point. Press <Set> to fix the start point.

Trace ROI	<p>Follow the steps below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Press &lt;Set&gt; key to fix the starting point.</li> <li>2. Press &lt;Set&gt; key, and use the trackball to depict the ROI. Press &lt;Clear&gt; to cancel the last point. The system automatically links the start point to the end point by drawing a straight line between them.</li> <li>3. When a suitable ROI has been drawn, confirm the ROI by double pressing &lt;Set&gt;.</li> </ol>
Ellipse ROI	<p>Follow the steps below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use the trackball to position the caliper on the reference image at the start point. Press &lt;Set&gt; to fix the start point.</li> <li>2. Trace the outline of the desired ROI by moving the cursor with the trackball.</li> <li>3. Press &lt;Set&gt; to fix the end point, and use trackball to depict the ROI. When a suitable ROI has been drawn, confirm the ROI by pressing &lt;Set&gt; key.</li> </ol>

- Press <Clear> key to clear out the last ROI.
  - Tap [Delete All] on the touch screen to clear out all ROIs.  
The corresponding traces for the deleted ROIs are erased from the plot.
  - Tap [Copy ROI] to create a new ROI similar to the current or latest added ROI
5. Tap [Motion Tracking] to enable the Motion Tracking function.  
This function provides a motion compensated ROI as precise time-intensity information can be acquired using active tracking. It can enhance the calculation accuracy as reducing the impact of probe or patient respiratory movement.
  6. If necessary, tap [Fit Curve] to perform curve fitting on the time-intensity curve, where color of the fitted curve is consistent with color of the current ROI curve.  
The system can calculate characteristic parameters according to curve fitting formula and data, display fit curve for time-intensity curve, and perform data analysis on time-intensity curve for data table.
    - Tap [Raw Curve] to hide/display raw curve.

- Tap [Table display] to check parameters:

Item	Description
GOF (Goodness of Fit)	Calculate the fit degree of the curve; range: 0-1, where 1 means the fit curve fits the raw curve perfectly.
BI (Base Intensity)	Basic intensity of no contrast agent perfusion status.
AT (Arrival Time)	Time point where contrast intensity appears, generally, the actual time value is 110% higher than the base intensity.
TTP (Time To Peak)	Time when the contrast intensity reaches peak value.
PI (Peak Intensity)	Contrast peak intensity.
AS (Ascending Slope)	Ascending slope of contrast, the slope between the start point of lesion perfusion to the peak.
DT/2	Time when the intensity is half the value of the peak intensity.
DS (Descending Slope)	Descending slope of the curve.
AUC (Area Under Curve)	To calculate the area under the time-intensity curves during contrast.
MTT (Mean Transition Time)	The mean time which a red blood cell (microbubble) needs to flow through the tissue mass.

You can set range for the fit curve. After the range is set, the system displays fit curve within the range only. Use the trackball to the time-intensity curve to move the frame marker position.

- a. Set starting point of the fit curve: Use the trackball to select the starting time and tap [Set Fit Start].
  - b. Set end of the fit curve: Use the trackball to select the end time and tap [Set Fit End].
7. Use [X Scale] on the touch screen to choose different value, so that the X scale display manner will be changed.

This function can be used to track detailed tissue information.

8. Save the curved image, export the data and do parameter analysis.
  - a. Tap [Export] on the touch screen.
  - b. Select the drive and enter the file name in the displayed window.
  - c. Select [OK] to save the data and return to the QA Analysis screen.

All displayed ROI traces are saved in the exported file.

The parameters are included in the trace file if the user has fixed a ROI.

After the exporting is succeeded, a .BMP format image is displayed in the thumbnail area of the screen.

Only data from the user selected image range is included in the exported trace file.

9. Tap [Contrast Imaging QA] to exit Contrast QA.



# 10 Physiological Unit Signal

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The physiological unit signal waveform is used for checking ultrasound image in ultrasound exam (cardiac exam mainly).

Support ECG and external ECG.

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## **WARNING**

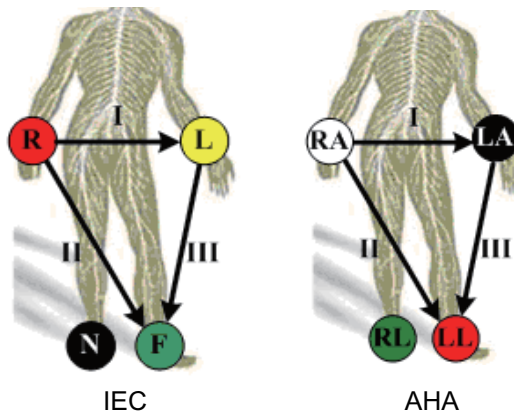
- Do not use the physiological traces for diagnosis and monitoring.
- To avoid electric shock, the following checks shall be performed prior to an operation:
  - The ECG electrode cable must not be cracked, frayed or show any signs of damage or strain.
  - The ECG electrode cable must be correctly connected.
  - You must use the ECG leads provided with the ECG module. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- The ECG electrode cable must be connected to the system first. Only after the cable is connected to the system, can the patient be connected to the ECG electrodes. Failure to follow these instructions may subject the patient to electric shock.
- Do not place the ECG electrodes directly in contact the patient's heart; otherwise it may lead to stop of the patient's heartbeat.
- Do not apply the ECG electrodes if the voltage exceeds 15 volts. This could produce an electric shock.
- Do not use this system when any digital device such as a high-frequency electrotome or high-frequency therapeutic device is applied already.
- Only ECG can be used with defibrillator and anti-defibrillation ECG cable should be used when defibrillation is required for a patient.
- Conductive parts of electrodes and associated connectors for ECG should not contact other conductive parts including earth/grounding.
- Frequent trampling or squeezing on the cables may result in cable break-down or fracture.
- Display effect of respiratory curve depends on the patient breathing status. While a very slow or smooth breathing may lead to an inapparent respiratory curve, breathing in a large amplitude may cause an incomplete display of the respiratory curve. Display effect is linked to the connected parts of the body. Generally, signals by connecting to limbs are stronger than by connecting to the chest.
- When abnormality is detected in physio trace, please check if ECG leads are properly connected with the system.

- Defibrillation-proof recovery time: Baseline recovery time < 10 s.

## 10.1 ECG

Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect the device and place ECG electrodes.
  - a. Turn off the power supply of the system, and connect the ECG module to the system.
  - b. Connect the ECG cable to the ECG module.
  - c. Turn on the power supply of the system.
  - d. Place the ECG electrodes on the patient's body.



2. Tap [Physio] or press the user-defined <Physio> key to enter physio operation interface.
3. Switch the imaging modes and display formats, adjusting the parameters to get an optimized image.
4. Parameter adjusting:
 

Tap [ECG] to enable or disable ECG waveform curve. Adjust the [Speed], [ECG Gain], [Position] and [Invert].
5. Trigger:
 

Select the trigger mode, or tap [Real & Trigger] to set the trigger time, triggering delay time and image display format.
6. Freeze the triggering image and the curve, and then review them.
7. Tap [Physio] or press the user-defined <Physio> key to exit ECG mode, and remove ECG electrodes from the patient.

### 10.1.1 ECG Triggering

ECG triggering means that image scanning is activated at some time points of ECG signals, thus obtaining B images at these time points. The triggering image should be in 2D-mode.

When ECG triggering occurs, some marks (frame triggering mark) appear on the ECG waveform (relative R wave, the time for delay set), indicating the time points when the 2D images are captured.

#### NOTE:

- The triggering mark is displayed in both freeze mode and live mode.
- The marks in Dual trigger are in different colors.

- Triggering function is unavailable if the ECG trace is disappeared. Only the live 2D image can be triggered.
- No delay time or time interval shall be less than the time required to scan a single image.
- If the delay time is longer than a heart cycle, then the heart cycle in the delay time is omitted, that is to say no trigger is occurred when R waveform is detected in the duration.

## Triggering Mode

There are three triggering modes available: Single, Dual, and Timer.

- Single Trigger: When an R waveform is detected, an image will be triggered after delay time T1. The time of T1 can be edited in single mode.
- Dual trigger: when an R waveform is detected, two images in two windows will be triggered respectively after delay time T1 and T2. The time of T1 and T2 can be edited in dual mode.
- Timer Trigger: an image will be triggered after a time interval. The time interval can be edited in triggering status.

The image triggering operation is described as follows (Take single trigger as an example):

1. Select exam mode.
2. Tap [Trig Mode] to enable the trigger.
3. Select [Single].
4. Set the delay time (or use the T1 by default).

## Real & Trigger

Tap [Real & Trigger] to enable or disable the real trigger function.

After the [Real & Trigger] is enabled, two images are displayed respectively in two windows. One is triggered by ECG, and the other is non-triggered real time image.

## 10.1.2 ECG Review

### Review Principle

When an image is frozen, the ECG waveform where the image is triggered will be frozen at the same time. In the Dual triggering mode, the two window images are frozen at the same time. When images are reviewed with the ECG electrodes connected, the ECG trace is the reference for time.

After the images are frozen, all real time images are in the status of linked review.

### Linked Review of ECG Waveforms, M/D Images and 2D Images

If the physio unit signal, time curve and 2D image are frozen at the same time, the replay of them is displayed at the same time.

## 10.2 Respiratory Wave

Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect the ECG lead and position the ECG electrodes.
2. Tap [Physio] or press the user-defined <Physio> key to enter Physio screen.
3. Switch the imaging modes and display formats, adjusting the parameters to get an optimized image.
4. Parameter adjusting:
  - a. Tap [RESP].

- b. Adjust [Speed], [RESP Gain], [Position] and [Invert].
- 5. Exit Respiratory display mode, and remove ECG electrodes from the patient.
- 6. Tap [Physio] or press the user-defined <Physio> key to exit physio mode.

## 10.3 PCG

### NOTE:

- Check PCG each time before use. If there are any cracks or scratch, please contact the sales representative.
- If there is no ECG signal (PCG waveform is flat) after entering ECG mode, please check whether the sensor plug is connected well.
- Do not hot unplug the PCG sensor.
- To satisfy the PCG sensor's receiving performance, do not rub the acoustic window hard because of the vulnerability of the silicone.

### 10.3.1 PCG Operation Basic Procedures

Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect PCG sensor.
  - a. Connect the PCG sensor to the corresponding interface on the physiological module.
  - b. Power on the system.
  - c. Place PCG transducer on the patient.

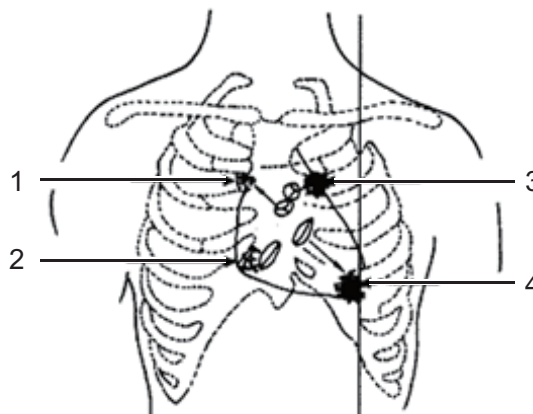
The position is shown below:

Auscultation area of the mitral valve: the fifth intercostal space on the left, the interior of clavicle's middle line.

Auscultation area of tricuspid valve: the right of the sternum.

Auscultation area of aortic valve: the second intercostal space of the right sternum.

Auscultation area of pulmonary valve: the second intercostal space of the left sternum.



1	Aortic valve auscultation area	2	Tricuspid valve auscultation area
3	Pulmonary valve auscultation area	4	Mitral auscultation area

2. Tap [Physio] or press the user-defined <Physio> key. Tap [PCG] on. The PCG wave appears.
3. Press the different mode buttons to change the imaging mode. Adjust the parameter to obtain the optimized image.
4. Adjust [PCG Gain] and [PCG Smooth].
5. Freeze the image and the curve, and then review them.
6. Tap [Physio] or press the user-defined <Physio> key to disable PCG wave. Then exit the PCG, and unplug PCG sensor.

### 10.3.2 PCG Sensor Cleaning

#### NOTE:

- Disconnect the sensor with the ultrasound system before cleaning the PCG sensor.
- Do not rub PCG sensor hard in case of the damage to the sensor.

Clean the PCG sensor after each time use in case of the cross-infection.

- The check after the exam of general patient:  
Wipe the sensor with soft cloth dipping with medicinal alcohol, and then air dry the sensor or clean the sensor with dry cloth.
- The check after the exam of patient with cutaneous infection:  
Use the cover for the sensor. The cover should be against the appearance of the acoustic window.  
Use the appropriate cover. To order the cover, contact:  
CIVCO Medical Instruments Co.  
102 First Street South, Kalona, IA 52247-9589 USA  
Tel: 1-319-656-4447  
E-mail: [info@civco.com](mailto:info@civco.com)  
<http://www.civco.com>

## 10.4 Parameter Description

The physio parameters are described as follows:

Type	Parameter	Description
ECG parameter	ECG Source	Select ECG source.
	Gain	Set the amplitude of the trace.
	Position	Set the vertical position of the both traces on the image display.
	Speed	Change the speed of the physio trace.
	T1	Set the delay time T1 in Single trigger or Dual trigger.
	T2	Set the delay time T2.
	Interval	Set the time interval for Timer.
	Invert	Invert the display.

Type	Parameter	Description
PCG parameter	PCG	Control the display of PCG trace.
	PCG gain	Set the amplitude of PCG trace.
	PCG smooth	Smoothen PCG trace.

# 11 Stress Echo

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Only the phased probes support stress echo function under the cardiac mode.

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## CAUTION

Stress echo data are provided for reference only, not for confirming diagnoses.

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The Stress Echo feature allows you to capture and review cardiac loops for multiple-phase (multiple-stage) Stress Echo protocols.

Stress Echo data consists of Stress Echo loops, wall motion scores, and all other information pertaining to the Stress Echo portion of a patient examination.

A loop is a clip that displays the motion of an entire heart cycle, or from the beginning systole to the end systole, as indicated by the R-wave of the ECG trace and determined by the QT – Time Table.

The loops in a given protocol are acquired by stages (phases), according to stage configuration (continuous (prospective) or retrospective (non-continuous)).

- Loops in non-continuous stages are limited to a specified loop-per-view maximum (such as four). View labels can only be selected in the configured order. Acquisition is retrospective - when you press <Save+> on the control panel, the system saves the previously acquired images.
- Loops in continuous stages are limited by time rather than a maximum number of loops - the system stops acquisition after two minutes. Acquisition is prospective - when you select the stage label and then press <Save+>, the system starts saving newly acquired images. In some protocols, the system will jump to Select Mode after retrospective saving.

When images are saved, the system places a green checkmark to the right of the view or continuous stage and then shifts the red mark to the next view or next stage.

## 11.1 Stress Echo Acquisition Procedure

To acquire Stress Echo loops, you must enable the ECG function.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Use the proper probe and cardiac-related exam mode, tap [Stress Echo] or press the user-defined <Stress Echo> key to enter stress echo imaging.

The system displays the “Select Protocol” window with the protocol selections.

2. Select the desired protocol and then tap [OK].

The system displays the real-time imaging screen.

- If the Stress Echo manual ROI option is selected in the Maintenance dialog box, the system also displays a region of interest (ROI).
  - If Acquire Mode is set as Full-screen in Maintenance, then no ROI box is displayed.
3. According to the help information in the bottom of the screen, if an ROI is displayed, adjust the ROI size and position. Press <Update> to confirm the ROI.

When you confirm the ROI size by pressing <Update>, you cannot adjust the ROI size during acquisition. You can only adjust the ROI position using the trackball.

4. Press <Save+> to start acquisition.

The system displays the Protocol window on the screen, listing the phases for the selected protocol along with the first phase views (phases are stages). The system selects the first view for acquisition by default.

5. Proceed through each view in each stage according to the following instructions:

Non-continuous stages:

- To save acquired images for the selected view, press <Save+>. The system goes to the next view for acquisition by default, saved views are marked with a green “√.”
- Use [Stages XXX] or [Views XXX] to select the stage and view for image acquisition (or reacquisition). Press <Save+> to start acquisition.

Views can be re-acquired until you tap [End Acquisition].

If the protocol contains continuous stages (for alternative workflows), then proceed through each continuous stage according to the following instructions:

- To begin saving acquired images for the selected stage, press <Save+>.
- The system displays a percentage marker below the selected stage indicating the progress of the continuous capture.
- To halt saving acquired images for the selected stage, tap [Pause] or press <Freeze> directly. The percentage stops increasing.
- Select [Continue] or press <Freeze> again to continue.
- To end the current acquisition, press <Save+>.
- To select another continuous stage, tap [Stages XXX].
- Suspending is not allowed under continuous exam.

When acquisition is complete for each stage, the system advances to the next stage. If the stage is non-continuous, the system displays the stage views. When image acquisition is completed for all views and continuous stages, the system switch to Select Mode.

6. To start or restart the timer, tap [Stage Timer]/[Exam Timer] to turn it on.

The Stage time is displayed to the right side of each stage in the protocol list, while the Exam time is displayed in the left side of the screen.

Each saved image will be marked with two times T1 and T2. T1 refers to the total time of the whole acquisition, while T2 indicates the time the acquisition lasted for a certain stage.

7. To review loops before ending acquisition, tap [Review/WMS]. You can redisplay the real-time imaging screen to continue acquisition by selecting [Acquire].
8. To end the acquisition and review the acquired images, tap [End Acquisition].

When the acquisition is ended, no stress echo image acquisition can be performed for the same exam.

## 11.2 Selecting Preferred Stress Echo Loops (Select Mode)

The selected clips are used for analysis in the review mode and wall motion scoring mode. Select Mode is used to select the best loops of the examination.

When the acquisition is ended, select mode is enabled automatically.



In Select Mode, you can select the representative loop (“preferred” loop) for each view.

To select “preferred” loops:

1. Use the <Update> key according to tips in the trackball hint area or select [Select] to enter the Select Mode, or the system enters the Select Mode directly after the acquisition is finished.
2. Select the loop. Use the buttons displayed during Select Mode to designate another loop or another view for display.
  - Use [Stages XXX] or [Views XXX] to select the target stage/view.
  - Single-click a clip to select the clip for current stage/view and zoom in the clip to the full-screen.
  - Double-click a clip. The clip will be magnified.
  - Tap [First/Last] or [Previous/Next] to display another loop in the current view.
3. Select the stage and view to display all loops for the view and then continue designating the “preferred” loop for each displayed view until all views are completed.

Description of select mode controls:

Selection	Description
Stages XXX	To select a stage.
Views XXX	To select a view.
Acquire/Select/ Review/ WMS	To switch the mode status.
1. Clip/2. Clip/3. Clip/4. Clip	For selecting views in the selected stage.
Next	Next four Clips.
Previous	Previous four Clips.
First	Go to “first” Clips.
Last	Go to “last” Clips.
Play	Click to play/stop cine play.
Prev frame	See previous frame of the cine file.
Next frame	See next frame of the cine file.
First frame	See first frame of the cine file.
Last frame	See last frame of the cine file.
Speed decrease/Speed increase	Decreases or increases playback speed.
Text	Function that turns the screen graphic text “On” or “Off”. Information includes: name of level, name of view, heart rate, time stamp acquisition, timers, frame slider, loop ID, clip control. For the cine without distributed view, the name of level and name of view are displayed in “--”.
Apply Edit All	Clip edit applied to all clips taken.
Clip Length	Specify the clip segments: systole, diastole, full cycle or user-defined.
Bookmark	For continuous acquisition, when the bookmark is set to “On”, only the selected loops for the current view can be displayed.

Selection	Description
Delete Unselected	Delete clips that are not selected. If selected, the system will delete all clips that are not selected after the exam is ended.
Suspend Exam	Pauses the stress echo exam but does not end the stress echo exam. When a stress echo exam is suspended, the user can perform image acquisition of all other imaging modes, or perform operations such as measurement.
End SE Exam	End the stress echo exam.

## 11.3 Review/WMS Mode

Review/WMS mode is used by cardiologists to evaluate clips for cardiac wall motion abnormalities. Different views from different stages are selected for comparison across a wide variety of combinations. The most common workflow is to compare “same views” but at “different stages” of the exam (e.g., PSLA view, Rest stage compared to PSLA view, Post-exercise stage).

### 11.3.1 Enter review mode

Select [Review/WMS] to enter review mode, and then select the label of the phase or view (for example, Rest or Long Axis), the system displays all loops that represent the selected phase or view.

#### To display phases for the selected view(s)

Perform the following procedure:

- To include a phase or view for display, select the leftmost, gray box to the left of each required phase and/or view.  
The system inserts a checkmark into each selected gray box.
- To exclude a phase or view from display, select the blue box to the left of each required phase and/or view.  
The system inserts a X into each selected box, like .
- Select [Display Selected] on the touch screen.  
The system displays the selected phases for each selected view side by side.

#### To display all views for a specific phase

Select the phase label (for example, Rest).

#### To display all phases for a specific view

Select the view label (for example, PLAX).

The system displays all phases for the selected view.

#### To display a loop in full-screen format

- Double-click the loop to display in full-screen format.
- Double-click the loop again to display the loop in its initial size, select the loop again.

Description of review/WMS mode keys (keys with the same function as in select mode are not described below):

Item	Description
Review/WMS	<p>Perform side-by-side comparison of the same views at different stages (PLAX, PSAX, A4C, A2C at “Rest” compared to PLAX, PSAX, A4C, A2C “Post-Exercise”). Clips are synchronized.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Under [Text] “Off” status, when you select one stage, all view loops are displayed on the screen; when you select one view, all loops of the same view in different stages will be displayed on the screen.</li> <li>• Set [Text] to “On”, the system will select loops of first two views of the first two stages to display automatically. If you choose [Previous], then loops of the next two views of the first stages will be displayed. If you choose [Next], loops of the first two views in the 3rd and 4th stage will be displayed.</li> </ul> <p>In the meantime, if you choose one stage, loops of all views under this stage will be displayed on the screen (4 at most), and choosing one view will lead to loops of this view in different stages be displayed (4 at most).</p>
Display Selected	Displays loops of all the stages and views selected.

### 11.3.2 Wall Motion Scoring

The WMS-Report lists user-assigned wall motion scores and associated data.

The Wall Motion Score (WMS) measurement is an application prepared for assisting in stress echo semi-quantitative evaluations of abnormalities with left ventricular wall motion or changes in wall thickness. The left ventricle is divided into segments for scoring to evaluate the degree of abnormality from the sum of the scores in each segment using the motion of the walls of the entire left ventricle.

You can assign wall motion scores to specific portions within each view (representative loop). You can also assign a normal wall motion score (WMS) to the currently selected view or to all displayed views.

Two methods of chamber segment division, ASE 16 and ASE 17, are supported. In addition, each segment has 3 kinds of scoring method: 4, 5 and 7 points. Select through the [Scoring] control on the touch screen.

To assign a wall motion score (WMS):

1. Select a colored number.

The meanings and colors used in segments are listed in the table below.

Score	Meaning	Color
1	Normal	Green
2	Hypokinesis	Yellow
2.5	Severe Hypokinesis	Khaki
3	Akinesis	Blue
4	Dyskinesis	Red
5	Aneurysm	Purple

2. Use the trackball to select the value and then click the target segments, then the segment is assigned with a value.

3. Repeat step 2 to perform value assign for all segments.
  - To assign a normal wall motion score (WMS) to all currently displayed views:  
Select [Set All Normal] on the touch screen.
  - To assign a normal wall motion score (WMS) to the currently selected view:  
Select [Set Current Normal] on the touch screen.

## 11.4 Saving Stress Echo Data

Stress Echo data consists of Stress Echo loops, wall motion scores, and all other information pertaining to the Stress Echo portion of a patient examination.

When the exam is ended, the system will save all images within the exam.

## 11.5 Exiting the Stress Echo Feature

Tap [End SE Exam] to exit the Stress Echo feature.

## 11.6 Measurement and Report

Suspend the stress echo exam by selecting [Suspend Exam]. Press the measurement related keys or buttons to enter cardiology measurement.

Reports contain the entered indication, if any, and also any entered comments that are specific to the report. You can include or exclude data from specific phase(s). You can preview and print the report for the currently selected mode. You can also enable colored report printing in Maintenance.

For details, see the "Advanced Volume".

# 12 Smart Pelvic

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The Smart Pelvic function is used to measure distances and angles of anterior, central and posterior compartments according to the feature point inputs on 2D images of rest and stress, and then calculate BND and URA; Automatically measure the size of levator hiatus etc. according to the axial plane automatically obtained from volume data; Automatically measure the size of levator hiatus, levator urethra gap etc. according to the “open-closing-closed” planes automatically obtained from volume data.

## 12.1 Two Dimensional Image

1. Perform scanning under GYN or pelvic floor exam mode. Press <Freeze>, tap [Smart Pelvic].
2. Roll the trackball to select the target frame in the frozen cine file and tap [Rest] to set rest frame.
3. Tap [Measure] and press <Set> to anchor measurement calipers of location S/P/U/E/R/V by the indications on the screen. The system then calculates corresponding parameters.

S- Symphysis Pubis bottom, P- Central axis of Symphysis pubis, U- Urethra-Bladder joint, E- Urethra proximal, R- Bladder posterior wall near urethra, V- Bladder posterior wall bottom, SP- Pubic symphysis.

Following results are obtained: BSD (Bladder Neck – Symphyseal Distance), PVA (Pubovesical Angle), PUA (Pubourethral Angle), RVA (Retrovesical Angle), BND(Bladder Neck Descent), UTA (Urethral Tilt Angle), URA (Urethral Rotation Angle), BPW-SP Dist.(Bladder Post Wall - Symphysis Publis Distance), Cx-SP Dist.( Cervix - Symphysis Publis Distance)(Only measured under Ref Coord C1), RA-SP Dist.(Rectal Ampulla - Symphysis Publis Distance) (Only measured under Ref Coord C1).

4. Set Valsalva frame as described in step 2-3 and finish measurements.
5. Tap [Jump to Rest] / [Jump to Valsalva] to review the corresponding measurement results.

Tap [Rest] / [Valsalva] again to delete marks of rest frame and Valsalva and corresponding measurement results.

Tap [Meas Parameters] to select measurement tool and perform step 3 to measure. Result window displays only selected measurement results.

Tap [Ref Coord C1] / [Ref Coord C2] / [Ref Coord C3] for different measurement methods when necessary.

Tap [Edit] to edit the calipers, and corresponding measurement results changes.

Tap [Hide], and tick measurement tools to be displayed, and the result window will hide results of unchecked measurement tools.

Add comments and body marks if necessary.

6. Save the cine file.

## 12.2 3D/4D image data

### VR Mode

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select probe and GYN/ pelvic floor exam mode.
2. Enter 3D/4D preparation status, and then acquire 3D/4D image to enter Smart Pelvic.
  - a. Auto: Select [Pelvic] under the [Smart Scene 3D] scenario, and then press <Update>. The system enters [Smart Pelvic] tab automatically.
  - b. Manual: select a non-pelvic subpreset under the [Smart Scene 3D] scenario, press <Update>, and tap [Smart Pelvic] tab.
3. On image-frozen mode, adjust image parameters.

On 4D imaging mode, if necessary, tap [Timer] to turn on the timer, and freeze the image as needed.

4. Tap [Auto Measure] to start automatic measurement.
5. If necessary, tap [Edit], points are uniformly distributed on VR image automatically. Roll the trackball to drag the points. Tap [Edit] again to exit. After editing, tap [Auto Measure] to update the measurement result.

During the editing, tap [Undo] to undo last operation, and tap [Undo All] to undo all operations.


6. Tap [Rest]/[Valsalva]/[Contraction] to mark current image status.  
Tap [Hide] to hide measurement results if necessary.

### CMPR Mode

Perform the following procedure:

1. Tap [Multi-plane Mode] on smart pelvic VR mode to enter CMPR mode.

The reference line with an arrow and the other two sampling lines generated by the system are displayed on the screen. With the reference line being the start line, the three lines correspond to Open/Closing/Closed images in turn.

2. If necessary, perform the following operations.
  - Tap [Ref. Image] to switch between MPRs, and tap [Open]/[Closing]/[Closed] to switch activated window.
  - Tap [Set Ref. Lines] to set the reference line.
  - Tap  to display the planes in 3\*3 mode.
  - Select [Line Extension] to adjust the line length.
  - Select [Rotate RL] to adjust the line angle.
  - Select [Spacing] to adjust the spacing between the three lines.
  - Select [Thickness] to adjust the imaging thickness.
  - Tap [Auto Measure] to start automatic measurement.
3. Tap [Back] to go back to VR mode.

# 13 Display & Cine Review

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## 13.1 Splitting Display

The system supports dual-split and quad-split display format. However, only one window is active. The multi-window display can complete the image and multi-frame image comparison.

### Dual-split

Press <Dual> on the control panel to enter the dual-split mode, and use <Dual> / <Update> key to switch between the two images; press <B> to exit.

Modes support dual-split display: B mode, Color mode, Power mode, PW mode, CW mode, M mode and Color M mode.

### Quad-split

Press the user-defined <Quad> key to enter the quad-split mode, and use the user-defined key to switch among four images; press <B> to exit.

Modes support quad-split display: B mode, Color mode and Power mode.

## 13.2 Image Magnification

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### NOTE:

Zooming an image changes the frame rate which tends to change thermal indices. The position of the focal zones may also change which may cause the peak intensity to occur at a different location in the acoustic field. As a result, the MI may change.

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### 13.2.1 Res Zoom

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#### NOTE:

- Res Zoom only can be realized on a scanning image.
  - The size and position of ROI will be changed along with scanning depth and area.
- 

Perform the following procedure:

1. In real-time image scanning, press <Depth/Zoom> knob to light the Zoom indicator.
2. ROI adjustment: press <Set> to switch between size and position status; roll the trackball to change the size/position. You can also change ROI size by rotating <Depth/Zoom>.
3. Press <Depth/Zoom> / <Update> key to enter Res Zoom status.
  - Rotate the <Depth/Zoom> knob to change the magnification factor.
  - Use the trackball and <Set> key to change ROI size and position.
4. Press <Depth/Zoom> to exit Res zoom.

## 13.2.2 Pan Zoom

Perform the following procedure:

1. Use the [Pan Zoom] on the touch screen, or freeze the image and rotate <Depth/Zoom> knob to enter the pan zoom status. Image-in-image is displayed.

The image magnification factor value will display in real time in the image parameter area. For example, “Z 1.40” indicates that the magnification factor is 1.4.

2. Adjust the magnification factor to 1.00 to exit pan zoom.

## 13.2.3 Spot Zoom

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press <Freeze> to freeze the image and press <Depth/Zoom> knob to light the Zoom indicator.
2. ROI adjustment: press <Set> to switch between size and position status; roll the trackball to change the size/position. You can also change ROI size by rotating <Depth/Zoom>.
3. Press <Depth/Zoom> / <Update> key to enter Spot Zoom status.
  - Rotate the <Depth/Zoom> knob to change the magnification factor.
  - Use the trackball and <Set> key to change ROI size and position.
4. Press <Depth/Zoom> or <Freeze> to exit spot zoom.

## 13.2.4 iZoom (Full-screen Zooming)

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press the user-defined <iZoom> key to zoom in the image.

The zooming area includes image area, parameter area, image banner, and so on.

2. Press the user-defined key again to zoom in the image area only.

The image goes to full-screen.

3. Press the user-defined key again to exit.

## 13.3 Freeze/Unfreeze the Image

Press <Freeze> on the control panel to freeze a scanning image. In freezing mode, the probe stops transmitting acoustic power, and all images as well as the parameters are kept still.

Press <Freeze> in frozen mode to unfreeze the image, and the system continues image scanning.

### Imaging Mode Switching When Frozen

Imaging mode switching in frozen mode follows the following principles:

- In splitting display B mode, press <Dual>/user-defined <Quad> key to switch among the windows; press <B> to exit splitting display mode and enter the image of the currently activated window in full screen.
- In frozen mode, the system supports imaging mode switching between the sub-modes (only for the activated window). For example, if the frozen image is of B+C+PW mode, then the system supports imaging mode switching between B+C+PW, B+C, B+PW and B by pressing <C> or <PW>.
- The imaging mode and parameters of an unfrozen image is the same as the corresponding one that before frozen; but the display format is the same as the one before unfrozen.



## 13.4 Cine Review

The system allows you to review and edit the images prior to the image frozen. This function is called as cine review. The magnified images can also be reviewed, and the operating method is the same. You can perform zoom, measurements, add comments and body marks on the images being reviewed.

The system supports manual review as well as automatic review. The default setup is Manual Cine, but you can switch between Auto Cine and Manual Cine.

In addition, the system supports the images reviewed along with physiological unit waveforms, if the detection of physiological unit waveforms is performed.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

- The cine memory must be cleared at the end of the current patient and the onset of the next new patient by tapping [End].
- Cine files stored in the system's hard drive shall contain patient information, to avoid the selection of an incorrect image file and potential misdiagnosis.

### 13.4.1 Entering/Exiting Cine Review

#### To Enter Cine Review

- The system enters the manual cine review status once press <Freeze> to freeze the image.
- Open cine files in thumbnail, iStation or Review. The system enters automatic cine review status.
- Swipe the touch screen left or right under the mapping mode to review the cine.

#### To Exit Cine Review

Press <Freeze> or <B>, the system will return to image scanning and exit cine review.

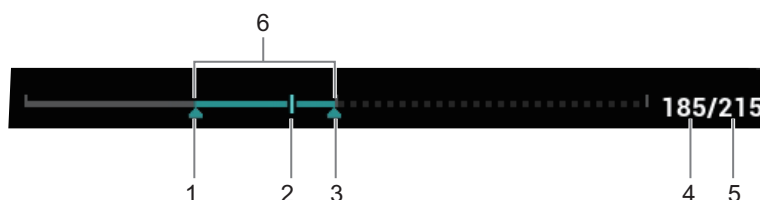
### 13.4.2 2D Cine Review

#### Manual Cine Review

Enter the cine mode in 2D imaging mode. Roll the trackball, or slide the screen to view the cine.

If you move the playback mark to the left by using the trackball, the review sequence is reversed to the image-storing sequence, thus the images are displayed in descending order. Whereas, if you move the playback mark to the right by using the trackball, the review sequence is the same as the image-storing sequence, thus the images are displayed in ascending order. When you review images until the first or the last frame, further using the trackball will display the last or first frame.

The cine progress bar at the bottom of the screen (as shown in the figure below):



1	Start mark	2	Playback mark
3	End mark	4	Current frame

5	Total frames	6	Auto Review Region
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## Reviewing all of Auto Review

Perform the following procedure:

1. In the manual cine review status, use the [Auto Play] to set the review speed to activate auto cine review.
2. Exit:  
Tap [Auto Play] on the touch screen, or use the trackball, the auto review state becomes manual cine review.

## Setting scope of Auto Review

You can set a segment of cine loop which can be reviewed automatically. After the auto review scope is set, the auto cine review can only be performed within this scope; but the manual cine review can be performed beyond this scope. When the cine file is saved, only the images within this scope are saved.

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### NOTE:

You can perform cine review on each image window in the dual/quad splitting mode, and set auto review region for each window.

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Perform the following procedure:

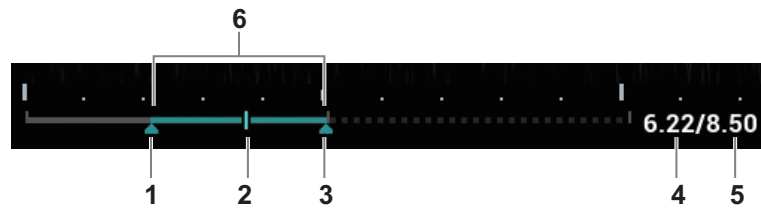
1. Set the start frame:  
Manually review the cine file by trackball, and tap [Set Begin] on the touch screen to set current frame to be the start point.
2. Set the end frame:  
Manually review the cine file by trackball, and tap [Set End] on the touch screen to set current frame to be end.
3. Use [Auto Play] on the touch screen to set the review speed.  
The system plays the auto review region automatically.
4. In the auto cine review, press the knob under the [Auto Play] on the touch screen or rolling the trackball will stop the auto cine review and enter the manual cine review.
5. Tap [Jump to First]/ [Jump to Last] to review the first or last image.

## 13.4.3 Cine Review in M/PW/CW/TVD Mode

Enter cine review in M mode, PW mode, CW mode TVD mode, and then use the trackball the cine images are displayed on the screen one by one.

Move the playback mark to the left by using the trackball. The review progress slider moves to the left, the images moves to the right, and the earlier stored images are invoked. Whereas move the playback mark to the right by using the trackball, the review progress slider moves to the right, and the images move to the left, the recently stored images are invoked. When the image goes to the first/last frame, the cine is played in loop with the trackball moving left or right.

