

Security Patches for Mindray Products Running on Windows OS (Jan, 2022)

CONTENT

To Whom It May Concern,

Below content is only for your information.

Introduction:

We have reviewed the applicability to Mindray products of the Microsoft Windows security patches released in Jan, 2022. The following CVEs have been evaluated:

CVE Identifiers

- CVE-2022-21964 Remote Desktop Licensing Diagnoser Information Disclosure Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21963 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21962 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21961 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21960 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21959 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21958 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21928 Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21924 Workstation Service Remote Protocol Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21922 Remote Procedure Call Runtime Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21921 Windows Defender Credential Guard Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21920 Windows Kerberos Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21919 Windows User Profile Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21918 DirectX Graphics Kernel File Denial of Service Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21916 Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21915 Windows GDI+ Information Disclosure Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21914 Windows Remote Access Connection Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21913 Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) Remote Protocol Security Feature Bypass
- CVE-2022-21912 DirectX Graphics Kernel Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21910 Microsoft Cluster Port Driver Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21908 Windows Installer Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21907 HTTP Protocol Stack Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21906 Windows Defender Application Control Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21905 Windows Hyper-V Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21904 Windows GDI Information Disclosure Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21903 Windows GDI Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21902 Windows DWM Core Library Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21901 Windows Hyper-V Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21900 Windows Hyper-V Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21899 Windows Extensible Firmware Interface Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21898 DirectX Graphics Kernel Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21897 Windows Common Log File System Driver Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability

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| ● CVE-2022-21896 | Windows DWM Core Library Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21895 | Windows User Profile Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21894 | Secure Boot Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21893 | Remote Desktop Protocol Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21892 | Windows Resilient File System (ReFS) Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21890 | Windows IKE Extension Denial of Service Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21889 | Windows IKE Extension Denial of Service Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21888 | Windows Modern Execution Server Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21887 | Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21885 | Windows Remote Access Connection Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21884 | Local Security Authority Subsystem Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21883 | Windows IKE Extension Denial of Service Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21882 | Win32k Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21881 | Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21880 | Windows GDI+ Information Disclosure Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21879 | Windows Kernel Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21878 | Windows Geolocation Service Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21877 | Storage Spaces Controller Information Disclosure Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21876 | Win32k Information Disclosure Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21875 | Windows Storage Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21874 | Windows Security Center API Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21873 | Tile Data Repository Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21872 | Windows Event Tracing Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21871 | Microsoft Diagnostics Hub Standard Collector Runtime Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21870 | Tablet Windows User Interface Application Core Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21869 | Clipboard User Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21868 | Windows Devices Human Interface Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21867 | Windows Push Notifications Apps Elevation Of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21866 | Windows System Launcher Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21865 | Connected Devices Platform Service Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21864 | Windows UI Immersive Server API Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21863 | Windows StateRepository API Server file Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21862 | Windows Application Model Core API Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21861 | Task Flow Data Engine Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21860 | Windows AppContracts API Server Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21859 | Windows Accounts Control Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21858 | Windows Bind Filter Driver Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21857 | Active Directory Domain Services Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21852 | Windows DWM Core Library Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21851 | Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21850 | Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21849 | Windows IKE Extension Remote Code Execution Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21848 | Windows IKE Extension Denial of Service Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21847 | Windows Hyper-V Denial of Service Vulnerability |
| ● CVE-2022-21843 | Windows IKE Extension Denial of Service Vulnerability |

- CVE-2022-21839 Windows Event Tracing Discretionary Access Control List Denial of Service Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21838 Windows Cleanup Manager Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21837 Microsoft SharePoint Server Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21836 Windows Certificate Spoofing Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21835 Microsoft Cryptographic Services Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21834 Windows User-mode Driver Framework Reflector Driver Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2022-21833 Virtual Machine IDE Drive Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability
- CVE-2021-36976 Libarchive Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
- CVE-2021-22947 Open Source Curl Remote Code Execution Vulnerability

For more details, please refer to the Microsoft website:

<https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-us/security-guidance>.

Impacted Mindray Products:

The following table lists the impacted device and those hotfixes determined to be applicable to each device:

| OS | Hotfix | Product | Download website | Pre-installed patch |
|---|-----------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Windows 10 Professional SP1 64bit 1809 | KB5009557 | BeneVision CMS eGateway BeneVision CMS Viewer Hypervisor X CMS | windows10.0-kb5009557-x64_ddc44e498763e16196d8a19dbf4ae54078d31c46.msu | KB5005112 KB5003243 KB4587735 |
| Windows Server 2019 | KB5009557 | BeneVision CMS eGateway Hypervisor X CMS MLDAP Server BeneVision Mobile Server | windows10.0-kb5009557-x64_ddc44e498763e16196d8a19dbf4ae54078d31c46.msu | KB5005112 KB5003243 KB4587735 |
| Windows 10 Version 1607 for 32-bit Systems | KB5009546 | BeneVision CMS Viewer BeneVision CMS Hypervisor X CMS | windows10.0-kb5009546-x86_73496bd12a08c0c89ecddd92473d994a20a763d0.msu | KB4498947 KB4132216 |
| Windows 10 Version 1607 for x64-based Systems Windows Server 2012 R2 | KB5009546 | BeneVision CMS eGateway BeneVision CMS Viewer MLDAP Server Hypervisor X CMS | windows10.0-kb5009546-x64_d3ab97e9f811d7bf19c268e5e6b5e00e92e110ed.msu | KB4498947 KB4132216 |
| | KB5009595 | BeneVision CMS eGateway | windows8.1-kb5009595-x64_9d5677ca5e865931bc908b13139bf266ccbf2922.msu | |
| Windows Server 2016 | KB5009624 | BeneVision CMS Viewer BeneVision Mobile Server MLDAP Server | windows8.1-kb5009624-x64_ae9f21e6bcae6274ea54ed380ab0a961aa7d6377.msu | |

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| Windows Server 2016 | KB5009546 | BeneVision CMS eGateway MLDAP Server BeneVision Mobile Server | windows10.0-kb5009546-x64_d3ab97e9f811d7bf19c268e5e6b5e00e92e110ed. msu | KB4498947 KB4132216 |
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Conclusion and Recommendation:

We have validated that the Mindray products of the latest version can perform to specification with the applicable patches applied to the OS. It is recommended that the applicable patches defined in the table above should be installed on the affected Mindray products.

If you need information on how to obtain the approved patches or have any question, please feel free to contact Mindray regional service engineer or Mindray Service Department (email: service@mindray.com).

Thank you for your kind attention and cooperation.

Sincerely yours,

Mindray Service Department
Shenzhen Mindray Bio-Medical Electronics Co., Ltd.

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