The cine progress bar at the bottom of the screen (as shown in the figure below):



1	Start mark	2	Playback mark
3	End mark	4	Time played
5	Total time	6	Auto Review Region

Cine review operations are the same as these of 2D mode.

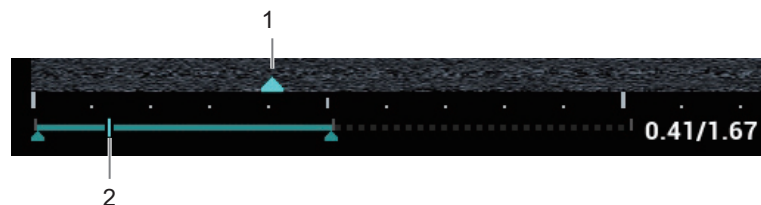
#### NOTE:

There is no audio when the spectrum is reviewed in manual status but audio synchronization can be realized in auto review status with speed of  $\times 1$ .

### 13.4.4 Linked Cine Review

The linked cine review refers to review of the images captured at the same moment.

- B/Color/Power/TVI/TEI dual live
- B/B dual live
- B+M synchronization mode
- B+PW/TVI duplex mode
- TVM, CM triplex mode



1	Frame synchronization mark	2	Playback progress bar
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The frame synchronization mark on the time mark of M/PW image indicates the corresponding 2D image and M/PW image. In statuses other than dual live status, you can only review images in the currently active window.

## 13.5 Image Compare


### 13.5.1 Image Compare in Review Mode

#### NOTE:

For B/B+COLOR/B+TVI/B+POWER/B+TEI mode image, you can select at most 4 images; for PW/M/CW/TVI mode image, you can select at most 2 images

Perform the following procedure:

1. Tap [Compare] on iStation screen or Review screen.
2. Select the images for comparison.

Click to select the image, and the icon  appears on the image, which indicates the image is to be compared.

If select the wrong image, click the image again to cancel the selection.

- Select image size display on “Thumbnail Size” bar to display more images at a time.
- Image compare of different exams for the same patient: Select “all” in the drop-down list of “Exam History” to see all exam files, then you can select different images of different exams to compare.

3. Repeat the step 2 above to add the image to be compared.

There is “Display” column you can filter the images by selecting “All Items”, “Selected”, “Unselected”.

Click [Clear Selected] to clear all selected images.

4. Click [OK] to enter image comparison.
5. Switch the multi-frame cine among the windows to review (single-frame image cannot be reviewed).
  - Press <Dual> to toggle between the two images.
  - Press the user-defined key for “Quad” to switch among 3-4 images.

The window with the highlighted “M” mark is the current activated window.

You can select the image to be reviewed at synchronous time when the multi-frame image is reviewed by using [Sync Play].

6. Save the image if necessary.
7. Click [Return] on the screen or press <Freeze> to exit image compare.

## 13.5.2 Frame Compare

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### NOTE:

Cine compare can only be performed for B/C mode image only. The image on dual/quad window cannot be compared.

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Perform the following procedure:

1. Freeze the image in B/C mode, tap [Frame Compare] in “Cine” page on the touch screen to enter frame comparison mode.
2. Review the images of different image windows (cine replaying can’t be performed for single-frame image file), press <Update> or <Dual> key to switch the active image window.
3. Save the image if it is necessary.

Measurements, adding comments and body marks are allowed.

4. Tap [Frame Compare] again to return to image frozen status; press <Freeze> to enter real-time imaging.

## 13.5.3 iCompare

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### NOTE:

iCompare can only be performed on B, Color, Power, PW, CW, or M mode for FRM/CIN/PNG/DCM files.

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Perform the following procedure:

1. Set the user-defined key to enter iCompare.
2. In live mode or freeze mode, press the user-defined key for iCompare.
3. Select a single-frame image, multi-frame image, or screenshot in the iStation screen (press <iStation> to enter), Review screen (tap <Review> to enter), or thumbnail area in the main screen.
4. Press the <Dual> key to switch between the left and right windows. Roll the trackball to review the cine image on the screen one by one.  
The window with the highlighted “M” mark is the current activated window.  
When the left window is a screenshot, you cannot switch windows.
5. Save the image if it is necessary.  
Measurements, adding comments and body marks are allowed.
6. Press <B>, user-defined <Single> key, or the user-defined key to exit iCompare.

## 13.6 Cine Saving

### 13.6.1 Live Capture

Live capture refers to saving the images or cines in image scanning status; after the storage, the system continues image scanning.

Live capture can be divided into 2 kinds: retrospective and prospective.

- Retrospective saving is to save the specified images before the current moment; to save the images stored in the cine memory to the system hard disk.
- Prospective saving is to save the specified images later than the current moment; to save the images to both the cine memory and the system hard disk.

The live capture time can be set in “Cine” page on the touch screen.

In imaging mode, tap [Pro Capture] / [Retro Capture] on the touch screen or press the user-defined key for “Save Cine (Prospective)/(Retrospective)” on the control panel.

---

### NOTE:

- Press the save key again or <Freeze> to stop saving.
  - When a saving is completed, a thumbnail is showed in the Thumbnail area.
- 

### 13.6.2 Frozen Image Storage

In frozen mode, tap [Pro Capture] / [Retro Capture] on the touch screen or press the user-defined key (The key has already been assigned the function as “Save Clip retrospective or prospective”).

After the cine is successfully saved, there is a thumbnail displayed on the screen.

## 13.7 Setting Cine Length

---

**NOTE:**

The system ends up saving if the cine length goes beyond the maximum value.

---

### 13.7.1 Live capture

#### Prospective Cine Length

Prospective cine duration: set the time that the user taps [Prospective] as the start time. The system proceeds saving the cine.

- With the ECG disabled: tap [Cine] tab, and use [Time(Pro)] to adjust it.
- With the ECG enabled: tap [Cine] tab. Tap [Saving type (Post)] to choose the type of the saving time and the cardiac cycles. Use [Time (Post)] or [Cycle (Post)] to adjust it.

#### Retrospective Cine Length

Retrospective cine duration: set the time that user taps [Retro] when playing the first frame of the image. It also refers to saving the cine or cycles retrospectively.

- With the ECG disabled: tap [Cine] tab, and use [Time(Retro)] to adjust it.
- With the ECG enabled: tap [Cine] tab. Tap [Saving type (Retro)] to choose the type of the saving time and the cardiac cycles. Use [Time(Retro)] or [Cycles(Retro)] to adjust it.

### 13.7.2 Freeze Storage Setting

The first frame of the image starts when the user presses <Freeze> at the first time. The system saves the cine in the auto review scope retrospectively.

Press <Freeze> to freeze the image. Use [Time(Retro)] to set the cine time of retrospective saving in frozen status under Cine page, or mark the start frame in the auto review scope to set the cine time of retrospective saving in frozen status.

---

**NOTE:**

It is only available to save the cine retrospectively in the frozen status.

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# 14 Measurement, Comments and Body Mark

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## 14.1 Measurement

There are general measurements and application measurement. You can perform measurements on a zoomed image, cine reviewing image, real-time image, or frozen image. For measurement details, please refer to the “Advanced Volume”.

---

### **WARNING**

- Be sure to measure areas of interest from the most optimal image plane to avoid misdiagnosis from inaccurate measurement values.
  - To obtain accurate Doppler flow measurement values, make sure the transmitting beam is not perpendicular to the flow, otherwise false readings and potential misdiagnosis may result.
- 

---

### **CAUTION**

- If an image is unfrozen or the mode is changed during a measurement, the calipers and measurement data will be cleared from the screen, but the measurement data will be stored in the report.
  - If the system is turned off or [End] is selected during a measurement, the data not saved will be lost.
  - In Dual-B imaging mode, the measurement results of the merged image may be inaccurate. Therefore, the results are provided for reference only, not for confirming a diagnosis.
- 

### Measurement Accuracy

- Error of 2D Images

Parameter	Value Range	Error
Distance	Full screen	Within $\pm 3\%$
Area	Full screen	Within $\pm 10\%$
Circ	Full screen	Within $\pm 10\%$
Angle	Full screen	Within $\pm 3\%$
Volume	Full screen	Within $\pm 10\%$

Parameter	Value Range	Error
Distance (iScape)	Full screen	Within $\pm 5\%$ (for linear, wide-convex, and phased probes)
	Full screen	Within $\pm 10\%$ (for micro-convex probes)

- Error of 3D Images

Parameter	Value Range	Error
Distance	A/B/C sectional plane image (MPR), CMPR sectional plane image	Within $\pm 5\%$ . (not including Smart 3D)
Area	A/B/C sectional plane image (MPR), CMPR sectional plane image	Within $\pm 7\%$ . (not including Smart 3D)
Circ	A/B/C sectional plane image (MPR), CMPR sectional plane image	Within $\pm 10\%$ . (not including Smart 3D)
Angle	A/B/C sectional plane image (MPR), CMPR sectional plane image	Within $\pm 5\%$ . (not including Smart 3D)
Volume	A/B/C sectional plane image (MPR)	Within $\pm 20\%$ . (not including Smart 3D)

- Time/Motion Measurements

Parameter	Value Range	Error
Distance	Full screen	Within $\pm 3\%$
Time	Timeline Display	Within 2%
Heart rate	Timeline Display	Within $\pm 4\%$
Velocity (PW mode)	10-200 cm/s (for non-transcranial application)	When angle $\leq 60^\circ$ , $\leq \pm 5\%$
	10-300 cm/s (for transcranial application)	Within $\pm 20\%$
Velocity (CW mode)	10-200 cm/s (for non-transcranial application)	When angle $\leq 60^\circ$ , within $\pm 5\%$ (not including pencil probe) Within $\pm 15\%$ (pencil probe)
	10-300 cm/s (for transcranial application)	Within $\pm 20\%$ (not including pencil probe) Within $\pm 10\%$ (pencil probe)

- Auto Measurements

Measurement Item	Error
Smart Volume	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart V Trace	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart ICV	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart OB	Within $\pm 10\%$
Smart NT	Within $\pm 10\%$
Smart FLC	Within $\pm 20\%$



Measurement Item	Error
Smart Hip	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart HRI	Within $\pm 5\%$
Smart B-line	Within $\pm 20\%$
AutoEF	Within $\pm 10\%$
RIMT	Within $\pm 10\%$
IMT	Within $\pm 10\%$
Smart Trace	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart Fetal HR	Within $\pm 10\%$
Smart Calc	Within $\pm 10\%$
Smart Planes CNS	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart Pelvic	Within $\pm 20\%$
Smart Bladder	Within $\pm 10\%$
R-VQS	Within $\pm 10\%$

**NOTE:**

Within the selected field range, the measurement accuracy is ensured within the range mentioned above. The accuracy specifications are performance in the worst conditions, or based on the real test for the system, regardless of acoustic speed error.


## 14.2 Comments





Comments can be added to an ultrasound image to bring attention, annotate or communicate information observed during the examination. You can add comments to: zoomed image, cine review image, real-time image, frozen image. You can type the character as comments; insert the pre-defined comments from the comment library; insert arrow markers or add the trace.

### **WARNING**

You must ensure that the entered comments are correct. Incorrect comments may lead to misdiagnosis.

### 14.2.1 Touch Screen Displaying

- Set the start point of the comment cursor.  
Move the cursor to the desired position, tap [Set Home].
- Return the cursor to the set home location.  
Tap [Home], the cursor returns to the start position.
- Navigate through comments libraries  
Tap [Library] to select the comment library.
- Set comments  
Tap  to enter


- Change active text color/fix text color: select a desired color block to change the active text color or fix text color. The default active text color is green and fix text color is yellow.
- Change Arrow style: Select , ,  or .
- Change Arrow Size: Drag the slider to select arrow size.
- Change text size: Drag the slider to select text size.
- Comment Display
  - Tap [Hide Text]/[Display Text] to display or hide the comments.
- Page-turning
  - If there is more than one page of comment texts for the current exam mode, you can slide to view more.
- Quickly select a comment in a group
  - Configure groups to List 1, List 2, and List 3. Select a comment in a group by pressing the [List 1], [List 2], or [List 3]. The selected comment is displayed in the main screen synchronously.

## 14.2.2 Adding Comments

### Adding an Comments Text

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press <ABC> to enter the comment status.
2. Use the trackball or press direction-control keys on the keyboard to move the cursor to the desired location for comments.
3. Do one of the following to add a comment:
  - Tap the desired comment text on the touch screen, the system adds the selected comment text onto the screen where the cursor is anchored, you can edit the comment directly.
  - Type the alphanumeric characters through the keyboard.


In the edit status, tap  to move the cursor to the new line, and the location of the cursor is aligned with that of the first line

4. In comments edit status, press <Set> or move the cursor to confirm the added comments text and exit the edit status.

### Adding an Arrow

You can add an arrow to a location where you want to pay attention.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press <ABC> and then tap , or press the user-defined <Arrow> key to enter the arrow status.
2. Adjust the position and orientation of the arrow:
  - Use the trackball to move the arrow to the desired position.
  - Rotate the <Angle> knob to change the arrow's orientation.
3. Press <Set> to anchor the arrow position.
  - Repeat steps above to add more arrows if necessary.
4. Press <ABC> or the user-defined <Arrow> key to exit the arrow comment status.

### Trace

In comment status, tap [Trace] on the touch screen to activate trace function, and the current image is also displayed on the touch screen.

Using the control panel:

1. Use the trackball to move the cursor to a desired position, and press <Set> to confirm the start point.
2. Use the trackball to move the cursor along the edge of the desired region and trace the outline of the region.
  - Rotate the <Angle> knob counter-clockwise to cancel 1 pixel of trace.
  - Rotate the <Angle> knob clockwise to restore 1 pixel of trace.
  - Short press <Clear> to clear last trace. Long press <Clear> to delete all tracing.
3. Press <Set> to finish the tracing.

Using the touch screen:

1. Trace around the ROI by tapping the touch screen image using your finger.
2. Remove your finger to finish the tracing.
  - [Clear]: tap to delete the trace in reverse order one by one.
  - [Clear All]: tap to delete all traces.
3. Tap [Exit] to exit the tracing.

### 14.2.3 Moving Comments

---

#### NOTE:

If image size and position changed due to display format switching, then the position of the comment can be changed, too.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the comment to be moved.
2. Use the trackball to move the comment to the new position.
3. Press <Set> to anchor the comment in the new position, and the comment-moving operation is complete.

### 14.2.4 Editing Comments

#### Modifying characters


Perform the following procedure:

1. In comment status, move the cursor onto the comments to be modified.
  - Press alphabetic keys to enter the character to the cursor position directly.
  - Or, double press <Set> to enter comment editing status, and use the direction-control keys to move the cursor to the desired location to insert/delete characters; you can either type characters by pressing the corresponding keys or select the new comment text from the menu.
2. Press <Del> on the keyboard to delete the comment character or text on the right side of the cursor; press  $\langle \boxtimes \rangle$  to delete the comment character or text on the left side of the cursor.
3. Press <Set>, or move the cursor to confirm the added comments text and exit the edit status.

If there are already comments on the screen, press the space bar to enter editing status.

#### Modifying Arrows

Perform the following procedure:

1. Move the cursor on the arrow that needs to be modified. After the cursor becomes , press <Set>. There is a frame around the arrow, indicating the arrow can be edited. Move the cursor to change the arrow position.
2. Rotate the <Angle> knob to modify the arrow's direction.
3. Press <Set> to complete the operation.

## 14.2.5 Deleting Comments

### Deleting Comments Characters, Texts or Arrows

Perform the following procedure:


1. Move the cursor to the comments to be deleted.
2. Press <Set> to select the comment.
3. Tap [Delete Word] or press <Clear> to complete the deletion.

### Deleting a recently-added character, text or arrow

Perform the following procedure:

1. In comment status, press <Clear> to delete the latest added/modified comment unit.
2. Enter letters by pressing the alphanumeric key on the keyboard and use blank key to divide the letters. Tap [Delete Word] to delete latest added/modified comment unit and enter comment status.

### Delete letters one by one

In comment editing status, use  on the keyboard to delete letters before cursor “|”.

In comment editing status, use <Del> on the keyboard to delete letters after cursor “|”.

In comment status, enter letters by pressing the alphanumeric key on the keyboard. Tap [Delete Word] to delete letters before cursor “|”.

### Erase All Text

---

**NOTE:**

- When no item is selected, press <Clear> will clear all comments and all measurements calipers.
  - After powering off, the system will clear all comments on the image.
- 

Long press <Clear> to delete all the comments.

## 14.3 Voice Comments

The system supports adding voice comment to the frozen images.

---

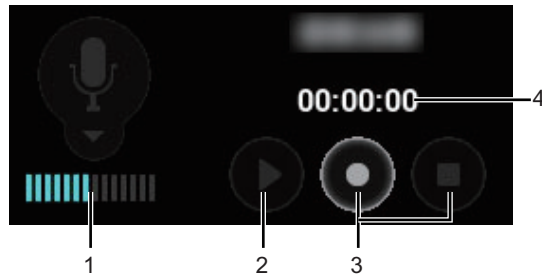
**NOTE:**

To perform voice comments adding, the function should be enabled through the path: [Setup] > [System] > [Application]. Check “Voice comment enabled”. The voice comment panel appears on the right corner of the screen.

---

### 14.3.1 Voice Comment Panel

After the system enters the voice comment status, the voice comment panel will be displayed on the lower right corner of the screen.






1	Recording	2	Start Play
3	Start/Stop Recording	4	Duration

### 14.3.2 Adding Voice Comments

**NOTE:**

- In voice comment recording status, you can perform measurements, comments adding, body marks adding, print tasks and DICOM tasks.
- If you press <Freeze> during the recording course, the already recorded voice comment cannot be saved.

1. Connect the Microphone material kit to the USB port.
2. Press <Freeze> after obtaining the image. Press <Cursor> and roll the trackball to move the cursor onto the voice comment panel; tap  to start recording and the icon  becomes red.
3. After the voice recording ends, tap the icon  to end recording.
4. Save the cine.

### 14.3.3 Voice Comment Review

Click to open a cine file with voice comment, and during the cine review mode, voice comments are played as well.

## 14.4 Body Mark

**NOTE:**

After powering off, the system will clear all comments on the image.

The Body Mark feature is used for indicating the exam position of the patient and transducer position and orientation.

You can preset the system configured general body marks for each exam mode. The system supports the import of user-defined body marks.

### 14.4.1 Touch Screen Display in Body Mark

The body mark touch screen displays the settings for the current mode:

## Library

Tap [Library] to select the body mark library, the corresponding body marks are shown on the left.

## Page-turning

If there is more than one page, slide the touch screen to turn the page.

## Save Probe

Under the condition that the probe mark direction and position is determined for the current adding body mark, tap [Save Probe] to save the current direction and position for the probe mark of the current body mark.

## 14.4.2 Adding Body Mark

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press [Body Mark] to enter the Body Mark status.
2. Tap the desired body mark on the touch screen directly.
3. To adjust the probe position and orientation marker.
  - Use the trackball to place the probe marker at the correct position.
  - Rotate <Angle> to adjust the mark's direction.
  - Tap [Save Probe] to save the current direction and position for the probe mark of the current body mark.
4. Press <Set> to confirm the position and orientation of the probe marker and exit the body mark mode.

## 14.4.3 Moving Body Marks

You can move the body mark graphics to any desired position within the image area.


---

### NOTE:

In Dual B Mode, a Body Mark cannot be moved between the separate image windows.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press <Cursor> and move the cursor onto the body mark. The cursor then becomes , indicating you can move the Body Mark graphic to a new position.
2. Press <Set> to select the body mark.
3. Move the Body Mark graphic to the desired position.
4. Press <Set> to anchor and confirm the new graphic position.


## 14.4.4 Deleting Body Marks

---

### NOTE:

- Preset returning, switching the exam mode/patient/probe will clear the body marks.
  - Set if body mark is erased when the image is unfrozen, see “4.1.4 Application”.
- 

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press <Cursor> and move the cursor onto the body mark. The cursor then becomes .
2. Press <Clear> to delete the body mark.

# 15 DICOM/HL7

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**NOTE:**

- Before using DICOM, please read the electronic file DICOM CONFORMANCE STATEMENT along with the device.
  - The DICOM package is optional, so the description here is only applicable for the system configured with the DICOM package.
- 

The chapter is confined to the preset, connection verification and DICOM services of the DICOM-configured ultrasound machine, not including SCP configurations like PACS/RIS/HIS.

This system supports the following DICOM functions:

- Verify Connectivity
- DICOM Storage
- DICOM Print
- DICOM Worklist
- MPPS (Modality Performed Procedure Step)
- Storage Commitment
- Query/Retrieve
- Structured Report
- DICOM Medium Storage (DICOMDIR Review)
- DICOM Task Management

If all the DICOM presets on the DICOM Service Preset screen are completed, you are ready for the Storage, Print, Worklist (HL7 Query), MPPS, Storage Commitment and Query/Retrieve applications. For detailed information about DICOM presets, see “4.7 DICOM/HL7”.

Terms:


Abbreviations	Description
DICOM	Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine
AE	Application Entity
MPPS	Modality Performed Procedure Step
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
SCU	Service Class User (DICOM client)
SCP	Service Class Provider (DICOM server)
SOP	Service-Object Pair
TLS	Transport Layer Security

## 15.1 DICOM Storage

DICOM Storage is used to send images (single-frame or multi-frame) or structured report to the DICOM storage server for storage.

### 15.1.1 Send images on iStation/Review/Main screens

Perform the following procedure:

1. Do one of the following to select images:
  - Tap [iStation] on the exam main screen to enter the iStation page. Click to select a patient or an exam record in the list. Thumbnails are displayed in the thumbnail area in the lower part of the screen, and then click to select a thumbnail or the cine. Or, select an exam or exams from the patient list (there should be images for this exam).
  - Tap [Review] on the exam main screen to enter the Review screen. Click to select a thumbnail or the cine.
  - On the main screen, select a thumbnail or the cine.
2. Click  in the top-right part or [Send To] to bring up the Send To dialog box.
3. Click to select “DICOM” in the Target box on the left side, then select the DICOM storage server in the Storage Server box on the right side, and click [OK].

### 15.1.2 To send images using a shortcut key

You can save single-frame images or multi-frame images to a DICOM server while saving to hard drive using a shortcut key.

---

**NOTE:**

To define the shortcut key, for details see “4.1.7 Key Board”.

---

Start the ultrasound exam scan. Press the user-defined key to send the image or the cine to DICOM storage.

### 15.1.3 To send images to storage after an exam ends

---

**NOTE:**

To preset Sending/printing after End Exam, for details see “4.1.2 General”.

---

Start the ultrasound exam scan. Tap [End] to send the image or the cine to DICOM storage automatically.

### 15.1.4 Structured Report (SR)


The system supports OB/GYN structured report, Cardiac structured report, Breast structured report, Abdomen structured report, Small Parts structured report, and Vascular structured report.

The SR can be sent when meeting the following procedures.

- DICOM structured report installed with the corresponding exam mode;
- The exam mode is: OB, GYN, cardiac, Abdomen, vascular, Small Parts, pediatric and breast;
- Send in the unit of single exam;
- Unable to sending the SR if the state is Cancel or Pause.
- Set the storage option to Attach SR When Store Images, or Only Store SR.



Send SR on iStation.

1. Choose the storage option to Attach SR When Store Images, or Only Store SR.
2. Create new patient information or load the patient information.
3. Perform obstetric (gynecology, cardiac, Abdomen, Small Parts, breast or vascular) measurements:
4. Save the image or the cine.
5. End an exam
6. Click [Send Exam] on iStation page.
7. Select DICOM in the storage server list, and select a server in the “Storage Server” list.
8. Click [OK], the status of sending task can be viewed in DICOM task management. After successful storage of both image and structured report; you can see the storage commitment mark “√” in the list below  in the iStation screen.

### 15.1.5 Encapsulate PDF

Encapsulate PDF refers to the PDF file is encapsulated in DICOM IOD.

Encapsulated PDF is sent by following the procedures below:

- Send in the unit of single exam.
- The exam with the state of End, Cancel or Stop cannot be sent as encapsulated PDF.
- Check “Encapsulated PDF” in the storage service preset.
- If there is an exam result in the report template, this type of exam should be performed.

Sending the exam or archiving the exam can send the encapsulated PDF file.

### 15.1.6 Unload DCM file

The image can be unloaded to DCM format and send to the storage media, iStorage.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the image, and click ⊖.
2. Select [Target] > [iStorage] to export the image in DCM format.
3. Click [OK] to send DCM format file to the external media

## 15.2 DICOM Print

DICOM Print is used to send images to the DICOM print server for printing.

### 15.2.1 Print images on iStation/Review/Main screens

Perform the following procedure:

1. Do one of the following to select images:
  - Tap [iStation] on the exam main screen to enter the iStation page. Click to select a patient or an exam record in the list. Thumbnails are displayed in the thumbnail area in the lower part of the screen, and then click to select a thumbnail. Or, select an exam or exams from the patient list (there should be images for this exam).
  - Tap [Review] on the exam main screen to enter the Review screen. Click to select a thumbnail.
  - On the main screen, select a thumbnail or the cine.
2. Click ⊕ in the top-right part or [Send To].

3. Click to select “DICOM” in the Target box on the left side, then select the DICOM print server on the right side, and click [OK].

## 15.2.2 To send images using a shortcut key

You can send single-frame images to a DICOM print server while saving to hard drive using a shortcut key.

1. Define the short key.
2. Set a default printer server.
3. Press the shortcut key to send the image to the hard disk; the system also sends the single-frame file to the printer server.

## 15.2.3 To send images to DICOM Print after an exam ends

### NOTE:

Preset Sending/printing after End Exam, for details see “4.1.2 General”.

Start the scan and obtain the image. Each time [End] is tapped, the system will send the image to the default DICOM print server for printing.

## 15.3 Worklist

When the DICOM basic package is configured and the Worklist server has been set, click [Worklist] in the “Patient Info” screen to query or import the patient data.

The system supports: DICOM and HL7.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Tap [Info] on the touch screen to enter the patient information page.
2. Click [Worklist] to enter the Worklist page.

The screenshot shows the 'Worklist' screen with the following elements:

- Search Filters:**
  - Patient ID (text input)
  - Patient Name (text input)
  - Accession # (text input)
  - First Name (text input)
  - Station Name (text input)
  - M.I. (text input)
  - System Location (text input)
  - Admit Date (DD/MM/YYYY, date picker)
  - Unit (text input)
  - Scheduled Station AE Title (text input)
  - DICOM Server (dropdown menu)
  - Modality Type (dropdown menu, set to US)
  - Server Type (dropdown menu, set to DICOM Server)
  - Search Key (dropdown menu)
  - Requested Procedure ID (dropdown menu)
  - Exam Date (Today, dropdown menu)
  - From (14/08/2019, date picker)
  - To (14/08/2019, date picker)
- Buttons:** Query, Clear, Setting.
- Table:**

0 records are listed.

Patient ID	Patient Name	Accession #	Exam Description	Exam Date	Gender	DOB
[Empty table body]						
- Footer:** Charset option (Original Character set), Status: Showing server results, Start Exam, Transfer, Show Detail, Exit.

3. Guarantee the data source: after select the service type, select the worklist server from the corresponding server.
4. Input the searching condition:

- DICOM server: Search via patient ID, accession #, key words, AE title, worklist server or exam date.
  - Select HL7 server: Search via patient ID, patient name.
5. Click [Query]. The scheduled patients, which meet the criteria, are displayed in the lower part of the screen.
- After the first query, you can perform the second query based on the preview results. The scheduled patients in the list will update in real time.
  - Enter patient ID, patient name, accession # and exam date, the system affords the result in real-time.
  - Select the keyword type, enter the keywords and then click [Query] to search.
- To reset the criteria, click [Clear] button.
6. Select the desired patient from the list.
- Click [Start Exam], the patient information is imported into the system and then an exam is started.
  - Click [Transfer], the patient information is imported into the “Patient Info” screen and it is opened. After you edit the patient information in the “Patient Info” screen, click [OK] to start a new exam.
  - Click [Show Detail] to see details of patient data.
7. Click [Exit] to exit the Worklist.

## 15.4 MPPS


MPPS is used to send exam state information to the configured server. This facilitates the other systems in obtaining the exam progress in time.

After you preset the Worklist server and MPPS server, if the system obtains the patient information from Worklist server to begin the exam, it will send exam status information to MPPS server of when the exam is undergoing or ended. If the sending fails, the system resends automatically.

## 15.5 Storage Commitment

Storage commitment is used to confirm whether the images or structured reports are successfully stored on the DICOM storage server.

Before using storage commitment, set the associated storage service

If images are successfully sent to the storage server, the storage commitment server will return to the information about the successful image storage. In the iStation screen, you will see a tick “√” marked in the list below .

---

### NOTE:

Multi-frame storage is not allowed if “Allow Multiframe” is not selected. Even if there is a multi-frame file in the exam to be sent, only single-frame image storage will be performed. After the storage is complete, there is no “√” marked in the list of the iStation screen.

---

### 15.5.1 Storage commitment after sending images on the iStation screen

Select the image, the cine or the data, and send it, see “15.1 DICOM Storage”.

The system will send all the images stored in the exam record to the storage server. Meanwhile, it will send storage commitment to the storage commitment server.

## 15.5.2 To send storage commitment automatically after an exam ends

---

**NOTE:**

- Preset Sending/printing after End Exam, for details see “4.1.2 General”.
  - Set the default storage server, and click “Storage Commitment” to connect to the storage server, see “4.7.2 DICOM Service Preset”.
- 

Start the scan and obtain the image. Tap [End] each time; the system will send the image to the default DICOM storage server for storage and send storage commitment to the storage commitment server.

Storage commitment is confined to the whole exam. Not each image sending can be indicated.

## 15.6 Query/Retrieve

The query/retrieve function is used to query and retrieve patient exam records in a designated server.

After setting the DICOM query/retrieve server, you can perform the query/retrieve function in the iStation screen.

1. Tap [iStation] to enter iStation screen.
2. Click [Query/Retrieve] to open Query/Retrieve screen.
3. Select the server in the “Server and Service” area (both the source and the destination) and query level.

**NOTE:**

- If the level is set to “STUDY”, all images and cines under this “study” level will be retrieved.
  - If the level is set to “SERIES”, all results under the “series” level will be retrieved.
4. Enter the query information, such as Patient ID, Patient Name, Accession #, Exam Date or key words.  
Click [Clear] to empty the entered query information.
  5. Click [Query]. The system performs the query and lists the results in the patient (source) list.  
You can perform further queries based on the results by entering new query information.
  6. Select one or more patient records according to the actual situation.
    - Click [Select All] to select all the patient records in the list.
    - Click [Deselect All] to deselect all the patient records in the list.
  7. Click [Retrieve] to retrieve the patient records in the DICOM query/retrieve server to the local machine.
  8. Click [Exit]. The retrieved patient records are listed in the iStation screen.

---

## 15.7 DICOM Media Storage (DICOMDIR Review)

Patient data in the ultrasound system can be saved on external media in DCM format, while DCM files can be accessed in the ultrasound system.

DICOM media storage and DICOMDIR review should meet the following conditions:

- There is a DVD disk in the ultrasound device, and it works well.
- File system format of CD/ DVD optical file should be ISO9660, and the optical disk should not be damaged.
- File system format of DVD optical file should be UDF, and the optical disk should not be damaged.
- Normally read/write data from the USB ports on the ultrasound system.
- File system format of removable device (USB flash drive) is FAT32 and the media should not be damaged.

### 15.7.1 Media Storage

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select patient records in the iStation screen.
2. Click [Send Exam] in the menu which appears to open the dialog box.
3. Select the destination to “DICOMDIR” and DICOM Format as well as compression mode. You can select to delete the exam or the image after the backup, and select to hide patient information.
4. Click [OK]. The image from the current exam is sent to the external storage media in DICOM format.

If the backup is successful, a tick will appear in the Backup list in the iStation screen. If not, there will be no tick.

---

**NOTE:**

There must be no DICOMDIR/DCMIMG/IHE\_PDI files on the external storage media of the same name as the one being backed up. Otherwise, the backup cannot proceed. Ensure there is enough storage space, or the backup may fail due to shortage of space.

---

### 15.7.2 Media review

Perform the following procedure:

1. Connect the external media with DCM files to the system.
2. Select the data source in iStation screen, and the visible data will be shown.

If there are several types of data on the media, the system will ask you to select the format. Then, click [DICOMDIR].

### 15.7.3 Data Restore

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**NOTE:**

Only system-accessible media can be selected.

---

After the DICOM format data are saved to external media, restore the data to the ultrasound system. Connect the external media containing DCM files to the system.

1. In iStation, review the data stored on the external media.
2. Select the data to be restored in iStation.
3. Click [Restore Exam] on the iStation screen.

# 16 Patient Data Management

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An exam record consists of all information and data of one exam.

An exam record consists of the following information:

- Patient basic information and exam data
- Image files
- Report

---

**NOTE:**

- DO NOT use the internal hard drive for long-term image storage. Daily backup is recommended. External storage media is recommended for archiving images.
  - The system patient database space is limited, please back up or clear patient data in time.
  - Compression type for image compression and storage may cause loss of image data.
  - Mindray is not responsible for lost data if you DO NOT follow suggested backup procedures.
- 

## 16.1 Image File Management

You can store the image files either in the patient database in the system, or to external memory devices. For a save image, you can perform operations like image reviewing, analyzing and demonstration.

### 16.1.1 Storage Media

System supported memory media including:

- System hard disk
- USB memory devices: USB flash drive, removable USB hard disk
- Optical disk

### 16.1.2 Image File Formats

The system supports file formats which belong to the system and file formats which are PC-compatible.

#### System-relevant formats

- Single-frame image file (FRM)  
Refers to single-frame static image files not to be compressed; you can perform measurements and comments adding on this type of files.
- Cine file (CIN)  
System-defined multi-frame file format; you can perform manual or auto cine review, and perform measurements or add comments for the reviewed images. After you open a stored CIN file, the system automatically enters cine review status.

The system can save FRM files as BMP, JPG, TIFF or DCM files, or save CIN files as AVI, DCM files.

## PC-compatible formats

- Screen file (BMP)  
Single-frame file format, used to save the current screen, non-compressed format;
- JPG: Single frame export format.
- TIFF: Single frame export format
- Multi-medium files: Multi-frame export format.
- DICOM files  
DICOM standard files format, single-frame or multi-frame format, used to record patient information and images; you can only open DCM files to view rather than to edit.

### 16.1.3 Image Storage Setting

- Set user-defined key and auxiliary output function.
- Set the image size.
- Set cine saving length.
- Set send/print image after end exam. Then every time you tap [End], the system will send images of the exam to the connected default DICOM server.

### 16.1.4 Saving Images to the System

The image is saved to the default path with the default name. The thumbnail of this image will appear in the thumbnail area on the right side of the screen. When you move the cursor onto the thumbnail, its filename with suffix will be displayed.

#### To save a single-frame image to the system quickly

Press the user-defined <Save Image> key to save the image.

- The image format is FRM in the imaging interface.
- When a dialog box is displayed on the current screen, press the user-defined key to save the screen in the PNG format.

#### To save cineloop image to the system quickly

Press the user-defined <Save Cine (Retrospective/Prospective)> key to save the cine file in the default file directory in the CIN format.

#### Quickly Saving Full Screen Image to the System

Press the user-defined <Save Screen> key to save the image. The format of the image is PNG.

### 16.1.5 Saving Images to USB Flash Drive

Press the user-defined <Save Image to USB Disk> key to save the image to the USB flash drive.

### 16.1.6 Exporting Cine File to USB Flash Drive

1. Perform the scan and freeze the image.
2. Press the user-defined <Send Cine to USB Disk> key to save the images to the USB flash drive.

### 16.1.7 Auxiliary Output Function

For the following three functions, the system provides auxiliary output function setting: “Save Image”, “Save Cine (Retrospective)” and “Save Cine (Prospective)”. When the corresponding user-



defined key is pressed, the ultrasound system can perform multiple operations one by one as per the preset.

Save the single-frame image:

- Send image to DICOM Storage
- Send image to DICOM Printer
- Send image to USB Disk
- Send image to iStorage
- Send image to local default Printer
- Send image to Workstation
- Send image to Workstation Cache

Retrospective/prospective saving cine:

- Send cine to DICOM Storage
- Send cine to USB Disk
- Send cine to iStorage
- Send cine to Workstation
- Send cine to Workstation Cache

Taking “Save Image” as an example, add the auxiliary functions “Send Image to DICOM Storage” and “Send Image to USB Disk”:

1. Set the user-defined key through the path: [Setup] > [System] > [Console&Footswitch]/[Key Board]. Select “Save Image” in the Output column.
2. The system will automatically show the available auxiliary functions for current key. Select “Send Image to DICOM Storage” and “Send Image to USB Disk”.
3. Click [OK] to confirm.
4. Scan and freeze the image
5. Press the user-defined key, then the system will perform three steps:
  - Save the image to the local hard disk.
  - Send image to DICOM Storage server.
6. Send the image to USB disk.

## 16.1.8 Thumbnails

The stored images or cineloops are displayed in the form of thumbnails on the screen:

- During image scanning, thumbnails of the current exam display in the Clip board/Thumbnails Area of the screen.
- In the iStation screen, the thumbnails of the current selected patient display at the bottom of the screen. When you move the cursor onto a thumbnail, its name and format will display.
- On the [Review] page, the thumbnails refer to the images stored in the same exam. When you move the cursor onto a thumbnail, its name and format will display.
- On the Review page, open images to enter the image analyzing status, all the thumbnails belong to the exam are displayed.

## 16.1.9 Image Review

The system supports the image review and analysis to the saved patient image.

You can review all images stored in an exam, and send, delete or analyze the stored images.

## To enter image review

- Tap [Review] to enter review page. Images of the current exam and the current patient are displayed.
- During mapping mode, slide to left or right on the touch screen to review the image.
- Select an exam of a patient in the iStation screen, and click <Review> or double-click the exam to enter the Review screen to review the images of the patient.

During image scan, saved image thumbnails will display on the right of the screen. Move the cursor onto a thumbnail, and press <Set> twice to open the image; if the stored image is a cine file, double-click the thumbnail to enter the auto cine review.

## Exit the review

Click [Exit] on the Review screen; or,  
Press <ESC> or tap [Review] to exit.

## Basic Operations

Select an exam from the [Exam History] drop-down list.

Double-click the image thumbnail to analyze an image.

The function buttons are described as follows:

- Exam History  
You can select one certain exam from the exam directory to review the image.
  - If entered from iStation, the screen displays the record(s) selected in the iStation.
  - If entered from the imaging status, the Review screen displays the images of the current exam, and the default selected image is the one displayed on the preview main screen.
- Info  
Click to enter the Patient Info screen, you can review or edit the currently-selected patient information.
- Report  
Click to review or edit the currently-selected patient report.
- Image operations
  - [Select All]: click to select all images in the thumbnail window.
  - [Deselect All]: after clicking the [Select All], the button changes into [Deselect All], you can cancel all the selections by clicking [Deselect All].
  - [Send To]: click to send the selected image to other location, DICOM server, printer, MedSight, DVD, etc.
  - [Delete]: click to delete the selected image.
  - [Image Compare]: Image Comparison.
- Thumbnail Size  
To change the thumbnail size.
- Switching operations:
  - [New Exam]: click to create a new exam for the selected patient and open the Patient Info screen.
  - [Activate Exam]: activate the ended exam, and enter the image scan interface.
  - [iStation]: click to enter the iStation screen.
  - [Exit]: click to exit the Review status, and return to the main screen.

## 16.1.10 Image Analysis

In the image analysis status, you can view, zoom, perform post processing and measurements, add comments and perform cine review for a stored image (FRM or CIN format). The operation steps are the same as those for real-time scanning; please refer to relevant sections for details.

### To enter image analysis

- In the image scanning or freeze status, double-click a thumbnail stored in this exam to enter the image analysis status; or
- In the image review status, double-click the selected thumbnail to open the image.

### To exit the image analysis




- Press <Freeze> to exit and enter the real-time scan status.
- Press [Return] to exit from the image analysis to the Review status. In image analysis status, the selected image is displayed on the screen, and the thumbnails of the same exam are displayed on the thumbnail area, you can turn pages using the buttons on the right side of the thumbnail.

## 16.1.11 Sending Image File

### NOTE:

Data saved this way can only be reviewed on the PC and cannot be restored to the ultrasound system.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Do one of the following to bring up the “Send To” screen:
  - In the main screen, select a stored image thumbnail and click  on the upper right corner of the image.
  - In the iStation screen, select a stored image and click .
  - In Review screen, click  to send patient data to an external memory device.
  - In the Review screen, select a image and click [Send To].
2. Select from the destination:

Item	Description
USB/iStorage	For external memory devices (e.g. USB memory devices, DVD recorder) or network storage server, you can set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PC format transfer.</li> <li>• DCM format transfer</li> <li>• Cine Zoom Mode.</li> <li>• Export the report or the report format.</li> <li>• Hide patient information.</li> </ul>
DICOM/Print	Select the DICOM Storage or Print server.
MedSight	Send the image to MedSight as necessary.  <b>NOTE:</b> The file sent to MedSight is transferred into PNG format, and the cine file is transferred into AVI format.

**NOTE:**

- If the transferred AVI file cannot be played normally on PC, please try to transfer the multi-frame cine file in MP4 format and try Send To function again, or use a VLC media player.
- You can select whether to hide patient info: if "Default Info" is selected, the patient name is hidden after backup; if "Custom Info" is selected, the system prompts a message requiring you to input the patient name, which will be displayed after backup.

## 16.2 Report Management

### 16.2.1 Report storage

The exam reports are stored under the directory of the exam of the patient.

### 16.2.2 Importing, exporting and sending a report

#### Import/export report via Backup

In iStation screen, select patient data, click [Restore Exam] or [Backup Exam] in the popped up menu to import or export patient information, images and reports from or to an external memory device.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the destination.
2. Select whether to remove from local HD after Backup:
  - If "Remove Exams" is selected, the patient information and images are removed.
  - If "Remove Images" is selected, only the patient images are removed.
3. Select whether to hide the patient information.
  - Default Info: the patient name is hidden after backup.
  - Custom Info: the system prompts a message requiring you to input the customized patient name, which will be displayed after backup.
4. Select whether to encrypt backup exams for USB only: input the password and confirm password in the field box. Click [Backup], a "Patient.7z" compressed package is backed up to the USB device, and you need to input the password to open the package.

**NOTE:**

- If the password is forgotten, you cannot open the backup package.
- The password cannot be multi-language or Chinese characters.

#### Export report via Send To

In the iStation or Review screen, click [Send Exam] or [Send To] to send patient data to an external memory device (USB disk or disc) or network storage, you can choose if reports are exported.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select [Export Report].
2. Select report type to be exported.
3. Select whether to hide the patient information.
  - Default Info: the patient name is hidden after backup.

- Custom Info: the system prompts a message requiring you to input the customized patient name, which will be displayed after backup.
4. Click [OK] to confirm.
    - The size of the report can be set, see “4.9 Print Preset”.

## 16.3 Patient Data Management (iStation)

The patient data include basic patient information, exam information, image files and reports. You can search, view, backup, send, restore, delete or export patient data in iStation.

Do one of the following to enter iStation:

- Tap [iStation] on the touch screen.
- Press user-defined <iStation> key.
- Select [iStation] in the Patient Info screen.
- Click [iStation] in the Review screen.


### 16.3.1 Searching a Patient

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the data source.
  - Click [Data Source] to select the data source of patient data, the system patient database is default.
2. Set search conditions.
3. Enter the key word. The matching patient information is displayed in the patient list.
4. When you select a patient in the patient list, the images of this patient will be displayed at the bottom of the screen.

### 16.3.2 Patient Data View & Management

Select the desired patient information in the list.


Item	Description
Review an image	Select an exam of a patient, click [Review Image] to enter Review screen.
Patient Information	Select an exam of a patient, click [Patient Info] to check the patient information of this exam.
Review Report	After you select an exam of a patient, click [Review Report] to view the report of this exam for this patient.
Delete Exam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select the patient record. Click [Delete Exam] to delete the exam. However, you cannot delete patient data being printed, exported or sent, or delete the current exam.</li> <li>• To delete an image, select the image and click  on the right side.</li> </ul>

Item	Description
Backup Exam	<p>You can back up the selected patient data to the system-supported media in order to view it on PC, or restore the patient data to the system from an external media. The exam after being backed up can be restored to the system for another review. Click to back up the selected patient data to the system-supported media.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original format: to back up the data in original format.</li> <li>• DICOM format: you can change the cine compression mode, and JPEG compression mode.</li> <li>• You can select whether to remove images or the whole exam record from the system.</li> </ul>
Restore Exam	Click to import the patient data from an external media.
Send Exam	<p>You can use this function to export the exam data to external devices (in PC data or DICOMDIR data format) and then import to PC or restore to the ultrasound system to review the data.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Select the patient record, click [Send Exam] in the menu to send exam data or images of the selected record.</li> <li>2. Select the destination, and set related settings.</li> </ol>
Activate Exam	<p>After you select an exam, which has been performed within 24 hours, click [Activate Exam] to activate the exam and load the basic patient information and measurement data to continue the exam.</p> <p>If you want to select a patient data in an external memory database to start a new exam or recover the exam, you have to first allow the system to load the patient data to the system's patient database.</p>
Resume Exam	<p>Select an exam that is paused within 24 hours, click [Resume Exam] to activate the exam and load the basic patient information and measurement data to continue the exam.</p> <p>If you want to select a patient data in an external memory database, you have to first allow the system to load the patient data to the system's patient database.</p>
Annotation Exam	<p>Select an exam and click [Annotation Exam] to add annotation.</p> <p>In the popped-up screen, you can also review the history annotations for the selected exam.</p>

## 16.4 Recycle bin

The recycle bin is used to store deleted patient data, exam data and images.

The system supports recovery of these data from the recycle bin.

Click  at the lower right corner of the screen (when the button is gray, the operation is unavailable) to enter the Patient Recycle Bin screen.

### To recover the deleted patient data

#### NOTE:

If the capacity of the recycle bin exceeds 200. The system reminds the user to clean. Follow the procedures below to clean the recycle bin.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select items to be recovered in the list.

2. Select operations:
  - Click [Restore Items] to restore the item back to iStation.
  - Click [Delete] to delete the item permanently, and the item can never be restored again;
  - Click [Restore All Items] to restore all the items back to iStation;
  - Click [Empty Recycle Bin] to empty the recycle bin and all items can never be restored again.
  - Click [Exit] to exit the recycle bin.

## To set maximum number of days or deleted data to be kept in the recycle bin

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**NOTE:**

The patient exams which exceed the preset maximum will be deleted and unrecoverable, it is recommended to perform patient data backup before enabling this function to avoid data loss.

---

Perform the following procedure:

1. Input the desired number besides “Maximum number of days to be kept”.
  - If the input box is left blank, the feature will not be enabled.
  - Only the whole number ranging from 1 to 365 can be input.
2. Click [Modify].

## 16.5 iStorage

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**NOTE:**

To use iStorage function, you need UltraAssist software in 2.0 version (with V1.0 network protocol); consult Mindray service engineer for details.

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Network storage is used to save image files and measurement reports to the remote PC server.

For network storage setting, see “4.8.1 iStorage Preset”.

1. Enter iStation, select one (or more than one) patient data or image in the local data source.
2. Click [Send Exam].
3. Select [iStorage] in the Send To dialog box, and select the PC server of the right side.
4. Select PC transfer format and check whether to send report.
5. Click [OK] to start sending.

## 16.6 u-Link

u-Link is used to connect the software that supports u-Link protocol. For details, please refer to the accompanying software manual.

## 16.7 Print


For printer connection, see “3.8 Connecting Peripheral Devices”.

For user-defined key for printing and video output settings, see “4.1 System Preset”.

## 16.7.1 Image Print

For DICOM image printing, refer to relevant chapters. Video printer is applied in image print service.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the desired image in iStation or Review screen.
2. Click  icon on the upper right side of the image, and select the printer in the popped up dialog box.
3. Click [OK] to start printing.

Please refer to the accompanying manuals of the printers for more details.

## 16.7.2 Report Printing

Both reports and images can be printed on a graph/text printer. For detailed information about the report printing, see *Advanced Manual*.

## 16.8 Back up Files using the DVD Drive


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### **CAUTION**

During the backup process, if a CD/DVD is forcibly taken out or you perform other operations, the backup process will fail or the system may malfunction.



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### **NOTE:**

- Writing data using “Send To” supports the PC format transfer function, while CD/DVD writing using “Back Up” supports only system-relevant formats.
  - The  symbol indicates that the input CD/DVD is damaged or contains data in an incorrect format.
- 

The system supports writing data to CD/DVD using the DVD-RW/DVD+RW drive and reading data from CD/DVD on the PC.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Put a CD/DVD in the tray.
2. Select the data to be backed up. Select [Send Exam] or [Backup Exam] in the menu which appears. Select the target drive in the Send To or Back Up Patient Record dialog box.
3. Click [OK] or [Backup] to begin writing when the  symbol displays.
4. After the writing process is complete, click  to bring up the Disc Option dialog box, and select [Eject] to eject the CD/DVD.

## 16.9 Patient Task Management

Click  in the bottom-right corner of the screen to bring up the Task Management dialog box.

### **Storage Task**

Displays the DICOM storage task.




## DICOM Print Task


Displays the DICOM print task.

## Media Storage Task

- DICOM media storage task (including disc and USB devices): In iStation screen, select the target exam and click [Send Exam], then click DICOMDIR in the menu which appears.
- Back up task (system-relevant format): Select the exam to be backed up in iStation and click [Backup Exam].
- Send to external devices (including disc and USB devices): Select exam data or images in the iStation or Review screen. Click [Send Exam] for the image.
- iStorage task: In iStation screen, select the target exam and click [Send Exam], then click iStorage in the menu which appears.
- MedSight storage task:
  - In iStation screen, send exam to MedSight devices.
  - In Review screen, iStation screen, thumbnail area, send the image(s) to MedSight devices.

## Task Status

When there are tasks underway, the task management icon displays as . Click the icon to check the process.

When tasks have failed, the task management icon displays as . Click the icon to check the reason for the failure.

When the task management icon displays as , it means no task is underway or has failed.

## DICOM Service Setting

On the Storage Task and DICOM Print Task page, click [Service Setting] to enter the DICOM service setting screen. For details, see “4.7 DICOM/HL7”.

## Troubleshooting

If a serious error occurs, such as network disconnection or operation timeout, the system can try to reconnect the network. The interval time and maximum retries can be set as desired. For details, see “4.7.2 DICOM Service Preset”.

## 16.10 Q-Path

You can use the ultrasound system to check data on browser directly. After you have ordered storage service of a network website service, you can check data using the website, authorized account and password (provided by the service vendor). You can open the browser to review previously sent DICOM data. For Q-Path settings, see “4.8.3 Q-Path Preset”.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Send stored images or worksheet reports from iStation/Review/thumbnail area to the Q-Path server.
2. In iStation screen, click [Q-Path] to enable the function.
3. Log in to the Q-Path server through the Q-View browser to check the stored images and worksheet reports.
4. Click [Esc] to exit the Q-View browser.

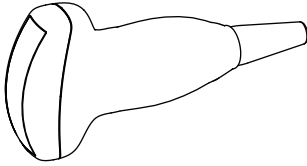
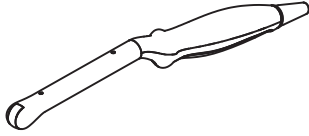
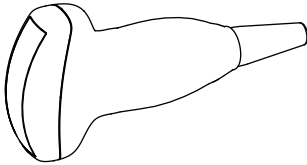

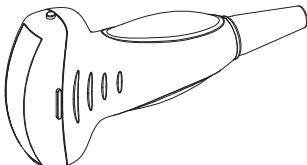
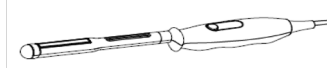
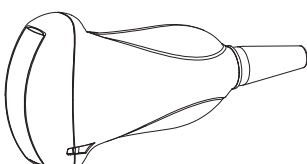
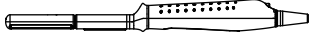
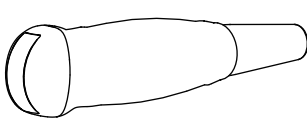

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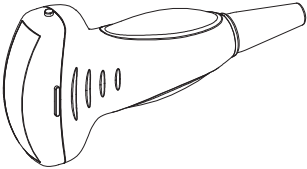
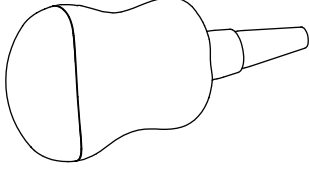
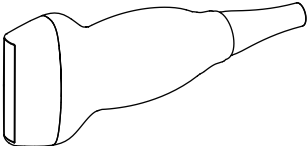
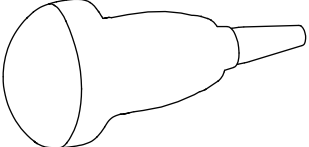

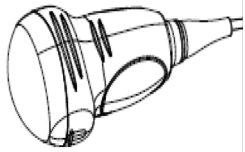
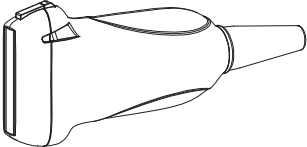
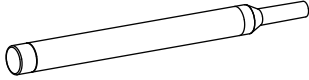
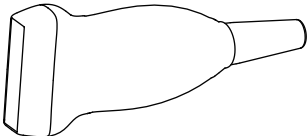
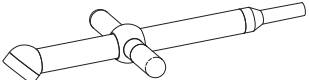
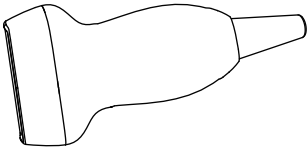
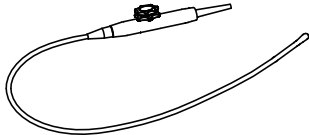
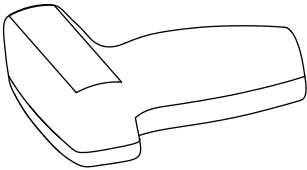
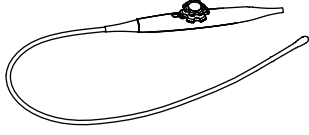
# 17 Probes and Biopsy

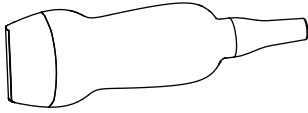
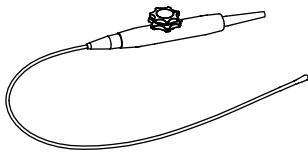
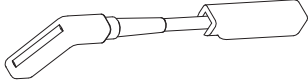

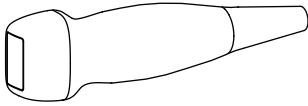
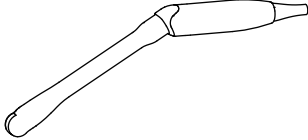


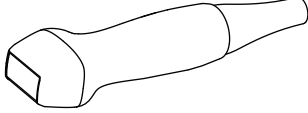



## 17.1 Probes

**NOTE:**

For details of probe P8-2Ts/P7-3Ts/P8-3Ts, refer to TEE Ultrasonic Transducer manual.

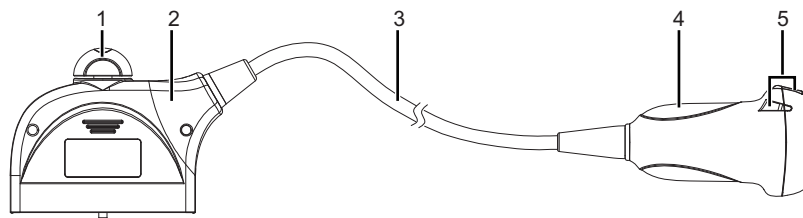
C5-1		V10-4B	
SC5-1N		6CV1	
C6-2		ELC10-4	
3C5A		6LE7	
C11-3		DE11-3	

C6-1		SD8-1	
L13-3N		D7-2	
L13-3		D6-2B	
7L4B		CW5s	
L9-3		CW2s	
L14-3W		P7-3Ts	
7LT4		P8-2Ts	

L20-5s		P8-3Ts	
L16-4Hs		V11-3H	
SP5-1N		V11-3HB	
P4-2		V11-3	
P8-2		V11-3B	
P10-4		V10-4	

### 17.1.1 Probe Functions by Part

The basic structures and corresponding functions of probes are basically the same; take the following probe as an example.

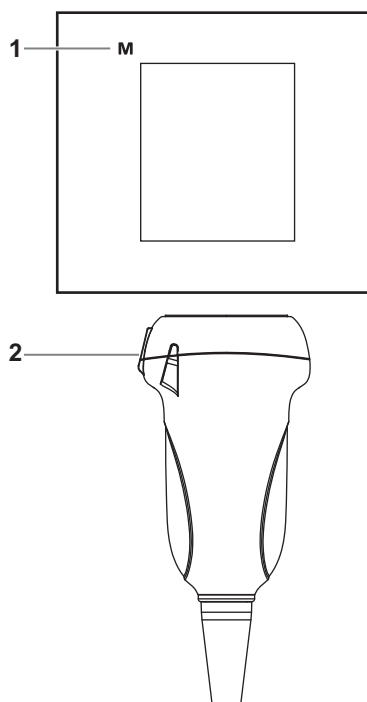


No.	Item	Description
1.	Probe lock switch	Fix the probe onto the system.
2.	Probe connector	Connects the probe to the ultrasonic diagnostic system.
3.	Probe cable	Transmits electrical signals between the probe head and connector.

No.	Item	Description
4.	Probe head	Converts the electrical signal into an ultrasonic signal, focusing the sound beams in a given direction; meanwhile, it receives the reflected ultrasonic signal and converts it into an electrical signal for transmission over the cable. The lens on the surface is the acoustic lens. Apply ultrasound gel on the acoustic lens for correct operation.
5.	Needle-guided bracket fix tabs and grooves	Provides mounting support of the needle-guided bracket. <b>NOTE:</b> This structure of probes in the figure above may vary with the matched needle-guided brackets.

### 17.1.2 Orientation of the Ultrasound Image and the Probe

The orientation of the ultrasound image and the probe are shown as below. The “M” side of the ultrasound image on the monitor corresponds to the mark side of the probe. Check the orientation before the examination (Using a linear probe as an example).



1	Orientation mark	2	Mark
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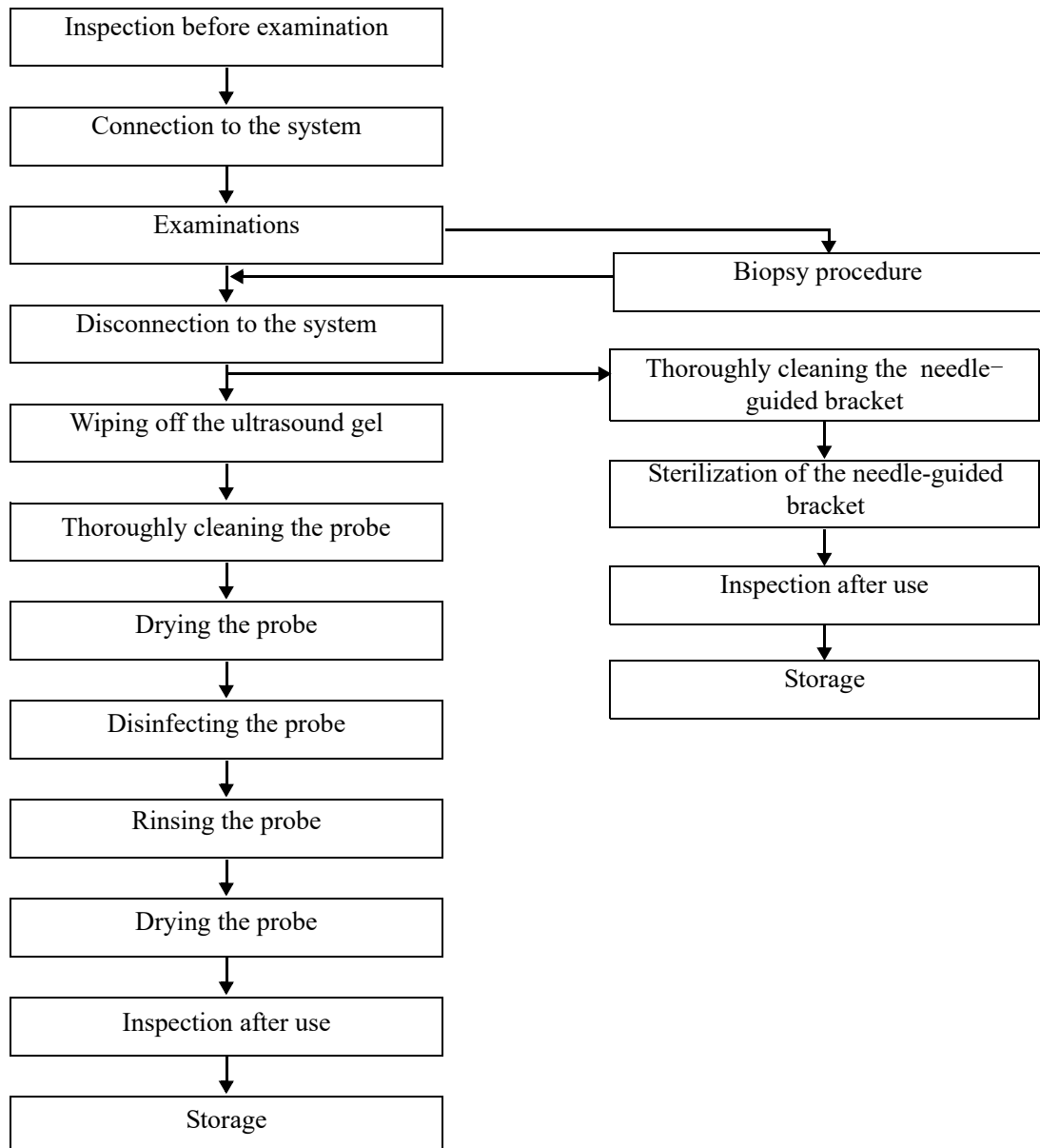
### 17.1.3 Procedures for Operating

**⚠️ WARNING**

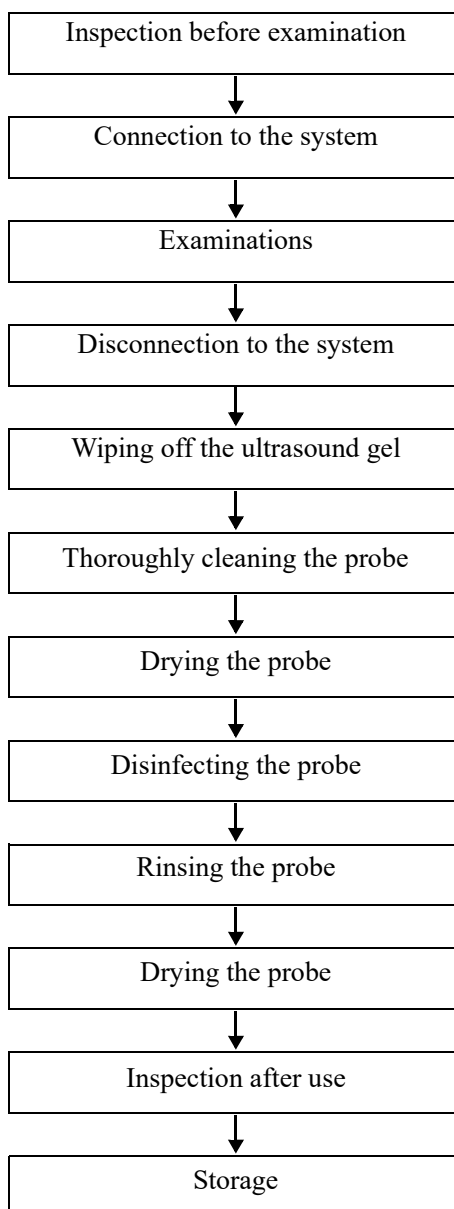
Disinfect the probe and sterilize the needle-guided bracket before and after an ultrasound-guided biopsy procedure is performed. Failure to do so may cause the probe and the needle-guided bracket becomes a source of infection.

This section describes general procedures for operating the probe. The proper clinical technique to be used for operating the probe should be selected on the basis of specialized training and clinical experience.

### Procedures for operating (with biopsy function)



## Procedures for operating (with no biopsy function)



### 17.1.4 Wearing the Probe Sheath

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

- Be sure to cover the probe with a new (unused) probe sheath to prevent infection during examination. If the package of a probe sheath is open or broken, the sterilization of the probe sheath may not be sufficient. DO NOT use such a probe sheath.
- The cover contains natural rubber latex and talc that can cause allergic reactions in some individuals.
- DO NOT use an expired probe sheath. Before using a probe sheath, verify whether the term of validity has expired.



A legally marketed probe sheath must be installed over the probe before performing intra-cavitary and intra-operative examination. Protective barriers may be required to minimize disease transmission. Probe sheaths are available for use with all clinical situations where infection is a concern.

To order probe sheath, contact:

CIVCO Medical Instruments Co.

102 First Street South, Kalona, IA 52247-9589 USA

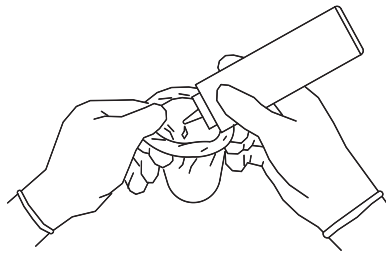
Tel: 1-319-656-4447

E-mail: [info@civco.com](mailto:info@civco.com)

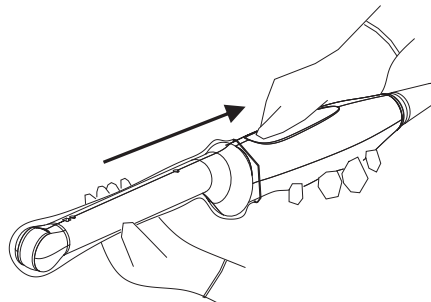
<http://www.civco.com>

Perform the following procedure to install the probe sheath:

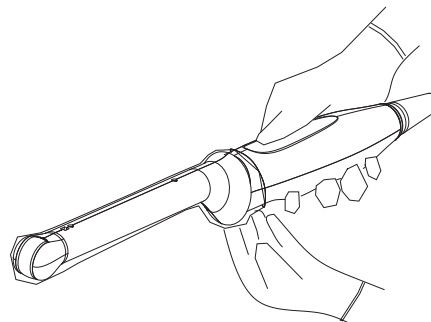
1. Place an appropriate amount of gel inside the sheath or on the probe acoustic lens. Poor imaging may result if no gel is used.



2. Insert the probe into the sheath; make sure to use proper sterile technique. Pull cover tightly over probe acoustic lens to remove wrinkles and air bubbles, and taking care to avoid puncturing the sheath.



3. Secure the sheath with the enclosed elastic bands.



4. Inspect the sheath to ensure there is no hole or tear.

### 17.1.5 Probes Cleaning and Disinfection/Sterilization

Before and after completing each examination, clean and disinfect (or sterilize) the probes as required. When biopsy procedures have been performed, be sure to sterilize the needle-guided

bracket. Fail to do so may result in the probe and the needle-guided bracket to becoming sources of infection. Please follow the instructions in the manual for cleaning.

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**⚠ WARNING**

Never immerse the probe connector into liquid such as water or disinfectant. Immersion may cause electrical shock or malfunction.

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**⚠ CAUTION**

- When performing cleaning and disinfection of the probe to prevent infection, wear sterile gloves.
  - After disinfection, rinse the probe thoroughly with sterile water to remove all chemical residues. Chemical residues on the probe may be harmful to the human body.
  - No cleaning and disinfecting may result in the probe becoming a source of infection.
  - Please follow the disinfectant manufacturer's manual for performing cleaning and disinfection, including preparing sterile water and cleaning and disinfection time.
- 

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**NOTE:**

- After the examination, wipe off the ultrasound gel thoroughly. Otherwise, the ultrasound gel may solidify and degrade the image quality of the probe.
  - DO NOT make the probe to become overheated (more than 55 °C) during cleaning and disinfections. High temperature may cause the probe to become deformed or damaged.
  - Observe the graph here carefully to immerse the probe. Only soak parts of the probe below the strain relief.
  - Repeated disinfection will eventually damage the probe, please check the probe performance periodically.
- 

## Cleaning and Disinfection/Sterilization Overview

Cleaning and disinfection refer to two distinct processes. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) "Guideline for Disinfection and Sterilization in Healthcare Facilities" (2008):

- Cleaning is the removal of visible soil (e.g. organic and inorganic material) from objects and surfaces and normally is accomplished manually or mechanically using water with detergents or enzymatic products. Thorough cleaning is essential before high-level disinfection and sterilization because inorganic and organic material that remains on the surfaces of instruments interfere with the effectiveness of these processes.
- Disinfection describes a process that eliminates many or all pathogenic microorganisms, except bacterial spores.
  - Low-Level Disinfection—Destruction of most bacteria, some viruses, and some fungi. Low-level disinfection will not necessarily inactivate *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* or bacterial spores.

- High-Level Disinfection (HLD)—Destruction/removal of all microorganisms except bacterial spores.
- Sterilization describes a process that destroys or eliminates all forms of microbial life and is carried out in healthcare facilities by physical or chemical methods.

## Selecting a Microbicidal Method

Probes can be divided into three categories based on their intended use. Some probes may fall into more than one category (e.g. probes use for biopsy procedures). When selecting a disinfectant, determine the required level of disinfection based on intended use and possibility of cross-contamination.

- Contacts intact skin: Probes that only come into contact with clean, intact skin are considered noncritical devices and require cleaning after every use. Cleaning may be followed by a low-level disinfectant spray or wipe.
- Contacts mucous membranes and non-intact skin: This category includes all endocavity probes - intravaginal, transrectal, and transesophageal (TEE) and probes use for biopsy procedures. These semi-critical probes must be cleaned with an appropriate cleaner after use followed by high-level disinfection.
- Contacts otherwise sterile tissue or body-space: These probes are considered critical and include all intraoperative probes. These probes must be cleaned with an appropriate cleaner after each use, followed by a sterilization process.

## Cleaning

Please refer to the instructions in the manual and follow your hospital policy and procedures for cleaning.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. Disconnect the probe from the system. If the sheath is used, take off the sheath and discard it.
3. Wipe off the ultrasound gel or other visible dirt on the surface of the probe by using a damp piece of disposable lint-free soft cloth or tissue.
4. Choose an appropriate cleaning agent including mild detergents, enzymatic cleaners and specially designed enzymatic sponges.
5. Immerse the probe fully in the cleaning fluid for at least 1 minute or according to manufacturer's instructions. Lightly mechanical clean the probe with a piece of lint-free soft cloth or soft sponge until no dirt is visible. When necessary, clean the seams or biopsy guide features by using disposable cotton swabs. Avoid using a brush to wash the lens because it may damage the probe.
6. Rinse the probe thoroughly by using a large amount of clean water (about 7.5 L/2 gallons) at room temperature for about 30 s to remove the residual dirt and cleaning solvent. Repeat the rinsing operation twice.
7. Dry the probe by wiping with a piece of disposable lint-free soft cloth or tissue.  
Do not dry the probe by heating.
8. Inspect the probe. If visible dirt still exists, repeat the preceding steps to wash the probe until it is all clean.
9. Check whether the probe has defects such as peeling, rifts, bumps, cracks, or liquid spill. If such defects exist, the probe has reached the end of its service life. In this case, stop using it and contact the Mindray service department.

## Low-level disinfection of a non-critical probe

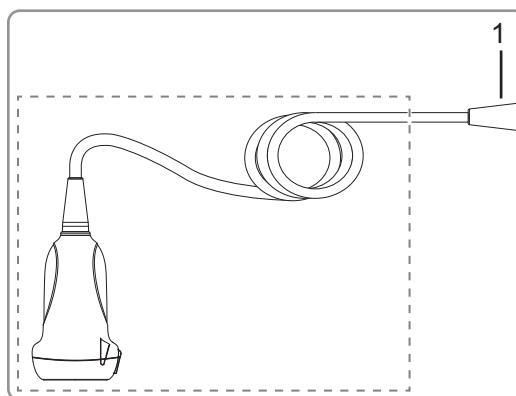
### CAUTION

Use protective eyewear when disinfecting using sprays.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. Clean the probe thoroughly in accordance with the cleaning procedure before disinfection.
3. Disinfect the probe by using an appropriate low-level disinfectant. Follow the disinfection agent manufacturer's instructions for preparation and use of the disinfectant.
  - Wipes: Wipe all the surface of the probe according to the wiping duration specified in the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.
  - Spray: Spray the disinfectant directly on the surface of the probe or spray the disinfectant on a piece of disposable lint-free soft cloth and wipe the probe according to the wiping duration in the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.

Observe the graph here carefully to perform disinfection. Do not spray the strain relief on the connector end or the connector.



1	Connector	2	Strain relief
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4. Wipe away the residual disinfectant on the probe by using a piece of lint-free soft cloth soaked with clean water. Wipe three times. Or rinse the probe thoroughly by using a large amount of clean water (about 7.5 L/2 gallons) at room temperature.
5. Dry the probe by wiping with a piece of disposable lint-free soft cloth. Do not dry the probe by heating.
6. Check whether the probe has defects such as peeling, rifts, bumps, cracks, or liquid spill. If such defects exist, the probe has reached the end of its service life. In this case, stop using it and contact the Mindray service department.
7. Store the probe in a cool, clean and dry environment. And repeat the cleaning and disinfection process before the next use.

## High-level disinfection of a semi-critical probe

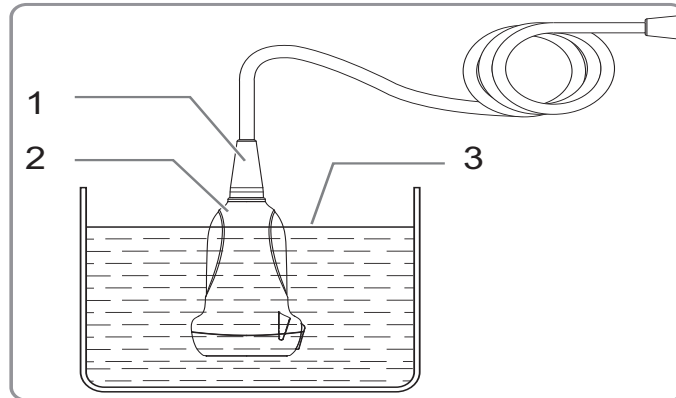
Perform the following procedure:

1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. Clean the probe thoroughly in accordance with the cleaning procedure before disinfection.

3. Disinfect the probe by using an appropriate high-level disinfectant or system. For how to use a high-level disinfectant or system, see the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer. Prepare a disinfectant by using sterile distilled or softened water when necessary.

- Soaking: Immerse the probe head in the disinfectant and shake the probe appropriately to remove any bubbles on the probe surface. For details about the probe immersion duration, see the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.

Observe the graph here carefully to immerse the probe. Only soak parts of the probe below the strain relief.



1	Strain relief	2	Probe handle	3	Fluid level
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- Wiping: Use a market disinfection wipe product or sterile disposable lint-free soft cloth wetted with disinfection spray and wipe all surfaces of the probe for a duration according to the manufacturer instructions.
4. Rinse the probe thoroughly by using a large amount of clean water (about 7.5 L/2 gallons) at room temperature for about 30 s to remove the residual disinfectant. Repeat the operation twice. Or follow the disinfectant manufacturer's instructions regarding rinsing.
  5. Dry the probe by wiping with a piece of clean disposable lint-free soft cloth. Do not dry the probe by heating.
  6. Check whether the probe has defects such as peeling, rifts, bumps, cracks, or liquid spill. If such defects exist, the probe has reached the end of its service life. In this case, stop using it and contact the Mindray service department.
  7. Store the probe in a cool, clean and dry environment. And repeat the cleaning and disinfection process before the next use.

### Sterilization of a critical probe

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Repeated sterilization will eventually damage the probe, please check the probe's performance periodically.

For intra-operative probes, they have to be thoroughly cleaned and sterilized after completing each examination.

Perform the following procedure:

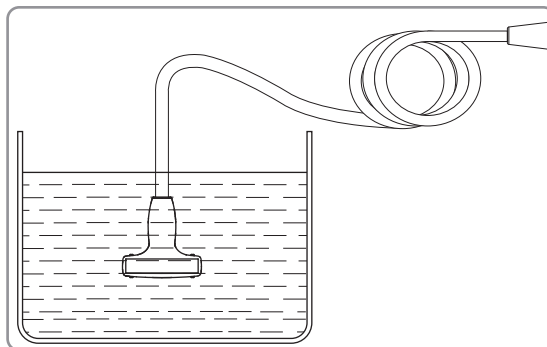
1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. Clean the probe thoroughly in accordance with the cleaning procedure before sterilization.
3. Sterilize the probe by using an appropriate sterilant or system.

For how to use a system, see the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.

When using a sterilant, follow the following steps:

- a. Prepare a sterilant by using sterile distilled or softened water when necessary.
- b. Immerse the probe head in the sterilant and shake the probe appropriately to remove any bubbles on the probe surface.

For details about the probe immersion duration, see the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.



1	Fluid level
---	-------------

- c. Rinse the probe thoroughly by using a large amount of sterile distilled or softened water (about 2 gallons) at room temperature for about 30 s to remove the residual disinfectant. Repeat the operation twice. Or follow the sterilant manufacturer's instructions regarding rinsing.
  - d. Dry the probe by wiping with a piece of sterile disposable lint-free soft cloth.  
Do not dry the probe by heating.
4. Check whether the probe has defects such as peeling, rifts, bumps, cracks, or liquid spill. If such defects exist, the probe has reached the end of its service life. In this case, stop using it and contact the Mindray service department.
  5. Store the probe in a cool, clean and dry environment. And repeat the cleaning and sterilization process before the next use.

### Compatible Cleaners and Disinfectants

For the detailed information about cleaners and disinfectants, see *Mindray Transducer Disinfectant Recommendation*.

For details of the P7-3Ts, P8-2Ts and P8-3Ts probes, refer to TEE Ultrasonic Transducer manual.

## 17.1.6 Cleaning the probe cable and connector

### NOTE:

Do not use cloth with water to clean the probe connector.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Wipe out the dust attached to surface of probe connector and cable.
2. Use soft brush to brush the dust inside probe connector gently.
3. Remained stain or dust attached to surface of cable or surface of connector should be washed out by cloth with a little soapy water, and then air-dry.

## 17.1.7 Probe Environmental Conditions

Probe Model	Conditions	Ambient temperature	Relative humidity (no condensation)	Atmospheric pressure
C5-1	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
SC5-1N	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
C6-2	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
3C5A	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
C11-3	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
C6-1	Operating	0°C-35°C	15%-80%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-60°C	20%-90%RH	500 hPa-1060 hPa
L13-3N	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
L13-3	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
7L4B	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
L9-3	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
L14-3W	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
7LT4	Operating	0°C-40°C	25%-90%RH	550 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-60°C	10%-95%RH	500 hPa-1060 hPa

<b>Probe Model</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Ambient temperature</b>	<b>Relative humidity (no condensation)</b>	<b>Atmospheric pressure</b>
L20-5s	Operating	0°C-35°C	15%-80%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-60°C	15%-90%RH	500 hPa-1060 hPa
L16-4Hs	Operating	10°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	0°C-60°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
SP5-1N	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
P4-2	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
P8-2	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
P10-4	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
V11-3H	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
V11-3HB	Operating	0°C-40°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
V11-3	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
V11-3B	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
V10-4	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
V10-4B	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
6CV1	Operating	0°C-40°C	25%-90%RH	550 hPa -1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	10%-95%RH	500 hPa-1060 hPa



Probe Model	Conditions	Ambient temperature	Relative humidity (no condensation)	Atmospheric pressure
ELC10-4	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
6LE7	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
DE11-3	Operating	18°C-30°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-10°C-50°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
SD8-1	Operating	18°C-30°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-10°C-50°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
D7-2	Operating	10°C-40°C	25%-90%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-10°C-60°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
D6-2B	Operating	18°C-30°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-10°C-50°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
CW5s	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
CW2s	Operating	0°C-40°C	30%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	30%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
P7-3Ts	Operating	0°C-40°C	10%-85% RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-10°C-45°C	30%-90%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
P8-2Ts	Operating	17.5°C-42.7°C	20%-85%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-20°C-55°C	20%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
P8-3Ts	Operating	0°C-45°C	10%-90%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa
	Storage and transportation	-25°C-55°C	5%-95%RH	700 hPa-1060 hPa

### 17.1.8 Storage and Transportation

When all examinations for the day have been completed, confirm that the probe is in good condition. After disinfecting the probe, confirm that the probe is in good condition and stored in a suitable place.

- To prevent the probe from being damaged, DO NOT store it in locations where it may be exposed to:
  - Direct sunlight or X-rays

- Sudden changes in temperature
- Dust
- Excessive vibration
- Heat generators
- When the probe is sent to MINDRAY Customer Service Department or sales representative for repair, be sure to disinfect it and keep it in the carrying case to prevent infection.

## 17.2 Biopsy Guide

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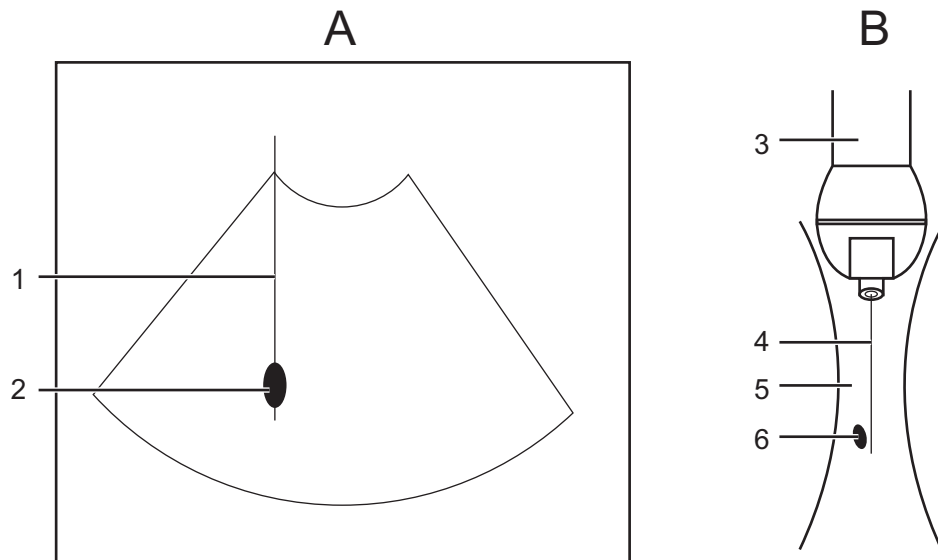
### **WARNING**

- The person performing biopsy procedures must understand diagnostic ultrasound thoroughly and have been trained adequately, otherwise, side effects may be caused to the patient.
- In situations listed below, the biopsy needle may fail to penetrate the target. The incorrect biopsy may cause various side effects in the patient.
  - Use a needle-guided bracket other than that provided.
  - Mount the needle-guided bracket incorrectly.
  - Use a biopsy needle that is unsuitable for the type of biopsy being performed.
  - Use a biopsy needle that is unsuitable for the needle guide.
- Before and after a biopsy procedure is performed, confirm that the needle-guided bracket is normal. Manually confirm that the parts of the needle-guided bracket do not slip off or move from their proper positions. If the needle-guided bracket is used when parts are not securely and correctly installed, the patient may be injured. If an abnormality is found on the needle-guided bracket, immediately stop using it and contact MINDRAY Customer Service Department or sales representative.
- DO NOT use a needle-guided bracket when scanning is performed. The needle may advance in an incorrect direction and possibly injure the patient.

Never perform a biopsy during image scanning.
- DO NOT freeze an image while performing biopsy procedure.
- During biopsy procedures, the needle may deviate from the desired course due to the tissue characteristics or the type of needle. In particular, needles of small diameters may deviate to a greater degree.
- Disinfect the probe and sterilize needle-guided bracket before and after each ultrasound-guided biopsy procedure is performed. Fail to do so may cause the probe and the needle-guided bracket become sources of infection.
- The needle mark displayed on the ultrasound image does not indicate the actual position of the biopsy needle. Therefore, it should only be used as a reference. Always monitor the relative positions of the biopsy needle during the procedures.

- Adjust the needle mark before the biopsy procedure is performed.
- When performing biopsy procedures, use only sterile ultrasound gel that is certified to be safe. And manage the ultrasound gel properly to ensure that it does not become a source of infection.
- When performing the operation concerning biopsy, wear sterile gloves.
- Image of the biopsy target and the actual position of the biopsy needle:  
Diagnostic ultrasound systems produce tomographic plane images with information of a certain thickness in the thickness direction of the probe. (That is to say, the information shown in the images consist all the information scanned in the thickness direction of the probe.) So, even though the biopsy needle appears to have penetrated the target object in the image, it may not actually have done so. When the target for biopsy is small, dispersion of the ultrasound beam may lead to image deviate from the actual position. Pay attention to this.

If the target object and the biopsy needle appear in the image as shown in the figures below (For reference only):



A	The biopsy needle appears to reach the target object in the image	B	Dispersion of the ultrasound beam
1	Biopsy	2	Target
3	Probe	4	Needle
5	Ultrasound beam	6	Target

The biopsy needle may not have actually entered the target object even though it appears to have done so in the image. To avoid this, note the points below:

- Do not rely only on the needle tip in the image. Pay careful attention to the fact that when the biopsy needle enters the target object or comes into contact with it, the object should shift slightly.

- Before performing the biopsy, evaluate the size of the object and confirm whether the biopsy can be carried out.

## 17.2.1 Needle-guided Brackets Available

Some of the probes have matched needle-guided brackets for biopsy, the available probes and the corresponding needle-guided brackets are listed as follows.

Probe Model	Needle-guided Bracket Model	Biopsy angle/ depth ( $\pm 1^\circ$ )	Applicable Biopsy Needle
6CV1/V10-4/ V10-4B/V11-3/ V11-3B	NGB-004 Metal-needle undetachable	0.8°	16G, 17G, 18G
3C5A	NGB-006 Plastic/needle detachable Metal-needle detachable	25°, 35°, 45°	Metal: 14G, 16G, 18G, 20G, 22G Plastic: 13G, 15G, 16G, 18G, 20G
7L4B/L13-3	NGB-007 Plastic/needle detachable Metal-needle detachable	40°, 50°, 60°	Metal: 14G, 16G, 18G, 20G, 22G Plastic: 13G, 15G, 16G, 18G, 20G
6LE7	NGB-009 Metal-needle detachable	0°	13G, 15G, 16G, 18G, 20G
7LT4	NGB-010 Metal-needle detachable	30°, 40°, 50°	13G, 15G, 16G, 18G, 20G
P4-2/SP5-1N	NGB-011 Metal-needle undetachable	11°, 23°	13G, 15G, 16G, 18G, 20G
C11-3	NGB-018 Metal-needle detachable	15°, 25°, 35°	14G, 16G, 18G, 20G, 22G
C5-1/C6-2/SC5- 1N	NGB-022 Metal-needle detachable	25°, 35°, 45°	14G, 16G, 18G, 20G, 22G
V11-3H	NGB-025 Metal-needle undetachable	1.6°	16G, 17G, 18G
DE11-3	NGB-027 Metal-needle undetachable	1.7°	16G, 17G, 18G
L9-3	NGB-034 Metal-needle detachable	40°, 50°, 60°	14G, 16G, 18G, 20G, 22G
SD8-1	NGB-039 Metal-needle detachable	21°, 26°, 33°	14G, 16G, 18G, 20G, 22G
6CV1/V10-4/ V10-4B/V11-3/ V11-3B	NGB-045 Metal-needle undetachable	1°	16G, 17G, 18G

Probe Model	Needle-guided Bracket Model	Biopsy angle/ depth ( $\pm 1^\circ$ )	Applicable Biopsy Needle
V11-3HB	NGB-048 Metal-needle undetachable	0°	16G, 17G, 18G
L13-3N	NGB-052 (outside the plane) Metal-needle detachable	5mm, 10mm, 15mm, 25mm, 35mm	18G, 20G, 21G
L13-3N	NGB-053 (within the plane) Metal-needle detachable	15mm (60°), 23mm (50°), 34mm (40°)	11G-23G
L14-3W	NGB-054 Metal-needle detachable	15mm (65°), 23.7mm (55°), 35mm (45°)	11G-23G

#### Disposable Bracket

Probe Model	Needle-guided Bracket Model	Biopsy angle/ depth ( $\pm 1^\circ$ )	Applicable Biopsy Needle
V11-3H, V11-3, V11-3B, V10-4, V10-4B, 6CV1	CIVCO 610-543	/	/
V11-3H, V11-3, V11-3B, V10-4, V10-4B, 6CV1	CIVCO 610-1274	/	/
L13-3, 7L4B	CIVCO 658-001	/	/
C5-1, SC5-1N, C6-2	CIVCO 658-004	/	/

#### NOTE:

Mindray does not offer the biopsy needle; please purchase it according to your own needs.

## 17.2.2 Needle-Guided Bracket Installation and Removal

A needle-guided bracket is available for purchase as an optional accessory; it is used in combination with the probe. Some of the probes have matched needle-guided bracket and needles. To order needle-guided brackets, contact MINDRAY Customer Service Department or sales representative.

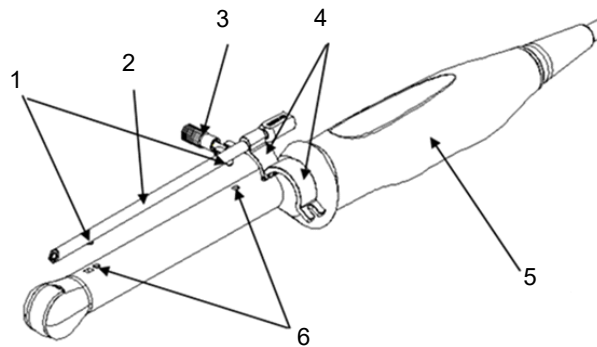
For biopsy or treatment, ultrasound-guided biopsy procedures can be performed using the probe in combination with a needle-guided bracket (optional accessory) and a biopsy needle (provided by the user).

Be sure to perform inspections before and after use of the needle-guided bracket. If an abnormality is found on the needle-guided bracket, immediately stop using it and contact MINDRAY Customer Service Department or sales representative.

- Sterilize the needle-guided bracket before and after use.
- Put on the sterile probe sheath before installing to the probe.
- Confirm that the needle-guided bracket is free of damage, deformation, stripping, malfunction, loose, or missing parts.
- Confirm that the needle-guided bracket is securely mounted in the correct position.

- Select the proper needle according to the specification above, and adjust the needle shift to the same specification of the selected needle.

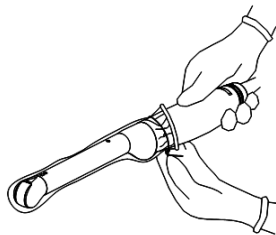
### NGB-004 Metal-needle undetachable needle-guided bracket



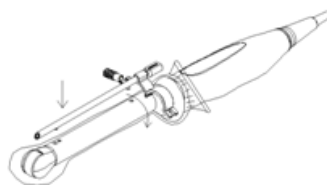
1	Locating bulge	2	Needle guide	3	Locking nut
4	Retaining clamp	5	Probe	6	Locating groove

Perform the following procedure:

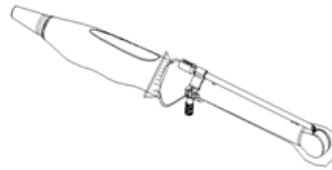
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.



- b. Open the retaining clamp, align the needle-guided bracket with the probe to align the locating bulge on the needle guide with the locating grooves on the probe, then turn the retaining clamp to align it with the probe.



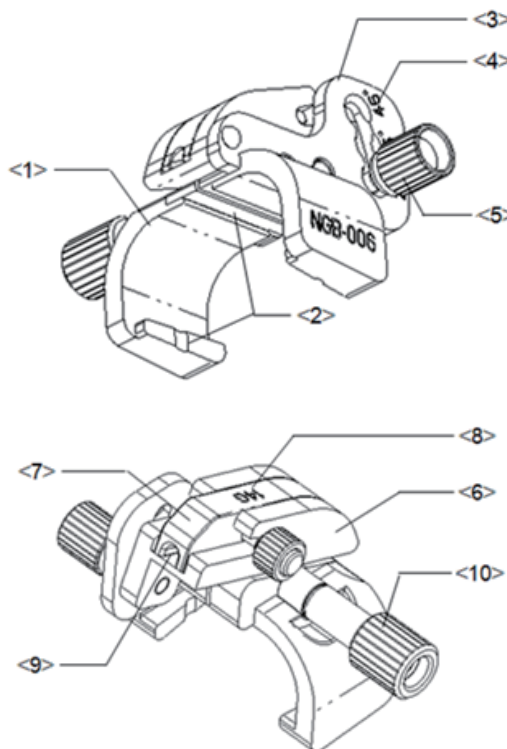
- c. When the retaining clamp is turned to the correct position, the locking nut will lock the retaining clamp and the needle-guided bracket is then mounted in the correct position.



2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:

Hold the probe in your left hand. Unscrew the locking nut with your right hand to open the retaining clamp, then raise the needle-guided bracket to separate the locating bulge from the locating grooves.

### NGB-006 Metal/needle detachable needle-guided bracket



No.	Name	Description
1.	Support of needle-guided bracket	Used for installing the needle-guided bracket on the probe.
2.	Groove and tab of the needle-guided bracket	Respectively matched with the tab and groove of the probe.
3.	Angle adjusting base	There are 3 types of angles available to be adjusted.
4.	Angle shift sign (25°,35°,45°)	Matched with the biopsy angle (25°, 35°, 45°).
5.	Angle pinch nut	Used for fixing the angle block at a chosen angle.
6.	Angle block	Used for fixing the angle block at a certain angle.
7.	Guiding block	Used for installing biopsy needle; there are five specifications of guiding blocks for different biopsy needles.

No.	Name	Description
8.	Specification of guiding block (14G)	Matched with the corresponding biopsy needle (14G).
9.	Guiding hole of the biopsy needle	Used for installing the biopsy needle.
10.	Pinch nut of needle-guided bracket	Used for locking the needle-guided bracket and the probe.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe cover.
  - b. Hold the probe by one hand, select the proper needle-guided bracket, and hold it with the other hand. Match the groove and tab with the tab and groove of the probe respectively. Amount the bracket onto the probe.



- c. Turn the pinch nut to secure the bracket and the probe.
  - d. Select a guiding block of proper size, slightly push it into the groove on the support.



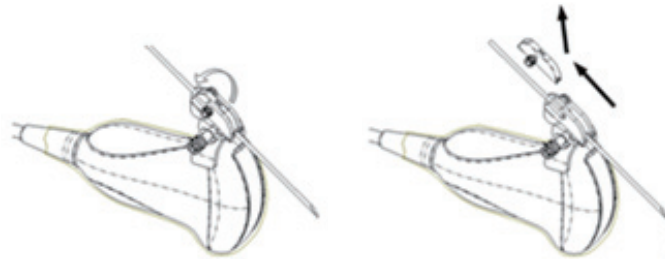
- e. Screw the nut on the guiding block to secure the block and the needle-guided bracket.
  - f. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the hole of the guiding block.



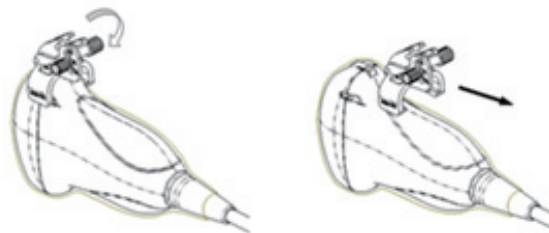
2. Remove the needle-guided bracket.



- a. Screw out the nut on the guiding block to loose the guiding block and the needle-guided bracket.

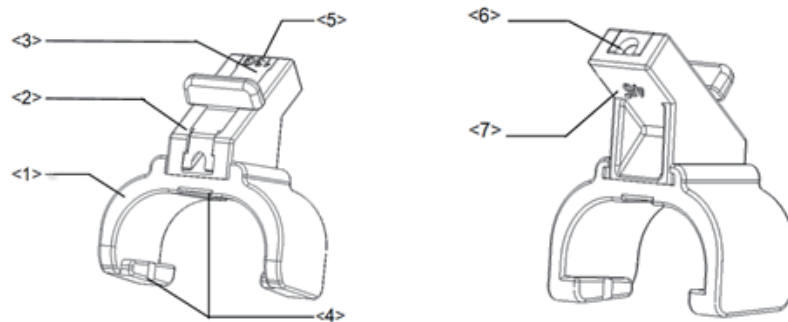


- b. Take the guiding block away in the direction of the needle tail, and then separate the needle from the probe and the residual parts of the needle-guided bracket.
- c. Screw out the locking nut on the needle-guided bracket to loose the bracket with the probe.



- d. Hold the probe with one hand, and then separate the needle-guided bracket from the probe.

### NGB-006 Plastic/needle detachable needle-guided bracket



No.	Name	Description
1.	Support of needle-guided bracket	Used for installing the needle-guided bracket on the probe.
2.	Angle block	Used for determining the angle of the biopsy; there are three specifications of blocks of angle.
3.	Guiding block	Used for installing biopsy needle; there are five specifications of guiding blocks for different biopsy needles.
4.	Groove and tab of the needle-guided bracket	Respectively matches with the tab and groove of the probe.

No.	Name	Description
5.	Specification of guiding block (13G)	Matched with the corresponding biopsy needle (13G).
6.	Guiding hole of the biopsy needle	Used for installing the biopsy needle.
7.	Specification of angle block (45°)	The corresponding biopsy angle is 45°.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe by one hand, select proper needle-guided bracket, and hold it with the other hand. Align the narrow end tab of the needle-guided bracket with the groove of the probe, then push the needle-guided bracket forward, making the tabs and the grooves of the needle-guided bracket to match with the grooves and tabs of the probe.



- c. Check manually to confirm that the needle-guided bracket is securely installed on the probe.
  - d. Select a proper guiding block and push it into the groove above the angle block, and clamp it tightly.

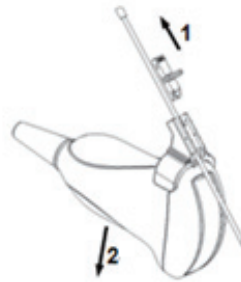


- e. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the hole of the guiding block.



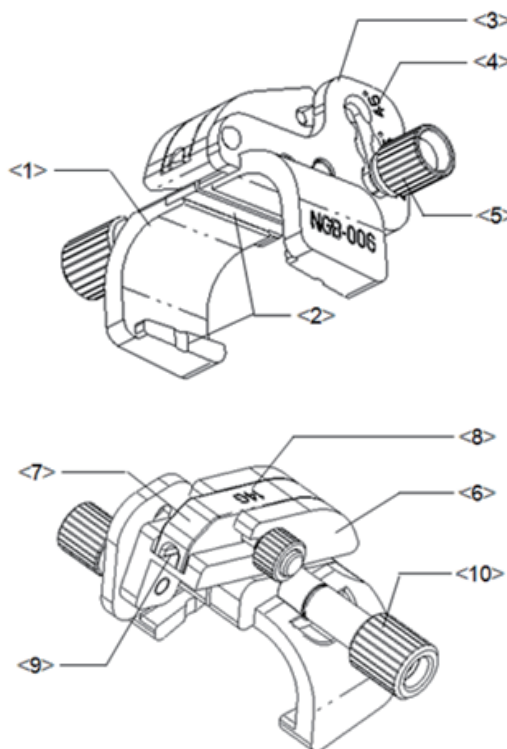
2. Remove the needle-guided bracket.
  - a. Remove the guiding block slightly along the direction of the needle's tail.

- b. Separate the residual part of the needle-guide bracket and the probe from the needle.



- c. Remove the support of needle-guided bracket from the probe.

### NGB-007 Metal/needle detachable needle-guided bracket

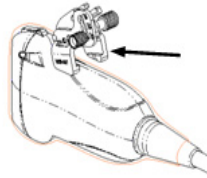


1	Support for needle-guided bracket	2	Tab and groove for the needle-guided bracket
3	Angle-adjusting base	4	Angle shift sign
5	Angle pinch nut	6	Angle block
7	Guiding block	8	Guiding block specification
9	Needle guide hole	10	Needle-guided bracket pinch nut

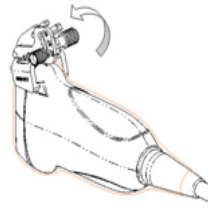
Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.

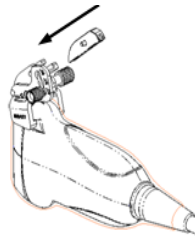
- b. Hold the probe in one hand, select the correct needle-guided bracket and hold it with the other hand. Match the groove and tab with the tab and groove of the probe respectively. Mount the bracket onto the probe.



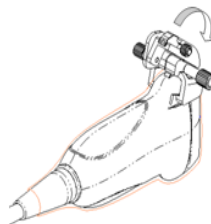
- c. Screw the pinch nut of the needle-guided bracket to ensure that the needle-guided bracket is properly installed on the probe.



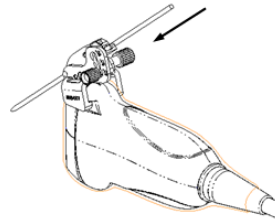
2. Adjust the needle angle to the proper shift as required:
  - a. Loosen the angle pinch nut.
  - b. Adjust the angle block to the desired level.
  - c. Tighten the angle pinch nut.
3. Install the guiding block
  - a. Select a suitable guiding block and push it into the groove above the angle block, then clamp it tightly



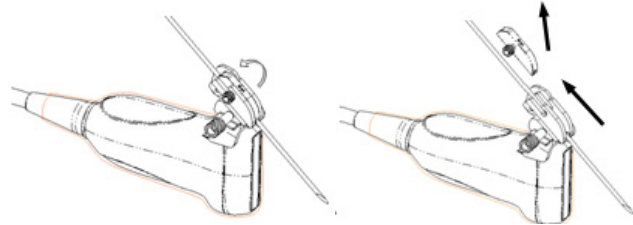
- b. Screw the block's nut to secure the block.



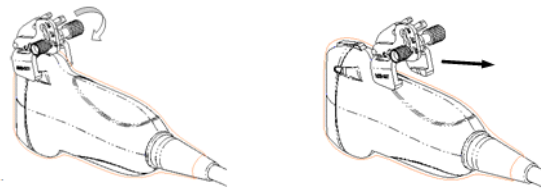
- c. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the guiding block hole.



4. Release the needle from the bracket:

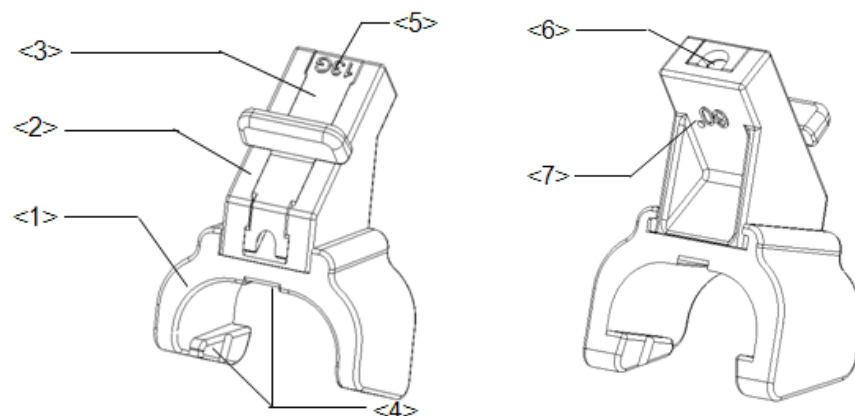


- a. Screw the nut of the guiding block and remove the guiding block slightly along the direction of the needle's tail.
  - b. Separate the residual part of the needle-guide bracket and the probe from the needle.
5. Remove the needle-guided bracket.



- a. Unscrew the Needle-guided bracket pinch nut, and remove the needle-guided bracket from the probe.
- b. Separate the probe and the needle-guided bracket.

### NGB-007 Plastic/needle detachable needle-guided bracket

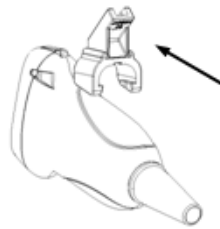


1	Support of needle-guided bracket	2	Angle block
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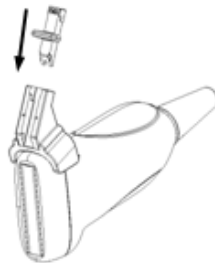
3	Guiding block	4	Groove and tab of the needle-guided bracket
5	Specification of guiding block	6	Guiding hole of the biopsy needle
7	Specification of angle block		

Perform the following procedure:

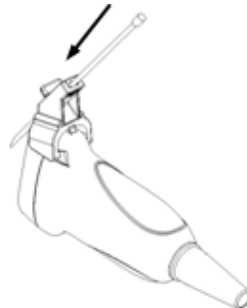
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe by one hand, select the proper needle-guided bracket, and hold it with the other hand. Align the narrow end tab of the needle-guided bracket with the groove of the probe, then push the needle-guided bracket forward, making the tabs and the grooves of the needle-guided bracket to match with the grooves and tabs of the probe.



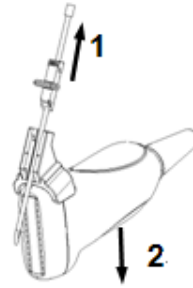
- c. Check manually to confirm that the needle-guided bracket is securely installed on the probe.
2. Install the guiding block:
  - a. Select a proper guiding block and push it into the groove above the angle block, and clamp it tightly.



- b. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the hole of the guiding block.



3. Release the needle from the bracket:

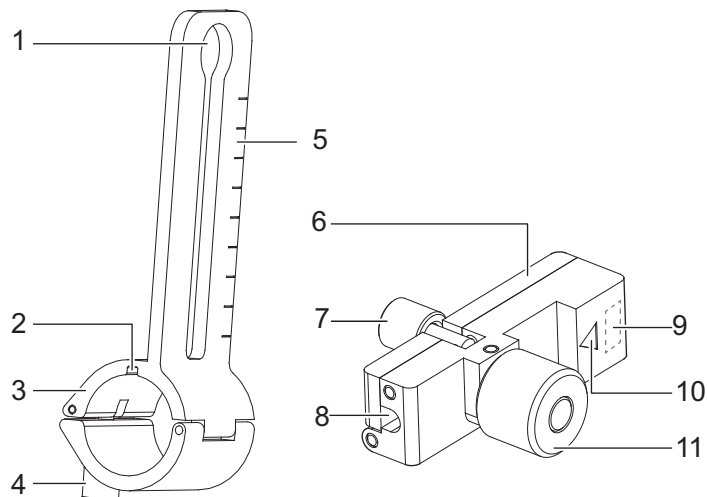


- a. Remove the guiding block slightly along the direction of the needle's tail.
  - b. Separate the residual part of the needle-guide bracket and the probe from the needle.
4. Remove the needle-guided bracket:



Remove the support of needle-guided bracket from the probe.

### NGB-009

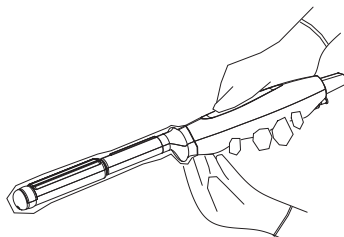


No.	Name	Description
1.	Hole for installing guiding block	Used for installing the knob of fixing needle-guided bracket
2.	Groove	Match with the tab on the probe
3.	Support of needle-guided bracket	Used for installing the needle-guided bracket on the probe

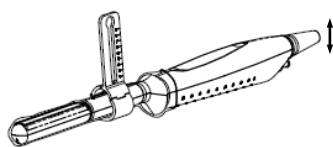
No.	Name	Description
4.	Knob of fixing needle-guided bracket	Used for fixing the needle-guided bracket on the probe
5.	Needle distance scales	Indicate distance between needle and the probe head surface
6.	Guiding block	Used for installing biopsy needle; there are five specifications of guiding blocks for different needles
7.	Knob of fixing the needle	Used for fixing the needle
8.	Guiding hole of the needle	Used for installing the biopsy needle
9.	Specification of guiding block	Matched with the corresponding biopsy needle
10.	Mark of indicating scales	Indicating needle distance scales
11.	Knob of fixing the guiding block	Used for fixing the guiding block

Perform the following procedure:

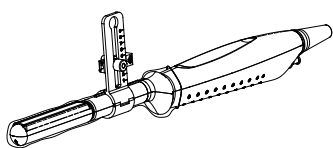
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the probe cover.



- b. Cover the support of needle-guided bracket on the probe, making the groove of the needle-guided bracket to match with the tab of the probe. Set the needle-guided bracket at the desired position, turn tightly the knob of fixing needle-guided bracket to fix the needle-guided bracket.

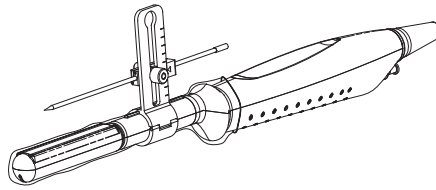


- c. Select a proper guiding block and thread the knob of fixing the guiding block through the hole of installing guiding block, move the guiding block to the desired position, then turn tightly the knob of fixing the guiding block to fix the guiding block on the support of needle-guided bracket.



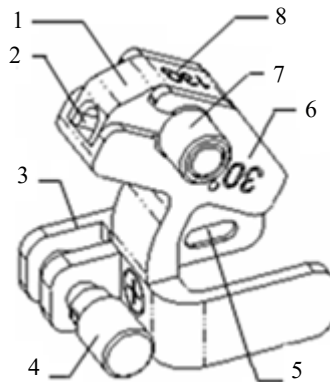


- d. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the hole of the guiding block and turn tightly the knob of fixing the needle.



2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
- Turn on the knob of fixing the needle and separate the needle from the needle-guided bracket.
  - Turn on the knob of fixing guiding block and remove the guiding block from the hole of installing guiding block.
  - Turn on the knob of fixing needle-guided bracket and remove the needle-guided bracket.

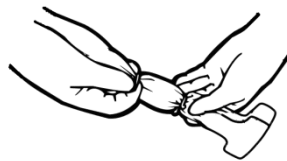
### NGB-010



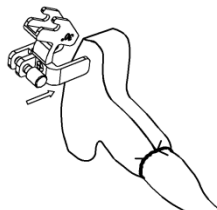
1	Guiding block	2	Guiding hole of the biopsy needle
3	Support of needle-guided bracket	4	Knob of fixing needle-guided bracket
5	Grooves of the needle-guided bracket	6	Needle guide angle
7	Knob of fixing the guiding block	8	Specification of guiding block

Perform the following procedure:

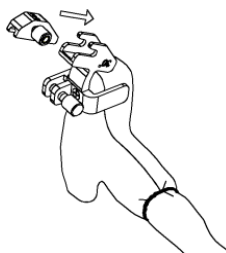
- Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - Put on the sterile probe sheath.



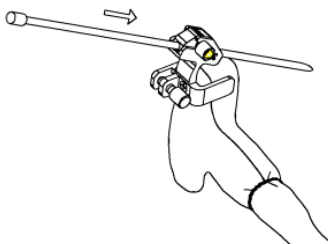
- b. Hold the probe by one hand, select the proper needle-guided bracket, and hold it with the other hand. Match the groove of the bracket with the tab of the probe. Amount the bracket onto the probe.
- c. Hold the probe by one hand, select proper needle-guided bracket, and hold it with the other hand, and align the grooves of the needle-guided bracket with the tabs of the probe, then push the needle-guided bracket forward, making the grooves of the needle-guided bracket to match with the tabs of the probe. Set the needle-guided bracket at the desired position, turn tightly the knob of fixing needle-guided bracket to fix the needle-guided bracket.



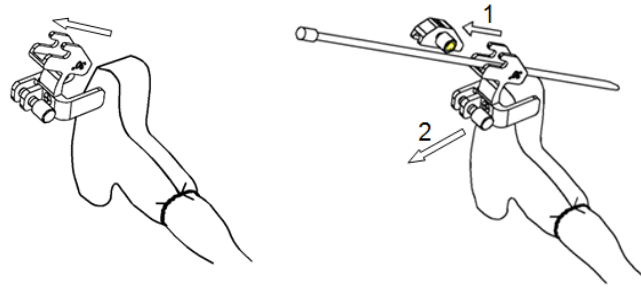
- d. Check manually to confirm the needle-guided bracket is securely installed on the probe.
2. Install the guiding block:
    - a. Select a proper guiding block and push it into the groove above the support of needle-guided bracket, then turn tightly the knob of fixing the guiding block to fix the guiding block on the support of needle-guided bracket.



- b. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the hole of the guiding block

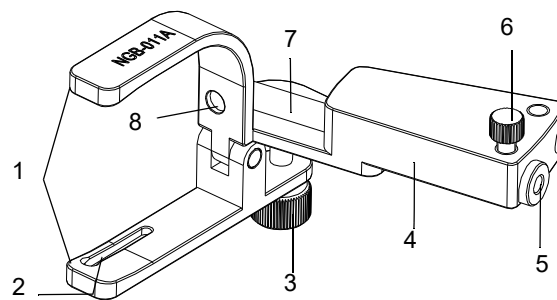


3. Remove the needle-guided bracket:



- a. Remove the guiding block slightly along the direction of the needle's tail, and separate the residual part of the needle-guide bracket and the probe from the needle.
- b. Remove the support of needle-guided bracket from the probe.

### NGB-011



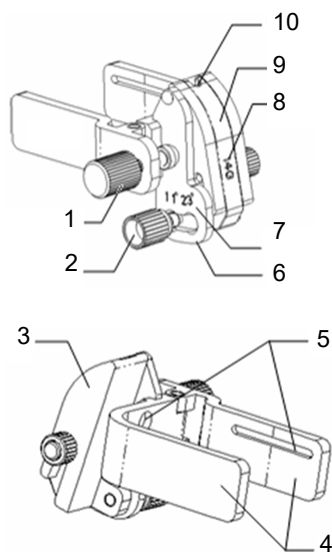
1	Clamp	2	Locating groove
3	Grip knob	4	Needle guide rack
5	Needle guide hole	6	Needle guide clamping knob
7	Needle guide	8	Locating pit

Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Connect the locating groove on the clamp with the two raised edges on the probe head and align the locating pit of the clamp with the convex point on the probe head.
  - c. Turn the grip knob at the tail of the needle-guided bracket tightly.
2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
 

Hold the probe and the needle-guided bracket, then open the grip knob of the needle-guided bracket.

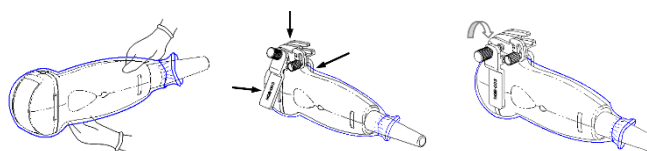
**NGB-018**



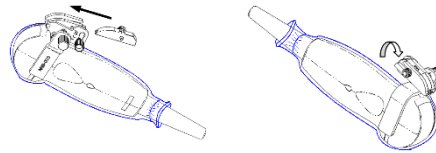
1	Pinch nut of bracket	2	Angle pinch nut
3	Angle block	4	Clamp
5	Groove	6	Angle-adjusting base
7	Angle shift sign	8	Guiding block specification
9	Guiding block	10	Needle guide hole

Perform the following procedure:

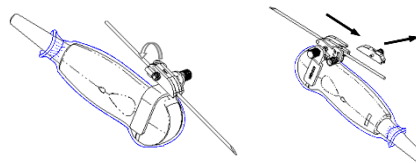
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:



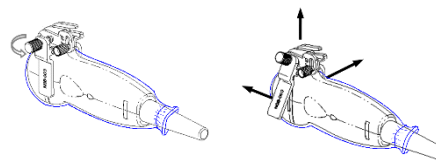
- a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Select a suitable needle-guided bracket and match the groove to the tab of the probe. Mount the bracket onto the probe.
  - c. Screw the pinch nut of the needle-guided bracket to ensure that the needle-guided bracket is properly installed on the probe.
2. Adjust the needle angle to the proper shift as required:
    - a. Loosen the angle pinch nut.
    - b. Adjust the angle block to the desired level.
    - c. Tighten the angle pinch nut.
  3. Install the guiding block:



- a. Select a suitable guiding block and push it into the groove above the angle block
  - b. Screw the block's nut to secure the block.
  - c. Insert a biopsy needle with the same specification as that of the guiding block into the guiding block hole.
4. Release the needle from the bracket:

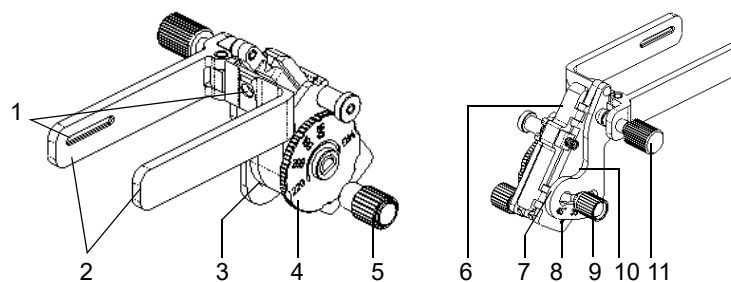


- a. Loosen the guiding block's nut and slightly move the guiding block in the direction of the needle's tail.
  - b. Separate the residual part of the needle-guide bracket and the probe from the needle.
5. Remove the needle-guided bracket:



- a. Screw the pinch nut to release the needle-guided bracket
- b. Separate the bracket and the probe.

## NGB-022

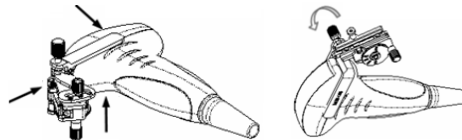


1	Groove	2	Clamp
3	Needle type adjusting base	4	Needle type dial scale
5	Needle fixing nut	6	V-shaped cover
7	Angle adjusting base	8	Angle shift sign

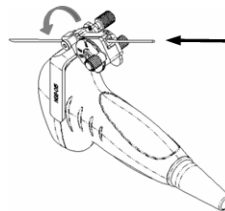
9	Angle pinch nut	10	Angle block
11	Pinch nut		

Perform the following procedure:

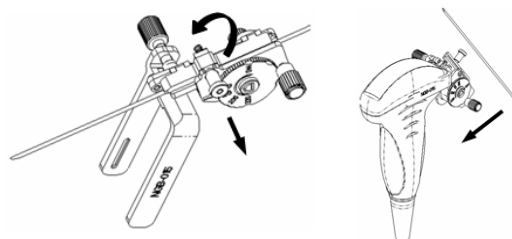
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe by one hand, select the proper needle-guided bracket, and hold it with the other hand. Match the groove of the bracket with the tab of the probe. Amount the bracket onto the probe.



- c. Screw the pinch nut of the needle-guided bracket to confirm that the needle-guided bracket is properly installed on the probe.
2. Adjust the needle angle to the proper shift as required:
  - a. Loosen the angle pinch nut.
  - b. Adjust the angle block to the desired level.
  - c. Tighten the angle pinch nut.
3. Insert the biopsy needle:

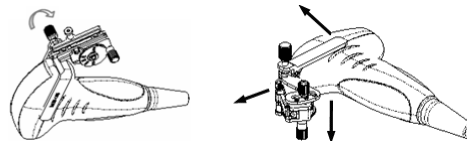


- a. Adjust the dial scale to the required needle type shift, and then screw the needle fixing nut to lock the dial scale. (To adjust the dial scale you have to loosen the needle fixing nut first.)
  - b. Pull the lock pin and close the V-shaped cover to fix the lock pin in the groove of the needle type adjusting base, so as to install the needle into the guiding hole.
4. Release the needle from the bracket:



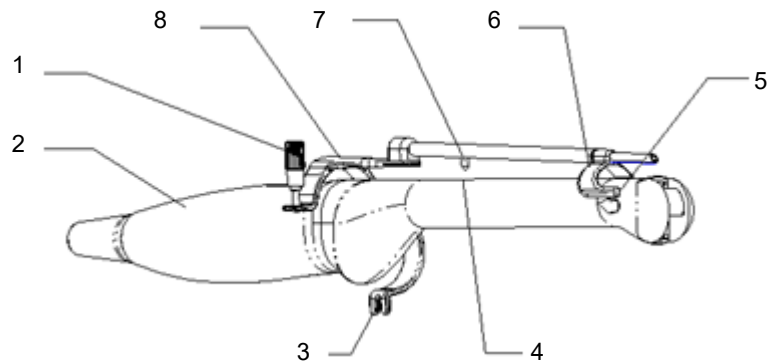
- a. Pull the lock pin and open up the V-shaped cover to expose the needle.
  - b. Separate the bracket and the probe from the needle.

5. Remove the needle-guided bracket:



- a. Screw the pinch nut to release the needle-guided bracket.
- b. Separate the bracket and the probe.

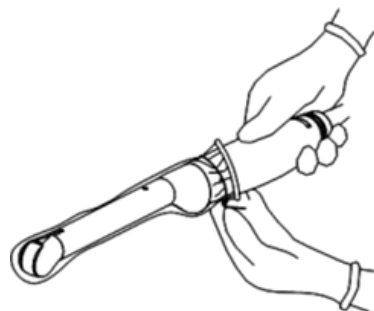
### NGB-025



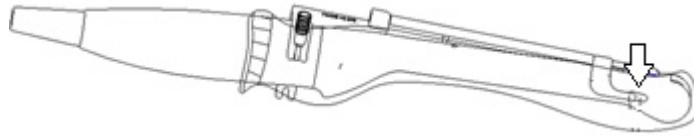
1	Pinch nut	2	Intra-cavity probe
3	Lower clamp	4	Location hole
5	Front slot	6	Front clamp
7	Location clamp	8	Upper clamp

Perform the following procedure:

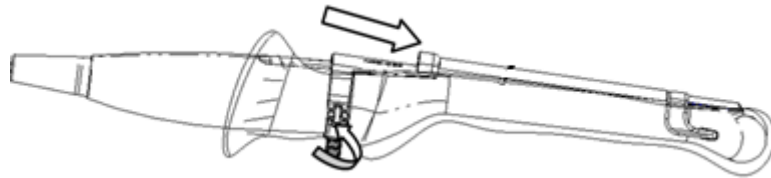
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.



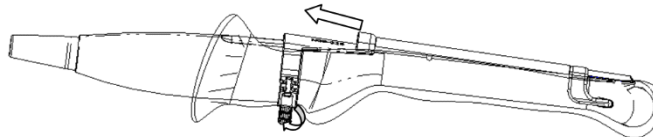
- b. Open the clamp. Insert the front clamp to the front groove, and align front clamp with front groove.



- c. Push the biopsy forward (arrow's direction) until the locating pole inserting into the location hole. Turn the lower clamp against the intra-cavity probe. Tighten the nut to lock the biopsy (arrow's direction)

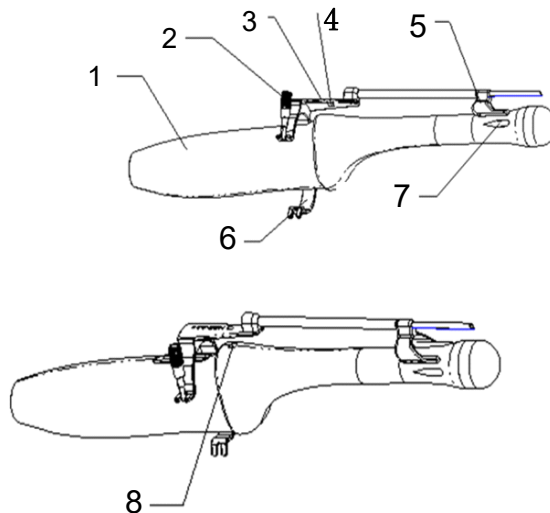


- 2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:



- a. Hold the prober in the left hand; unscrew the locking nut with the right hand to loose the clamp (arrow's direction).
- b. Lift the biopsy up (towards arrow's direction). The locating pole, front clamp, the locating hole and the front clamp become loose.

**NGB-027**



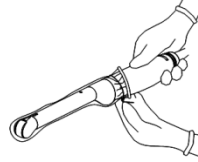
1	Intra-cavity probe	2	Pinch nut
3	Upper clamp	4	Position block
5	Front clamp	6	Lower clamp



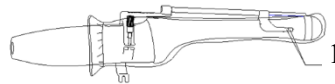
7	Front slot	8	Positioning block
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Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.

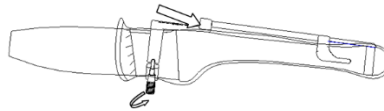


- b. Open the clamp. Insert the front clamp to the front groove.



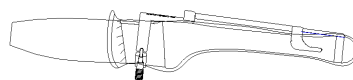
1	Align the front clamp with the front slot.
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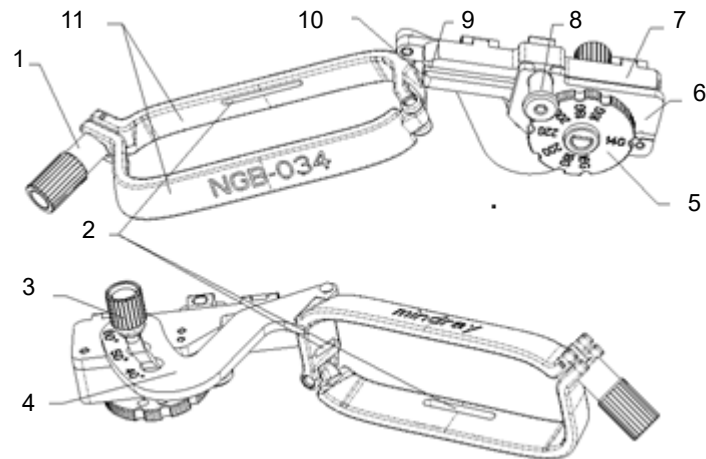
- c. Push the biopsy forward (arrow's direction) until the locating pole inserting into the location hole. Turn the lower clamp against the intra-cavity probe. Tighten the nut to lock the biopsy (arrow's direction).



2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:

Hold the prober in the left hand; unscrew the locking nut with the right hand to loose the clamp (arrow's direction).Lift the biopsy up (towards arrow's direction). The locating pole, front clamp, the locating hole and the front clamp become loose.

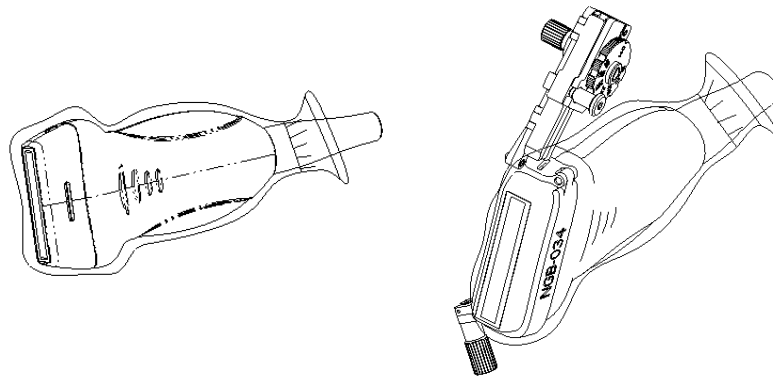


**NGB-034**

1	Needle fixing nut	2	Guiding groove
3	Angle fixing nut	4	Angle adjusting base
5	Needle type dial scale	6	Needle adjusting base
7	V-shape cover	8	Lock pin
9	Needle guide hole	10	V-shaped guiding block
11	Clamp		

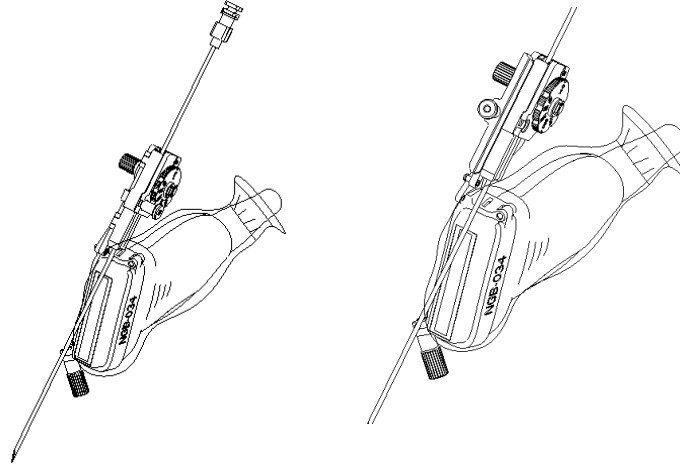
Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:

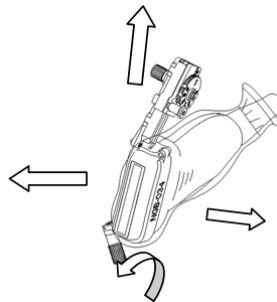


- a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Select a proper needle-guided bracket, and match the locating groove with the tab of the probe. Mount the bracket onto the probe.
  - c. Tighten the pinch nut of the needle-guided bracket to confirm that the needle-guided bracket is properly installed on the probe.
2. Adjust the needle angle to the proper shift as required:
    - a. Loosen the angle pinch nut.
    - b. Adjust the angle block to the desired level.
    - c. Tighten the angle pinch nut.

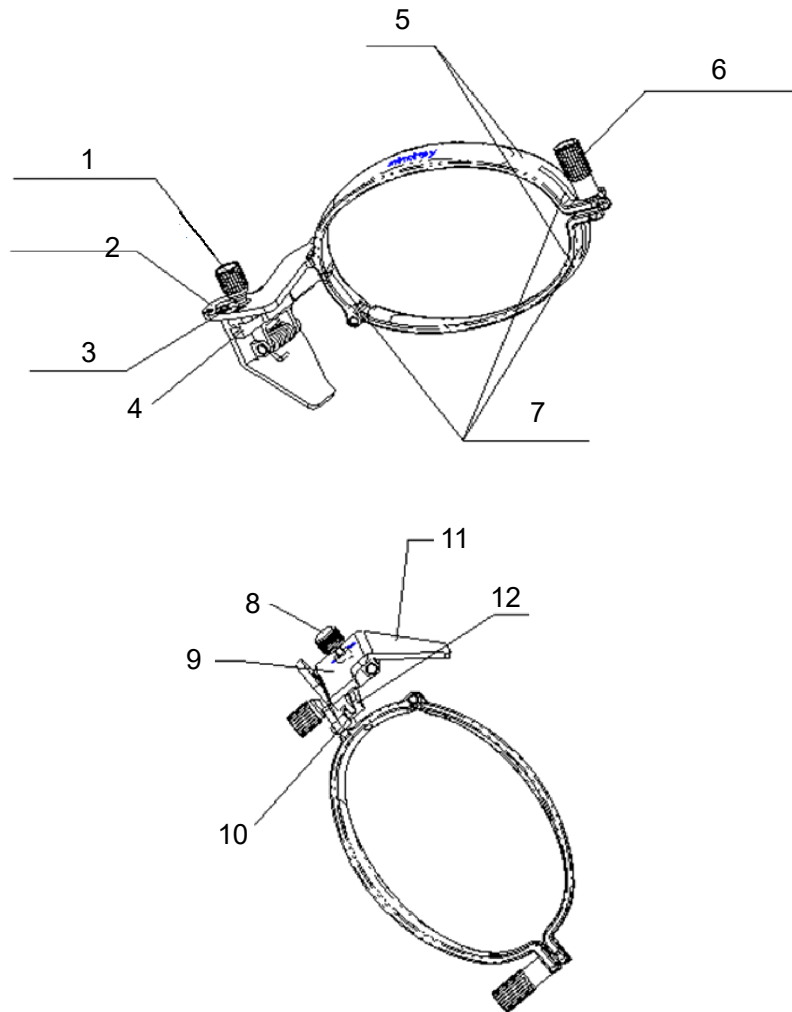
3. Insert the biopsy needle:
  - a. Adjust the dial scale to the required needle type shift.
  - b. Pull the lock pin and close the V-shaped cover to fix the lock pin in the groove of the needle type adjusting base, so as to install the needle into the guiding hole.
4. Release the needle from the bracket:



- a. Pull the lock pin out until the V-shaped cover can be turned and opened up.
  - b. Turn over the V-shaped cover to expose the needle. Remove the probe and bracket.
5. Remove the needle-guided bracket:



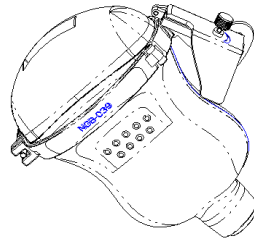
- a. Unscrew the pinch nut to release the needle-guided bracket.
  - b. Hold the probe and take out the bracket.

**NGB-039**

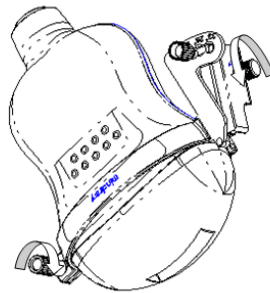
1	Angle blocking nut	2	Angle adjusting block
3	Angle mark	4	Angle adjusting base
5	Clamp	6	The clamping nut
7	Groove	8	Needle-guided bracket adjusting nut
9	Needle clamping cover	10	Needle guide hole
11	The pressing block for separating needle	12	V-shaped guiding block

Perform the following procedure:

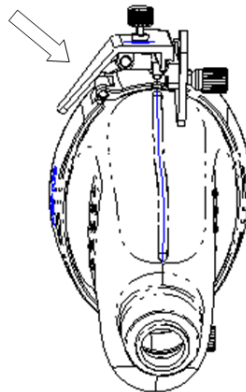
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put the sterile sheath on the probe.
  - b. Select a proper needle-guided bracket, and match the locating groove with the tab of the probe. Mount the bracket onto the probe.



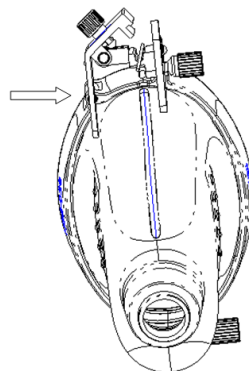
- c. Tighten the pinch nut of the needle-guided bracket to confirm that the needle-guided bracket is properly installed on the probe. Loosen the angle adjusting nut.



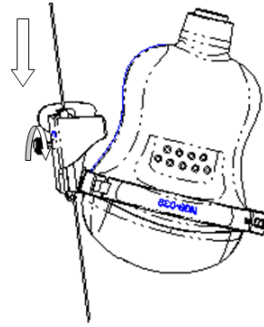
- d. Hold the probe and press the pressing block to separate V-shaped guiding block from the pressing block.



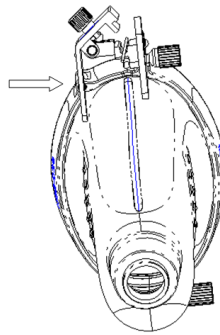
- e. Insert the needle into V-shaped guided block.



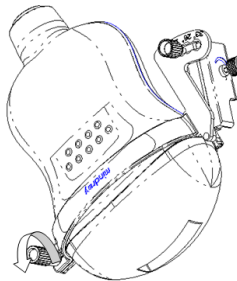
- f. Release the pressing block, adjust the angle adjusting nut to confirm that the needle can freely slide in a vertical direction.



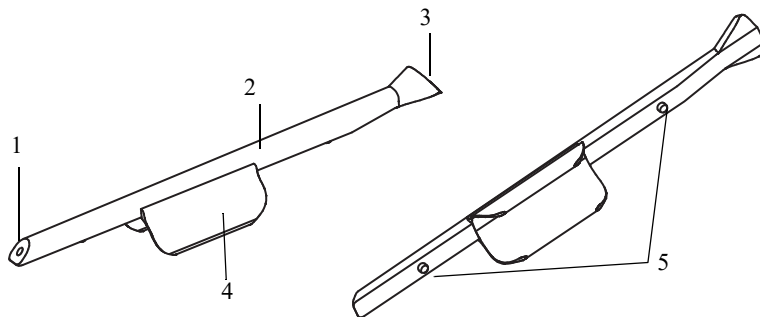
2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Hold the probe and press the pressing block to separate V-shaped guiding block from the pressing block.



- b. Remove the needle.
  - c. Rotate the clamping nut to separate the bracket from the probe.



**NGB-045**

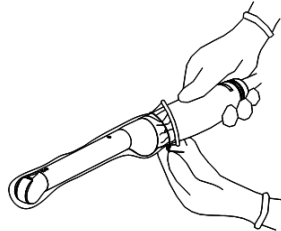


1	Needle exit	2	Needle guide
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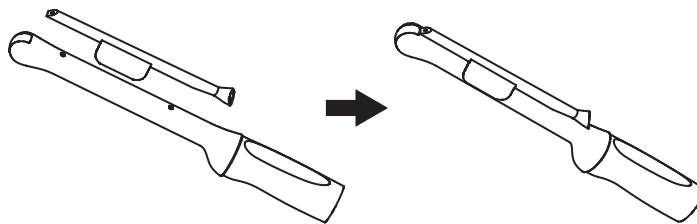
3	Needle entry	4	Retaining clamp
5	Locating bulges		

Perform the following procedure:

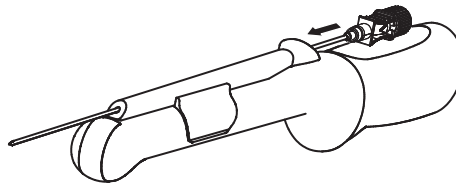
1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.



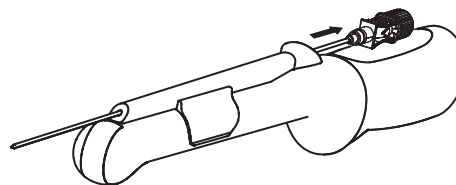
- b. Align the needle-guided bracket with the probe to align the locating bulges on the needle guide with the locating grooves on the probe, then turn the retaining clamp to the correct position.



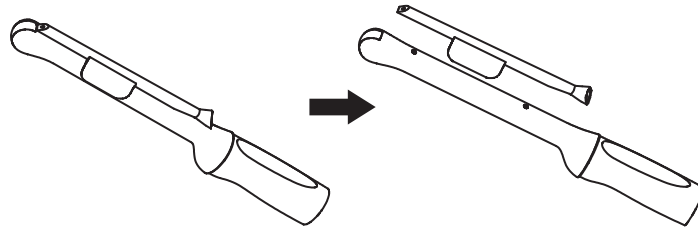
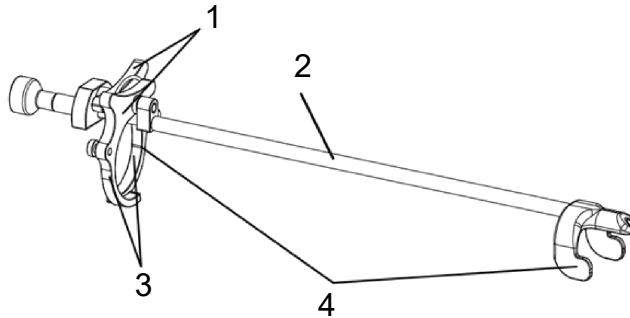
- c. Hold the probe, and insert the needle into Needle entry of the needle guide.



2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Hold the probe and remove the needle.



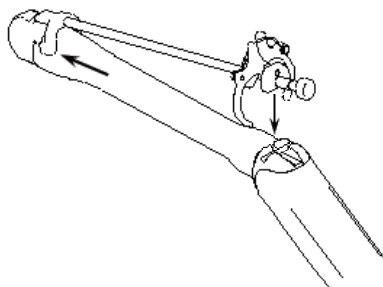
- b. Hold the probe and raise the needle-guided bracket to separate the locating bulge from the locating grooves.

**NGB-048**

1	Separating button	2	Needle guiding structure
3	Clamp	4	Probe fixing structure

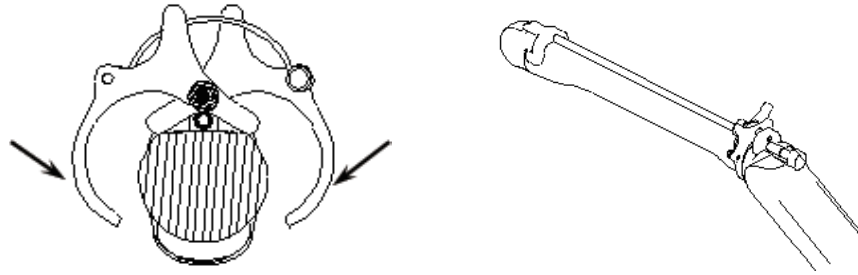
Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe in one hand, select the correct needle-guided bracket and hold it with the other hand. Press the separating button of the bracket to open the clamp. Match the fixing structure of the bracket with the positioning tab of the probe. Push the needle guided bracket forward to insert the clamp into the installation groove at the back of the probe. Mount the bracket onto the probe.

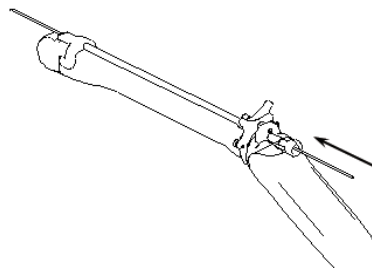




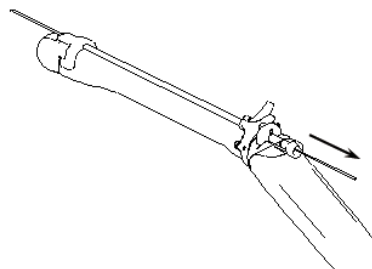
- c. Arrange the probe sheath in order. Press the left and right clamps of the bracket to crosswise clamp the probe. Check if the bracket is properly installed to ensure that the it won't come off.



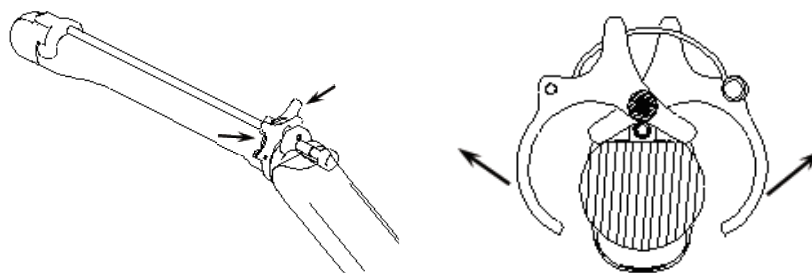
- d. Hold the probe and insert the needle through the horn-shaped opening at the end of the bracket into needle guide.



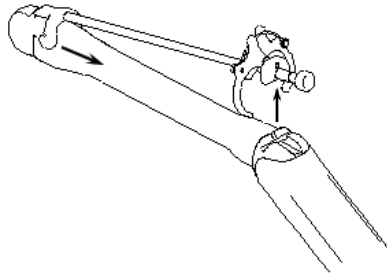
2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
- Remove the needle from the needle guide.



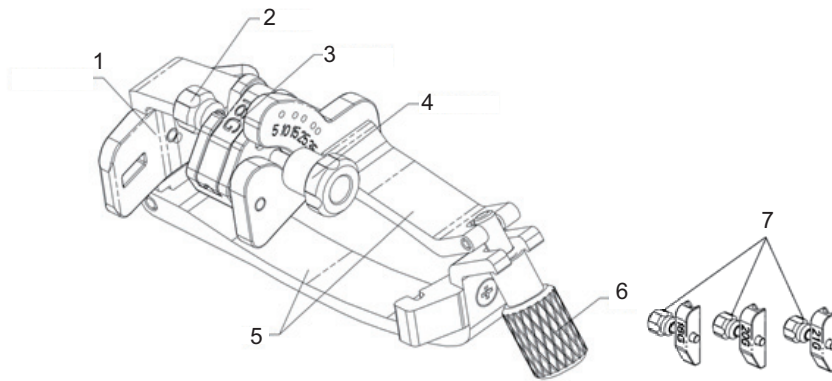
- Hold the probe in one hand, and hold the bracket with the other hand. Press the separating button of the bracket to open the clamp.



- c. Hold the clasp at the end of the bracket to separate the bracket from probe.



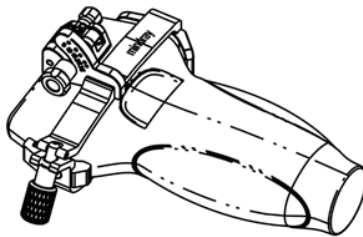
**NGB-052**



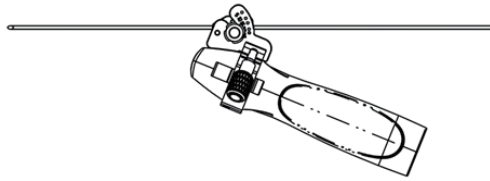
1	Probe fixing structure	2	Separating knob
3	Needle guide structure	4	Angle adjusting knob
5	Clamp	6	Locking knob
7	Guiding block		

Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe in one hand, select the correct needle-guided bracket and hold it with the other hand. Match the inside of the bracket with the outside of the probe respectively. Mount the bracket onto the probe. Rotate the locking knob of the guided bracket at the right and left sides to fix the bracket and the probe. Rotate the angle adjusting knob to adjust the probe guide structure to a proper angle, and then tighten the angle adjusting button.

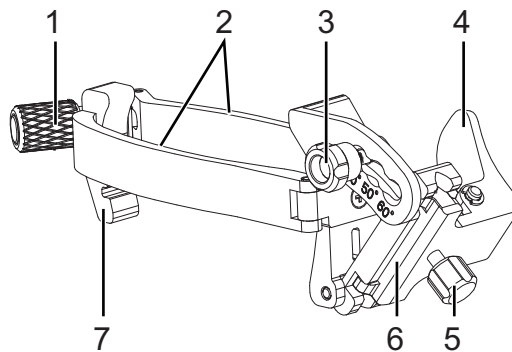


- c. Install guiding blocks (18G, 20G and 21G) to match the needle type, and then rotate the separating knob.



2. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Hold the probe with your hand, rotate the separating knob, and remove the guiding block to separate the needle from the guiding structure.
  - b. Rotate the locking knob to remove the needle-guided bracket from the probe. Hold the probe with one hand and disconnect the needle-guided bracket with the other hand.

### NGB-053



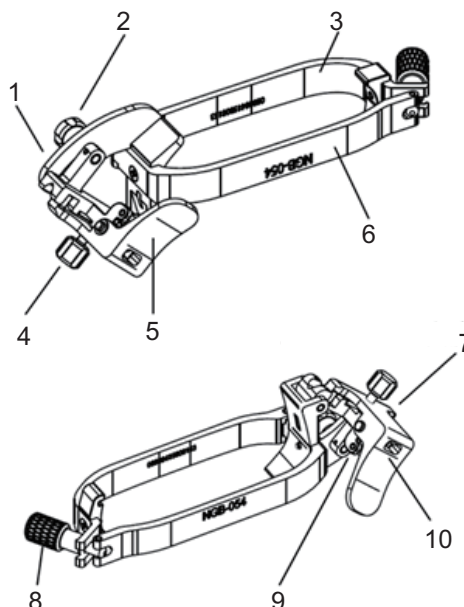
1	Clamp pinch nut	2	Clamps
3	Angle pinch nut	4	Separation pressure position
5	Needle type adjusting nut	6	Needle guide hole
7	The location position block		

Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe in one hand, select the correct needle-guided bracket and hold it with the other hand. Match the grooves of the needle-guided bracket to the tabs of the probe.
  - c. Mount the bracket onto the probe, and rotate the pinch nut to fix the bracket.
2. Adjust the needle angle to the proper shift as required:
  - a. Loosen the angle pinch nut.
  - b. Adjust the angle block to the desired level.
  - c. Tighten the angle pinch nut.
3. Insert the biopsy needle:
  - a. Hold the probe. Press the separation pressure position to separate needle guided V-shaped block from pressure position of the needle.
  - b. Put the needle into the needle guided-bracket, and the needle leans to V-shaped block.

- c. Hold the probe, and release the pressure position of the needle. Adjust the needle-type adjusting nut manually. The needle moves smoothly at the vertical direction due to its gravity.
4. Release the needle from the bracket:
  - a. Hold the probe. Press the biopsy needle to separate the needle from pressure position of the needle.
  - b. Separate the bracket and the probe from the needle.
5. Remove the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Rotate the pinch nut of the needle guided-bracket.  
The needle guided-bracket is separate from the probe.
  - b. Hold the probe and take out the bracket.

**NGB-054**

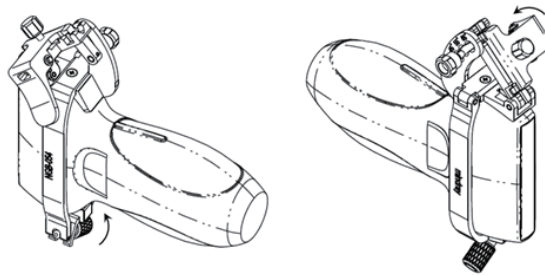


1	Angle adjusting block	2	Angle locking nut
3	Right clamp of the bracket	4	Needle-shaped adjusting nut
5	Needle clamping cover	6	Left clamp of the bracket
7	Angle adjusting base	8	Locking nuts of the guided bracket at the right and left sides
9	Torsion spring of the needle pressure cover	10	Biopsy needle pressure position

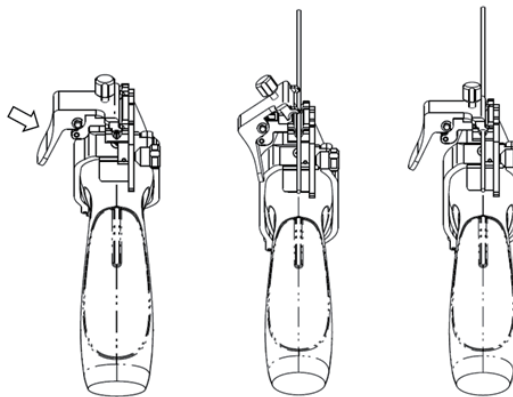
Perform the following procedure:

1. Install the needle-guided bracket:
  - a. Put on the sterile probe sheath.
  - b. Hold the probe in one hand, select the correct needle-guided bracket and hold it with the other hand. Match the inside of the bracket with the outside of the probe respectively. Mount the bracket onto the probe. Rotate the locking nuts of the guided bracket at the

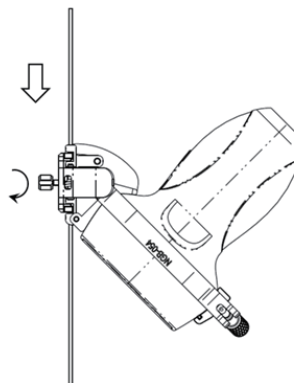
right and left sides to fix the bracket and the probe. Rotate the needle-shaped adjusting nut to the ultimate position as shown in the figure.



- c. Hold the probe. Press the biopsy needle pressure position to separate it from the V-shaped guiding block. Put the needle into the V-shaped guiding block of the needle guided-bracket.

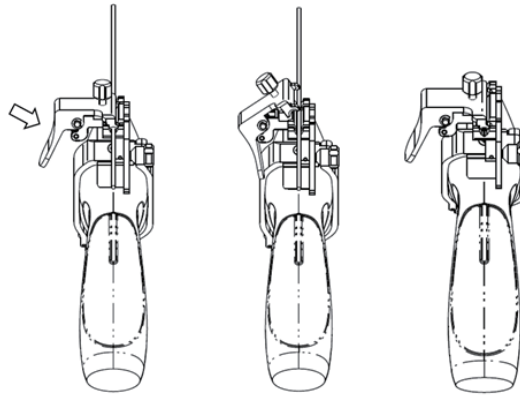


- d. Hold the probe, and release the pressure position of the needle. Adjust the needle-shaped adjusting nut manually (following the direction of the arrow). The needle moves smoothly at the vertical direction due to its gravity.

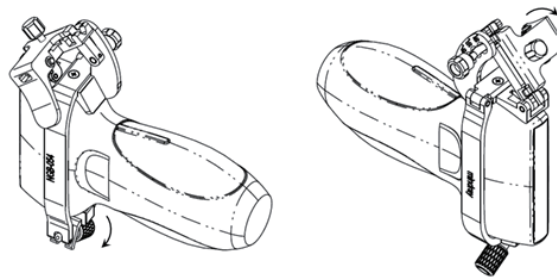


2. Remove Needle-Guided Bracket.

- a. Hold the probe. Press the biopsy needle pressure position to separate the biopsy needle from the pressure position. Separate the bracket and the probe from the needle.



- b. Rotate the locking nuts of the needle guided-bracket at the right and left sides (following the direction of the arrow). The needle guided-bracket is separate from the probe. Hold the probe and take out the bracket.



### 17.2.3 Verifying the Biopsy Guide Line

#### **⚠ WARNING**

- Prior to each biopsy procedure, be sure to verify the guide line.
- If the needle is not consistent with the guide line, DO NOT perform the biopsy procedure.

#### **NOTE:**

You can perform guide line verification on a single live B/C image, and all biopsy-irrelevant operations are forbidden.

Adjusting the needle mark is necessary before each biopsy procedure.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Confirm that the needle-guided bracket has been installed securely in the correct position.
2. Prepare a container filled with sterile water.
3. Place the head of the probe in the sterile water and place a biopsy needle in the needle guide.
4. When the biopsy needle appears on the image, confirm that the biopsy needle is displayed at almost the same position as the selected needle mark.
5. Tap [Biopsy] to enter Biopsy.

- Select the biopsy bracket angle/guide line: If the needle-guided bracket supports more than one biopsy angle, select the angle/guideline by using [Biopsy Kit].
- Select the guide line dot size: Tap [Dot Size] to select the dot size.

**NOTE:**

- The distance between two dots is depth-dependent. Move the cursor over the big dot and a numeral, representing the biopsy depth, is displayed.
  - The biopsy guide zone adjusts along with image adjustments, such as image inversion/rotations, zoom and depth changes.
  - When the imaging depth and area are changed, the guide line is adjusted.
6. Tap [Verify] in the Biopsy tab to open the Biopsy Verify menu.
    - Adjust the guide line position: Use [Position] to change the position of the guide line.
    - Adjust the angle: Use [Angle] to change the guide line angle.
    - Save the verified settings: After the position and angle of the guide line are adjusted, tap [Save] and the system saves the current guide line settings. If biopsy is entered again, the displayed Position and Angle are the verified value.
    - Restore the factory default settings: Tap [Load Factory] and the position and angle of the guide line are restored to the factory default settings.
    - Exit biopsy verify status: Tap [Exit] and the system exits the guide line verification status.

## 17.2.4 Starting the biopsy procedure

### **DANGER**

- Ensure that all guide parts are properly fixed prior to performing a biopsy.
- If you changed the probe or needle-guided bracket during the biopsy, verify the guide line again.
- Failure to match the guide zone displayed to the guide may cause the needle to track a path outside the zone.
- It is extremely important that when using the adjustable angle biopsy guides, the angle displayed on the screen matches the angle set on the guide, otherwise the needle will not follow the displayed guide zone and this could result in repeated biopsies or patient injury.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Select the correct needle-guided bracket and needle and install them properly.
2. Tap [Biopsy] to enter the biopsy.

If the current probe has no corresponding bracket, or the image is frozen and the guide line was hidden before the image was frozen, then you cannot enter the Biopsy menu.

3. Select the bracket and guide line according to the actual situation.

Tap [Verify] to enter Biopsy Verify menu to fine tune the guide line if needed.

4. If available, use iNeedle function to help enhance the needle visualization when the needle display is not clear.

- a. Tap [iNeedle] in B menu.

The parameters that can be adjusted appear on the menu:

[B/iNeedle]: tap to display B image and iNeedle image synchronously.

[Needle Dir.]: select to adjust the needle direction display according to actual direction of needle insertion. The iNeedle affecting region changes correspondingly.

- b. Tap [iNeedle] again to exit iNeedle.
5. Scan to locate the target. Center the target in the electronic guidezone path.
6. Direct the needle into the area of interest for specimen.
7. After extracting the biopsy sample is complete, gently remove the probe from the body.
8. Tap [Exit] to exit the Biopsy menu
9. Disassemble the items and properly dispose of these items as required.

## 17.2.5 Clean and Sterilize the Needle-Guided Bracket

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### **CAUTION**

- Needle-guided brackets whose name starts with NGB are reusable, and need thorough cleaning and sterilization before and after each biopsy.
  - Follow local regulations when selecting and using the disinfectant.
  - Repeated sterilization may degrade the safety and performance of the needle-guided bracket. Before use, please check whether the needle-guided bracket has defects such as deformation and rusting. If such defects exist, the bracket has reached the end of its service life. In this case, stop using it and contact the Mindray service department.
  - It is recommended to use immersion sterilization for plastic needle-guided brackets and high-pressure steam sterilization for metal needle-guided brackets.
  - For detailed operations about the cleaning solvent, sterilant and high-temperature steam sterilizer, see the respective operator's manuals provided by the manufacturer.
- 

### **NOTE:**

Disposable components are packaged sterile and are single-use only. Do not use if integrity of packaging is violated or if expiration date has passed. Please use the disposable components compliant with the relevant local regulations.

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## Cleaning

Perform the following procedure:

1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. After use, immerse the needle-guided bracket in distilled water immediately to prevent dirt from drying. Wipe the entire surface of the needle-guided bracket by using a piece of disposable lint-free soft cloth to remove coarse dirt.
3. Prepare a cleaning solvent (enzymatic or neutral pH detergent, e.g., liquinox, MetriZyme) by using distilled or softened water in accordance with the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.



4. Detach all the detachable parts of the needle-guided bracket and immerse the needle-guided bracket and all its parts fully in the cleaning solvent for at least 1 minute or a period specified by the manufacturer.
5. Immerse the needle-guided bracket and all its parts fully in the cleaning solvent. Wipe and wash the surface and connecting parts of the needle-guided bracket gently by using a soft brush until no dirt is visible. Place the needle-guided bracket inside an ultrasonic cleaner and perform ultrasonic cleaning for 3–5 minutes.
6. Rinse the needle-guided bracket thoroughly by using a large amount of distilled or softened water (about 2 gallons) at room temperature for about 30 s to remove the residual dirt and cleaning solvent. Repeat the operation twice.
7. Wipe away the water on the needle-guided bracket by using a piece of disposable lint-free soft cloth.
8. Inspect the needle-guided bracket. If visible dirt still exists, repeat the preceding steps to wash the bracket until it is all clean.

### Sterilization with a sterilant

Perform the following procedure:

1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. Clean thoroughly in accordance with the cleaning procedure before sterilization.
3. Prepare a sterilant by using sterile distilled water when necessary.

Chemical name	Trade name	Procedures
Glutaraldehyde (2.4%)	Cidex Activated Dialdehyde Solution (applicable for FDA region only)	Refer to the instructions provided by the solution manufacturer for details.
Glutaraldehyde (2.6%)	Metricide	
22% Hydrogen Peroxide 4.5% Peroxyacetic Acid	MINNCARE LIQUID DISINFECTANT (applicable for Canada region only)	

4. Immerse the needle-guided bracket fully in the sterilant and shake the bracket appropriately to remove any bubbles on the surface. Use a syringe to draw an appropriate amount of sterilant and inject the sterilant into the hole to remove the bubbles inside the hole if necessary.  
  
For details about the immersion duration, see the operator's manual provided by the manufacturer.
5. After sterilization, wash the needle-guided bracket thoroughly by using a large amount of sterile distilled water (about 2 gallons) at room temperature for about 30 s to remove the residual sterilant. Repeat the operation twice.
6. Dry the needle-guided bracket by using a piece of sterile disposable lint-free soft cloth.
7. Store the needle-guided bracket in a cool, clean and dry environment.

### High-pressure steam sterilization

Perform the following procedure:

1. Wear a pair of gloves to prevent infection.
2. Clean thoroughly in accordance with the cleaning procedure before sterilization.

3. Package the needle-guided bracket in accordance with the sterilization requirements of surgical instruments.
4. Place the packaged needle-guided bracket inside a high-temperature steam sterilizer and perform sterilization.

The sterilization parameters are 121 °C and 30 minutes for a gravity displacement steam sterilizer and are 132 °C and 4 minutes for a dynamic-air-removal steam sterilizer.

5. Take out the sterilization package after sterilization and dry it in an oven at 60 °C for 20 minutes to 30 minutes.

Keep the sterilization package together with other sterilized surgical instruments in a sterile item storage area.

## 17.2.6 Storage and Transportation

- Do not use the carrying case for storing the needle-guided bracket. If the carrying case is used for storage, it may become a source of infection.
- Between examinations, keep the needle-guided bracket in a sterile environment.
- If the needle-guided bracket is sent to your MINDRAY representative for repair, be sure to disinfect or sterilize it and keep it in the carrying case to prevent infection.
- Sterilize the carrying case as necessary.
- Store or transport the needle-guided bracket under the following ambient conditions:
  - Ambient temperature: -20 °C to 55 °C
  - Relative humidity: 20% to 95% (no condensation)

## 17.2.7 Disposal

Be sure to sterilize the needle-guided bracket before disposing of it.

Contact your MINDRAY representative when disposing of this device.

## 17.3 Middle Line

Middle Line helps to locate and observe the focus point of lithotripsy wave during lithotripsy treatment. By means of providing information for the lithotripsy machine as well as a tool for watching the procedure of lithotripsy in real-time, you can adjust the intension and frequency of the lithotripsy wave through lithotripsy machine.

Tap [Middle Line] in the biopsy tab or preset a shortcut key for middle line function.

- The middle line is a vertical dotted line located in the middle of the screen, the position and direction of which cannot be changed.
- There is a mark icon of “×” located on the middle line which can be moved up and down along the line by using the trackball.
- To use the Middle Line function of the ultrasound system:
  - a. Use the trackball to change the mark position and by adjusting lithotripsy machine tools or patient posture to locate the stone center at the mark.
  - b. Read the depth of the mark by observing the depth caliper on the screen.
  - c. After the stone is located, refer to lithotripsy machine manuals to perform the lithotripsy.
- The depth of the mark is displayed in the image parameter area of the screen.

# 18 DVR Recording

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## NOTE:

- Strictly observe the procedures described here to perform the recording and replaying operations; otherwise it may result in data loss or system malfunction.
  - Set the PAL or NTSC in the setup and this shall be consistent with that in the DVR.
  - Accidental exposure to strong electromagnetic fields or mishandling of the video cassette may result in image and data loss, so check if the recording is successful as soon as possible. Mindray is not responsible for any data loss.
- 



The system provides built-in DVR recording function. You can use the DVR to record and replay videos and audios that can be stored in DVD disc or hard disc.

The recorded video is AVI format; you can save it in the hard disk drive, burn to the DVD or export to the USB disk.


When the built-in DVR is in normal status, the  displays at the lower right corner of the screen.

## 18.1 Start Recording

After recording, the system will save the recording file automatically, you can select to save in local disk, U disk or optical disk.

1. Perform ultrasound exams, select appropriate views and adjust parameters to prepare for recording.
2. Click  to open the dialog box and select desired recording type: Hard disk/USB/CDROM.
3. Click [Close] to enter recording status.
4. Press the user-defined <DVR> key and click [OK] to start recording, and the DVR icon displays as  in recording status.


During the recording process, you can perform imaging mode switching, comments adding, body mark adding and measurements.

5. Press the user-defined <DVR> key again to stop recording, the DVR icon in the lower right corner turns into data transfer status .
  - If USB/CDROM is selected, the system sends the recorded file to the target storage media (USB disk or DVD optical disk drive) in the meantime.
  - If “Hard disk” is selected, the system saves the file to the path: D/Marvel/DVR.


In the task management screen, click [Media Storage Task] tab to check transferring status.

## 18.2 Send Image

The system also supports exporting recorded images that are saved in the local disk.

1. Click  to open the dialog box, and click [Local Video Management] to enter the managing dialog box.

Click [Rename] to rename the video file.

2. Select the destination and the target file, click [Send] to send the file to the selected path. During sending progress, the icon displays as .

## 18.3 DVR Video Replay


You can replay the video and audio record.

### 18.3.1 Replay on PC

Connect the USB disk or optical disk with the file to the PC, open the file directly.

### 18.3.2 Replay on the ultrasound system

Perform the following procedure:

1. Click  to open the dialog box.
2. Click [Play] to open the dialog box.
3. Select the path and type for the file and then click [OK] to replay the file, or double-click the file name directly.

# 19 System Maintenance

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Routine system maintenance shall be carried out by the user. System maintenance after the warranty has expired is the full responsibility of the owner/operator.

The responsibility for maintenance and management of the product after delivery resides with the customer who has purchased the product.

If you have any questions, please contact Mindray Customer Service Department or sales representative.

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## **WARNING**

- Only an authorized Mindray service engineer can perform maintenance not specified in this operator's manual.
  - For the sake of the system performance and safety, you should perform periodical checks for the system.
- 

## 19.1 Daily Maintenance

You are responsible for daily maintenance.

### 19.1.1 Cleaning the System

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#### **WARNING**

- Before cleaning the system, be sure to turn off the power and disconnect the power cord from the outlet. Cleaning the system while the power is "On" may result in electric shock.
  - DO NOT directly spray solution onto the monitor, system control panel or hard surfaces that is under pressure or pumped. Ingress fluid leakage into the monitor or system can damage the monitor or system, causing possible electric shock or system failure.
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#### **CAUTION**

Do not spill water or other liquid into the system while you perform the cleaning. Otherwise it may result in malfunction or electric shock.

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### Cleaning probes

Tools: mild soapy water, dry soft cloth, soft brush

Method:

1. Wipe out the dust attached to surface of probe head, connector and cable.

2. Use soft brush to brush the dust inside probe connector gently.
3. Remained stain or dust attached to surface of cable or surface of connector should be washed out by cloth with a little soapy water, and then air-dry.

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**NOTE:**

Don't use cloth with water to clean the probe connector.

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## Cleaning holders

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**NOTE:**

Clean the holders periodically (1 time per month).

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Tools: soft dry cloth, soapy water, soft brush.

Remaining stains should be wiped away using a cloth with clean or soapy water and the surface left to air dry.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Use a soft dry cloth to wipe away dust attached to the inside, outside and gaps in the probe holder. Use a soft brush to brush away dust or stains from the small intra-cavity probe holder or its gap.
2. Remaining stains on the inside and outside of the holder should be wiped away using a cloth with a little soapy water and then air dried.

## Cleaning the machine shell

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**NOTE:**

- Use a soft brush to gently remove the dust from naked interfaces or sockets (such as probe sockets, IO panels, and power supply panel). Do not use a water cloth.
  - Clean the machine shell periodically (1 time per month).
- 

Tools: mild soapsuds, and dry soft cloth

Use a dry soft cloth to wipe the dirt off the machine shell (the exposed part).

Or, use with a dry soft cloth dipped in a small amount of mild soapsuds to remove stains, and air dry the shell.

## Cleaning the monitor and the touch screen

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**NOTE:**

- DO NOT use hydrocarbon glass cleaner or cleaner for OA (Office Automation) equipment to clean the monitor. These substances may cause deterioration of the monitor.
  - Clean the monitor and the touch screen periodically (1 time per month).
- 

Tool: soft dry cloth, soapy water

The surfaces of the monitor and touch screen should be cleaned with a soft dry cloth. Remaining stains should be wiped away using a cloth with a little soapy water and then air dried.

## Cleaning the control panel

### NOTE:

Clean the control panel and keyboard periodically (1 time per month); otherwise the dirt in the gaps between keys will jam the keys, causing long beeping of the buzzer and malfunction of keys.

Tools: mild soapsuds, and dry soft cloth

Use a dry soft cloth to wipe the dust from the surface of the control panel (including keys and encoder). Or, dip a soft cloth with a small amount of mild soapsuds to scrub away stubborn stains, and then use another soft cloth to dry or air dry the control panel. If it is difficult to clean the control panel, remove the encoder cap and clean the control panel with mild soapsuds.

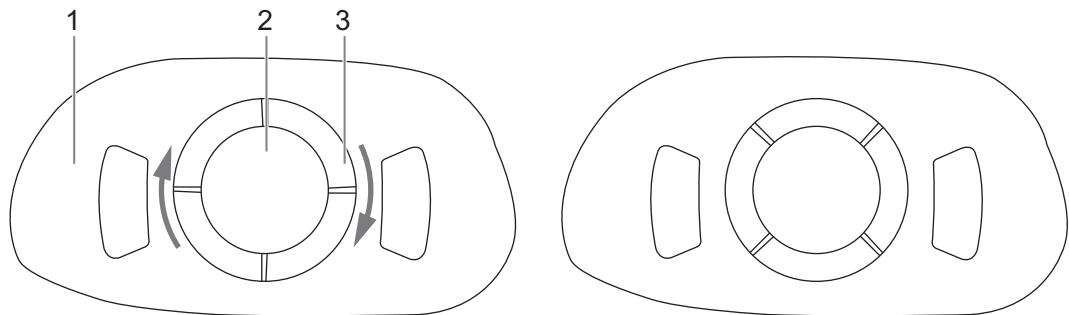
## Cleaning the trackball

The trackball is a human-computer interaction component. It is easy for the trackball to bring dust from the outside into the module during use. Therefore, regular maintenance (1 time per month) is needed to ensure the system performance. When the cursor control is not flexible, it may be caused by dust pollution inside the trackball. In this case, remove the trackball and clean the dust inside.

Tools: paper, dry cloth, mild soapy water

Perform the following procedure:

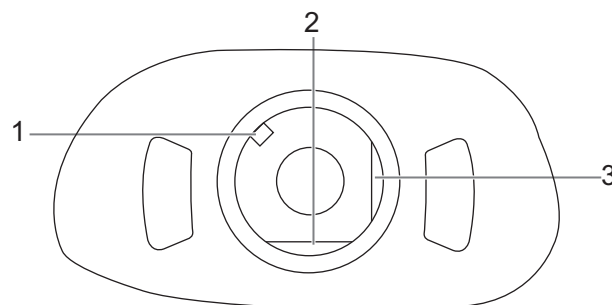
### 1. Disassembling:



1	Keyboard cover	2	Trackball
3	Trackball pressure ring		

With two fingers, grab the convex strip on the trackball pressure ring and turn it clockwise for about 45 degrees. When the pressure ring rises with the rotation, take out the pressure ring and the ball (be careful that dropping the ball may cause damage to the ball).

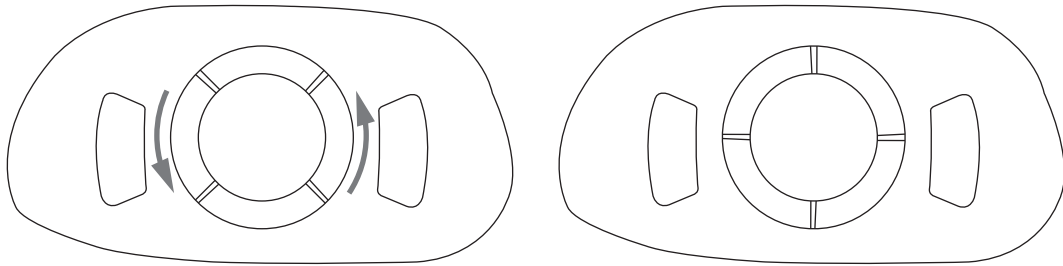
### 2. Cleaning:



1	Bearing	2	Main shaft
3	Main shaft		

Use a clean soft cloth or dry paper tissue to clean the two main shafts inside the trackball, bearings, plastic housing, and inner part of the pressure ring. Meanwhile, clean the ball.

3. Installing:



Put the ball in. Then, put the pressure ring in (the convex strip on the pressure ring is about 15 degrees from the horizontal), and rotate counterclockwise until the convex strip on the pressure ring is horizontal. Then, the buckle is locked. At this time, the pressure ring can no longer be rotated, indicating that the pressure ring has been installed in place.

### Cleaning the Dust-proof cover

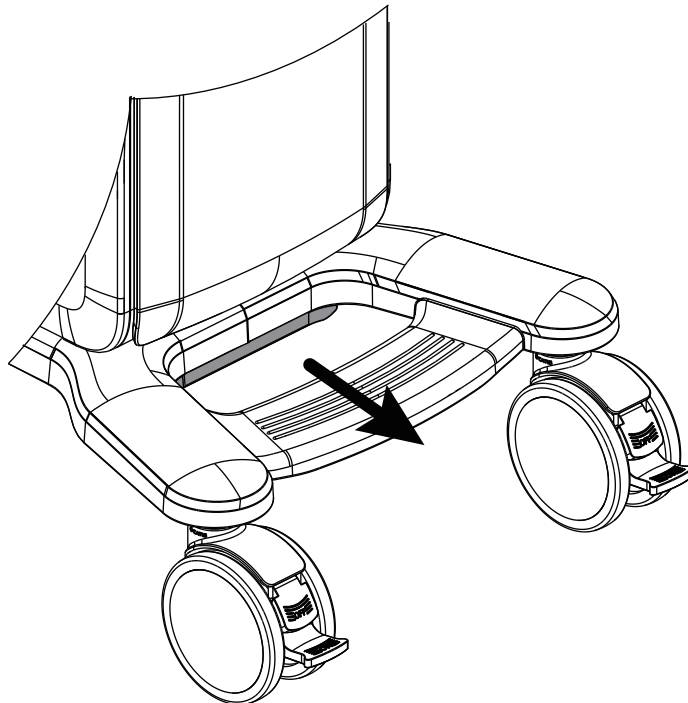
**NOTE:**

Please clean all dust-proof covers of the system periodically (1 time per month); otherwise, system damage may result. Cleaning times can be increased when the system is used in the open air or somewhere dust is more.

Tool: soft brush

Perform the following procedure:

1. Pull out the dust-proof cover.



2. Cleaning: with soft brush and then wipe off the dust.
3. Assemble dust-proof covers. Insert the dust-proof cover into the slot of the main unit.



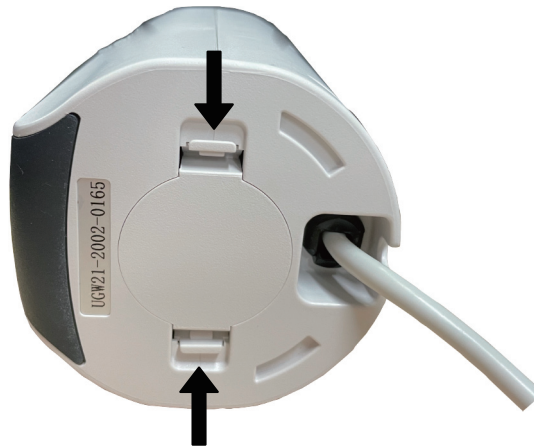
## Cleaning the Ultrasound gel heater

### NOTE:

- Clean the bottom cover of the gel heater regularly. Reinstall it to the bottom of the gel heater after it becomes dry.
- Do not use the acetone. Do not use sharp-edged material (like steel wool) to clean the gel heater.
- Clean the box of the gel heater regularly. Reinstall it to the bottom of the gel heater after it becomes dry.
- Clean the Ultrasound gel heater periodically (1 time per month).

Perform the following procedure:

1. Unplug the gel heater and remove it from the gel heater bracket.
2. Use mild soap-suds or the water to clean the heater appearance and the cable.
3. Press the pad on the bottom cover to remove the bottom cover.



4. Install the bottom cover.
5. Install the gel heater back to the bracket and connect the power supply.

## 19.1.2 Cleaning the peripherals

### NOTE:

Clean the peripherals periodically (1 time per month).

Do the cleaning maintenance according to your actual peripheral configuration; items which are not configured can be skipped.

Content	Description
Color and B/W video printer	First wipe off dust or stain attached to the cover of printer with soft dry cloth, then clean the inside of printer. Be sure to do the cleaning maintenance according to the operation manual if necessary.
Graph / text printer	First wipe off dust or stain attached to the cover of printer with soft dry cloth, then clean the inside of printer. Be sure to do the cleaning maintenance according to the operation manual if necessary.

Content	Description
Footswitch	Use soft dry cloth with a little mild soap water to wipe off the dust or stain attached to the pedals or cable of foot switch.
Barcode reader	First use soft dry cloth to wipe off dust attached to glass panel of the reader, then the dust or stain attached to cable and bracket.

### 19.1.3 Common inspections

#### Checking the Probe

##### **WARNING**

- Check the Probe periodically (1 time per month).
- The outer surface of the portions of TRANSDUCER ASSEMBLY which is intended to be inserted into a PATIENT should be checked to ensure that there are no unintended rough surfaces, sharp edges or protrusions which may cause harm.

- Visually check to confirm that there are no cracks or expansion of the probe head.
- Visually check to confirm that there is no deterioration or erosion of the probe cable.
- Visually check to confirm that none of the connector pins are bent, destroyed or falling off.

#### Checking the Power Cable and Plug

##### **NOTE:**

Check the power cable and plug periodically (1 time per month).

Visually check to confirm that there are no wrinkles, cracks or deterioration, and no cracks or expansion on the surface of the adapter.

Manually check to confirm that there is no looseness or rupture. The connection of the plug is reliable.

#### Checking Appearance

##### **NOTE:**

Check the appearance periodically (1 time per month).

Check if there are any cracks in the covers:

- Ultrasound system covers.
- Probe appearance.
- External appearance of the ECG lead.

#### Checking Battery

Check battery performance regularly (once every 3 to 6 months):

- Check whether the battery can be normally charged in startup state: If the current battery is 100% or the battery rises after a certain period of time, it indicates that the battery can be normally charged. When the general battery is less than 90%, the time needed to increase the

battery power by 1% should be < 5min; when the battery is greater than 90%, it takes more time to increase the battery power by 1%.

- In standby state, after disconnecting the AC power supply, check whether the battery can maintain normal standby status based on the standby status indicator.

## 19.1.4 Inspection of Peripherals and Optional Functions

### NOTE:

Perform mechanical safety checks regularly (once a year).

If there are no modules or optional accessories in the system configuration, skip the relevant inspections.

No.	Content	Method
1.	Color or black and white video printer	Check whether the output of the video printer is normal.
2.	Graphic printer	Check whether the output of the graphic printer is normal.
3.	Footswitch	Check whether the footswitch implements the configured functions according to the program.
4.	External DVD Recorder	Check if DVD-R/W is working properly (burning, reading and ejecting).
5.	Bar code scanner	Check whether the scanner works normally and the output is correct.
6.	DICOM	Check whether DICOM works normally. Send pictures and other data to DICOM server for verification.
7.	ECG	Check the user's basic operations and verify the implementation of functions of the ECG module.

## 19.1.5 System Hard Drive Backup

To prevent deterioration or loss of data stored in the system hard drive (including patient info data, preset data, etc.), create a backup copy of the hard drive at regular intervals.

## 19.2 System Function Inspection

This inspection is an effective method to ensure product quality. When necessary, perform this inspection. Regular maintenance is not required.

No.	Content	Method
1.	B mode	Check the basic operations of the B mode. Check some of the basic software and hardware that affects operations related to the B mode.
2.	Color mode	Check the basic operations of the color mode. Check some of the basic software and hardware that affects operations related to the color mode.

No.	Content	Method
3.	Doppler mode (PW/CW)	Check the basic operations of the Doppler mode. Check some of the basic software and hardware that affects operations related to the Doppler mode.
4.	M mode	Check the basic operations of the M mode. Check some of the basic software and hardware that affects operations related to the M mode.
5.	Measurement (2D, M, Doppler routine measurement; application measurement is optional)	Perform gray scale image scanning on the mannequin, use the measurement control to verify the accuracy of distance and area calculation. and verify the measurement accuracy based on the performance test results.
6.	Keyboard test	Perform keyboard tests to verify that all control keys are working properly.
7.	Custom key test	Verify that the user-defined functions of custom keys work properly.
8.	Display	To check whether the display function and parameter adjustment of the display are normal, see the display test method.
9.	Software menu check	Check the software menu display function, and verify that users can access various operation menus and screens normally.

## 19.3 Troubleshooting

If any persistent system malfunction is experienced, e.g., an onscreen error message, blank imaging screen, absent menus, see the table below. If the failure cannot be resolved, contact the Mindray Customer Service Department or a sales representative.

No.	Failure	Cause	Measure
1.	The power button indicator is lit up, but the image is blank.	The interval between turning off and restarting the system is too short - wait at least 20 seconds.	Turn off the system and wait at least 1 minute, then restart the system.
		The monitor brightness or contrast may be improperly set.	Adjust the monitor brightness and contrast back to the factory defaults.
2.	The monitor displays the characters but no images.	The transmission power, overall gain or TGC controls are improperly set.	Adjust the transmission power, gain or TGC control.
		Check that a probe is connected and/or fully connected.	Ensure proper probe connection.
		The system is in freeze status.	Unfreeze the image.

---

<b>No.</b>	<b>Failure</b>	<b>Cause</b>	<b>Measure</b>
3.	The image quality is degraded	The exam mode is incorrect.	Select an appropriate exam mode.
The image post-processing settings are incorrect.		Adjust the image post-processing settings or reset post-processing to the default values.	
The image presets are inappropriate.		Reset the factory default presets.	
4.	The button does not respond and the system is buzzing	There is dirt blocking the button.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check the control panel for the blocked button and press it several times to release it.</li><li>• Clean the button.</li></ul>

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# A Barcode Reader

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The product supports logging data as patient ID by using barcode reader. For details of the JADAK or Honeywell barcode readers, please refer to the accompanying manuals.

The laser transmitted by SYMBOL LS2208 is Class 2 laser.

SYMBOL DS4608 is classified as “EXEMPT RISK GROUP” according to IEC 62471: 2006 and EN 62471: 2008.

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## **WARNING**

- Class 2 laser adopts low power, visible LED. DO NOT stare into beam because of unknown hazards of transient radiation provided by class 2 laser.
  - DO NOT stare into beam emitted by SYMBOL DS4608 for more than 10 s.
- 

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## **CAUTION**

Ensure the information acquired by barcode reader is consistent with the actual information.

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## **NOTE:**

The reader does not support decoding of Multi-language.

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## A.1 1-D Barcode Reader

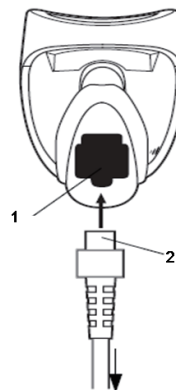
There are 2 operation modes for 1-D barcode readers:

- Hand-held mode: press the trigger to decode.
- Hands-free mode: seat the reader in the stand to enter the mode, the reader decodes automatically.



1	LED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Green: A barcode was successfully decoded.</li> <li>• Red: A data transmission error or reader malfunction occurred.</li> </ul>
2	Scan window	Scan the barcode.
3	Trigger	Press to decode.

### A.1.1 Setting Up the Reader (Take LS2208 as an example)



1	Cable interface port
2	Interface cable modular connector

Perform the following procedure:

1. Plug the interface cable modular connector into the cable interface port on the bottom of the reader handle, and ensure the connector is properly secured.
2. Connect the other end of the interface cable to the host.

### A.1.2 Setting

The reader has factory settings. For details, please see “A.4 Parameter Defaults”.

The reader supports some user-defined functions as introduced below.

For more details, please contact the SYMBOL reader agents or Mindray Customer Service Department.



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## Volume setting

Scan the following barcode to set the volume parameter.

- Low Volume:



- Medium Volume:



- High Volume:



## Code 93 and codebar scanning

- To enable or disable Code 93, scan the appropriate barcode below.



- To enable Codebar, scan the appropriate barcode below.



## Code 39 full ASCII scanning

Code 39 Full ASCII is a variant of Code 39 which pairs characters to encode the full ASCII character set.

- To enable Code 39 Full ASCII, scan the appropriate barcode below.



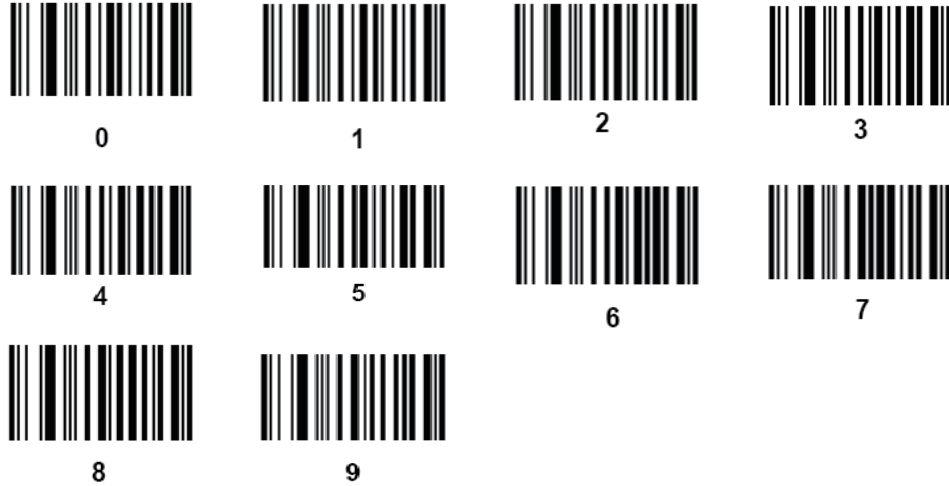
- To disable Code 39 Full ASCII, scan the appropriate barcode below.



## I 2 of 5 symbols setting:



Select this option to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric barcodes below. For example, to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols with 8 characters, scan I 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length, then scan 0 followed by 8.

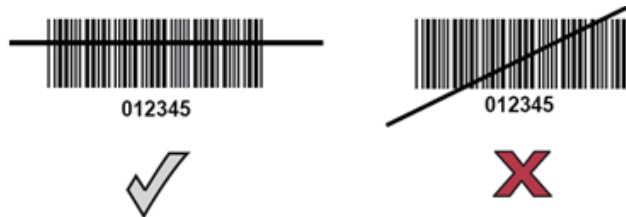


### A.1.3 Scanning in Hand-Held Mode

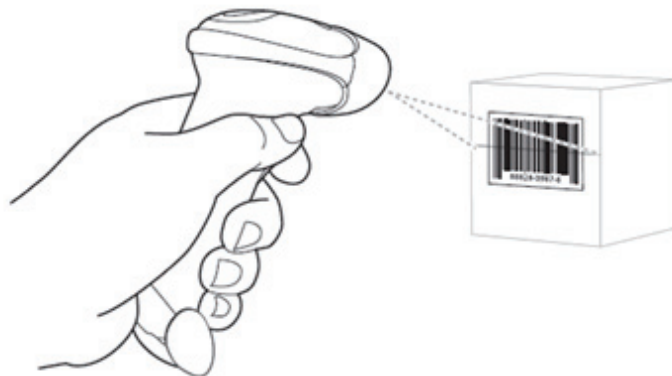
Perform the following procedure:

1. Ensure all connections are secure.
2. Aim the reader at the barcode. Press the trigger.

Ensure the scan line crosses every bar and space of the symbol, see the figure below.

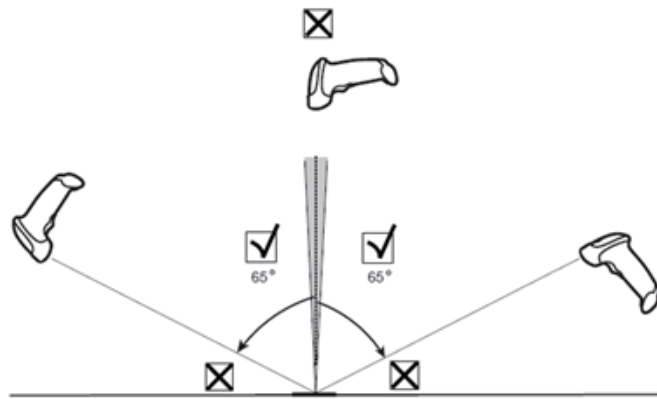


3. Upon successful decode, the reader beeps and the LED turns green.



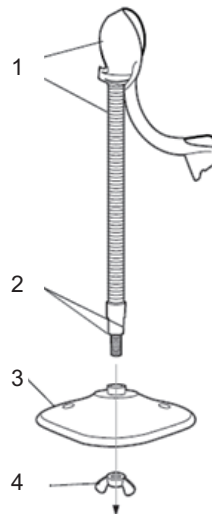
Do not hold the reader directly over the barcode. Laser light reflecting directly back into the reader from the barcode is known as specular reflection. This specular reflection can make

decoding difficult. You can tilt the reader up to 55° forward or back and achieve a successful decode.



## A.1.4 Scanning in Hands-Free Mode

### Assembling the Intellistand



1	One piece scanner “cup” with flexible neck	2	Flat areas
3	Stand base	4	Wingnut

Perform the following procedure:

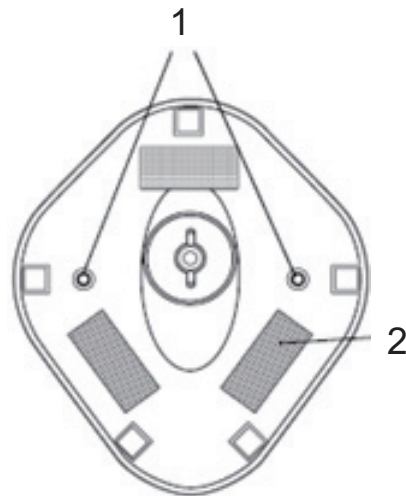
1. Unscrew the wingnut from the bottom of the one piece scanner “cup”.
2. Fit the bottom of the neck piece into the opening on the top of the stand base.
3. Tighten the wingnut underneath the base to secure the cup and neck piece to the base.

Before tightening the wingnut under the base, ensure that the flat areas on the flexible neck fit securely in the grooves in the base.

4. Bend the neck to the desired position for scanning.

### Mounting the Stand (optional)

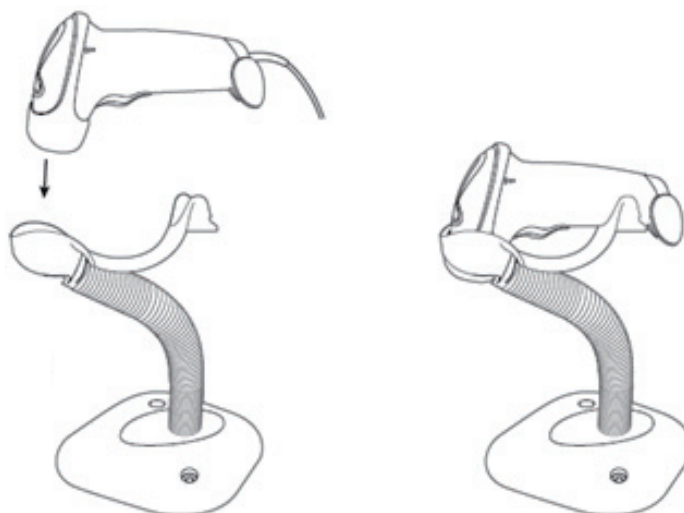
You can attach the base of the reader's stand to a flat surface using two screws or double-sided tape (not provided).



1	Two screw-mount holes	For Screw Mount, follow the steps below: 1. Position the assembled base on a flat surface. 2. Screw one #10 wood screw into each screw-mount hole until the base of the stand is secure
2	Double-side tap areas (3 places, dimensions: 1"×2")	For Tape Mount, follow the steps below: 1. Peel the paper liner off one side of each piece of tape and place the sticky surface over each of the three rectangular tape holders. 2. Peel the paper liner off the exposed sides of each piece of tape and press the stand on a flat surface until it is secure.

### Perform Scanning in Hands-Free Mode

When the reader is seated in the scanner cup, the reader's built-in sensor places the reader in hands-free mode. When you remove the reader from the stand it operates in its normal hand-held mode.

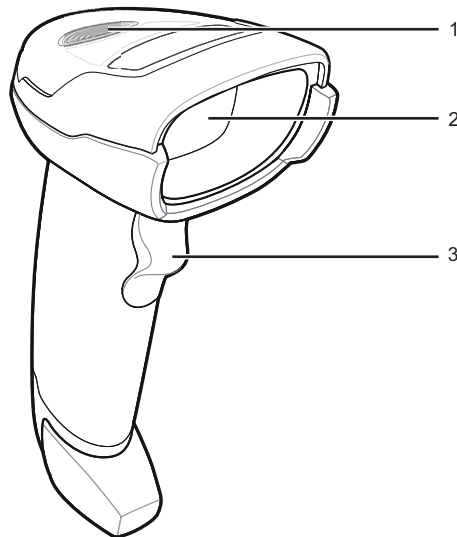


## A.2 2D Barcode Reader (Take DS4608 as an example)

The 2-D barcode reader supports hand-held operation mode.

Hand-held mode: press the trigger to decode.

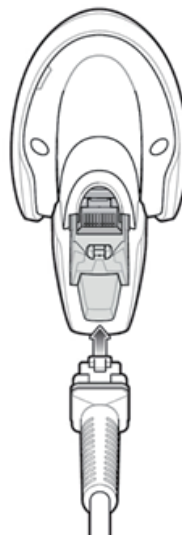
### A.2.1 Overview



1	LED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Green: A barcode was successfully decoded.</li> <li>Red: A data transmission error or reader malfunction occurred.</li> </ul>
2	Scan window	Scan the barcode.
3	Trigger	Press to decode.

### A.2.2 Setting Up the Digital Imager Reader

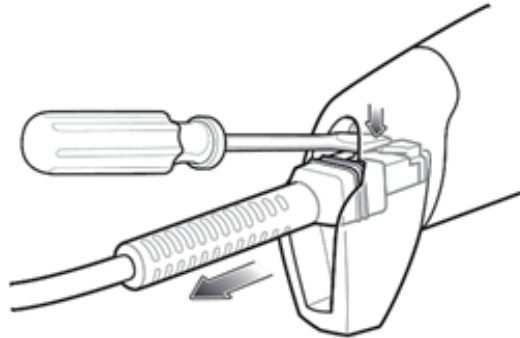
#### Installing the Interface Cable



Perform the following procedure:

1. Plug the interface cable modular connector into the cable interface port on the bottom of the reader handle and ensure the connector is properly secure.
2. Connect the other end of the interface cable to the host.

## Removing the Interface Cable



Perform the following procedure:

1. Using the tip of a screwdriver or some other tools with a sharp head, depress the cable's modular connector clip.
2. Carefully slide out the cable.

## A.2.3 Setting

The reader has factory settings, for details see “A.4 Parameter Defaults”.

The reader supports some user-defined functions as introduced below.

For more details, please contact the SYMBOL reader agents or Mindray Customer Service Department.

### Volume setting

Scan the following barcode to set the volume parameter.

- Low Volume



- Medium Volume



- High Volume



### Code 93 and codabar setting

- To enable Code 93, scan the appropriate barcode below.



- To enable Codabar, scan the appropriate barcode below



### Code 39 full ASCII setting

Code 39 Full ASCII is a variant of Code 39 which pairs characters to encode the full ASCII character set.

- To enable Code 39 Full ASCII, scan the appropriate barcode below.



- To disable Code 39 Full ASCII, scan the appropriate barcode below.



### I 2 of 5 symbols setting



Select this option to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols containing a selected length. Select the length using the numeric barcodes below. For example, to decode only I 2 of 5 symbols with 8 characters, scan I 2 of 5 - One Discrete Length, then scan 0 followed by 8.



0



1



2



3



4



5



6



7



8



9

## A.2.4 Scanning in Hand-Held Mode

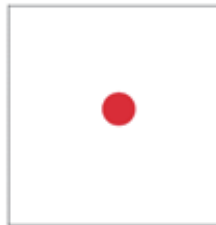
Perform the following procedure:

- Ensure all connections are secure (see the appropriate host chapter.)

2. Aim the digital imager reader at the barcode.



3. When the digital imager reader senses movement, in its default Auto Aim trigger mode, it projects a red LED dot which allows positioning the barcode within the field of view.



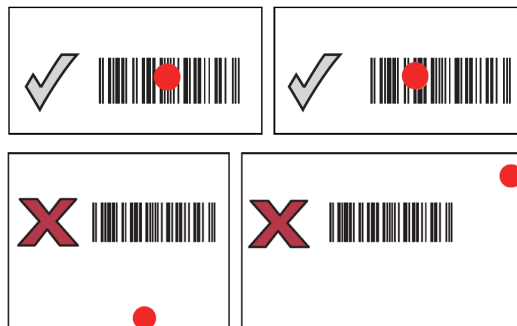
If necessary, the digital imager reader turns on its red LEDs to illuminate the target barcode.

4. Center the symbol. Be sure the entire symbol is within the rectangular area formed by the illumination LEDs.
5. Hold the trigger until the digital imager reader beeps, indicating the barcode is successfully decoded.

Steps 2 - 4 above may be required to repeat on poor quality or difficult barcodes.

The aiming pattern is smaller when the digital imager reader is closer to the symbol and larger when it is farther from the symbol. Scan symbols with smaller bars or elements (mil size) closer to the digital imager reader, and those with larger bars or elements (mil size) farther from the digital imager reader.

The digital imager reader can also read a barcode presented within the aiming dot not centered. The top examples in show acceptable aiming options, while the bottom examples cannot be decoded.





## A.3 Maintenance

Cleaning the exit window is the only maintenance required. A dirty window can affect scanning accuracy.

- Do not allow any abrasive material to touch the window.
- Remove any dirt particles with a damp cloth.
- Wipe the window using a tissue moistened with ammonia/water.
- Do not spray water or other cleaning liquids directly into the window.

## A.4 Parameter Defaults

Refer to the following table for parameter defaults of LS2208 and DS4608.

Parameter	Defaults	Parameter	Defaults
1-D Symbologies		Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF)	
UPC/EAN		Interleaved 2 of 5 (ITF) Enable	Enable
UPC-A	Enable	Set Lengths for I 2 of 5	14
UPC-E	Enable	I 2 of 5 Check Digit Verification	Disable
UPC-E1	Disable	Transmit I 2 of 5 Check Digit	Disable
EAN-8/JAN 8	Enable	Convert I 2 of 5 to EAN 13	Disable
EAN-13/JAN 13	Enable	Codabar (NW - 7)	
Bookland EAN	Disable	Codabar	Enable
Decode UPC/EAN/JAN Supplementals (2and 5 digits)	Ignore	Set Lengths for Codabar	5 to 55
UPC/EAN/JAN Supplemental Redundancy	10	CLSI Editing	Disable
Transmit UPC-A Check Digit	Enable	NOTIS Editing	Disable
Transmit UPC-E Check Digit	Enable		
Transmit UPC-E1 Check Digit	Enable	2-D Symbologies	
UPC-A Preamble	System Character	PDF417	Enable
UPC-E Preamble	System Character	MicroPDF417	Disable
UPC-E1 Preamble	System Character	Code 128 Emulation	Disable
Convert UPC-E to A	Disable	Data Matrix	Enable
Convert UPC-E1 to A	Disable	Maxicode	Enable
EAN-8/JAN-8 Extend	Disable	QR Code	Enable
UCC Coupon Extended Code	Disable		
Code 128			
Code 128	Enable		
UCC/EAN-128	Enable		
ISBT 128	Enable		

Parameter	Defaults	Parameter	Defaults
Code 39			
Code 39	Enable		
Trioptic Code 39	Disable		
Convert Code 39 to Code 32 (Italian Pharmacy Code)	Disable		
Code 32 Prefix	Disable		
Set Length(s) for Code 39	2 to 55		
Code 39 Check Digit Verification	Disable		
Transmit Code 39 Check Digit	Disable		
Code 39 Full ASCII Conversion	Disable		
Buffer Code 39	Disable		
Code 93			
Code 93	Enable		
Set Length(s) for Code 93	4 to 55		

# B Wireless LAN

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The system provides wireless net adapter configuration, so as to assist information query and unlimited network service. The ultrasound system can be connected to router, mobile phone, tablet, ultrasound workstation, server network device and so on via wireless network.

---

## **WARNING**

- Use the wireless LAN function prudently in OR/ICU/CCU as it may interfere with other devices.
  - When the wireless LAN function is turned on, the ultrasound system may suffer interference from other equipment, even if that other equipment complies with CISPR EMISSION requirements.
  - Keep at least 20 cm away from the ultrasound system when the wireless LAN function is in use.
- 

## **NOTE:**


- DO NOT connect devices other than specified into the LAN.
  - Medical devices within the same LAN may interfere with each other, the operator should be cautious. (Do not connect devices that may cause strong interference. For example, life-supporting devices should not be connected in the same LAN.)
  - Other non-medical devices in the same frequency band may cause interference, please be cautious.
  - Wireless network designing, deploying, debugging, and maintenance should be executed by Mindray service personnel or authorized technicians.
  - Always set the wireless network according to local wireless regulations.
  - Keep network authentication information, for example password, safe, protecting the network from being accessed by unauthorized users.
  - If the wireless signal is poor, the ultrasound machine may fail to send data to the server.
  - RF interference may result in wireless network disconnection.
  - Disconnecting from the network may result in send data to server failure. Solve the network problem as soon as possible.
  - Ensure that the ultrasound device IP address setting is correct. Changing the network settings may result in network disconnection. Contact your service personnel if you have any problems on setting the IP address.
  - To make sure that the ultrasound system works well, the ultrasound system can coexist with Wi-Fi as the interfering network operating at maximum throughput and maximum transmit power when a separation distance of 1m is maintained.
  - Wi-Fi function is not affected when the system is imposed with radiation interference complied with IEC 60601-1-2: 2014 standard.
- 

For a better wireless LAN transmission effect, please take the following settings:




- SSID > 80% with stable WLAN network.
- Wireless router and the server are in the same network segment.
- Router setting:
  - Wireless standard IEEE 802.11 ac/a/b/g/n.
  - Maximum transmission speed 300 Mbps.
  - Number of the devices connected to the same router  $\leq 5$ .
- Target server setting:
  - Network is stable and not under overloading state (e.g. high CPU/memory usage, fast HDD speed, limited HDD space).
  - Level other than the highest level of firewall is adopted.
  - Operating system is Windows 10 or higher versions and it supports a Gigabit Ethernet.

## B.1 Use the Wireless Feature

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press <Cursor> to show the cursor, click  in the bottom bar to open the wireless network manager.
2. Move the cursor to the target network and press <Set> to select it, then click [Connect] to connect to the network.

When connecting an encrypted network, enter the password in the box first. You can select to hide password characters or not.

3. The system tries to connect and the wireless manager icon turns into . The icon turns into  or  after successful connection.
4. Click [Refresh] to refresh the “Wireless Network Connection” list.

## B.2 IP Configure

---

### NOTE:

- When the system background is processing network task (DICOM sending for example), please do not enter network setting to change the IP, otherwise the background task may fail. You can check if there are tasks undergoing in the task manager.
  - If the IP address displays as 0.0.0.0, this means that the network is abnormal. The reason for the failure may be disconnection or the system cannot obtain the IP address.
- 

IP Config is used for setting local network parameters, which is also applied to DICOM connection.

Perform the following procedure:

1. In Wireless network manager screen, click [IP Config] to open the configuration page.
  - If “DHCP” is selected, the IP address will be automatically obtained from the DNS server.
  - If “Static” is selected (using a static IP address), enter the IP address.  
IP address of the system should be in the same network segment with the server.  
The name of the device is saved under the service name by default. The system remembers the service name of the ultrasound system when sending the image, the report to DICOM server. Open the file (DCM Editor Tool, eZDicom.exe) to view the service name (iStation Name).

2. Click [OK] to save current setting.
3. Click [Cancel] to exit.

## **B.3 EAP Network**

For setting EAP network, contact Mindray Customer Service Department or the sales representatives.

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# C iScanHelper

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By providing the referential information, such as, the ultrasonic image, the anatomic graphic, scanning pictures/other scanning tips or diagnosis comments, the system helps the doctors to operate the scanning by iScanHelper. Furthermore, it is a good platform for the self-learning and training of ultrasound scanning technique for doctors. The system also plays a role in the assistant software system in fulfilling training and education.

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**NOTE:**

- THIS "iScanHelper" IS FOR REFERENCE OR TUTORIAL PURPOSES ONLY, AND THE MANUFACTURER WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR DAMAGES AND/OR OTHER UNDESIRABLE CONSEQUENCE IN ANY KIND THAT MAY OCCUR TO THE PATIENT OR THE USERS BY USING THE SOFTWARE.
  - iScanHelper feature is available under Abdomen, gynecological, urological, obstetrical, Small Parts and nerve block area.
- 


## C.1 Use iScanHelper for Reference

Perform the following procedure:

1. Perform ordinary scanning procedure.
2. Tap [iScanHelper] or press the user-defined <iScanHelper> key to enter iScanHelper status.
3. Select the desired section.
4. Perform scanning according to information displayed on the help information area.

Click  to back to the section selection interface.


You can synchronize the help information to the main screen or read the scanning skills as needed. see "C.3 Basic Screen and Operation" for more details.

5. Tap  to exit iScanHelper.


## C.2 Use iScanHelper for Learning or Training

Perform the following procedure:

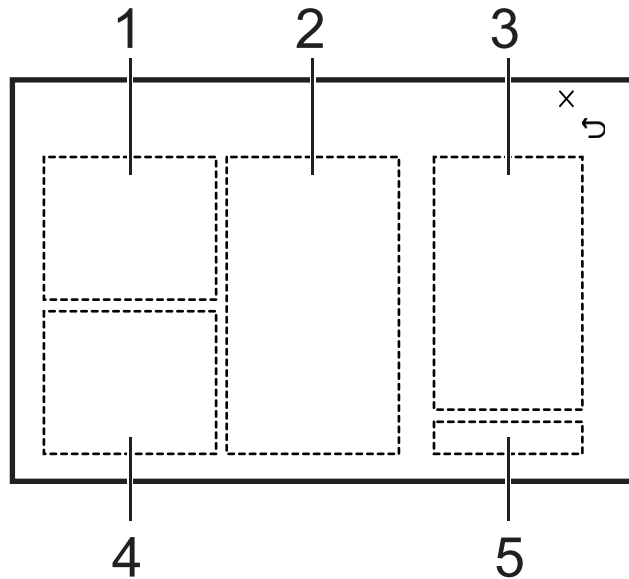
1. Switch to the exam modes that support iScanHelper.
2. Tap [iScanHelper] or press the user-defined <iScanHelper> key to enter iScanHelper status.
3. Learn and practice views by system defaulted sequence according to the information displayed on help information area; or select unfamiliar views to practice.

Click  to back to the section selection interface.

You can synchronize the help information to the main screen or read the scanning skills as needed. see "C.3 Basic Screen and Operation" for more details.

4. Tap  to exit iScanHelper.

## C.3 Basic Screen and Operation



1.	Ultrasonic image	It is used to compare with images scanned by the operator.
2.	Anatomic graphic	Related anatomical tissue information are provided here.
3.	Scanning tips	You can read tissue related anatomical information and adjacent tissue information here.
4.	Scanning picture	Ordinary scanning tips can be observed here, including posture, probe mark, probe swing/sweep techniques.
5.	Button	<p>🔄 : After tapping the button, the system reads scanning tips.</p> <p>🔊 : After tapping the button, you can adjust reading volume or put it on silent.</p> <p>📺 : After tapping the button, the standard ultrasound images will be synchronized to the main screen and zoomed in.</p> <p>📄 : After tapping the button, iScanHelper information will be synchronized to the left side of the main screen.</p>



# D iVision

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The iVision function is used to demonstrate the stored images. Image files are played one by one according to file names (including system-relevant and PC-compatible format images).

Perform the following procedure:

1. Press the user-defined <iVision> key to enter the iVision screen.
2. Add the contents to be played and select demo mode.
3. Select an item in the list and click [Start] to begin the demonstration.
4. Click [Exit] to exit iVision status.

## D.1 Demonstration Item

Demonstration items are image files in formats supported by the system. You can add exam data from the patient database or system-supported image files and folders to the demonstration list. For files and folders in the demonstration list, the images in the directory and subdirectory are played one by one, and the system will automatically skip files that cannot be opened.

## D.2 Demonstration Catalog

There are two kinds of catalog: Demo Catalog and Customize Catalog.

### D.2.1 Demo Catalog

The demo catalog is a folder on the hard disk where the factory DEMO is stored. The system plays the images in this folder when performing demonstrations.

The system supports importing, deleting or clearing the data in the demo catalog.

Click [Demo Manager] to operate:

- [>]: to import data into the demo catalog.
- [<]: to delete selected data.
- [<<]: to delete all data.

### D.2.2 Customize Catalog

The catalog of the displayed images is saved here. The system plays the images in the catalog when performing demonstrations.

Operate the catalog or the files using the buttons on the right:

- [Add File]: to add files to the file list.
- [Add Catalog]: to add a catalog of files to the list.
- [Delete]: to delete selected files or catalogs from the file list.
- [Clear]: to clear all the files or catalogs in the file list.
- [Export]: to export selected directories/files to external storage devices. Click [Export] to bring up the Browse dialog box, select the path and click [OK].

## **D.3 Copy the File**

Transfer files between the mobile hard disk and the ultrasound system.

Perform the following procedure:

1. Plug the USB disk, and click [Copy File].
2. Select the path of the source file from the “Drive” and “File Name”.
3. Click [Choose Catalog]. Select the path of the source file from the “Drive” and “File Name”, and then click [OK].
4. Click [OK] again to complete the task.

## **D.4 Demonstration Mode**

The system automatically plays all the image files in the list one by one.

The time interval between images played is same and can be changed.

## **D.5 Option of Demo**

You can choose whether to repeat the demonstration or exit after a demonstration is completed.

# E Acoustic Output

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This section of the operator's manual applies to the overall system including the main unit, probes, accessories and peripherals. This section contains important safety information for operators of the device, pertaining to acoustic output and how to control patient exposure through use of the ALARA (as low as reasonably achievable) principle. Also this section contains information regarding the acoustic output testing and the real-time output display.

Read this information carefully before using the system.

## E.1 Concerns with Bioeffects

Diagnostic ultrasound is recognized as being safe. In fact, there have been no reports of injuries to patients caused by diagnostic ultrasound.

It cannot be stated categorically that ultrasound is 100% safe. Studies have revealed that ultrasound with extremely high intensity is harmful to body tissues.

Diagnostic ultrasound technology has made a great leap forward during the last several years. This rapid advance has generated concerns about the potential risk of bioeffects when new applications or diagnostic technologies become available.

## E.2 Prudent Use Statement

Although there are no confirmed biological effects on patients caused by exposures from present diagnostic ultrasound instruments, the possibility exists that such biological effects may be identified in the future. Thus ultrasound should be used in a prudent manner to provide medical benefit to the patient. High exposure levels and long exposure times should be avoided while acquiring necessary clinical information.

## E.3 ALARA Principle (As Low As Reasonably Achievable)

It is required to practice ALARA when using ultrasound energy. Practicing ALARA ensures that the total energy level is controlled below a low enough level at which bioeffects are not generated while diagnostic information is being accumulated. The total energy is controlled by output intensity and total radiation time. The output intensity necessary for examinations differs depending on the patient and the clinical case.

Not all examinations can be performed with an extremely low level of acoustic energy. Controlling the acoustic level at an extremely low level leads to low-quality images or insufficient Doppler signals, adversely affecting the reliability of the diagnosis. However, increasing the acoustic power more than necessary does not always contribute to an increase in quality of information required for diagnosis, rather increasing the risk of generating bioeffects.

Users must take responsibility for the safety of patients and utilize ultrasound deliberately. Deliberate use of ultrasound means that output power of ultrasound must be selected based on ALARA.

Additional information regarding the concept of ALARA and the possible bioeffects of Ultrasound is available in a document from the AIUM (American Institute of Ultrasound Medicine) title “Medical Ultrasound Safety”.

## E.4 MI/TI Explanation

### E.4.1 Basic Knowledge of MI and TI

#### Mechanical Bioeffect and Thermal Bioeffect

The relationship of various ultrasound output parameters (frequency, acoustic pressure and intensity, etc.) to bioeffects is not fully understood presently. It is recognized that two fundamental mechanisms may induce bioeffects. One is a thermal bioeffect with tissue absorption of ultrasound, and another one is a mechanical bioeffect based on cavitations. Thermal Index (TI) gives the relative index of temperature increase by thermal bioeffect, and Mechanical Index (MI) gives the relative index of mechanical bioeffect. TI and MI indices reflect instantaneous output conditions, so they DO NOT consider the cumulative effects of the total examination time. TI and MI models contain practical simplifications to complex bioeffects interaction. Then the operator should be aware that the actual worst case temperature rise may be up to several times higher than the displayed TI value.

#### MI (Mechanical Index)

The mechanical bioeffects are the result of compression and decompression of insonated tissues with the formation of micro bubbles that may be referred to as cavitations.

MI is an index that shows the possibility of the cavitations generation based on acoustic pressure, and the value in which the peak-rarefactional acoustic pressure is divided by the square root of the frequency. Therefore MI value becomes smaller when the frequency is higher or the peak-rarefactional acoustic pressure is lower, it becomes difficult to generate the cavitations.

$$MI = \frac{P_{r, \alpha}}{\sqrt{f_{awf}} \times C_{MI}}$$

$$C_{MI} = 1 \text{ (MPa} / \sqrt{\text{MHz}})$$

For the frequency 1 MHz and the peak rarefactional acoustic pressure 1 MPa, MI becomes 1. It is possible to think MI to be one threshold of the cavitations generation. Especially, it is important to keep MI value to be low when both gases and the soft tissues exist together, for such as lung exposure in cardiac scanning and bowel gas in Abdomen scanning.

#### TI (Thermal Index)

TI is determined by the ratio of the total acoustic power to the acoustic power required to raise the tissue temperature by 1 degree C. In addition, because the temperature rises is greatly different according to tissue structures, TI is divided three kinds: TIS (Soft-tissue Thermal Index), TIB (Bone Thermal Index) and TIC (Cranial-bone Thermal Index).

- TIS: Thermal index related to soft tissues, such as Abdomen and cardiac applications.
- TIB: Thermal index for applications, such as fetal (second and third trimester) or neonatal cephalic (through the fontanel), in which the ultrasound beam passes through soft tissue and a focal region is in the immediate vicinity of bone.
- TIC: Thermal index for applications, such as pediatric and adult cranial applications, in which the ultrasound beam passes through bone near the beam entrance into the body.

Although the output power is automatically controlled for the selected applications, high TI values should be kept to a minimum or avoided in obstetric applications. WFUMB (World Federation for Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology) guidelines: state that temperature increase of 4 degree C for 5 min or more should be considered as potentially hazardous to embryonic and fetal tissue.

The smaller the MI/TI values, the lower the bioeffects.

## E.4.2 MI/TI Display

TI and MI values are displayed in the upper part of the screen in real-time. The operator should monitor these index values during examinations and ensure that exposure time and output values are maintained at the minimum amounts needed for effective diagnosis.

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### NOTE:

If there is a value of MI or TI exceeds 1.0, you must be careful to practice the ALARA principle.

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The display precision is 0.1.

Real-time Display accuracy:  $MI \leq 28.5\%$ ,  $TI \leq 38.7\%$

## E.5 Acoustic Power Setting

### Acoustic power adjustment

Use the [A.power] to adjust the acoustic power percentage, and its value is displayed on the corresponding item, as well as at the top of the screen. The greater the acoustic power percentage, the greater the current acoustic output. When the image is frozen, the system stops transmitting acoustic power.

### Default setting of acoustic power

Selection of diagnostic applications is the most important factor for controlling ultrasound output. The permissible level of intensity of ultrasound differs depending on the region of interest. For fetal examinations, in particular, much care must be exercised.

In this system, imaging setups can be created using the ultrasound output set by you.

Once you perform preset settings, default setting values of the system may be changed and invalid. It is the user's responsibility for any change to the default settings.

### Adjusting range

Initial power: 0.1% to 100%\*

Definition of 100%: The maximum acoustic power of a probe determined by the increase in probe surface temperature in the selected mode and the acoustic power restrictions specified by the FDA.

Default settings of acoustic power value refer to the best image quality of the probe. The larger the acoustic power value, the better the image quality.

In this product, to obtain optimum images for applications under the requirements of safety and ALARA principle, we set acoustic power default values in factory to be maximum 93.33% in all exam modes for a better image quality. The user can make adjustments according to the imaging effect in practical use.

---

### NOTE:

This system automatically returns to the settings whenever changes are made to the values (when you turn on the power, switch between probes, end the exam, or select OK or Cancel in the Setup menu). In the factory default settings, the Acoustic Output is limited below 100%.

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Following the ALARA restriction, you are allowed to increase the acoustic power under FDA 510 (k) Guidance-Track 3 limits and to set it in the image preset screen.

The acoustic output of the system has been measured and calculated in accordance with IEC60601-2-37: 2015, FDA 510(K) GUIDANCE, IEC 62359: 2017, Ultrasonics-Field characterization-Test methods for the determination of thermal and mechanical indices related to medical diagnostic ultrasonic fields.

## E.6 Acoustic Power Control

The qualified operator may use the system controls to limit the ultrasound output and to adjust the quality of the images. There are three categories of system controls relative to output. They are,

- Controls that have direct effect on the output
- Controls that indirectly control output
- Controls that are receiver controls

### Direct controls

It is possible to control, if necessary, the acoustic output with the “A.power” item. In this case, the maximum value of the acoustic output never exceeds an MI of 1.9 and an  $I_{SPTA,3}$  of 720 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> in any mode of operation.

### Indirect controls

The controls that indirectly affect output are the many imaging parameters. These are operating modes, frequency, focal point positions, overall depth, and PRF.

The operating mode determines whether the ultrasound beam is scanning or non-scanning. Thermal bioeffect is closely connected to M mode, Doppler and Color mode. Acoustic attenuation of tissue is directly related to probe frequency. The focal point is related to active aperture of probe and beam width. For the higher PRF (pulse repetition frequency), the more output pulses occur over a period of time.

### Receiver controls

The receiver controls (for example, gain, dynamic range, and image post-processing, etc.) won't affect output. These controls should be used, when possible, to improve the image quality before using controls that directly or indirectly affect output.

## E.7 Acoustic Output

### E.7.1 Derated Ultrasonic Output Parameters

In order to determine the relevant Ultrasonic Output Parameters, a method is used which allows for the comparison of ultrasound systems which operate at different frequencies and are focused at different depths. This approach, called “derating” or “attenuating”, adjusts the acoustic output as measured in a water tank to account for the effect of ultrasound propagation through tissue. By convention, a specific average intensity attenuation value is used, which corresponds to a loss of 0.3 dB/cm/MHz. That is, the intensity of ultrasound will be reduced by 0.3 dB/MHz for every centimeter of travel from the probe. This can be expressed by the following equation:

$$I_{atten} = I_{water} \times 10^{((-0.3)/10 \times f_c \times z)}$$

Where  $I_{\text{atten}}$  is the attenuated intensity,  $I_{\text{water}}$  is the intensity measured in a water tank (at distance  $z$ ),  $f_c$  is the center frequency of the ultrasound wave (as measured in water), and  $z$  is the distance from the probe. The equation for attenuating pressure values is similar except that the attenuation coefficient is 0.15 dB/cm/MHz, or one-half the intensity coefficient. The intensity coefficient is double the pressure coefficient because intensity is proportional to the square of pressure.

Although the attenuation coefficient chosen, 0.3 dB/cm/MHz, is significantly lower than any specific solid tissue in the body, this value was chosen to account for fetal examinations. In early trimester ultrasound fetal examinations, there may be a significant fluid path between the probe and the fetus, and the attenuation of fluid is very small. Therefore the attenuation coefficient was lowered to account for this case.

## E.7.2 Limits of Acoustic Output

In accordance with the FDA Track 3 requirements, the derating (or attenuated) approach was incorporated into the FDA Acoustic Output Limits, as listed below. The maximum acoustic output level from any probe in any operating mode is expected to fall below these limits.

FDA Maximum Acoustic Output Limits for Track 3 (Attenuated Values)

Application: Regions (except eyes)	$I_{\text{spta.3}} \text{ (mW/cm}^2\text{)} \leq 720$	$I_{\text{sppa.3}} \text{ (W/cm}^2\text{)} \leq 190$ or $MI \leq 1.9$
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## E.7.3 Differences between Actual and Displayed MI and TI

In operation, the system will display to the operator the Acoustic Output Parameters Thermal Index, TI, or Mechanical Index, MI (or sometimes both parameters simultaneously). These parameters were developed as general indicators of risk from either thermal or mechanical action of the ultrasound wave. They serve to indicate to the operator whether a particular setting of the system increases or decreases the possibility of Thermal or Mechanical effect. More specifically, they were designed to assist in the implementation of the ALARA principle. As an operator changes a given system control, the potential effect of the change in output will be indicated. However, the Thermal Index is not the same as temperature rise in the body, for several reasons. First of all, in order to provide a single display index to you, a number of simplifying assumptions had to be made. The biggest assumption was the use of the attenuating formula described above, which is much lower than the actual value for most tissues within the body. Scanning through muscle or organ tissue, for example, will produce much higher attenuation than 0.3 dB/cm/MHz. There were also significant simplifications made for the thermal properties of tissue. Therefore, scanning through highly perfused tissue, such as the heart or vasculature, will produce significantly less thermal effect than that suggested by the Thermal Index.

Similarly, the Mechanical Index was derived to indicate the relative possibility of mechanical (cavitation) effects. The MI is based on the derated peak-rarefactional pressure and the center frequency of the ultrasound wave. The actual peak-rarefactional pressure is affected by the actual attenuation caused by tissue in the path between the probe and the focal point. Again, all solid tissues within the body have higher attenuation than the prescribed 0.3 dB/cm/MHz value, and therefore, the actual peak-rarefactional pressure will be lower. Further, the actual peak-rarefactional pressure will change depending upon the region of the body being scanned.

For these reasons, the TI and MI displays should only be used to assist the operator in implementing ALARA at the time of the patient examination.

## E.8 Measurement Uncertainty

The total estimated measurement uncertainty (where the total uncertainty includes the uncertainties in hydrophone response, measurement, calculation, and positioning) are:

Acoustic Quantities	Total Uncertainties (Standard)
Power	26.48% for non-scan modes; 6.03% for scan modes.
Frequency	0.22%
Pressure	13.01%
$I_{ta}$	26.48% for non-scan modes; 26.95% for scan modes.
$I_{pa}$	26.5%
Mechanical Index	13.01%
Total Uncertainty for TIS	Non-scan Modes: 26.48%; Scan-Modes: 6.03%
Total Uncertainty for TIB	Non-scan Modes: 26.48% or 18.72%; Scan-Modes: 6.03%
Total Uncertainty for TIC	Non-scan Modes: 26.48%; Scan-Modes: 6.03%

## E.9 References for Acoustic Power and Safety

- “Bioeffects and Safety of Diagnostic Ultrasound” issued by AIUM in 1993
- “Medical Ultrasound Safety” issued by AIUM in 1994
- Marketing Clearance of Diagnostic Ultrasound Systems and Transducers, June 27, 2019. Center for Devices and Radiological Health.
- Medical electrical equipment-Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment issued by IEC in 2015
- IEC 62359, Ultrasonics-Field characterization-Test methods for the determination of thermal and mechanical indices related to medical diagnostic ultrasonic fields, 2017.



# F Electrical Safety Inspection

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The following electrical safety tests are recommended as part of a comprehensive preventive maintenance program. They are a proven means of detecting abnormalities that, if undetected, could prove dangerous to either the patient or the operator. Additional tests may be required according to local regulations.

All tests can be performed using commercially-available safety analyzer test equipment. These procedures assume the use of a 601PROXL International Safety Analyzer or equivalent safety analyzer. Other popular testers which comply with IEC 60601-1 and are used in Europe, such as Fluke, Metron or Gerb, may require modifications to the procedure. Follow the analyzer manufacturer's instructions.

An electrical safety inspection should be periodically performed every two years. The safety analyzer is also an excellent troubleshooting tool for detecting abnormalities in line voltage and grounding, as well as total current loads.

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**NOTE:**

Make sure the safety analyzer is authorized and complies with the requirements of IEC 61010-1. Follow the analyzer manufacturer's instructions.

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## F.1 Power Cord Plug

Test Item		Acceptance Criteria
The power plug	The power plug pins	No broken or bent pins. No discolored pins.
	The plug body	No physical damage to the plug body.
	The strain relief	No physical damage to the strain relief. No plug warmth when device is in use.
	The power plug	No loose connections.
The power cord		No physical damage to the cord. No deterioration to the cord.
		For devices with detachable power cords, inspect the connection with the device.
		For devices with non-detachable power cords, inspect the strain relief at the device.

## F.2 Device Enclosure and Accessories

### F.2.1 Visual Inspection

Test Item	Acceptance Criteria
The enclosure and accessories	No physical damage to the enclosure and accessories.
	No physical damage to meters, switches, connectors, etc.
	No residue of fluid spillage (e.g., water, coffee, chemicals, etc.).
	No loose or missing parts (e.g., knobs, dials, terminals, etc.).

### F.2.2 Contextual Inspection

Test Item	Acceptance Criteria
The enclosure and accessories	No unusual noises (e.g., rattles inside the case).
	No unusual smells (e.g., burning or smoky smells, particularly from ventilation holes).
	No taped notes that may suggest device deficiencies or operator concerns.

## F.3 Device Labeling

Check that the labels provided by the manufacturer or the healthcare facility are present and legible.

- Main unit label
- Integrated warning labels

## F.4 Protective Earth Resistance

1. Plug the analyzer probes into the device's protective earth terminal and the protective earth terminal of the AC power cord.
2. Test the earth resistance with a current of 25 A.
3. Verify the resistance is less than the limits.

### LIMITS

ALL COUNTRIES  $R = 0.2 \Omega$  Maximum

## F.5 Earth Leakage Test

Run an Earth Leakage test on the device being tested before performing any other leakage tests.

The following outlet conditions apply when performing the Earth Leakage test.

- normal polarity (Normal Condition).
- reverse polarity (Normal Condition).

- normal polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition).
- reverse polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition).

## LIMITS

- For UL 60601-1:
  - 300  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 1000  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.
- For IEC 60601-1:
  - 500  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 1000  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.

## F.6 Enclosure Leakage Test

The following outlet conditions apply when performing the Enclosure Leakage test.

- normal polarity (Normal Condition).
- reverse polarity (Normal Condition).
- normal polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition).
- reverse polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition).
- normal polarity with open earth (Single Fault Condition).
- reverse polarity with open earth (Single Fault Condition).

## LIMITS

- For UL 60601-1
  - 100  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 300  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.
- For IEC 60601-1:
  - 100  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 500  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.


## F.7 Patient Leakage Current


Patient leakage currents are measured between a selected applied part and mains earth. All measurements have a true RMS only.

The following outlet conditions apply when performing the Patient Leakage Current test.

- normal polarity (Normal Condition).
- reverse polarity (Normal Condition).
- normal polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition).
- reverse polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition).
- normal polarity with open earth (Single Fault Condition).
- reverse polarity with open earth (Single Fault Condition).

## LIMITS

- For BF  applied parts:
  - 100  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 500  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.

- For Defibrillation-proof type CF  applied parts:
  - 10  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 50  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.



## F.8 Mains on Applied Part Leakage

The Mains on Applied Part test applies a test voltage, which is 110% of the mains voltage using a limiting resistance, to selected applied part terminals. Current measurements are then taken between the selected applied part and earth. Measurements are taken with the test voltage (110% of mains) on applied parts in the normal and reverse polarity conditions.

The following outlet conditions apply when performing the Mains on Applied Part test.

- Normal Polarity;
- Reversed Polarity.

### LIMITS

- For BF  applied parts: 5000  $\mu\text{A}$ .
- For Defibrillation-proof type CF  applied parts: 50  $\mu\text{A}$ .



## F.9 Patient Auxiliary Current

Patient Auxiliary currents are measured between any selected Applied Part connector and the remaining Applied Part connectors. All measurements may have a true RMS response.

The following outlet conditions apply when performing the Patient Auxiliary Current test.

- normal polarity (Normal Condition);
- reverse polarity (Normal Condition);
- normal polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition);
- reverse polarity with open neutral (Single Fault Condition);
- normal polarity with open earth (Single Fault Condition);
- reverse polarity with open earth (Single Fault Condition).

### LIMITS

- For BF  applied parts:
  - 100  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 500  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.
- For Defibrillation-proof type CF  applied parts:
  - 10  $\mu\text{A}$  in Normal Condition.
  - 50  $\mu\text{A}$  in Single Fault Condition.

# G

## EMC Guidance and Manufacturer's Declaration

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Consona N9 series complies with the EMC standard IEC60601-1-2:2014+A1:2020.

Intended Environments: HOME HEALTHCARE ENVIRONMENT (except for the P7-3Ts/P8-2Ts/P8-3Ts is configured for the system) and professional healthcare facility environment (when the P7-3Ts/P8-2Ts/P8-3Ts is configured for the system), except for near active HF SURGICAL EQUIPMENT and the RF shielded room of an ME SYSTEM for magnetic resonance imaging.

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### **WARNING**

- The use of unapproved accessories may diminish system performance.
- Use of components, accessories, probes, and cables other than those specified may result in increased emission or decreased immunity of system.
- Consona N9 Series needs special precautions regarding EMC and needs to be installed and put into service according to the EMC information provided below.
- Use of Consona N9 Series adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, Consona N9 Series and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.
- Use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of Consona N9 Series could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of Consona N9 Series and result in improper operation.
- Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of Consona N9 Series, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of Consona N9 Series could result.
- Other devices may interfere with Consona N9 Series even though they meet the requirements of CISPR.
- When the input signal is below the minimum amplitude provided in technical specifications, erroneous measurements could result.
- Use of portable or mobile communications devices can degrade the performance of the equipment.

- The system should be away from RFID, MRI, diathermy, and electrocautery testing, wireless power transfer, 5G cellular and security equipment (such as electromagnetic anti-theft system and metal detector). If the devices are near and are interfered by the concealed and undiscovered RF transmitter (for example, scanning mode changes or image disturbances affecting diagnosis), the user should immediately take mitigation measures, such as redirecting, repositioning or shielding the RF transmitter.
  - This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
  - This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
    - Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
    - Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
    - Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
    - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The device has been evaluated to meet general RF exposure requirement. The device can be used in portable exposure condition without restriction.
- 

If Consona N9 series is operated within the electromagnetic environment listed in Table G-3, Table G-4, Table G-5, Table G-6, and Table G-7, Consona N9 series will remain safe and will provide the following basic performances:

- Imaging;
- Doppler acoustic spectral displaying;
- Taking measurements;
- Patient information;

- Date/time information.

Table G-1

<b>GUIDANCE AND MINDRAY DECLARATION-ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS</b>		
Consona N9 series is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of system should assure that it is used in such an environment.		
<b>EMISSIONS TEST</b>	<b>COMPLIANCE</b>	<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIROMENT – GUIDANCE</b>
RF Emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	Consona N9 series uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF Emissions CISPR 11	Class B	Consona N9 series is suitable for use in all establishments including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic Emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage Fluctuations/ Flicker Emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Compliance	

Table G-2

<b>GUIDANCE AND MINDRAY DECLARATION-ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS</b>		
Consona N9 series is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of system should assure that it is used in such an environment.		
<b>EMISSIONS TEST</b>	<b>COMPLIANCE</b>	<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIROMENT – GUIDANCE</b>
RF Emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	Consona N9 series uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF Emissions CISPR 11	Class A	The probes P7-3Ts/P8-2Ts/P8-3Ts which integrated in Consona N9 series is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic Emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage Fluctuations/ Flicker Emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Compliance	

Table G-3


<b>GUIDANCE AND MINDRAY DECLARATION-ELECTROMAGNETIC IMMUNITY</b>			
Consona N9 series is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
<b>IMMUNITY TEST</b>	<b>IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL</b>	<b>COMPLIANCE LEVEL</b>	<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT-GUIDANCE</b>
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±8 kV contact; ±2 kV, ±4 kV, ±8 kV, ±15 kV air	±8 kV contact; ±2 kV, ±4 kV, ±8 kV, ±15 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical fast Transient / burst IEC 61000-4-4	±2 kV for power supply lines; ±1 kV for input/output lines	±2 kV for power supply lines; ±1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	±0,5 kV, ±1 kV line(s) to line(s); ±0,5 kV, ±1 kV, ±2 kV line(s) to earth	±0,5 kV, ±1 kV line(s) to line(s); ±0,5 kV, ±1 kV, ±2 kV line(s) to earth	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, Short interruptions and voltage variation on power supply input voltage IEC 61000-4-11	0% $U_T$ ; 0,5 cycle At 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270° and 315° 0% $U_T$ ; 1 cycle 70% $U_T$ for 25/30 cycle at 0° 0% $U_T$ ; 250/300 cycle	0% $U_T$ ; 0,5 cycle At 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270° and 315° 0% $U_T$ ; 1 cycle 70% $U_T$ for 25/30 cycle at 0° 0% $U_T$ ; 250/300 cycle	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If you require continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that our product be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Power frequency (50/60 HZ) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m	30 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.

**NOTE:**

$U_T$  is the A.C. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.



Table G-4

<b>GUIDANCE AND MINDRAY DECLARATION-ELECTROMAGNETIC IMMUNITY</b>			
Consona N9 series is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
<b>IMMUNITY TEST</b>	<b>IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL</b>	<b>COMPLIANCE LEVEL</b>	<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT-GUIDANCE</b>
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 0,15 MHz – 80 MHz 6 Vrms in ISM <sup>a</sup> and amateur radio bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz	3 Vrms 0,15 MHz – 80 MHz 6 Vrms in ISM and amateur radio bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of system, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance $d = 1.2 \times \sqrt{P}$ $d = 2 \times \sqrt{P}$
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m 80MHz - 2.7GHz	10 V/m 80MHz - 2.7GHz	$d = 1.2 \times \sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = 2.3 \times \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2.7GHz Where, P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey <sup>b</sup> , should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range <sup>c</sup> . Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol: 

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Table G-4

<b>GUIDANCE AND MINDRAY DECLARATION-ELECTROMAGNETIC IMMUNITY</b>			
Consona N9 series is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
<b>IMMUNITY TEST</b>	<b>IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL</b>	<b>COMPLIANCE LEVEL</b>	<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT-GUIDANCE</b>
<p>a: The ISM (industrial, scientific, and medical) bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz are 6,765 MHz to 6,795 MHz; 13,553 MHz to 13,567 MHz; 26,957 MHz to 27,283 MHz; and 40,66 MHz to 40,70 MHz. The amateur radio bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz are 1,8 MHz to 2,0 MHz, 3,5 MHz to 4,0 MHz, 5,3 MHz to 5,4 MHz, 7 MHz to 7,3 MHz, 10,1 MHz to 10,15 MHz, 14 MHz to 14,2 MHz, 18,07 MHz to 18,17 MHz, 21,0 MHz to 21,4 MHz, 24,89 MHz to 24,99 MHz, 28,0 MHz to 29,7 MHz and 50,0 MHz to 54,0 MHz.</p> <p>b: Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the device is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the device should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the device.</p> <p>c: Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.</p>			

Table G-5

<b>GUIDANCE AND MINDRAY DECLARATION—ELECTROMAGNETIC IMMUNITY</b>			
Consona N9 series is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
<b>IMMUNITY TEST</b>	<b>IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL</b>	<b>COMPLIANCE LEVEL</b>	<b>ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT – GUIDANCE</b>
Proximity magnetic fields IEC 61000-4-39	8 A/m 30 kHz CW	8 A/m 30 kHz CW	/
	65 A/m 134,2 kHz Pulse modulation 2,1 kHz	65 A/m 134,2 kHz Pulse modulation 2,1 kHz	
	7,5 A/m 13,56 MHz Pulse modulation 50 kHz	7,5 A/m 13,56 MHz Pulse modulation 50 kHz	

Table G-6 Test specifications and minimum distances

<b>Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and system</b>						
Consona N9 series is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of system can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and Consona N9 series as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment. Portable and mobile radio communications equipment (e.g. two-way radio, cellular/ cordless telephones and similar equipment) should be used no closer to any part of this system, including cables, than determined according to the following method:						
<b>Test frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Band(MHz)</b>	<b>Service</b>	<b>Modulation</b>	<b>Maximum power (W)</b>	<b>Distance (m)</b>	<b>Immunity test level (V/m)</b>
385	380 - 390	TETRA 400	Pulse modulation 18Hz	1.8	0.3	27
450	430 -470	GMRS 460 FRS 460	FM $\pm 5$ kHz deviation 1 kHz sine	2	0.3	28
710	704 - 787	LTE Band 13,17	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	0.2	0.3	9
745						
780						
810	800 - 960	GSM 800/900, tetra 800, iDEN 820, CDMA 850, LTE Band 5	Pulse modulation 18 Hz	2	0.3	28
870						
930						
1720	1700 -1990	GSM 1800, CDMA 1900, GSM 1900, DECT, LTE Band 1, 3, 4, 25, UMTS	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	2	0.3	28
1845						
1970						
2450	2400 -2570	Bluetooth, WLAN, 802.11 b/g/n, RFID 2450, LTE Band 7	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	2	0.3	28
5240	5100 -5800	WLAN, 802.11 a/n	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	0.2	0.3	9
5500						
5785						

Table G-7

<b>RECOMMENDED SEPARATION DISTANCES BETWEEN PORTABLE AND MOBILE RF COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND THE SYSTEM</b>				
Consona N9 series is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbance are controlled. The customer or the user of system can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communication equipment (transmitters) and system as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communication equipment.				
Rated Maximum Output power of Transmitter (W)	Separation Distance According to Frequency of Transmitter			
	150kHz -80MHz Out ISM and amateur radio bands $d=1.2 \sqrt{P}$	150kHz -80MHz in ISM and amateur radio bands $d=2 \sqrt{P}$	80MHz-800MHz $d=1.2 \sqrt{P}$	800MHz-2.7GHz $d=2.3 \sqrt{P}$
0.01	0.12	0.2	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.38	0.64	0.38	0.73
1	1.2	2	1.2	2.3
10	3.8	6.4	3.8	7.3
100	12	20	12	23

For transmitters at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distanced in meters (m) can be determined using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

If system image distortion occurs, it may be necessary to position system further from sources of conducted RF noise or to install external power source filter to minimize RF noise to an acceptable level.

Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Table G-8 Cable sample

No.	Name	Cable length (m)	Shield or not	Remarks
1.	Power input	2.5m	Not shielded	/
2.	SIP/SOP	< 3.0m	Shielding	/
3.	ECG cable	4.0m	Shielding	/
4.	ECG lead	1.0m	Shielding	/
5.	PCG	1.0m	Shielding	/
6.	Footswitch Cable	2.9m	Shielding	/

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## Radio Regulatory Compliance

RF parameter

Features	2.4GHz	5GHz
Frequency Range	2412MHz - 2483.5MHz	5.15 - 5.25GHz 5.25 - 5.35GHz 5.47 - 5.725GHz 5.725 - 5.850GHz
Modulation	DSSS and OFDM	OFDM
Output Power	≤20dBm	

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### NOTE:

Keep a distance of at least 20cm away from the monitor when Wi-Fi function is in use.

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# H List of Vocal Commands

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The ultrasound system can automatically recognize some vocal commands. You can use a microphone device to input the vocal commands as shown in the following table. After the input command is recognized, the system automatically performs the corresponding operations.

Vocal command	Operation
Hello Mindray	Turn On Audio Control
Bye Mindray	Turn Off Audio Control
B Mode	Back to B Mode
CDI Mode	Turn on/off CDI Mode
Power Mode	Turn on/off Power Mode
M Mode	Turn on/off M Mode
PW Mode	Turn on/off PW Mode
3D	Turn on/off 3D Mode
Freeze	Freeze Image
UnFreeze	UnFreeze Image
Clear	Clear
Dual	Enter Dual Windows Format
Quad	Enter Quad Windows Format
QSave	QSave
Update	Update
Full Image	Turn on/off Full Image Mode
Middle Line	Display/Hide Middle Line
iNeedle	Turn on/off iNeedle Mode
iTouch	Turn on iTouch Mode
Depth Increase	Depth Increase One
Depth Decrease	Depth Decrease One
Gain Increase	Gain Increase One
Gain Decrease	Gain Decrease One
Gain Auto Increase	Gain Auto Increase
Gain Auto Decrease	Gain Auto Decrease
Gain Stop	Gain Stop Auto Increase/Decrease
Zoom In	Zoom In Image
Zoom Out	Zoom Out Image

<b>Vocal command</b>	<b>Operation</b>
Open Smart Track	Turn on Smart Track Mode
Close Smart Track	Turn off Smart Track Mode
Sound Volume Up	Turn Sound Volume Up
Sound Volume Down	Turn Sound Volume Down
Angle More	Angle More One
Angle Less	Angle Less One
Left Steer	Left Steer the Color ROI or Linear Image
Right Steer	Right Steer the Color ROI or Linear Image
BaseLine Down	Decrease the Baseline Position
BaseLine Up	Increase the Baseline Position
Save Image	Save Image
Save Clip	Save Clip
Save Screen	Save Screen
Adult Abdomen	Switch Exam Mode to Adult Abdomen
Abdomen Difficult	Switch Exam Mode to Adult Abdomen Difficult
Pediatric Abdomen	Switch Exam Mode to Pediatric Abdomen
Bowel	Switch Exam Mode to Bowel
Abdomen Vascular	Switch Exam Mode to Abdomen Vascular
Neonatal Abdomen	Switch Exam Mode to Neonatal Abdomen
Adult Cardiac	Switch Exam Mode to Adult Cardiac
Cardiac Difficult	Switch Exam Mode to Adult Cardiac Difficult
Pediatric Cardiac	Switch Exam Mode to Pediatric Cardiac
Left ventricular opacification	Switch Exam Mode to LVO
Neonatal Cardiac	Switch Exam Mode to Neonatal Cardiac
TEE Cardiac	Switch Exam Mode to TEE Cardiac
Gynecology	Switch Exam Mode to Gynecology
1st Trimester	Switch Exam Mode to 1st Trimester
1st Trimester Fetal Echo	Switch Exam Mode to 1st Trimester Fetal Echo
2nd & 3rd Trimester	Switch Exam Mode to 2nd & 3rd Trimester
Fetal Echo	Switch Exam Mode to Fetal Echo
Kidney	Switch Exam Mode to Kidney
Urology	Switch Exam Mode to Urology
Prostate	Switch Exam Mode to Prostate
Transcranial Imaging	Switch Exam Mode to Transcranial Imaging
Carotid	Switch Exam Mode to Carotid
Upper External Artery	Switch Exam Mode to Upper Ext Artery



<b>Vocal command</b>	<b>Operation</b>
Lower External Artery	Switch Exam Mode to Lower Ext Artery
Upper External Vein	Switch Exam Mode to Upper Ext Vein
Lower External Vein	Switch Exam Mode to Lower Ext Vein
Thyroid	Switch Exam Mode to Thyroid
Breast	Switch Exam Mode to Breast
Testicle	Switch Exam Mode to Testicle
Musculoskeletal	Switch Exam Mode to Musculoskeletal
Superficial	Switch Exam Mode to Superficial
Shoulder	Switch Exam Mode to Shoulder
Nerve Block	Switch Exam Mode to Nerve Block
Emergency Abdomen	Switch Exam Mode to Emergency Abdomen
Emergency FAST	Switch Exam Mode to Emergency Focused Assessment with Sonography for Trauma
Emergency Obstetrics	Switch Exam Mode to Emergency Obstetrics
Emergency Vascular	Switch Exam Mode to Emergency Vascular
Emergency Superficial	Switch Exam Mode to Emergency Superficial
Lung	Switch Exam Mode to Lung
Neonatal Head	Switch Exam Mode to Neonatal Head
Orthopedic	Switch Exam Mode to Orthopedic
Renal Artery	Switch Exam Mode to Renal Artery
IVF	Switch Exam Mode to IVF
NT	Switch Exam Mode to NT
Pelvic Floor	Switch Exam Mode to Pelvic Floor
Fetal Head	Switch Exam Mode to Fetal Head
Rectal	Switch Exam Mode to Rectal
HyCosy	Switch Exam Mode to HyCosy
Open Patient Info Dialog	Open Patient Info Dialog
Close Patient Info Dialog	Close Patient Info Dialog
Open Probe Dialog	Open Probe Dialog
Close Probe Dialog	Close Probe Dialog
Open Review Dialog	Open Review Dialog
Close Review Dialog	Close Review Dialog
Open Report Dialog	Open Report Dialog
Close Report Dialog	Close Report Dialog
Open Preset Dialog	Open Preset Dialog

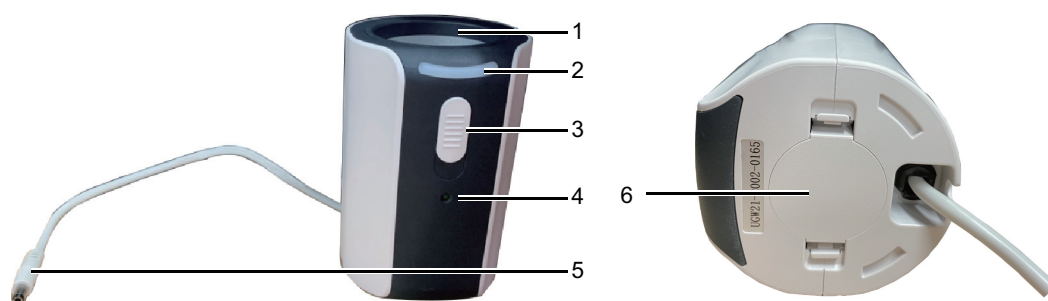
<b>Vocal command</b>	<b>Operation</b>
Close Preset Dialog	Close Preset Dialog
Smart B-lines	Smart B-lines

# Ultrasound Gel Heater

## NOTE:

- Ultrasound gel heater is a system option used for heating the ultrasound gel.
- The gel heater cannot be used when the system is powered by battery.

## I.1 Structure



No.	Name	Description
1.	Ultrasound gel box	Used for placing the gel.
2.	Indicator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The indicator is off when switching off the heater.</li><li>• Set the heater temperature to low; one indicator on the right becomes white.</li><li>• Set the heater temperature to med; two indicators on the right become white.</li><li>• Set the heater temperature to high; three indicators on the right become white.</li></ul>
3.	Warming control switch	Open the switch to get gel heater worked. Set the temperature of the heater.
4.	Power supply indicator	The power supply indicator becomes green after the power supply accessing.
5.	Power supply cable	Connect to the power socket under the control panel.
6.	Bottom cover	/

## I.2 Specifications

- Power supply
  - Voltage: 10-20V ( $\pm 5\%$ )
  - Power consumption:  $12W \pm 10\%W$

- Operating conditions
  - Ambient temperature: 0°C~40°C
  - Relative humidity: 20%~85% (no condensation)
  - Atmospheric pressure: 700hPa~1060hPa
- Storage and transportation conditions
  - Ambient temperature: -20°C~55°C
  - Relative humidity: 20%~95% (no condensation)
  - Atmospheric pressure: 700hPa~1060hPa

## I.3 Function and Requirement

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### NOTE:

- When the ambient temperature is higher than the required temperature of the heater, the heater does not function.
  - The heater can only heat one bottle of gel at a time.
- 

The gel heater can make the gel reach 40°C. There are four levels for the temperature: 34°C, 37°C, 40°C and off.

When the gel is placed inside the heater, the time it takes to heat from an ambient temperature of 18°C to the desired temperature should be no more than 0.5 hours.

The ultrasound gel heater can work continuously over 12 hours.

## I.4 Install the Heater

Perform the following procedure:

1. Push the gel heater into the gel heater bracket.



2. Plug the gel heater into the slot lying beneath the control panel.
3. Put the gel inside the heater, and press the power button of the gel heater.

# J Software and Hardware Specification

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## J.1 Operating Environment

### Hardware Configuration

CPU: Intel Core i3-6100U

Hard disk: 512G

Monitor: LCD, main screen 23.8 inch, touch screen 15.6 inch.

### Software Environment

Linux 5.2.21

### Network Condition

Cable network: 10M/100M/1000M adaption

Wireless network:

- Protocol compatible with IEEE 802.11 ac/a/b/g/n standard
- Working frequency: 2.4G/5G
- Data security/Encryption mode: WEP, WPA, WPA2

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#### NOTE:

The operating environment listed above is the minimum requirements for the system.

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## J.2 Off-the-Shelf Software

The OTS (off-the-shelf) Software of the ultrasound system are as follows:

Item	Description	Version/Kernel Version	Supplier	Environment
Operating System	Linux Kernel	5.15.86	Open Source	Linux, 64bit
Database	SQLite	3.6.16	Open Source	Linux, 64bit
Cyber Security	ClamAV	1.0.0	Open Source	Linux, 64bit
Application Software	OpenConnect	9.01	Open Source	Linux, 64bit





## J.3 Electronic Interface

The technical descriptions of the ultrasound system, with a wireless or wired electronic interface, are as follows:

Electronic	Specification
VGA	D-sub interface, complied with RS343 level standards.
HDMI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type A interface, complied with HDMI 2.1 standard.</li> <li>Clock synchronization.</li> </ul>
Wi-Fi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TCP/IP protocol bottom layer.</li> <li>DICOM/HL7 protocol application layer.</li> <li>Wireless network, complied with the IEEE 802.11 ac/a/b/g/n standard.</li> <li>NTP/SNTP Calibration protocol of TCP/IP.</li> <li>The intended information flow is from the ultrasound system in the client site to the workstation server.</li> </ul>
USB 2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type A interface, complied with USB 2.0 standard.</li> <li>Fixed time synchronization pulse specified by the USB protocol.</li> </ul>
USB 3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type A interface, complied with USB 3.0 standard.</li> <li>Fixed time synchronization pulse specified by the USB protocol.</li> </ul>
Network port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TCP/IP protocol bottom layer.</li> <li>DICOM/HL7 protocol application layer.</li> <li>RJ45 interface, supporting wired network 10 M/100 M/1000 M, and complied with IEEE802.3 technical standard.</li> <li>NTP/SNTP Calibration protocol of TCP/IP.</li> <li>The intended information flow is from the ultrasound system in the client site to the workstation server.</li> </ul>
S-Video	4-core 2-component separate video interface.
ECG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mindray ECG interface, using USB communication, and complied with Mindray internal standard.</li> <li>The timestamp is defined by the data packet.</li> </ul>
Remote	Used for providing the control interface of analog video printer.

## J.4 Quality of Service

No.	Item	Specifications
1.	Data rate	802.11a: up to 54 Mbps @ 5 GHz 802.11b: up to 11 Mbps @ 2.4 GHz 802.11g: up to 54 Mbps @ 2.4 GHz 802.11n: up to 300 Mbps @ 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz
2.	Data security	WEP/WPA/WPA2

No.	Item	Specifications
3.	Vision Distance Communications	<p>The ultrasound diagnostic system can be connected within 3 meters of the wireless network, and the system can perform the following operations and realize its intended use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support DICOM transferring patient data through the wireless network (Wi-Fi).</li> <li>• Support the remote network storage of patient data to the PC server (iStorage).</li> <li>• Support MedSight, the interaction between the ultrasound system and mobile terminal, the ultrasound data management, and data query and browsing.</li> </ul>
4.	Application-layer delay	≤10 seconds
5.	Application-layer reliability	If the connection fails, the user will be prompted by the Wi-Fi icon.
6.	System capacity	When the ultrasound system is used as the hotspot AP, no more than 1 access device is allowed.
7.	System anti-interference	It is allowed to coexist with multiple Wi-Fi devices.
8.	Network interruption alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• : Wireless signal not connected</li> <li>• : Strong wireless signal</li> <li>• : Normal wireless signal</li> <li>• : Weak wireless signal</li> <li>• If DICOM or other data transfer fails, a window will pop up for alarm and LOG recording.</li> </ul>
9.	Coexist & EMC test process	Wi-Fi function is not affected when the system is imposed with radiation interference complied with AAMI TIR69:2017 & IEC60601-1-2:2014 standard.

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# K Indications For Use

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N=new indication; P=previously cleared by FDA
Additional comments: Combined modes--B+M, PW+B, Color + B, Power + B, PW +Color+ B, Power + PW +B.
*Intraoperative includes abdominal, thoracic, and vascular.
**Small organ-breast, thyroid, testes.
***Other use includes Urology.
****For detection of fluid and pleural motion/sliding.
Note 1: Tissue Harmonic Imaging.
Note 2: Smart3D
Note 3: 4D(Real-time 3D)
Note 4: iScape View
Note 5: TDI
Note 6: Color M
Note 7: Strain Elastography
Note 8: STE
Note 9: STQ
Note 10: Contrast imaging (Contrast agent for LVO)
Note 11: Contrast imaging (Contrast agent for Liver)

Note: The system is not intended for central cardiovascular or central nervous system use.

System:	Diagnostic Ultrasound System								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General(Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1,2,3,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,3,4,6,8,9, 11
	Intra-operative (Specify*)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7,8,9
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Adult Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,3,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,3,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7,8,9
Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9	
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6,10
	Cardiac Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1,5,6
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7,8,9
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,3,4,6,7

Transducer:	C5-1								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,8,9,11
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:	SC5-1N								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,8,9,11
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:	C6-2								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,8,9,11
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:	3C5A								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,11
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:	C11-3								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Cardiac Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	C6-1								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,8,9,11
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6



Transducer:	L13-3N								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	L13-3								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	7L4B								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	L9-3								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	L14-3W								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N			N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4	
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	7LT4								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	L20-5s								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7,8,9
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	L16-4Hs								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Specify*)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Small Organ (Specify**)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,7
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4
	Other (Specify***)								



Transducer:	SP5-1N								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Adult Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N				N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6,10
	Cardiac Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	P4-2								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Adult Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)	N	N				N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6,10
	Cardiac Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	P8-2								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Adult Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Cardiac Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	P10-4								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Adult Cephalic	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Cardiac Pediatric	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,5,6
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	V11-3H								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Cardiac	Intravascular							
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac Adult									
Cardiac Pediatric									
Intravascular (Cardiac)									
Peripheral vessel	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7

Transducer:	V11-3HB								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7

Transducer:	V11-3								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7

Transducer:	V11-3B								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7



Transducer:	V10-4								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7

Transducer:	V10-4B								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7

Transducer:	6CV1								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Cardiac	Intravascular							
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac Adult									
Cardiac Pediatric									
Intravascular (Cardiac)									
Peripheral vessel	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:	ELC10-4								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:		6LE7							
Intended Use:		Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:							
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 2,4,6

Transducer:	DE11-3								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6,7
	Trans-vaginal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6,7
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6,7

Transducer:	SD8-1								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Intravascular								
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	D7-2								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1, 3,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								



Transducer:	D6-2B								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1,3,4,6
	Abdominal	N	N	N		N	N	N	Note 1,3,4,6
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
	Cardiac	Intravascular							
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac Adult									
Cardiac Pediatric									
Intravascular (Cardiac)									
Peripheral vessel	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	CW5s								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric				N				
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic				N				
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel				N				
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	CW2s								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric				N				
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic				N				
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult				N				
	Cardiac Pediatric				N				
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)								
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	P7-3Ts								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1,5,6
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	P8-2Ts								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application	Mode of Operation								
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1,5,6
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								

Transducer:	P8-3Ts								
Intended Use:	Diagnostic ultrasound imaging or fluid flow analysis of the human body as follows:								
Clinical Application		Mode of Operation							
General (Track 1 Only)	Specific (Track 1 & 3)	B	M	PWD	CWD	Color Doppler	Amplitude Doppler	Combined (specify)	Other (Specify)
Ophthalmic	Ophthalmic								
Fetal Imaging & Other	Fetal								
	Abdominal								
	Intra-operative (Specify*)								
	Intra-operative (Neuro)								
	Laparoscopic								
	Pediatric								
	Small Organ (Specify**)								
	Neonatal Cephalic								
	Adult Cephalic								
	Trans-rectal								
	Trans-vaginal								
	Trans-urethral								
	Trans-esoph. (non-Card.)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Conventional)								
	Musculo-skeletal (Superficial)								
Intravascular									
Thoracic/Pleural (Specify****)									
Cardiac	Cardiac Adult								
	Cardiac Pediatric								
	Intravascular (Cardiac)								
	Trans-esoph. (Cardiac)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Note 1,5,6
	Intra-cardiac								
Peripheral vessel	Peripheral vessel								
	Other (Specify***)								



